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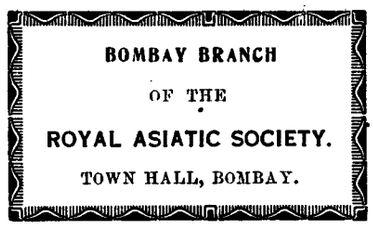

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REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

PUNJAB

134255

FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1915.

00134255

Lahore:
PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRINTING, PUNJAB.
1916.

Price : Re. 0-12-0 or 1 s.

PUNJAB LAND REVENUE REPORT
FOR 1914-15.

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Proceedings of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture (Revenue), No. 51, dated 31st March 1916.

READ—

The Annual Report on the Land Revenue Administration of the Punjab for the year ending 30th September 1915 forwarded with letter No. 190, dated 25th February 1916, from the Junior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab.

REMARKS—

THE favourable climatic conditions of the year are reflected in the very large sown and matured areas of both harvests. The monsoon of 1914, in spite of a long break in August, was on the whole ample and well distributed, over nearly the whole province, and though rain in the late autumn and early frosts did some damage to cotton and sugarcane and reduced the outturn of food crops, the kharif crop as a whole was slightly above the average. The area sown for the rabi was extraordinarily high and the winter rains though late were plentiful. The result was a matured area more than 4 million acres in excess of the normal, but again the outturn was to some extent reduced by stormy weather in March and April and by the excessive temperature when the crop was maturing and being reaped. There was a sharp fall—which has since been made good—in the price of cotton, but with wheat selling at Rs. 3-8-0 per maund and other food-grains at similarly high rates, the year was a distinctly favourable one for the cultivator. This is corroborated by the statistics of revenue collections: less than Rs. 50,000 of the fixed demand for the year were remitted, chiefly on account of damage by floods in the kharif and hail in the rabi, while suspensions amounted to only about 1½ lakhs as compared with an average of 5 lakhs, while over 7½ lakhs outstanding from previous years were collected. The total amount outstanding at the close of the year (30th September 1915) has fallen to less than 4 lakhs, a figure only reached once in the last decade. This happy state of affairs was but of short duration, for the extremely unfavourable agricultural conditions of the current year are producing large balances and considerable suspensions.

2. Re-assessments in Ferozepore, Lahore, Amritsar and Sialkot, and deferred enhancements in Rohtak, Gurgaon and Karnal resulted in an increase in the fixed demand by nearly 4½ lakhs to 217 lakhs. The fluctuating demand, apart from revenue erroneously excluded from the fixed rent roll, also rose by over 10 lakhs to 128 lakhs, in spite of a reduction in three of the western districts owing to local calamities. The enhancement was mainly the result of the extension of irrigation from the Upper Chenab and Lower Bari Doab canals, while an increase of over a lakh in Mianwali was due to the great development of gram cultivation in the Thal. Though receipts from the sale of waste lands and town sites, principally in the Lower Bari Doab colony, and from single harvest leases showed considerable improvement, recoveries on account of purchase of proprietary rights by colonists on the Lower Chenab canal were naturally much lower than in the previous year. They declined by about 16 lakhs, and the net result was a decrease of about 7 lakhs under the head "Other Land Revenue." Receipts under this head totalled over 42 lakhs, while the demand for land revenue proper, both fixed and fluctuating, exceeded 352 lakhs, or 22 lakhs more than in the previous year, the main causes of the improvement being (*a*) extension of canal irrigation, (*b*) reassessment operations in certain districts, and (*c*) the generally favourable character of the season.

3. Although the year was thus one of general prosperity the number of coercive processes issued rose by nearly 44 per cent. to 17,952, of which the Multan Division was again responsible for more than half. The large number of processes issued in Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan was the subject of comment in last year's review, and the Financial Commissioner having made special enquiries, is satisfied that it is the dilatory habits of lambardars and of revenue-payers and not inability to pay that are the cause. He also

accepts the explanation that the efforts of Collectors to remedy this unpunctuality are responsible for the issue of larger numbers of processes in recent years in both the Multan and Lahore Divisions, and if these efforts are as successful as they were in Attock a very considerable decrease in the number of processes required may be expected in the near future. It is probable, however, that in the south-west Punjab the foolish rumours which prevailed at the outbreak of the war caused a contraction of the accommodation which revenue-payers usually receive from the village bankers, and this was aggravated by the absence in those districts of the Co-operative Credit Societies which help to finance agriculturists. A satisfactory feature of the returns is the fact that in more than two-thirds of the cases of default a writ of demand resulted in payment. More severe measures have seldom to be employed.

4. Settlement operations were in progress in ten districts at the beginning of the year, and were started in Simla during the year. In Dera-Hamirpur and Ferozepore operations were concluded and satisfactory progress was made elsewhere, and by the end of the year assessment reports remained due from only three districts and measurements and record work were uncompleted in only four districts.

In Gujrat, Lahore, Dera-Hamirpur and Kangra the cost of resettlement has exceeded, or is expected to exceed, that anticipated in the forecasts, and operations have lasted somewhat longer than was first expected. The Lieutenant-Governor considers that the extra cost is more than compensated for by the greater thoroughness and precision with which the work is being completed. On the other hand the financial results have in nearly all recent settlements also exceeded the forecasts, and the Lieutenant-Governor is satisfied that the work of the Settlement Department has throughout the period of Mr. Diack's supervision been carried out with all possible economy and with reasonable despatch. Reference is again made in the report to the congestion of establishment caused by the reduction in the number of districts under re-settlement. The measures taken by the Financial Commissioner, though possibly in some cases hard on individuals, are obviously demanded by the situation. The rates of pay of Naib-Tahsildars were substantially improved during the year, but the prospects of appointment for candidates are at present anything but bright, and the Lieutenant-Governor would be glad if the Financial Commissioner would consider the possibility of deputing selected Naib-Tahsildars to clerical or *quasi*-clerical work under the military authorities, such as the supervision of store depôts. As regards kanungos they should be given preference in making selections for those appointments on the district staff for which they are eligible.

The winding up of so many settlements in recent years has resulted in a considerable fall in the year under review in the amount of litigation between landlords and tenants, and suits for the adjustments of rents of occupancy tenants were less numerous than in any year since 1906. Generally speaking conditions in the province enable the tenants to secure a reasonable share in the increased profits that are being derived from agriculture.

5. Traverses for field surveys in parts of the Sutlej and Chenab riverains were carried out by the Survey Department, and survey operations under the settlement staff were also in progress in Kangra and Simla. With a view to the determination of the inter-provincial boundary on the Jumna two officers were deputed on behalf of the Punjab and Delhi Province and of the United Provinces, respectively, and satisfactory progress has been made towards a settlement of the question. On about half the line the agreement of estates involved has been obtained to a fixed boundary of proprietary rights with which the provincial boundary will coincide. For the remainder, though it is hoped that subsequent efforts may be successful in securing similar acceptance of a proprietary boundary, the Punjab Government has agreed that power should be taken by legislation compulsorily to determine a fixed boundary of estates, and the question is now under the consideration of the Government of the United Provinces.

6. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to note that the recommendations of the Clerical Establishments Committee in regard to district record rooms

have been adopted with satisfactory results. The new rules for the copying agency are still under the consideration of Government.

7. Canal irrigation from both major and minor works was generally satisfactory. The supply in most of the perennial canals was sufficient, and irrigation on the Upper Chenab and Lower Bari Doab canals was, as already noted, largely extended. The tightening up of the supply on the Lower Chenab canal with a view to a better distribution of water and the prevention of water-logging has been carried out with a skill and tact which reflect credit on the Irrigation Officers responsible. An experiment in the substitution of a fixed for a fluctuating land revenue demand and canal dues on the Shahkot Distributary of this canal was sanctioned, but has had to be postponed owing to silting up of the channels until the distributary can be remodelled and improved modules installed. The Sutlej inundation canals watered an area much in excess of the normal, and those from the Chenab also did well.

Among minor works the Rangoi canal in Hissar, the Ravi canals, and the Kitchin canals were unusually successful. It has now been decided to take the latter system, including the subsidiary Mehdi Khan canal, under direct Government control, and His Honour is convinced that this arrangement will be for the benefit of the irrigators. The Grey canals in Ferozepore also had a prosperous year, but considerable expenditure is required to put them in a sound condition. The zamindars have now agreed to a slight increase of the *abiana* and Government has accordingly sanctioned an annual grant of Rs. 25,000 for 5 years: an equal sum has been voted by the District Board, and with these resources and the new scheme of management which has been introduced a great improvement may be expected. There was a considerable extension of the area matured with the aid of the Gurgaon bunds. Proposals for the improvement of these works have been formulated, but have been objected to by the Sanitary Commissioner as likely to have a bad effect on the health of the district headquarters, and the question is still under consideration. The new Nammal dam irrigated a considerable area, but the system of distribution is still faulty. On the whole the working of these canal systems under district management has been of material benefit both to Government and to the people, and the Lieutenant-Governor will be glad to encourage and to support—when financial conditions improve—the initiation of further schemes of the nature where conditions are favourable.

8. There was little demand for loans for land improvement, less than 2 lakhs being advanced, of which the Ferozepore district took over one-third. Though in some districts loans from Co-operative Societies are taking the place of advances from Government the Lieutenant-Governor considers that the field of useful employment for the latter is still very wide, and that without creating an artificial demand much more could be done to promote improvements by a judicious loan policy. It has in several places been brought to his notice that the extension of the iron form of Persian wheel, which has done so much to increase the efficiency of well-irrigation in some of the central districts, is hampered by the heavy initial cost. Another form of agricultural improvement which requires considerable initial outlay is the sinking of the tube strainer in irrigation wells, and this would be a most suitable object for advances. Indeed experience gathered from many directions proves that a wise and liberal policy in the matter of loans is beneficial alike to the Government and the people specially in districts where wells and embankments play a large part in agriculture. The wonderful development within the present generation of the Jullundur district, which was believed to have reached the limit of agricultural expansion 30 years ago, is mainly the result of the sustained encouragement of well-sinking by successive Deputy Commissioners and a similar policy is apparently now being followed in Ferozepore with equally good results. Advances for the purchase of seed and bullocks amounted to about the same sum as in the previous year. There was a considerable increase under both heads in the balances of principal and interest overdue at the end of the year, and Multan was again responsible for large outstandings. The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that the Collector will give the matter special attention in the current year.

9. The extension of irrigation in Multan and Montgomery is rapidly reducing the area of waste in respect of which *tirni* dues are paid: suitable arrangements have, however, been made by the Financial Commissioner for the gradual reduction of the canal *tirni* demand concurrently with the colonisation of the waste. His Honour is pleased to notice that schemes for the browsing of the 3 camel corps maintained at Montgomery and Multan have been finally approved.

10. The amount of land which changed hands during the year by mortgage, redemption of mortgage and sale was less than it has been for the past ten years: the excess of the area redeemed over the area mortgaged was, however, maintained, and agricultural tribes were on the whole gainers by the alienations reported. The statistics in Statement No. XXVII go back to 1901-02, and it is very satisfactory to find that notwithstanding the great expansion of cultivation in the meantime, not only the proportion but the actual area of land under mortgage is now less than in any year of which we have a record. The average price realised for land sold was Rs. 180 per acre, as against Rs. 249 in the previous year: in 1913-14 the price was inflated by speculative sales in the suburbs of Lahore, and some doubt was felt as to the accuracy of the returns. The Financial Commissioner has, however, satisfied himself as to the correctness of the figures, but the speculative fever abated during the year under review, and though a larger area changed hands, prices were much lower. In practically every district where the statistics were not affected by urban sales, the value of land is reported to have risen during the year. In the Lower Chenab colony purely agricultural land fetched Rs. 217 per acre, while undeveloped land on the Lower Bari Doab canal was auctioned for Rs. 188 per acre. There is therefore no reason to distrust the returns of sales which give an average sale price of Rs. 180 per acre for all classes of land. The sale value represents 134 years' purchase of the land revenue. In 1896-97 it represented only 66 years' purchase and its steady rise in the last 20 years is a remarkable testimony to the leniency of the demand and the general growth of agricultural prosperity. Ten years ago the selling price was Rs. 86 per acre, so that there has been a rise of about 109 per cent. In the same period the mortgaging value of land has risen from Rs. 68 to Rs. 130 per acre. This extraordinary appreciation of value has taken place since the passing of the Alienation of Land Act, though doubtless the general recognition of the lightness of our standards of assessment is a contributing cause, and it is satisfactory to find that new methods of evading the Act have not been discovered. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the inference drawn by the Financial Commissioner from the statistics for sales, mortgages and redemptions, that evasion is generally either impracticable or unprofitable. His Honour would be obliged if next year's report were to contain somewhat more detailed information regarding the working of the Redemption of Mortgages Act.

11. There was a slight increase in the number of institutions in the courts of Revenue Officers, but the pending file at the end of the year was about the same. His Honour is glad to observe the reduction of arrears which has been effected in Shahpur. The pending file in the courts of the Financial Commissioner and of the Commissioners of all divisions except Rawalpindi is now inconsiderable.

12. The Lieutenant-Governor desires to acknowledge the work of the revenue staff, which has maintained its usual high level of efficiency during a year of many anxious distractions and pressing pre-occupations. His thanks are also due to the Financial Commissioners for their able administration of the Department and for an interesting report.

ORDER.—Ordered that the above remarks be printed and circulated with the Report, that they be published in the *Punjab Gazette*, communicated to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab, and forwarded to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, with the usual number of spare copies.

By order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab,

H. D. CRAIK,

Offg. Revenue Secretary to Government, Punjab.

3129 CS—379—1-4-16—SGPP Lahore.

No. 190.

FINANCIAL COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE :

Lahore, dated 25th February 1916.

FROM

J. M. DUNNETT, ESQUIRE,

Junior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab,

To

THE HON'BLE MR. C. A. BARRON, C.I.E.,

Chief Secretary to Government, Punjab.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. H. Diack, C.V.O.
The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan.

SIR,

I AM directed to submit the Annual Report on the Land Revenue Administration of the Punjab for the agricultural year ending the 30th September 1915.

2. The office of Financial Commissioner was held throughout the year by the Hon'ble Mr. A. H. Diack, C.V.O.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I., officiated as Financial Commissioner from 1st October 1914 to 18th October 1914, and the Hon'ble Sir M. W. Fenton, K.C.S.I., was Financial Commissioner from 19th October 1914 to the end of the year.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient Servant,

J. M. DUNNETT,

Junior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab.

REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

PUNJAB

FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1915.

General summary of agricultural conditions.

1. The agricultural conditions on the whole were unusually favourable for both harvests. The monsoon which set in early was favourably distributed and more than usually ample. Hail and cold did some damage to the autumn crop while it was ripening, but the result of the harvest was considerably above normal. Favourable conditions in autumn and the influence of the war led to a very large extension of the area under rabi crops. The sown area exceeded the normal by 13 per cent. and, in spite of the winter rains holding off till February and March, the matured area was 21 per cent. above the average. Unseasonable storms in March and early April affected the wheat outturn, which was probably not in excess of the average As a whole, however, the year measured by the sown and matured areas represents the high water mark reached in the Province. Climatic and economic conditions favoured the growth of rabi at the expense of kharif crops, the rabi area being 4,300,000 acres above normal, and the kharif only 82,000 acres in excess. The course of prices was not entirely favourable to the zamindar The average price of wheat was Rs. 3-8-0 per maund compared with Rs. 3-2-0 in the previous year, but cotton which was most affected by the consequences of the war fell from an average of Rs. 6-11-0 to Rs. 4-4-0.

Fixed land revenue

Statements Nos. V, VI and VII.

2. The total demand for the year on account of fixed land revenue was Rs. 2,17,04,451 or Rs. 4,84,911 in excess of the demand of the preceding year. Re-assessments introduced by the Settlement Officers of Ferozepore, Lahore, Amritsar and Sialkot accounted for an increase of Rs.2,92,997 and deferred enhancements in Rohtak, Gurgaon and Karnal swelled the demand by Rs. 1,45,262. The balance on alluvion and diluvion assessments was an increase in the demand of Rs. 25,656. From the total demand Rs. 2,14,84,964 were put down for collection and were collected with the exception of Rs. 31,726. This balance left for recovery at the end of the year is accounted for chiefly by the outstandings in the Khushab Tahsil of Shahpur where collections were delayed in consequence of the late receipt of orders on the assessment proposals. The demand not ordered for collection was made up of Rs. 1,30,491 undetermined or irrecoverable balances, and Rs. 88,996 which remained under suspension at the end of the year. A sum of Rs. 42,445 was remitted from the demand of the year. In the favourable conditions of the year the necessity for suspension or remission of the demand was less frequent than usual. The amount placed under suspension during the year was only Rs. 1,41,957. The average amount of suspensions is about 5 lakhs. Heavy hail-storms and the failure of the monsoon in the latter part of August and the beginning of September necessitated the suspension of Rs. 47,070 in Gurgaon, and Rs. 36,865 were suspended in Gurdaspur

chiefly in villages in which heavy floods in the Beas and the Ravi did damage to houses, crops, live-stock and other property Remissions were due to hail-storms in Gurgaon, Lahore, Amritsar and Attock and floods in Gurdaspur, Amritsar and Karnal. The collections on account of previous years amounted to Rs. 7,54,129. Sums under suspension amounting to Rs. 51,037 were remitted chiefly in Hissar, Gurgaon, Rohtak, Jhelum and Attock. The recoverable balance on account of previous years not under suspension is only Rs. 318. The total amount under suspension has fallen to Rs. 3,78,020, a level only once reached during the last ten years. The account is clear in ten districts and practically clear in six more. The total outstanding balance at the beginning of the year was Rs. 12,15,200 and at the close Rs. 5,92,620.

Alluvion and diluvion.
Statement No. IX.

3. The balance of alluvion and diluvion was a loss of assessable area but a small gain in the amount assessed. The area washed away or rendered unfit for cultivation was 42,692 acres, and on 36,687 acres the assessment was reduced on account of deterioration. On the other hand 38,953 acres alluviated were brought under assessment and the demand was enhanced on 34,303 acres benefited by river action. The abnormal autumn floods led to some vicissitudes of fortune. Karnal was a considerable loser from the Jumna. The Beas washed away a good deal of land from the Nurpur Tahsil of Kangra but added land to Hoshiarpur. Amritsar was a loser but Lahore a large gainer. As regards the Ravi, the Commissioner of Lahore notes that "the abnormal floods of kharif 1914 deposited on a balance a much greater quantity of silt than sand in Gurdaspur, Sialkot and Gujranwala." There was neither gain nor loss from the action of minor streams but chos were on the whole maleficent.

Fluctuating land revenue.
Statement No. VIII.

4. As in the preceding year the amount of land revenue temporarily excluded from the rent-roll was swollen by the accounts procedure adopted in Sialkot where the whole of the new demand imposed in the year (upwards of Rs. 4,20,000) was treated as excluded from the fixed land revenue roll. The correct procedure is to treat only the amount of enhancement as temporarily excluded from the roll and this action is taken only when the new assessment is introduced from the rabi harvest. The total amount excluded, Rs. 7,31,082, was almost entirely due to general re-assessments of the fixed demand introduced after the roll of the year had been sanctioned. These included the re-assessment of the Charkhri and Bangar Circles of Wazirabad which had been defered pending the opening of the Nokhar Branch of the Upper Chenab Canal. The demand on account of true fluctuating land revenue amounted to over Rs. 128 lakhs or more than Rs. 10 lakhs in excess of the demand of last year. The assessment of the preceding year was equalled or exceeded in every district except Shahpur, Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan. In Shahpur the decrease of Rs. 20,000 which was confined to the demand assessed by the Irrigation Department is ascribed to the damage done by hail. Floods, hailstorms and the silting-up of the head of the Puran and Suleman Canals caused a decrease of Rs. 34,000 in the demand in Muzaffargarh and the estimated normal demand was not reached. In Dera Ghazi Khan also there was a defect from the average assessment. The river floods were abundant but the heads of some of the canals were eroded and irrigation suffered in consequence. The very large increase in the demand in all other districts was in the main due to three causes, re-assessment, the extension of canal irrigation and an unusually favourable season. Fifty-eight villages on the fringe of the Lyallpur District were assessed and enhanced water advantage rates were introduced in Ferozepore and Lahore. The extension of canal irrigation from the Upper Chenab Canal in Sialkot and Gujranwala and from the Lower Bari Doab Canal in Montgomery and Multan swelled the fluctuating collections. The increase was over Rs. 2 lakhs in Montgomery and Rs. 3 lakhs in Multan. In spite of a very large increase in the area and the demand assessed by the Irrigation Department there is in both districts a large increase

in the demand assessed by the Deputy Commissioner. The assessment of the Shujabad Tahsil and the Sidhnai Circle has, for the first time within recent years, reached and exceeded the Settlement Officer's estimate. This is satisfactory but the Commissioner has not yet reported the result of his promised enquiry into the causes of the deficiency in the past. In Mianwali, where there were no disturbing changes, the demand was Rs. 4,17,647. The average is slightly over Rs. 3 lakhs. In Hissar, where the estimated normal is Rs. 59,000, collections exceeded Rs. 99,000. The year was one of unusual prosperity in the villages under fluctuating assessment. Heavy floods came down the Ghaggar and the Rangoi Canal ran well.

The demand was everywhere collected with ease. The recoverable demand left uncollected at the close of the year was trifling in amount. The balance at the close of last year was Rs. 31,525. Remissions have been allowed to the extent of Rs. 7,726 and Rs. 22,116 have been collected. The balance which accrued on account of both the current and previous years was a little over Rs. 20,000. The system of fluctuating assessment continues to be generally popular, except in Dera Ghazi Khan and Ferozepore. As the Deputy Commissioner of the former district remarks, however, a system of wholly fixed assessment would not be suited to the local circumstances and in Ferozepore at the recent re-assessment the fluctuating assessment was, as observed last year, maintained for good reasons in the small area on which it is in force. In that connection the Financial Commissioner expressed the opinion that there is on each of the Punjab rivers a point at which it becomes necessary as the more favourable conditions of the submontane tracts are left behind to pass from a fixed to a fluctuating assessment.

Other land revenue.

Statement No. VIII.

5. The demand on account of other land revenue was Rs. 42,12,398, or about Rs. 7 lakhs less than in the preceding year. The proceeds from the sale of waste lands (principally in the Lower Bari Doab) and town sites, recovery of the cost of settlement from assignees and the grant of single harvest leases show considerable improvement but the gain is much more than counterbalanced by the drop in collections on account of the sale of Government estates. The natural diminution in sales of proprietary rights to colonists on the Lower Chenab Canal is the explanation of the diminution of receipts in Lahore, Gujranwala, Lyallpur and Jhang. Recoveries under this head amounted to only Rs. 6⅓ lakhs compared with recoveries of Rs. 22 lakhs in the preceding year. The improved collections in Gurgaon reflect the success which has attended Mr. Estcourt's efforts to complete the sale of crown lands in Ballabgarh The decrease of half a lakh under other items is mainly due to a decrease in the demand on account of mutation fees. This head of revenue is likely to be less remunerative in the future as the number of settlements in progress is curtailed. The present decrease is almost entirely due to diminished receipts in Lyallpur ascribed to the smaller number of acquisitions of proprietary rights Tirni receipts have maintained practically their former level. In Montgomery the extension of irrigation has curtailed the grazing grounds and it has been found necessary to revise the tirni arrangements with a resulting loss of income. In other districts, however, the favourable season led to a corresponding improvement in collections. Temporary cultivation has largely increased in consequence of the extension of irrigation from the Lower Bari Doab Canal and there has been a great rise in the demand on account of single harvest leases in Montgomery and Multan. The growth of collections on account of talbana is confined to the Multan Division and is due to the efforts made there to ensure punctuality in the payment of Government dues.

The balance of other land revenue at the beginning of the year was Rs. 62,515, of which Rs. 37 805 were collected, and Rs. 21,125 remitted The balance at the close of the year was Rs. 62,531. Half of this amount is due from the Jalpana estate in Shahpur. The Court of Wards is making arrangements for gradually meeting the arrears. In Montgomery a considerable sum on account of the sale proceeds of grass and trees is still outstanding.

Land Revenue Assignments.
Statement No. X.

6. No large lapses occurred during the year under report and the only fresh grants of importance were two military reward grants in Gujrat and Rawalpindi. Assignees shared in the increase in collections due to re-assessment and successful harvests and the total of revenue assigned rose from Rs. 30,78,734 to Rs. 31,80,255. But the percentage of total revenue assigned fell from 8·3 per cent. to 8·2 per cent. Revision of assignments in connection with settlement operations was completed in Raya, Daska, Gujrat, Kasur, Dera-Hamirpur and Fazilka Tahsils and the portions of Bhera and Shahpur under settlement. Registers are reported to be in good condition.

Coercive processes.
Statement No. XI.

7. Coercive processes for the collection of land revenue rose from 12,497 in 1913-14 to 17,952 and the amount of arrears for the realization of which they issued from Rs. 9,67,427 to Rs. 14,50,217, of which 93·4 per cent. was recovered. The collections made after issue of process amounted to 3 per cent. of the total collections made. The Multan Division is again responsible for more than half the total processes whether against or at the instance of lambardars and out of the total of Rs. 13½ lakhs collected in this way over 7½ lakhs were collected in this division. In consequence of the remarks made in paragraph 4 of His Honour's remarks on last year's report the Financial Commissioner made enquiries into the use of coercive processes in Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan. In both districts the necessity for processes is ascribed to the dilatory habits of the lambardars and revenue payers, not to inability to pay, and the large increase in issues in recent years is due to special efforts to insist on punctuality. Mr. Diack accepts this explanation which accords with the reports received from the rest of the province. The Deputy Commissioner of Shahpur suggests that too few processes are issued, the Tahsildar taking a pride in keeping down their number and the lambardars being left to pay from their own pockets the amounts due from defaulters who can but will not pay. The Commissioner agrees with the Deputy Commissioner and is of opinion that "the prompt issue of a large number of processes after one or two harvests would probably induce punctuality." The experience of Attock where the number of processes reached a minimum supports this view. A portion of the increase is no doubt due to the larger demand for collection during the year and there were also special causes such as the disturbances in Jhang to which the increase in that district is partly ascribed. The main explanation, however is the increased attention paid to punctuality in payment.

Practically the only processes employed were writs of demand, warrants of arrest, and warrants for the distress or sale of moveable property. Writs of demand accounted for 69 per cent. of the processes. Processes executed amounted to 2,819. Arrests were made in 2,304 cases, chiefly in Lahore, Gurdaspur, Gujranwala, Jhang, Multan and Muzaffargarh. The Commissioner of Lahore explains that "Lahore Tahsil in previous years has distinguished itself for slackness in paying in revenue, and pressure has been put on of late to stop this bad habit." In Multan also there is a history of past dilatoriness which is being corrected.

Process-serving establishment.

8. The permanent tahsil establishment were again able to overtake the service of almost all the coercive processes. In 14 districts no additional establishment was required. In the remaining districts temporary servers were entertained for short periods at a total cost of about Rs. 950.

Progress made in re-measurement, revision of records, &c.
Statements Nos. XII, XII-A and XIII.

9. At the beginning of the year ten settlements were in progress. At its close measurements and record work remained to be done in four and from only three were assessment reports due. The Dera Hamirpur settlement in which there was still a little record work to be done and the Ferozepore settlement where the demand of Fazilka was announced

and distributed were completed early in the year. The Settlement Officers of Sialkot, Lahore and Shahpur completed the records of their districts. In each the introduction of the new assessment in one tahsil is all that is left to be done. In Gujrat the field measurements in the Jhelum riverain were completed and those of the Chenab riverain begun. There is little measurement of this kind remaining, but the necessity for a special quadrennial attestation of the jamabandis has added to the work of the settlement. Killabandi work was delayed by plague and in other ways, and was not complete at the end of the year. Killabandi operations were completed in Sialkot. Good progress was made with record work in Jullundur and Simla. In the former measurements have been completed and record work has been practically finished in Jullundur and Nakodar Tahsils and good progress was made in the rest of the district. Field survey has been overtaken throughout the Sutlej riverain. The work in Kangra has been delayed by various mishaps and the necessity of changing Settlement Officers which Mr. Boughey's ill-health and departure on leave occasioned caused some disorganization and consequently retarded the progress of the work. The Financial Commissioner has recently considered the best means of accelerating the rate of outturn chiefly by improved methods and will address Government as regards the probable duration of operations when the necessary materials are at his disposal. Throughout Kangra the record of rights in trees in undemarcated protected forests is still incomplete as the final decision of Government on certain questions has not yet been obtained. The tahsils for which assessment reports were submitted were Palampur, Jullundur, Nakodar, Lahore, Zafarwal, Phalia and Khushab. Reports were also submitted for the Bharauli ilaka of Simla, Simla town lands, Lahore town lands and the Saidwala tract transferred from Montgomery to Lyallpur. The new demand was announced in Jullundur, Chunian, Fazilka, Zafarwal, Kharian and Khushab and its distribution completed in most of these tahsils.

Final Settlement Reports.

10. Final settlement reports for Lyallpur, Ferozepore, Una Tahsil, and the rest of Hoshiarpur were submitted to the Financial Commissioners and have now been reviewed by them. The orders of Government on the reports of Amritsar and Gujranwala were received. The settlement of the Leiah Thal was confirmed for twenty years as in the case of the adjoining tracts in Bhakkar.

Comparison of estimates and forecasts in regard to duration, cost and results.

Statements Nos. XIII and XIV.

11. It was explained in last year's report that it had been found necessary to revise the schedules and estimates for the Sialkot, Lahore and Shahpur settlements and it was said that the forecast for Gujrat was likely to be exceeded. In both Sialkot and Shahpur the revised estimates are being worked up to as regards duration and cost, although the unavoidable delay in disposing of Mr. Leigh's first assessment report makes it impossible to frame accurate estimates. In Sialkot the Settlement Officer hopes to be able to keep the expenditure below the estimate. Extensions up to the end of March have been sanctioned in both Gujrat and Lahore. It is unlikely that the former settlement will finish during the current financial year as orders on the Phalia Assessment Report have been delayed. Similarly the Settlement Officer of Lahore is unlikely to receive orders on the urban assessment in time to enable operations to be concluded according to the existing sanction. In each of these settlements the cost will exceed the estimate of the forecast report by over half-a-lakh. The duration and cost of Kangra settlement will form the subject of a separate reference to Government. The estimate of the forecast report under both heads is likely to be considerably exceeded. Good progress at a normal cost is being made in Simla. The settlement of Jullundur will be completed within the time expected, and the estimate of cost should be little if at all exceeded. Of the settlements concluded during the year that of Ferozepore was completed before the expected date at practically the expected cost, but in Dera-Hamirpur unforeseen difficulties led to a longer duration of operations and to an excess of a lakh in the cost. As re-

gards results the settlements current during the year will much surpass the estimates. The forecast reports expect a total enhancement of about Rs. 20 lakhs. An increase of about Rs. 25 lakhs is now considered likely. The forecast of Ferozepore was exceeded by about Rs. 2½ lakhs. In Lahore the increase will be about a lakh more than was expected when the settlement began. The results in Shahpur will be ¾ths of a lakh better than the forecast and in Gujrat half-a-lakh. In the other settlements the results will probably be according to expectations.

Proposed future settlement operations.

12. Sanction was received during the year to the inception of the settlement of Ambala which accordingly began in October 1915. The forecast report of Dera Ghazi Khan was called for and is now under the consideration of the Financial Commissioner. The scheme of operations printed in Appendix V to the Settlement Manual has been revised for another quinquennium. It is expected that in each of the two years 1916-17 and 1917-18 one new settlement will be begun and three current settlements will be closed. In connection with the partition of common lands in the Bhakkar Thal proposals have been made for a rectangular survey in that tract preparatory to killabandi.

Settlement staff.

13. The only settlement begun during the year was that of Simla and the congestion of establishment consequently continued. The settlement of Ambala was undertaken at the end of the year, but there is still a plethora of trained men. All sub. *pro tem.* kanungos have been brought under reduction and eleven permanent men have been retired. During the next ten years the number of naib tahsildars likely to be employed in settlements will be much less than at present. The Financial Commissioners have therefore taken steps to reduce by 40 the 100 appointments added to the divisional lists in 1910 when the settlement and executive staffs were amalgamated. In addition 10 *quâsi*-permanent appointments of tahsildar have been brought under reduction.

Surveys.

14. The Punjab Riverain Detachment of the Survey Department was employed on field work in the riverains of the Sutlej and the Chenab and in Kangra and Simla. The work on the Sutlej consisted in providing a traverse for the field measurements in the Bet villages of Phillaur and Nawashahr. On the Chenab similar materials were supplied for the Bet villages of Phalia. This riverain work which cost Rs. 22,865 comprised 1,278 linear and 231 square miles of traverse. In Kangra the special traverse of the Kangra Tahsil was completed and work in Nurpur was begun. The cost for 3,464 linear and 494 square miles of traverse was Rs. 58,610 or Rs. 118·6 per square mile. The cost is somewhat more than last year on account of the cost of grain compensation to the subordinate establishment. The cost in Simla where the ground is more difficult and more points are required is higher. In all 1,106 linear and 53 square miles were traversed at a cost of Rs. 8,992 or Rs. 169·7 per square mile. Topographical survey operations were continued in Hissar, Rohtak and Gurgaon.

Boundaries.

15. There was no important alteration in district boundaries during the year. The most important boundary work was that undertaken by Mr. Jacob and Mr. Oppenheim on the Jumna in connection with the provincial boundary with the United Provinces. The special officers were able to secure agreement to a permanent boundary of proprietary right on half the length of boundary and have made proposals for legislation for compulsory demarcation of a boundary in the remaining cases. The principle of a compulsory determination of a fixed boundary has been accepted by the Punjab Government and is now under the consideration of the Government of the United Provinces. The dispute between certain villages of Gurgaon and Alwar is still un-settled. Questions regarding the boundary between Jammu and the Gurdaspur and Sialkot Districts which were open to doubt or dispute were settled by agreement between the Settlement Commissioner of Kashmir and the local officers.

Record rooms.

16. A revised Standing Order was issued dealing with record rooms and embodying the recommendations of the Clerical Establishments Committee. Several district reports refer to the saving of labour that has resulted. At the same time the forms used in connection with record rooms have been standardized, a process which should result in considerable saving of expenditure. A good deal has been done of recent years to improve the record rooms of the Province, and though some works for which administrative sanction has been obtained have had to be postponed owing to the war, the complaints of serious congestion are few.

The prosecution of the Head Copyist of Mianwali referred to in last year's report has ended in a conviction. A muharrir of the same district was convicted for the fraudulent removal of a notarial stamp.

Sanction to the introduction of the new copying rules has not yet been received. They continue to work well in Sialkot and Jhelum.

Other matters.

17. Rupees 19½ lakhs were paid in through the Post Office on account of land revenue in twenty-five districts. Only Rs. 3,360 were remitted in currency notes. In Rohtak the experiment of making this latter method of remittance available has not proved successful and its discontinuance has been recommended. Gurgaon, Karnal, Gujranwala, Montgomery, Jhang and Muzaffargarh are the districts in which the use of money-orders for the payment of land revenue is most general. In Rawalpindi Division an experiment in the collection of land revenue on dates fixed for each village on a regular roster is in progress. It is part of the experiment that a lambardar shall not be forbidden to pay in whole or part in advance of the date fixed for his village. The suitability of revising the orders now in force under section 63 of the Land Revenue Act to which reference was made in last year's report will be considered when the results of the experiment are known. During the year the Financial Commissioner accepted a suggestion made by the Clerical Establishment Committee that revenue courts should be permitted to serve processes by post. The financial stringency, however, has made it necessary to defer the introduction of this method of service.

Enhancement of rent.
Statement No. XV.

18. The volume of litigation for the adjustment of the rents of occupancy tenants was less considerable than in any year since 1906. Of 1,308 suits for enhancement 1,090 were successful. There were only 8 suits for reduction. Almost a third of the cases were tried in Gujrat where the crop of petitions was due to the announcement of the new demand in Gujrat and Kharian Tahsils. The number of suits in Hoshiarpur has declined with the completion of settlement operations, and in Jullundur also institutions which increased enormously when settlement began are less numerous. In Gurdaspur and Amritsar litigation of this kind has reached its normal level. The increases in Hissar and Rohtak are due to special causes. In Rohtak the figures represent almost entirely the disputes of one village. More than half the Hissar cases are from two villages.

Ejectments.
Statement No. XVI

19. Litigation for the ejectment of tenants with rights of occupancy was even more scanty than in previous years. Proceedings against or by tenants-at-will were normal in amount. Applications for the service of notice fell from 13,417 to 11,920 and the notices issued from 30,019 to 26,971, but the ejectments made rose from 5,671 to 6,099.

The statistics of proceedings of the various kinds are very closely paralle to those for the year ending in September 1910, in which the agricultural conditions strongly resembled those of the year under report. Proceedings are comparatively rare in the Rawalpindi and Multan Divisions, and even in the districts where recourse to the courts is more frequent the relations between landlords and tenants are cordial.

Descent of Jagirs Act.

20. Only one jagir, that of Rehlu in Kangra, was notified during the year. The Financial Commissioner has arranged to include in the volume of Rules under the Land Acts, which is about to be published, a complete list with appropriate details of the notifications which have issued under this Act. This will provide a record of the progress made under the Act and will keep the subject before the Deputy Commissioners in the districts where there is still scope for action.

Canals under departmental management.

21. Irrigation from canals managed under Act VIII of 1873 was generally satisfactory. Irrigated areas increased in Hissar and Gurgaon but a large decrease took place in Karnal on account of a short supply in the kharif and a weak demand in the rabi. Good rains led to a reduction in Ludhiana and Ferozepore. The Commissioner notes as regards the Sirhind Canal generally that there seems to have been a considerable failure of jowar, charri and maize owing to disease and also excessive rainfall. The net result of adjustments of fixed assessments by the application of the nahri parta rules was a decrease of Rs. 2,373. Irrigation from the Upper Chenab Canal was extended through the Raya branch in Sialkot, Gujranwala and the trans-Ravi portion of Lahore and through the Nokhar branch in Wazirabad and Gujranwala Tahsils. The orders restricting irrigation from this canal in Sialkot to the waste and severed well lands are unpopular and the cause of difficulties in practice. There are also problems connected with communications which are affected by the revision of district boundaries. Difficulties of assessment arising from the mingling of canal and flood waters were settled by the local officers. The supply in Shahpur from the Lower Jhelum Canal is described as sufficient though not abundant and in Lyallpur the tightening up of the supply from the Lower Chenab Canal is said to have been carried out skilfully. In Jhang, however, there have been numerous complaints of shortage of water on both canals. The distributary of the Lower Chenab Canal which had been selected for the experiment of a fixed assessment of land revenue and occupiers' rates has been found to be unsuitable for the purpose and the experiment has therefore been postponed. There has been a large extension of irrigation from the Lower Bari Doab Canal in Multan chiefly for temporary cultivation. Inundation canals generally did very well. Both the Upper and the Lower Sutlej systems showed irrigated areas much in excess of the normal. The results on the Sidhnai in spite of floods and closures to avoid silting-up the canal were satisfactory. The Chenab Inundation Canals in Multan in both harvests matured areas above the average and in Muzaffargarh with a supply which though below normal remained steady the irrigated areas of last year have been exceeded. In the last named district the Financial Commissioner's proposals to enhance the occupiers' rates for rice have been accepted. An enquiry is being made into the practice which has arisen of classifying crop failure according to its supposed origin. The information collected in this way is of doubtful accuracy or value and the abandonment or simplification of the present practice is probably advisable. The Indus canals in Dera Ghazi Khan ran precariously but rain came to the assistance of the crops sown with canal water.

Canals under district management.

22. The season was not favourable to the Gurgaon bands and the area matured with their aid, namely, 6,002 acres, though much in excess of the area of the previous year, was far below that of a good year. The total demand of Rs. 6,635 included Rs. 6,162 on account of water-rates. The normal income from water-rates was estimated by the Settlement Officer to be Rs 5,300. Rs. 10,826 were spent on repairs and maintenance and more would have been spent if more had been available. Owing to unprecedentedly heavy floods in the Ghaggar the Rangoi Canal in Hissar irrigated a large area. Similarly the Sarusti Canal in Karnal, fed by water from the hill streams which ran full in autumn and spring, had a successful year. The irrigated area rose from 11,859 acres to 22,015 acres and the receipts on account of water-rates from Rs. 16,249 to Rs. 37,724. Establishment and contingencies cost Rs. 7,083 and Rs. 10,573 were spent on maintenance and improvements. Other

works for the employment of the waters of hill streams in Karnal have not been so successful. The Shah Nahr in Hoshiarpur started the year 1914 with a new masonry regulator. Its construction, however, proved to have been defective and soon after it had been completed it was considerably damaged by the summer floods of 1914. Measures for its repair before the flood season of 1916 are being taken. The areas irrigated and matured during the year under report remained practically the same as in the preceding year. The income from water-rates amounted to Rs. 30,921 and the expenditure to Rs. 28,127. The new schedule of rates was notified during the year. The main items of expenditure were Rs 10,902 on clearing and repairs and Rs. 9,237 paid to share-holders. The financial position of the canal is very strong. The Grey Canals in Ferozepore had a very successful year. The irrigated area rose from 136,641 acres to 183,532 acres, the demand on account of water-rates from Rs 1,58,644 to Rs. 2,16,136 and the water advantage assessment from Rs. 62,397 to Rs. 83,172. The canal fund had an opening balance of Rs 55,301 and a closing balance of Rs. 86,351 Rs. 40,500 were spent on improvements and Rs. 6,860 on the payment of interest and deduction of debt. The zamindars have now agreed to the revised schedule of water-rates and with the help of Government and the district board the financial position and the efficiency of the canals will be much improved. The Nammal Canal in Mianwali watered 4,130 acres in the kharif and 9,928 acres in the rabi. The receipt from water-rates amounted to Rs. 22,589. Certain serious defects in the system of distributaries resulting in the failure to provide irrigation to those entitled to receive it were discovered and an officer of the Irrigation Department was specially deputed to put this right. A better system has now been introduced and a minor has been constructed for the neglected area. The minor canals and works in Montgomery have all done an abnormally large amount of irrigation. The Kitchin Canals, with the Mehdi Khan Canal which was notified under the Act during the year, flooded 47,686 acres and matured 3 ,181 acres compared with 20,232 and 11,162 acres, respectively, in the preceding year. The demand on account of water-rates was Rs. 38,521. Expenditure amounting to Rs. 41,070, which included a grant of Rs 10,000 made by Government was undertaken on the maintenance and improvement of these canals. The Ravi canals, the Garak and the Garkana, also were unusually successful. They are said, however, to be badly in need of improvement, and the advantages which extended irrigation would afford are considered to justify the necessary expenditure. Any proposals which the local officers may make should take into consideration the prior claims of the Sidhnai It seems very unlikely that there is any room for the extension of seasonal irrigation from the Ravi.

Land Acquisition Act.

23. Seven thousand and seventeen acres were acquired for public purposes Of this area 2,581 acres were acquired for railways, chiefly the Jind-Panipat Railway in Karnal, the Jullundur Doab Branch Railway in Hoshiarpur and Jullundur, the Sialkot Narowal Railway in Sialkot and the Chakwal-Mandra-Bhaun Railway in Jhelum and Rawalpindi. The compensation for land only (excluding trees and buildings and the 15 per cent. addition for compulsory acquisition) averaged Rs 198 per acre. For canals 3,723 acres were acquired at an average rate of Rs. 82. The difference of the rates is noticed by the Deputy Commissioner of Sialkot where considerable areas were acquired at average rates of Rs. 154 and Rs. 62, respectively, and accounted for by the fact that the canal land acquired is generally high and of small value, while the railways seek the most densely populated areas. The Deputy Commissioner of Sialkot is also of opinion that the tendency is to underestimate the value of purely agricultural land and to overestimate that of suburban land. Acquisition for canals was chiefly in Sialkot, Gujranwala, Gujrat, Montgomery and Multan for the canals of the triple project. 657 acres were acquired for miscellaneous purposes. The chief item was the expropriation of rightholders in the municipal forest at Dharmsala with the object of preserving the hill side which was in a dangerous condition. Altogether Rs. 11,57,657 were paid in compensation for land, the average price being Rs. 165, as compared with Rs. 161 last year.

Loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act (No. XIX of 1883).
Statements Nos. XVII, XIX, XX, XXI and XXII.

24. In Rawalpindi and Attock Districts a few embankments were constructed with public money, and in Mianwali loans were taken for preparing water-courses and culverts on the Nammal Canal. Otherwise the sinking and repair of wells were the objects for which loans were required. The conditions of the year were favourable and the credit of the people high. Consequently the demand for takavi under Act XIX fell off and only Rs. 1,88,880 were advanced, or about half the amount of the previous year. Ferozepore district took over Rs. 70,000, and the Commissioner notes that the special attention paid to takavi work has led to a substantial increase of wells in that district, a result to which the introduction of the iron Persian wheel and the rise of water level in the tract affected by the Sirhind Canal have largely contributed. No loans at all were given in Hoshiarpur, Lyallpur and Jhang, and only trifling sums were advanced in Ambala, Hissar, Rohtak, Lahore and Shahpur. The only districts which required as much as Rs. 10,000 were Ferozepore, Multan, Sialkot, Gurgaon, Mianwali and Attock. The Commissioner of Jullundur remarks that "a good deal more might be done in the way of advances if tahsildars interested themselves in pushing them." It is possible however that districts do not make more use of takavi because with the improvement in credit due to higher prices and the extension of credit societies land-owners no longer to any considerable extent find it hard to raise loans for improvements in the open market. If loans are available readily in the open market there is less necessity for pushing takavi. The system is generally described as popular. The opportunity of obtaining loans is well-known Advances are stated to be applied to the objects for which they were given, and the works undertaken with their aid are with few exceptions duly inspected. Public money was expended on the construction or repair of 439 wells, and private funds were used in 3,414 cases. The rate of land improvement of this kind was somewhat less than in the two preceding years, but exceeded the normal of earlier years. Remissions of land revenue were granted for 1,384 wells fallen out of use, 1,253 being in Multan Protective leases were granted for 3,477 wells. Of these 2,309 were in Lahore or Sialkot which are under settlement, and practically all the rest in the districts of the south-west, whose land revenue system provides for the re-assessment during the currency of settlement of well lands not protected by certificate. The balances at the beginning of the year were Rs. 15,65,472 on account of principal and Rs. 4,213 on account of interest. Rs. 93,518 interest fell due during the year. Collections on account of principal amounted to Rs. 2,26,582, and on account of interest to Rs. 88,824. Remissions of principal or interest were insignificant. Balances of principal and interest overdue at the end of the year were, however, Rs. 19,222 and Rs. 8,335, chiefly owing to dilatoriness in payment in Multan. The financial gain to the provincial Government was Rs. 33,869, or practically the same as last year.

Advances under the Agriculturists' Loans Act (XII of 1884).
Statements Nos. XVIII, XX, XXI and XXII.

25. As in the case of loans for land improvement the requirements of districts under Act XII of 1884 varied enormously. No advances were made in Hissar, Rohtak, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur and Ferozepore, and in Ambala, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi and Jhang the amount loaned was trifling Gurgaon, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Montgomery, Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan were the only considerable borrowers. Advances were almost always required for the purchase of bullocks although in Gurgaon, Montgomery and Muzaffargarh seed also had to be provided with borrowed money. In Gurdaspur the borrowers were chiefly the inhabitants of villages damaged by floods in the Beas. In Montgomery the demand by colonists is said to be endless. The demand in Muzaffargarh which in the previous year was Rs. 11,665 and in the past has been on an average about Rs. 40,000 rose to over Rs 80,000. Bullocks and seed were purchased. The whole amount advanced throughout the province was Rs. 2,64,227 or almost the same as in the preceding year. Rs. 3,76,985 on account of principal were collected, and Rs. 24,954 on account of interest. The balance of

principal at the beginning of the year was Rs. 4,97,626, and at the end Rs. 3,83,689. The large balance of principal overdue at the end of the year, Rs. 24,823, accrued chiefly in Gujranwala, Multan, Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan, where collections were delayed. The provincial result of the loan operations under this act was a gain of Rs. 7,637.

Forest Act and Government lands.

Statement No. XXIII.

26. No forest settlement of importance was undertaken during the year. The selection of forests in Kangra for regenerative closures and for transfer to district management to which reference was made in last year's report was continued by an officer of the Forest Department on special duty and proposals were made by him after the close of the year. In connection with the transfer of the Dera Ghazi Khan rakhs from the Forest Department to the Deputy Commissioner a scheme for their future management was called for in 1912 and was prepared in 1913 by the Deputy Commissioner with the assistance of a Forest Ranger. It was forwarded by the Commissioner to the Conservator of Forests during the year under report, and has now reached the Financial Commissioner and is under his consideration. Approval has been given to schemes for the browsing of the 55th and 56th Camel Corps in Multan and Montgomery and the 57th Corps in Multan. The Deputy Commissioner of Shahpur was authorised to secure the acceptance by right-holders of a scheme for the browsing of the 53rd Corps in the hill rakhs of that district. In Jhelum the proposals made by the Forest Department for meeting the requirements of the 52nd Corps were adversely criticised by the Deputy Commissioner and are now being re-examined in the light of the pronouncements made in the past by Government regarding the lines on which the Jhelum forests should be administered. It has not been possible to make much progress with the allied scheme of providing grazing for camels on the line of march. The management of the Shahpur Kandi forests continues to be satisfactory. The income was Rs. 3,890 and the expenditure Rs. 2,542. More than Rs. 1,100 of the profit made was put into the Pahari Co-operative Bank which is promising very well The new system for the management of the Pindigheb rakhs in Attock was brought into force, leases for grazing and cultivation being given.

Reference has been made in paragraph 5 to the effect of the extension of irrigation on tirni-paying lands. The area of unclassed forests and Government waste lands under the control of the Deputy Commissioner has fallen by about 340,000 acres, the area held by Government tenants showing a corresponding increase. The largest decrease in the waste took place in Montgomery and amounted to 238,000 acres. The decreases in Lyallpur and Gujranwala are due to sales and allotments of lands commanded by the Upper Chenab Canal, but that in Shahpur where the areas of the Khushab rakhs have been recalculated is merely statistical In Montgomery the Financial Commissioner has sanctioned arrangements by which all camels in the Ravi tahsils, whether native or foreign, will be treated as "naubaramad," the right to collect tirni at the authorised rates being leased to local contractors. This system will permit the gradual extinction of the camel tirni demand concurrently with the colonization of the waste. The system of assessments fixed for a period will continue in the Sutlej tahsils, but is unsuited to a tract which is being rapidly colonised. The system of annual contracts for cattle grazing already provides for automatic adjustment of the demand. In Multan the Lower Bari Doab Canal area has been formed into two new chaks for tirni purposes in which the contracts will be auctioned annually. Elsewhere the present system will continue. The area of Government land cultivated by lessees rose from 151,859 acres in the previous year to 213,430 chiefly on account of the extensive grant of single harvest leases on the Lower Bari Doab Canal in Multan, but partly also on account of favourable climatic conditions. Two applications for the grant of land for cultivation with the aid of tube wells were received, but no practical test of the usefulness of these in lands available for lease has yet been made.

NOTE.—The return for Shahpur in last year's report was wrong. The correct figure is 12,280 not 1,418.

Punjab Land Preservation (Chos) Act.

27. Section 4 of the Chos Act has now been applied to 22 hill villages of Ambala District. Proposals for further restrictions under section 5 were also submitted to Government, but action has been postponed during the present financial stringency. A record of rights in respect of the notified areas was prepared, a tahsildar on special duty being employed for the purpose. Proceedings were also taken to estimate and award compensation for the restrictions imposed under section 4. In Hoshiarpur proposals for the extension of the areas to which section 5 applies were made. Orders on them have been postponed on technical and financial grounds. The sowings on the Siwaliks made during the rains of 1914 have turned out only partially successful partly on account of the break in the monsoon in August 1914, and partly on account of the inadequacy of the monsoon of 1915. Sowings were repeated throughout the notified area. The Commissioner, Mr. Fagan, passed across the range in October 1915, and was struck with the improved appearance presented by the western slope.

General statement of owned and mortgaged area. Statement No. III.

28. In paragraph 27 of last year's report the Financial Commissioner noticed the necessity for re-examining the returns of total cultivated area received from certain districts, and he promised to have the causes of the most marked variations investigated. For two districts the returns were found to be erroneous and were corrected; in the others the variations are attributed either to statistical inaccuracies or to vicissitudes of season during the year 1913-14. The correct provincial figures will be inserted in last year's report by an addendum slip. The compilation of the present returns has brought to light a discrepancy of nearly 500,000 acres of cultivated land in the previous returns from Shahpur, and it is therefore necessary to exclude that district from consideration in calculating the increase in cultivation In the remaining districts of the province the total increase in cultivated area brought on record amounted to 111,279 acres. The increase is general. The same proportion of the cultivated area, namely, 11½ per cent., as in the preceding year, is under mortgage. The proportion held by mortgagees of non agricultural tribes has fallen slightly and is now 5 per cent.

Transfers.

Statements Nos. XXIV—XXVII.

29. The main feature of the transfer statistics of the year is the decrease in the area affected by mortgages and redemptions. The area in which the proprietary rights were sold rose from 121,809 acres in the preceding year to 133,933 acres in the year under report. but the latter figure is inflated by the inclusion of over 17,000 acres sold from the Skinner estate in Hissar, and normal sales have fallen. Mortgages of proprietary right were created on 226,668 acres and extinguished on 239,644 acres, the corresponding figures last year having been 245,631 and 282,290, respectively. Transactions of all kinds have been less important than before in the Ambala Division, the Jullundur Division (except Hoshiarpur), and the districts of Gurdaspur, Multan and Muzaffargarh. There has been a large increase of transactions of all kinds in Lahore and Sialkot in which settlement operations are being concluded, and an appreciable increase in Gujranwala, Montgomery and Lyallpur.

Different explanations of the variations are given in different districts. The decrease in mortgages and redemptions in Kangra is ascribed to the inability of military men on active service to return and invest their savings in land as they used each year to do. This, however, leaves unexplained the rise in sales and the firmness of transfer values. In Ludhiana and Ferozepore redemptions which were abnormally numerous in the preceding year following on the introduction of the Redemption of Mortgages Act regained their usual level. The general conclusion appears to be that the year was not much, if at all, better than an average year. The total areas sold were below normal, and those mortgaged not in excess of normal, the only unusual feature being the comparatively small areas redeemed. That may to some extent be explained in the way suggested in the Kangra report, but it is also possible that

some of the money which might have been applied in redemption of mortgage has been diverted to other objects, such as the acquisition of colony lands. The process of reducing the area under mortgage continued, though the rate of release was less than in any year during the last decade.

Value of land.

30. It was pointed out in paragraph 29 of last year's report that the real selling value of cultivated land was obscured by the magnitude of the sums spent in acquiring land in the suburbs of Lahore. Over a crore was spent on the purchase of 3,335 acres of which 2,204 were cultivated. As desired by Government in paragraph 12 of His Honour's remarks on that report the figures for Lahore have been re-verified and no necessity for correction has been discovered. During the year now under report, there has been, as the Commissioner of Lahore remarks, a cessation of speculation in the city, and the sum spent was under Rs. 29 lakhs although the area sold increased to 4,955 acres (including 3,637 cultivated). In other municipal areas also, notably Sialkot and Amritsar, smaller areas than in the recent past have been alienated. The all-round sale price of land has therefore fallen from Rs. 249 per acre cultivated to Rs. 180. The rate is much in excess of any rate prevailing before 1913. Practically every district in which the calculations are not affected by urban speculation reports a rise in the value of land, and it is clear that the appreciation of the value of land devoted to agriculture has continued unchecked. This conclusion is borne out by the increase in the consideration for which land is mortgaged The average mortgage money per acre cultivated was Rs. 130 in the year under report and Rs. 124 in the preceding year. This rise has taken place in spite of the tendency which the growth of mortgages for limited periods to non-agriculturists has, as is noticed in the Lyallpur report, to reduce the rate of consideration.

Land Alienation Act.
Statement No. XXV.

31. The year was an uneventful one so far as the Land Alienation Act was concerned. The only new tribes notified were the Biloches of Ferozepore and the Sainis of Gujranwala. The Financial Commissioner found it necessary to issue instructions for the guidance of Deputy Commissioners in making references under section 21 A (1) of the Act to Civil Courts of appellate jurisdiction. At the same time enquiry was made as to the extent to which in the past action had been necessary for the revision of a decree or order of a Civil Court contrary to the provisions of the Act, and it was found that such occasions have been exceedingly rare. No new methods of evading the Act have been discovered. *Benami* transactions and misdescription of caste or tribe are the commonest expedients. The former is reported to be infrequently resorted to in several districts and appears to be commonest in Sialkot and Rawalpindi. Claims to membership of agricultural tribes cause a great deal of work in Sialkot, but generally the amount of work thrown on the district establishment by the Act is not considerable. In Lyallpur almost half the temporary alienations have been in favour of non-agriculturists and in forms permitted by the Act, and the same was the case in Jhang. It is a fair inference that evasion of the Act is generally either impracticable or unprofitable. The results of the alienations reported during the year were on the whole favourable to the agricultural tribes. They bought 8,498 more acres than they sold, and redeemed 20,039 acres more than the area redeemed from them, but pledged 28,270 more acres than they took on mortgage. The area redeemed by them exceeded by 5,881 acres the area on which they created new mortgages. As has already been observed this rate of release is less than in any year during the last decade.

Business Returns.
Statements Nos. XXVIII and XXIX.

32. The volume of case work disposed of by Revenue Officers was practically the same as in the preceding year as was also the number of pending cases. A considerable increase occurred in those under the Land Revenue Act, corresponding to the increased issue of coercive processes, and a large decrease took place in miscellaneous cases and in cases under the Land Alienation Act. Nearly half the total cases under

Act XIII of 1900 were decided in Jullundur and Gujrat, which are under settlement, and in Rawalpindi. In Shahpur and Dera Ghazi Khan partition work is heavy, and in the former district a special staff was entertained for its disposal. In Montgomery the number of miscellaneous cases is swollen by the increase in the grant of single harvest leases, but a general cause of diminution in the disposal of cases of this kind is the smaller use made of the Loans Acts. The great increase in miscellaneous cases in Muzaffargarh, however, is attributed to more numerous demands for *takavi*. Cases under the Redemption of Mortgages Act were numerous in Amritsar, and special reference is made in Rohtak to the popularity of the Act. Revenue judicial business instituted, decided and pending in courts of appeal and revision remained unaltered, but a large decrease took place in revenue executive appeals. The pending file increased and is considerable in Rawalpindi Division but has fallen to a low level in other courts.

Tour of Commissioners.

33. The returns of touring done by Commissioners refer to the year ending 31st March 1915 :—

Ambala.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. M. Dallas, C.S.I., was Commissioner for the whole year and spent 108 days on tour.

Jullundur.—The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan held charge for 309 days and spent 56 days on tour. Mr. T. Millar, was in charge for 4 days and then the Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I., was Commissioner for the remaining 52 days of the year, of which he spent 25 days on tour.

Lahore.—Mr. H. A. Casson, C.S.I., was Commissioner throughout the year, spending 70 days on tour.

Rawalpindi.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. Popham Young, C.I.E., held charge for the whole year, of which he spent 116 days on tour.

Multan.—Mr. C. J. Hallifax was Commissioner throughout the year and remained 111 days on tour.

STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph

ANALYSIS BY DISTRICTS OF CHIEF STATISTICS AT DATE OF SETTLEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.		
				Government waste.	Other.			Chahi including chahi Sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Hissar.	Last Settlement 1909-10.	Part under fixed assessment. Tahsils Hissar, Hansi, Bhiwani and Fatahabad.	2,187,619	1,027	291,464	125	1	2,700	...
	1901-02 ...	Part under fixed assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	1,002,824	1,117	201,827	118	19	659	...
		Part under fixed assessment. Total under fixed assessment.	3,190,443	2,144	493,291	243	20	3,359	...
	1909-10 ...	Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Fatahabad	81,449	...	33,470	53	6	507	...
	1901-02 ...	Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	47,109	...	14,456	28	10	141	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Total ...	128,558	...	47,926	81	16	648	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts.	3,319,001	2,144	541,217	324	36	4,007	...
	Year of report 1911-12.	Part under fixed assessment. Tahsils Hissar, Hansi, Bhiwani and Fatahabad.	2,187,607	1,106	261,357	231	12	2,491	...
		Part under fixed assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	1,002,717	900	160,865	51	13	297	...
		Part under fixed assessment. Total under fixed assessment.	3,190,324	2,006	422,222	282	25	2,788	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Fatahabad	81,453	...	33,717	53	13	505	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	47,057	...	17,339	23	4	155	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Total ...	128,510	...	51,056	76	17	660	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts.	3,318,834	2,006	473,278	358	42	3,448	...
	Difference + or −	Part under fixed assessment. Tahsils Hissar, Hansi, Bhiwani and Fatahabad.	−12	+79	−30,107	+106	+11	−209	...
		Part under fixed assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	−107	−217	−40,962	−67	−6	−362	...
		Part under fixed assessment. Total ...	−119	−138	−71,069	+39	+5	−571	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Fatahabad	+4	...	+247	...	+7	−2	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	−52	...	+2,883	−5	−6	+14	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Total ...	−48	...	+3,130	−5	+1	+12	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts.	−167	−138	−67,939	+34	+6	−559	...

No. I.

1 of the text.)*

AND FOR THE AGRICULTURAL QUINQUENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JUNE 15TH, 1912.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Cultivation.								
Total *chahi* of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	District.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs. *Initial.* *Final.*	
2,700		281,655	5,065	1,482,545	16	1,771,981	7,59,754 8,20,422	
659	120 miles;	27,892	3,508	743,285	...	775,344	2,05,525 2,05,530	
3,359		309,547	8,573	2,225,830	16	2,547,325	9,65,279 10,25,952	
507		11,478	18,179	13,736	73	43,973	4,860	
141		13,634	15,667	578	114	30,134	39,157	
648	...	25,112	33,846	14,314	187	74,107	44,017	
4,007	...	334,659	42,419	2,240,144	203	2,621,432	*Initial,* 10,09,296	
2,491		275,132	4,803	1,517,719	16	1,800,161	7,58,816	
297		28,473	2,719	786,012	2	817,503	2,05,532	
2,788		303,605	7,522	2,303,731	18	2,617,664	9,64,348	
505	120 miles;	9,380	18,164	15,442	73	43,564	4,860	Hissar.
155		13,614	12,766	569	129	27,233	7,541	
660		22,994	30,930	16,011	202	70,797	12,401	
3,448		326,599	38,452	2,319,742	220	2,688,461	9,76,749	
−209		−6,523	−262	+35,174	...	+28,180	−938	
−362		+581	−789	+42,727	+2	+42,159	+7	
−571		−5,942	−1,051	+77,901	+2	+70,339	−931	
−2		−2,098	−15	+1,706	...	−409		
+14		−20	−2,901	−9	+15	−2,901	−31,616	
+12		−2,118	−2,916	+1,697	+15	−3,310	−31,616	
−559		−8,060	−3,967	+79,598	+17	+67,029	−32,547	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.		
				Government waste.	Other.			Chahi including Chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Rohtak.	Last Settlement (1909-10).		1,150,718	2,372	178,883	1,545	486	29,023	8,297
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	1,149,841	2,677	193,767	1,310	389	28,366	6,888
		Fluctuating ...	892	...	121	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,150,733	2,677	193,888	1,310	389	28,366	6,888
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	−877	+305	+14,884	−235	−97	−657	−1,409
		Fluctuating ...	+892	...	+121	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	+15	+305	+15,005	−235	−97	−657	−1,409
Gurgaon.	Last Settlement (1907-08 Rewari). (1909-10 other tahsils).	Fixed ...	1,185,097	...	85,688	5,533	2,051	127,771	...
		Fluctuating ...	50,107	...	4,621	54	106	912	...
		Total ...	1,235,204	...	90,309	5,587	2,157	128,683	...
	(1911-12) ...	Fixed ...	1,185,323	...	105,266	5,408	1,924	119,712	...
		Fluctuating ...	50,108	...	8,393	4	98	797	...
		Total ...	1,235,431	...	113,659	5,412	2,022	120,509	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	+226	...	+19,578	−125	−127	−8,059	...
		Fluctuating ...	+1	...	+3,772	−50	−8	−115	...
		Total ...	+227	...	+23,350	−175	−135	−8,174	...
Delhi.	Last Settlement (1909-10).	Fixed ...	793,698	55	128,232	6,753	527	81,809	20,287
		Fluctuating ...	12,491	...	2,974	29	142	...	1,375
		Total. ...	806,189	55	131,206	6,782	669	81,809	21,662
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	791,576	51	129,174	5,989	461	73,107	19,738
		Fluctuating ...	12,526	...	3,205	20	27	...	1,426
		Total ...	804,102	51	132,379	6,009	488	73,107	21,164
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	−2,122	−4	+942	−564	−66	−8,702	−549
		Fluctuating ...	+35	...	+231	−9	−115	...	+51
		Total ...	−2,087	−4	+1,173	−773	−181	−8,702	−498

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Cultivation.								
Total Chahi of all kinds.	Canal Mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Bareni.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	District.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
37,320	357	208,559	...	607,074	116,510	969,463	11,44,432	
35,254	357	209,235	...	602,343	106,565	953,397	11,45,770	
...	...	134	...	637	...	771	168	
35,254	357	209,369	...	602,980	106,565	954,168	11,45,938	Rohtak.
— 2,066	...	+676	...	— 4,731	— 9,945	— 16,066	+ 1,338	
...	...	+134	...	+ 637	...	+771	+168	
— 2,066	...	+ 810	...	— 4,094	—9,945	— 15,295	+ 1,506	
127,771	26	98,672	19,853	695,958	7,012	949,266	13,41,607	
912	...	...	12,873	26,243	493	40,521	49,057	
128,683	26	98,672	32,726	722,201	7,505	989,787	13,90,664	
119,712	26	81,642	27,063	693,155	8,276	929,848	13,38,006	
797	...	...	12,521	22,630	792	36,740	40,847	Gurgaon.
120,509	26	81,642	39,584	715,785	9,068	966,588	13,78,853	
—8,059	...	—17,030	+7,210	— 2,803	+1,264	—19,418	—3,601	
—115	...	...	—352	—3,613	+299	—3,781	—8,210	
—8,174	...	—17,030	+6,858	—6,416	+1,563	—23,199	—11,811	
102,096	81	97,896	27,956	306,395	627	534,970	9,51,597	
1,375	...	...	4,794	2,654	...	8,823	4,930	
103,471	81	97,896	32,750	309,049	627	543,793	9,56,527	
92,845	81	98,058	27,469	313,500	450	532,322	10,07,153	
1,426	...	...	4,936	2,267	...	8,629	4,358	Delhi.
94,271	81	98,058	32,405	315,767	450	540,951	10,11,511	
—9,251	...	+162	—487	+ 7,105	—177	—2,648	+55,356	
+51	...	...	+142	—387	...	—194	—572	
—9,200	...	+162	—345	+6,718	—177	—2,842	+54,984	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Karnal.	Last Settlement (1909-10).	Fixed	2,001,180	7,500	583,644	7,897	238	148,774	...
	1911-12 ...		1,998,593	7,526	595,527	6,824	216	146,226	...
	Difference + or −		−2,587	+26	+11,883	−1,073	−22	−2,548	...
Ambala.	Last Settlement (1886-87).	Fixed	1,185,902	...	103,608	2,182	2,369	21,148	...
	1911-12 ...		1,198,259	3,655	118,681	1,992	1,803	29,570	...
	Difference + or −		+12,357	+3,655	+15,073	−190	−566	+8,422	...
Simla.	Last Settlement (1883).	Fixed	48,839	169	21,390	...	...	...	...
	1911-12 ...		53,592	...	21,788	...	...	...	...
	Difference + or −		+4,753	−169	+398	...	...	...	...
Kangra.	Last Settlement (1891-92).	Fixed	2,474,839	7,392	759,506	...	...	...	...
	1911-12 ...		2,463,226	612,251	266,314	23	64	57	22
	Difference + or −		−11,613	+604,859	−493,192	+23	+64	+57	+22
Hoshiarpur.	Last Settlement (1881-84).	Fixed	1,428,653	...	193,602	3,580	5,094	14,966	...
	1911-12 ...		1,430,433	2,099	203,745	6,380	4,418	35,846	...
	Difference + or −		+ 1,780	+ 2,099	+ 10,143	+ 2,800	− 676	+ 20,880	...
Jullundur.	Last Settlement (1885).	Fixed	855,820	272	101,334	20,367	262	236,460	...
	1911-12. ...		867,646	268	80,193	28,688	301	305,789	...
	Difference + or −		+ 11,826	− 4	− 21,141	+ 8,321	+ 39	+ 69,329	...
Ludhiana.	Last Settlement (1911-12).	Fixed	892,293	254	84,713	9,647	181	133,827	3,984
	1911-12 ...		892,293	254	84,713	9,647	181	133,827	3,984
	Difference + or −		...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ferozepore.	Last Settlement (1887-93 and 1901).	Fixed	2,506,386	842	312,084	5,029	611	92,079	19,732
		Fluctuating ...	57,273	...	13,844	374	91	6,697	2,384
		Total ...	2,563,659	842	325,928	5,403	702	98,776	22,116
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	2,543,379	757	187,392	6,889	240	90,206	41,051
		Fluctuating ...	57,902	...	12,080	293	35	4,848	5 271
		Total ...	2,601,281	757	199,472	7,182	275	95,054	46,322
	Difference + or −	Fixed	+ 36,993	− 85	− 124,692	+ 1,860	− 371	− 1,873	+ 21.319
		Fluctuating ...	+ 629	...	− 1,764	− 81	− 56	− 1,849	+ 2,887
		Total ...	+ 37,622	− 85	− 126,456	+ 1,779	− 427	− 3,722	+ 24,206

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
148,774	215	258,028	118,533	600,402	4,275	1,130,012	12,93,339	KARNAL.
146,226	215	260,225	116,118	589,717	3,953	1,116,239	12,92,620	
—2,548	...	+2,197	—2,415	—10,685	—322	—13,773	—719	
21,148	46	3,272	14,496	692,367	13,746	745,029	11,45,616	AMBALA.
29,570	46	3,525	29,548	673,117	14,760	750,515	11,47,688	
+8,422	...	+253	+15,047	—19,250	+1,014	+5,486	+2,072	
...	...	...	...	9,203	627	9,830	17,259	SIMLA.
...	...	...	...	9,239	745	9,984	17,484	
...	...	...	...	+36	+118	+154	+225	
...	...	...	...	474,296	115,782	590,078	9,35,112	KANGRA.
79	...	...	6	469,208	118,533	587,826	9,26,661	
+79	...	...	+6	—5,088	+2,751	—2,252	—8,451	
14,966	28	9,776	1,708	684,909	2,645	714,004	14,68,917	HOSHIARPUR.
35,846	28	21,500	3,643	657,705	3,428	722,122	14,22,527	
+ 20,880	...	+ 11,724	+ 1,935	— 27,204	+ 783	+ 8,118	— 46,390	
236,460	...	...	36,322	385,163	1,991	659,936	14,84,696	JULLUNDUR.
305,789	...	...	32,370	344,761	1,343	684,263	14,77,661	
+ 69,329	...	...	— 3,952	— 40,402	— 648	+ 24,327	— 7,035	
137,811	233	41,861	...	552,133	9	731,814	11,57,399	LUDHIANA.
137,811	233	41,861	...	552,133	9	731,814	11,57,399	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
111,811	...	592,702	37,656	1,336,175	2	2,078,346	11,06,502	FEROZEPORE.
9,081	...	19,422	6,129	1,132	132	35,896	20,113	
120,892	...	612,124	43,785	1,337,307	134	2,114,242	11,26,615	
131,257	1,164	885,348	34,017	1,158,801	117	2,209,540	11,59,482	
10,119		16,641	5,864	1,955	187	34,766	20,442	
141,376	1,164	901,989	39,881	1,160,756	304	2,244,306	1,179,924	
+ 19,446	+ 1,164	+ 292,646	— 3,639	— 177,374	+ 115	+ 131,194	+ 52,980	
+ 1,038		— 2,781	— 265	+ 823	+ 55	— 1,130	+ 329	
+ 20,484	+ 1,164	+ 289,865	— 3,904	— 176,551	+ 170	+ 130,064	+ 53,309	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Lahore.	Last Settlement (1891-93).	Fixed ...	1,732,070	638	285,519	9,667	988	286,231	18,487
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	1,737,245	5,586	301,183	9,327	365	225,068	48,614
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	+ 5,175	+ 4,948	+ 15,664	— 340	— 623	— 61,163	+ 30,127
Amritsar.	Last Settlement (1891-93).	Fixed ...	996 473	1,395	102,680	10,554	386	245,220	...
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	997,944	1,269	108,676	10,139	212	223,625	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	+ 1,471	— 126	+ 5,996	— 415	— 174	— 21,595	...
Gurdaspur.	Last Settlement (1910—12).	Fixed	1,158,790	220	115,108	6,394	2,594	137,589	7,022
		Fluctuating ...	10,428	...	5,126	...	...	1	...
		Total ...	1,169,218	220	120,234	6,394	2,594	137,590	7,022
	1911-12 ...	Fixed.	1,159,010	454	115,456	6,344	2,608	131,862	7,389
		Fluctuating ...	10,396	...	5,148	...	...	1	...
		Total ...	1,169,406	454	120,604	6,344	2,608	131,863	7,389
	Difference + or —	Fixed	+220	+234	+348	— 50	+14	— 5,727	+367
		Fluctuating ...	— 32	...	+22	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	+188	+234	+370	— 50	+14	— 5,727	+367
Sialkot.	Last Settlement (1891—94).	Fixed ...	1,260,553	4,088	157,734	20 725	1,534	472,493	10,236
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	1,270,647	8,246	193,116	22,076	1,644	475,239	6,424
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	+10,094	+4,158	+35,382	+1,351	+110	+2,746	— 3,862
Gujranwala.	Last Settlement (1891-93 and 1905-06).	Fixed	1,341,650	3,094	472,733	12,563	1,105	461,928	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,137,672	45,128	347,975	2,582	254	94,254	17,194
		Total ...	2,479,322	48,222	820,708	15,145	1,359	556,182	17,194
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	1,213,332	1,751	450,603	11,235	739	376,717	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,282,736	44,577	394,505	2,833	327	99,389	12,969
		Total ...	2,496,068	46,328	845,108	14,068	1,066	476,106	12,969
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 128,318	— 1,343	— 22,130	— 1,328	— 366	— 85,211	...
		Fluctuating ...	+145,064	— 551	+46,530	+251	+73	+5,135	— 4,225
		Total ...	+16,746	— 1,894	+24,400	— 1,077	— 293	— 80,076	— 4,225
Gujrat.	Last Settlement (1891-93).	Fixed	1,355,982	8,842	270,230	8,953	309	221,883	...
		Fluctuating ...	55,203	...	27,738	301	2	13,497	...
		Total ...	1,411,185	8,842	297,968	9,254	311	235,380	...
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	1,379,127	8,705	244,868	10,300	397	215,439	563
		Fluctuating ...	55,245	...	27,833	253	...	10,773	...
		Total ...	1,434,372	8,705	272,701	10,553	397	226,212	563
	Difference + or —	Fixed	+23,145	— 137	— 25,362	+1,347	+88	— 6,444	+563
		Fluctuating ...	+42	...	+95	— 48	— 2	— 2,724	...
		Total ...	+23,187	— 137	— 25,267	+1,299	+86	— 9,168	+563

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
304,718	183	319,686	61,253	425,278	1,212	1,112,147	7,81,080	*LAHORE.
273,682	183	628,149	54,436	237,266	661	1,194,194	991,815	
—31,036	...	+ 308,463	—6,817	—188,012	— 551	+ 82,047	+ 2,10,735	
245,220	589	160,318	29,538	334,822	1,405	771,303	1,251,538	AMRITSAR.
223,625	796	254,412	25,891	252,376	1,607	757,911	12,70,799	
—21,595	+ 207	+ 94,094	—3,647	— 82,446	+ 202	—13,392	+ 19,261	
144,611	54	91,251	103,088	476,959	2,917	818,826	18,14,641	GURDASPUR.
1	...	...	3,131	1	...	3,133	3,650	
144,612	54	91,251	106,219	476,960	2,917	821,959	18,18,291	
139,251	54	91,586	100,431	482,760	2,856	816,884	17,65,995	
1	...	...	3,196	...	...	3,197	2,417	
139,252	54	91,586	103,627	482,760	2,856	820,081	17,68,412	
—5,360	...	+335	—2,657	+5,801	—61	—1,942	—48,646	
...	...	...	+65	—1	...	+64	—1,233	
—5,360	...	+335	—2,592	+5,800	—61	—1,878	— 49,879	
482,779	...	9,576	89,040	324,196	30,055	935,646	14,39,773	SIALKOT.
481,663	87	9,168	84,606	314,845	22,887	913,169	14,79,390	
—1,116	+87	—408	—4,434	—9,351	—7,168	—22,477	+40,617	
461,928	76	2,584	16,574	119,425	13,377	613,888	6,95,294	GUJRANWALA.
111,448	...	459,367	23,828	81,007	87	675,737	6,93,617	
573,376	76	461,951	40,402	200,432	13,464	1,289,625	13,88,911	
376,717	134	...	30,403	199,753	5,931	612,804	6,60,180	
112,358	...	507,118	23,104	112,651	471	755,702	8,83,260	
489,075	134	507,118	53,507	312,404	6,402	1,368,506	15,43,440	
—85,211	+58	—2,584	+13,829	+80,328	—7,446	—1,084	—35,114	
+910	...	+47,751	—724	+31,644	+384	+79,965	+1,89,643	
—84,301	+58	+45,167	+13,105	+111,972	—7,062	+78,881	+1,54,529	
221,883	...	...	56,334	553,017	...	831,234	8,70,551	GUJRAT.
13,497	...	...	3,930	6,108	...	23,535	24,238	
235,380	...	...	60,264	559,125	...	854,769	8,94,789	
216,002	21	9,713	46,869	581,481	10	854,075	8,75,039	
10,773	...	...	3,079	8,438	...	22,290	12,181	
226,775	21	9,713	49,948	589,919	10	8,76,365	8,87,220	
—5,881	+21	+9,713	—9,465	+28,464	+10	+22,841	+4,488	
—2,724	...	...	—851	+2,330	...	—1,245	—12,057	
—8,605	+21	+9,713	—10,316	+30,794	+10	+21,596	—7,569	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi, including chahi-sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Shahpur.	Last Settlement (1891-93).	Fixed	2,005,681	284,360	809,737	4,723	207	125,271	732
		Fluctuating ...	1,080,153	109,782	188,004	1,807	18	22,517	998
		Total ...	3,085,834	394,142	997,741	6,530	225	147,788	1,730
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	1,996,302	2,152	773,700	4,713	118	112,356	1,122
		Fluctuating ...	1,080,153	109,782	188 004	1,807	18	22,517	998
		Total ...	3,076,455	111,934	961,704	6,520	136	134,873	2,120
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	— 9,379	— 282,208	— 36,037	— 10	— 89	— 12,915	+ 390
		Fluctuating ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	— 9,379	— 282,208	— 36,037	— 10	— 59	— 12,915	+ 390
Jhelum.	Last Settlement (1900-01).	Fixed ...	1,777,633	52,252	109,694	3,923	230	26,046	...
	1911-12		1,771,666	13,597	109,772	4,014	230	24,811	...
	Difference + or —		— 5,967	— 38,655	+ 78	+ 91	...	— 1,235	...
Rawal-pindi.	Last Settlement (1905-06).	Fixed ...	1,312,716	3,461	76,696	1,080	533	2,715	...
	1911-12 ...		1,312,092	3,473	78,588	1,206	435	2,800	...
	Difference + or —		— 624	+ 12	+ 1,892	+ 126	— 98	+ 85	...
Attock.	Last Settlement 1905-06 and 1901).	Fixed ...	2,701,360	256	270,286	5,725	918	24,317	...
	1911-12 ...		2,701,735	12,048	223,952	7,183	723	26,930	55
	Difference + or —		+ 375	+ 11,792	— 46,334	+ 1,458	— 195	+ 2,613	+ 55
Mianwali.	Last Settlement (1903-07).	Fixed	2,077,898	493,420	1,246,236	867	1	15,147	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,366,945	89,016	435,107	1,603	133	19,242	...
		Total ...	3,444,843	582,436	1,681,343	2,470	134	34,389	...
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	2,077,992	493,170	1,183,781	1,022	1	18,268	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,367,103	94,785	397,252	1,723	127	18,164	...
		Total ...	3,445,095	587,955	1,581,033	2,745	128	36,432	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed	+ 94	—250	— 62,455	+ 155	...	+ 3,121	...
		Fluctuating ...	+ 158	+ 5,769	— 37,855	+ 120	— 6	— 1,078	...
		Total ...	+ 252	+ 5,519	— 100,310	+ 275	— 6	+ 2,043	...
Montgomery.	Last Settlement (1895-99).	Fixed	883,121	...	464,818	7,283	848	114,054	53,742
		Fluctuating	2,684,467	1,556,508	326,937	3,539	770	41,532	12,123
		Total ...	3,567,588	1,556,508	791,755	10,822	1,618	155,586	65,865
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	781,766	1,411	265,563	7,311	263	131,505	38,691
		Fluctuating ...	2,100,015	1,191,273	289,433	3,257	804	56,020	1,942
		Total ...	2,881,781	1,192,684	554,996	10,568	1,067	187,525	40,633
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 101,355	+ 1,411	— 199,25)	+ 28	— 585	+ 17,451	— 15,051
		Fluctuating ...	— 584,452	— 365,235	— 37,504	+ 282	+ 34	+ 14,488	— 10,181
		Total ...	— 685,807	— 363,824	— 236,759	— 254	— 551	+ 31,939	— 25,232

No. I.—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs	
126,003	320	86,256	59,915	200,770	...	472,944	4,24,995	SHAHPUR.
23,515		638,524	10,937	20,383	...	693,359	12,04,606	
149,518	320	724,780	70,852	221,153	...	1,166,303	16,29,601	
113,478	320	108,003	56,292	266,062	...	543,835	4,52,479	
23,515		638,524	10,937	20,383	...	693,359	12,43,793	
136,993	320	746,527	67,229	286,445	...	1,237,194	16,96,272	
—12,525	...	+21,747	—3,623	+ 65,292	...	+70,891	+27484	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+39,187	
—12,525	...	+ 21,747	— 3,623	+65,292	...	+70,891	+ 66,671	
26,046	19	144	27,914	680,422	490	735,016	7,54,214	JHELUM.
24,811	19	167	26,829	690,718	1,366	743,891	7,52,758	
—1,235	...	+ 23	—1,085	+ 10,296	+ 876	+ 8,875	—1,456	
2,715	...	1,860	...	591,465	3,010	599,050	6,75,460	RAWAL-PINDI.
2,800	...	1,795	...	591,806	3,078	599,479	6,74,650	
+ 85	...	— 65	...	+ 341	+ 68	+ 429	— 810	
24,317	...	8,015	9,980	968,581	1,641	1,012,534	6,33,939	OR. ATTOCK.
26,985	...	7,841	8,425	1,028,782	2,032	1,074,065	6,72,851	
+ 2,668	...	—174	—1,555	+ 60,201	+ 391	+ 61,531	+ 38,912	
15,147	6	3,735	18	99,841	61	118,802	61,527	MIANWALI.
19,242	...	13,167	228,541	20[illegible],595	362	469,907	3,06,718	
34,389	6	16,902	228,559	308,436	423	5,88,709	3,68,245	
18,268	6	3,615	10	141,553	74	163,520	62,905	
18,164	...	11,049	198,864	260,731	509	489,317	2,96,931	
36,432	6	14,664	198,874	402,284	583	652,837	3,59,836	
+ 3,121	...	— 120	— 8	+ 41,712	+ 13	+44,718	+ 1,378	
—1,078	...	—2,118	— 29,677	+ 52,136	+ 147	+ 19,410	— 9,787	
+ 2,043	...	—2,238	— 29,685	+ 93,848	+ 160	+ 64,128	— 8,409	
167,796	...	133,310	19,646	17,837	3,281	341,870	2,47,813	MONTGOMERY.
53,655	...	54,166	46,223	15,314	7,667	177,025	1,81,581	
221,451	...	187,476	65,869	33,151	10,948	518,895	4 29,394	
170,196	75	145,215	2,059	138,614	254	456,338	1,90,480	
57,962	220	14,131	49,635	104,445	8,686	234,859	2,44,083	
228,158	295	159,346	51,694	243,059	8,940	691,197	4,34,563	
+ 2,400	+ 75	+ 11,905	—17,587	+ 120,777	— 3,027	+ 114,468	—57,333	
+ 4,307	+ 220	—40,035	+ 3,412	+ 89,131	+ 1,019	+ 57,834	+ 62,502	
+ 6,707	+ 295	—28,130	—14,175	+ 209,908	—2,008	+ 172,302	+ 5,169	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Lyallpur.	Last Settlement (1904-1905).	Fixed	8,639	...	5,909	62	...	876	...
		Fluctuating —	1,971,783	400,291	105,682	42	66	621	4,772
		Total ...	1,980,422	400,291	111,591	104	66	1,497	4,772
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	5,121	...	3,388	33	3	477	...
		Fluctuating ...	2,032,413	341,157	82,781	245	145	3,169	8,266
		Total ...	2,037,534	341,157	86,169	278	148	3,646	8,266
	Difference + or —	Fixed	− 3,518	...	− 2,521	− 29	+ 3	− 399	...
		Fluctuating ...	+ 60,630	− 59,134	− 22,901	+ 203	+ 79	2,548	+ 3,494
		Total ...	+ 57,112	− 59,134	− 25,422	+ 174	+ 82	+ 2,149	+ 3,494
Jhang.	Last Settlement (1904-06 and 1911).	Fixed	380,958	...	101,839	4,768	182	103,695	1,543
		Fluctuating ...	1,734,024	445,916	649,319	6,820	94	152,683	1,894
		Total ...	2,114,982	445,916	751,158	11,588	276	256,378	3,437
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	374,468	124	98,705	4,637	110	97,704	160
		Fluctuating ...	1,740,195	435,693	596,290	6,720	135	142,488	2,639
		Total ...	2,114,663	435,817	694,995	11,357	245	240,192	2,799
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 6,490	+124	— 3,134	—131	—72	— 5,991	—1,383
		Fluctuating ...	+ 6,171	— 10,223	— 53,029	—100	+ 41	— 10,195	+ 745
		Total ...	− 319	— 10,099	— 56,163	— 231	— 31	— 16,186	— 638
Multan.	Last Settlement (1899-1900 and 1900-01).	Fixed	72,923	...	22,838	970	517	398	18,327
		Fluctuating ...	3,736,014	1,426,439	1,000,837	19,306	3,496	83,558	436,025
		Total ...	3,808,937	1,426,439	1,023,675	20,276	4,013	83,956	454,352
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	72,734	...	19,196	1,185	487	313	28,118
		Fluctuating ...	3,738,419	1,402,501	837,650	20,935	2,530	78,938	579,860
		Total ...	3,811,153	1,402,501	856,846	22,120	3,017	79,251	607,978
	Difference + or —	Fixed	−189	...	−3,642	+ 215	−30	−85	+ 9,791
		Fluctuating ...	+ 2,405	−23,938	−163,187	+ 1,629	−966	−4,620	+ 143,835
		Total ...	+ 2,216	−23,938	−166,829	+ 1,844	−996	−4,705	+ 153,626
Muzaffargarh.	Last Settlement (1901-02 and 1902-03).	Fixed	637,651	104,961	248,388	7,710	669	11,732	106,465
		Fluctuating ...	2,928,663	360,368	1,736,308	9,026	3,462	127,608	34,130
		Total ...	3,566,314	465,329	1,984,696	16,736	4,131	139,340	140,595
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	634,661	103,036	224,009	8,443	492	12,454	106,823
		Fluctuating ...	2,932,550	361,742	1,689,652	11,031	2,770	136,145	33,205
		Total ...	3,567,211	464,778	1,913,661	19,474	3,262	148,599	145,028
	Difference + or —	Fixed	−2,990	−1,925	−24,379	+ 733	−177	+ 722	+ 358
		Fluctuating ...	+ 3,887	+ 1,374	−46,656	+ 2,005	−692	+ 8,537	+ 4,075
		Total ...	+ 897	−551	−71,035	+ 2,738	−869	+ 9,259	+ 4,433

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
876	...	490	155	840	19	2,380	2,580	
5,393	947	13,39,993	220	3,824	19	13,49,449	8,57,663	
6,269	947	13,40,483	375	4,664	38	13,51,829	8,60,243	
477	...	...	861	81	32	1,451	1,287	
11.435	947	14,02,786	5,710	1,989	326	14,22,246	3,753,852	
11,912	947	14,02,786	6,571	2,070	358	14,23,697	37,55,139	LYALLPUR.
— 399	...	— 490	+ 706	— 759	+ 13	— 929	— 1,293	
+ 6,042	...	+ 62,793	+ 5,490	— 1,835	+ 307	+ 72,797	+ 28,96,189	
+ 5,643	...	+ 62,303	+ 6,196	— 2,594	+ 320	+ 71,868	+ 28,94,896	
105,238	461	288	75,132	953	2,417	184,028	2,57,930	
154,577		333,103	39,951	11,774	300	539,705	3,85,013	
259,815	461	333,391	115,083	12,727	2,717	723,733	6,42,943	
97,864	461	150	72,430	1,184	986	172,614	2,19,990	JHANG.
145,127		418,226	31,922	8,599	316	604,190	9,47,975	
242,991	461	418,376	104,352	9,783	1,302	776,804	11,67,965	
— 7,374	...	—138	— 2,702	+ 231	— 1,431	— 11,414	— 37,940	
— 9,450	...	+ 85,123	— 8,029	— 3,175	+ 16	+ 64,485	+ 562,963	
— 16,824	...	+ 84,985	— 10,731	— 2,944	— 1,415	+ 53,071	+ 5,25,022	
18,725	995	24,517	...	31	...	43,273	57,852	
519,583		270,420	129,246	24,748	6,589	950,586	13,53,461	
538,308	995	294,937	129,246	24,779	6,589	993,859	14,11,313	
28,431	1,142	17,844	...	24	...	46,299	58,262	MULTAN.
658.798		256,612	127,368	26,008	8,805	1,077,591	13,16,210	
687,229	+ 1,142	274,456	127,368	26,032	8,805	1,123,890	13,74,472	
+ 9,706	+ 147	— 6,673	...	— 7	...	+ 3,026	+ 410	
+ 139,215		— 13,808	— 1,878	+ 1,260	+ 2,216	+ 127,005	— 37,251	
+ 148,921	+ 147	— 20,481	— 1,878	+ 1,253	+ 2,216	+ 130,031	— 36,841	
118,197	1,351	87,143	2,828	...	595	208,763	3,55,414	
161,738		79,717	206,525	710	26,933	475,623	4,51,509	
279,935	1,351	166,860	209,353	710	27,528	684,386	8,06,923	
119,277	1,199	108,804	3,642	77	312	232,112	3,62,569	MUZAFFARGARH.
174,350		101,463	215,338	3,640	17,484	512,275	5,10,922	
293,627	1,199	210,267	218,980	3,717	17,796	744,387	8,73,491	
+ 1,080	— 152	+ 21,661	+ 814	+ 77	— 283	+ 23,349	+ 7,155	
+ 12,612		+ 21,746	+ 8,813	+ 2,930	— 9,449	+ 36,652	+ 59,413	
+ 13,692	— 152	+ 43,407	+ 9,627	+ 3,007	— 9,732	+ 60,001	+ 66,568	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nehri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Dera Ghazi Khan.	Last Settlement (1896 and 1905).	Fixed	2,849,787	90,163	1,170,490	7,652	1,448	40,298	179,968
		Fluctuating ...	613,608	37,951	187,592	776	427	8,724	468
		Total ...	3,463 395	128,114	1,358,082	8,428	1,875	49,022	180,436
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	2,792,916	75,612	1,152,496	9,205	769	30,933	225,260
		Fluctuating ...	682,620	47,218	48,601	1,178	1,481	12,920	9,882
		Total ...	3,475,536	122,830	1,201,097	10,383	2,250	43,853	235,142
	Difference + or −	Fixed	−56,871	−14,551	−17 994	+1,553	−679	−9,365	+45,292
		Fluctuating ...	+69,012	+9,267	−138,991	+402	+1,054	+4,196	+9,414
		Total ...	+12,141	−5,284	−156,985	+1,955	+375	−5,169	+54,706
Grand Total.	Last Settlement	Fixed	40,267,753	1,068,150	8,976,910	176,395	24,308	3,179,109	448,872
		Fluctuating ...	17,567,389	4,471,399	5,079,990	46,340	9,077	572,494	511,363
		Total ...	57,835,142	5,539,549	14,056,900	222,735	33,385	3,751,603	960,235
	1906-07 ...	Fixed	42,986,697	1,940,215	9,661,782	205,921	25,568	3,361,817	578,091
		Fluctuating ...	14,279,416	3,205,977	3,015,538	42,201	8,049	498,507	606,407
		Total ...	57,266,113	5,146,192	12,677,320	248,122	33,617	3,860,324	1,184,498
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	40,043,243	1,362,178	7,955,955	191,805	19,618	3,071,995	534,902
		Fluctuating ...	17,271,783	4,028,728	4,631,883	50,375	8,514	586,829	661,458
		Total ...	57,315,026	5,390,906	12,587,838	242,180	28,132	3,658,824	1,196,360
	Difference + or − between 1906-07 and 1911-12.	Fixed	− 2,943,454	− 578,037	− 1,705,827	− 14,116	− 5,950	− 289,822	− 43,189
		Fluctuating ...	+ 2,902,367	+ 822,751	+ 1,616,345	+ 8,174	+ 465	+ 88,322	+ 55,051
		Total ...	+ 48,913	+ 244,714	− 89,482	− 5,942	− 5,485	= 201,500	+ 11,862

No. I—CONCLUDED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
220,266	701	163,890	532,112	64,908	17,375	998,551	4,37,594	DERA GHAZI KHAN.
9,192	...	12	100,334	...	3,071	112,609	85,912	
229,458	701	163,902	632,446	64,908	20,446	1,111,160	5,23,506	
256,193	767	153,619	454 ~~57~~,486	37 ~~444~~,442	19,682	931,422	4,45,927	
22,802	...	28,700	104,965	8,179	6,718	171,364	96,546	
278,995	767	182,319	569 ~~162~~,451	45 ~~452~~,621	26,400	1,102,786	5,42,473	
+35,927	+66	—10,271	67 —~~474~~,626	—27,466 ~~+379,534~~	+2,307	—67,129	+8,333	
+13,610	...	+28,688	+4,631	+8,179	+3,647	+58,755	+10,634	
+49,537	+66	+18,417	62 —~~469~~,995	—14,287 ~~+387,713~~	+5,954	—8,374	+18,967	
3,627,981	6,808	2,713,376	1,348,624	13,429,250	341,097	21,460,328	2,37,72,950	GRAND TOTAL.
1,083,857		3,233,003	850,508	416,807	45,840	5,630,015	56,66,085	
4,711,838	6,808	5,946,379	2,199,132	13,846,057	386,937	27,090,343	2,94,39,035	
3,939,908	8,775	3,483,282	1,365,556	13,580,059	231,491	22,600,296	2,31,30,826	
1,104,914		3,250,688	1,006,627	192,120	44,134	5,598,483	53,97,986	
5,044,822	8,775	6,733,970	2,372,183	13,772,179	275,625	28,198,779	2,85,28,812	
3,606,897	8,701	3,445,080	2[illegible] ~~848~~,421	332 13,~~739~~,234	319,965	21,959,597	2,39,94,175	
1,248,287		3,418,378	828,369	598,563	44,496	6,138,093	93,86,386	
4,855,184	8,701	6,863,458	2083 ~~1,676~~,790	139[illegible] ~~14,337~~,797	364,461	28,097,690	3,33,80,561	
—333,011	—74	—38,202	110 —~~517~~,135	—4[illegible] ~~+159,175~~	+88,474	—640,699	+8,63,349	
+143,373		+167,690	—178,258	+406,443	+362	+539,610	+39,88,400	
—189,638	—74	+129,488	—695,393	+565,618	+88,836	—101,089	+48,51,749	

STATEMENT No. II.

RETURN SHOWING THE CULTIVATING OCCUPANCY OF LAND FOR THE QUINQUENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JUNE 15TH, 1912.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
DETAILS.		Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.
		HISSAR.		ROHTAK.		GURGAON.		DELHI.		KARNAL.		AMBALA.	
Total cultivated area		301,004	2,632,389	270,363	953,035	367,453	966,139	245,045	541,054	328,971	1,103,503	418,148	747,824
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.		94,108	1,057,742	117,249	587,008	167,039	504,716	97,781	299,466	156,728	733,924	201 914	446,441
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent		16,906	35,357	11,554	10,511	15,948	16,207	16,580	8,766	15,983	8,500	17,721	6,362
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. — *With right of occupancy.*	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	34,538	302,983	15,849	39,064	29,781	66,951	23,634	42,701	15,566	34,359	29,321	41,072
	Paying other cash rents	25 772	168,442	1,746	4,435	6,500	16,652	3,033	6,611	2,708	6,544	895	789
	Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	3,483	19,029	242	759	723	3,448	679	1,288	1,962	5,357	8,664	14,947
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. — *Without right of occupancy.*	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	10,070	56,465	23,574	45,851	28,594	52,643	19,517	25,519	26,508	46,156	12,889	12,947
	Paying other cash rents	79,407	696,511	57,966	170,260	76,002	212,723	56,116	111,985	29,503	84,485	35,926	53,930
	Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	36,770	295,860	42,183	95,147	42,866	92,799	27,705	44,718	80.013	184,178	110,818	171,336
Total held by tenants paying rent		189,990	1,539,290	141,560	355,516	184,466	445,216	130,684	232,822	156,260	361,079	198,513	295,021
1		14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
		SIMLA.		KANGRA.		HOSHIARPUR.		JULLUNDUR.		LUDHIANA.		FEROZEPORE.	
Total cultivated area		11,103	9,992	423,666	588,952	693,745	726,714	521,293	682,446	302,128	732,170	461,768	2,244,817
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.		7,781	8,008	199,217	360,698	225,553	333,967	196,499	352,232	133,877	435,031	159,179	982,872
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent		901	325	12,208	3,478	45,551	11,442	29,003	7,794	8,281	3,384	20,726	23,980
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. — *With right of occupancy.*	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	46	46	4,242	6,003	126,891	111,287	41,492	41,953	11,487	21,082	63,550	250,127
	Paying other cash rents	23	55	4,050	4,732	17,428	13,669	4,137	6,756	1,404	1,671	2,964	17 616
	Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	...	...	14,576	18,915	28,437	28,001	5,946	6,471	2,747	6,460	14,122	66,935
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. — *Without right of occupancy.*	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	487	283	6,898	8,350	12,392	8,648	19,544	19,711	7,673	11,885	12,356	26,159
	Paying other cash rents	800	676	10,478	12,691	98 557	88,435	93,474	89,202	56,082	94,352	37,007	150,528
	Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	1,065	599	171,997	174,085	138,936	131,265	131,198	158,327	80,577	158,305	151,864	726,600
Total held by tenants paying rent		2,421	1,659	212,241	224,776	422,641	381,305	295,791	322,420	159,970	293,755	281,863	1,237,965

		26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
		LAHORE.		AMRITSAR.		GURDASPUR.		SIALKOT.		GUJRANWALA.		GUJRAT.	
Total cultivated area		331,013	1,188,437	437,579	759,324	552,817	821,100	640,463	909,395	321,212	1,365,187	461,152	875,336
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.		120,674	487,246	147,166	353,134	176,926	387,986	207,313	402,674	99,532	466,634	199,024	514,613
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent		19,386	17,494	30,262	11,233	33,675	11,636	46,794	17,490	10,285	10,736	27,613	13,412
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. — With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	27,079	112,563	38,592	50,992	38,305	53,297	53,198	56,300	20,198	126,606	45,698	54,694
	Paying other cash rents	1,818	4,352	1,232	2,152	5,668	6,749	2,433	2,297	253	701	291	469
	Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	2,476	7,721	342	641	4,529	6,477	2,901	3,412	631	1,285	1,837	2,146
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. — Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	13,001	56,277	20,519	20,561	27,784	31,791	33,692	44,235	29,531	85,072	19,589	27,812
	Paying other cash rents	25,407	83,869	74,404	134,529	66,377	89,796	34,852	68,830	31,841	148,313	10,360	19,220
	Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	121,172	418,915	125,062	186,082	199,553	233,368	259,280	214,157	128,941	525,840	156,735	242,970
	Total held by tenants paying rent	190,953	683,697	260,151	394,957	342,216	421,478	386,356	489,231	211,395	887,817	234,510	847,311
	1	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
		SHAHPUR.		JHELUM.		RAWALPINDI.		ATTOCK.		MIANWALI.		MONTGOMERY.	
Total cultivated area		231,919	1,218,542	389,215	742,951	392,168	598,637	349,913	1,065,456	193,906	659,754	112,725	727,767
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.		81,165	471,896	150,057	392,594	192,067	361,370	107,414	438,946	71,026	300,752	21,391	168,097
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent		4,260	7,500	35,402	12,305	23,228	10,828	26,667	15,086	3,201	3,504	1,696	2,194
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. — With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	5,663	27,146	35,805	59,451	37,755	48,952	17,242	41,265	14,704	35,340	3,052	6,763
	Paying other cash rents	47	266	2,323	5,898	10,106	11,174	29,461	23,144	706	1,463	21	171
	Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	963	2,956	12,250	28,455	10,842	17,366	32,365	120,846	7,416	17,359	2,515	9,772
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. — Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	14,589	71,494	10,913	11,211	6,753	4,556	2,637	3,990	30,598	76,728	2,498	4,421
	Paying other cash rents	2,525	15,478	5,335	5,987	8,116	10,185	10,296	11,638	163	434	636	2,769
	Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	122,707	621,806	137,130	227,050	103,301	134,206	123,831	410,541	66,092	224,174	80,916	533,580
	Total held by tenants paying rent ...	146,494	739,146	203,756	338,052	176,873	226,439	215,832	611,424	119,679	355,498	89,638	557,476
	1	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61
		LYALLPUR.		JHANG.		MULTAN.		MUZAFFARGARH.		DERA GHAZI KHAN		GRAND TOTALS.	
Total cultivated area		130,024	1,403,911	159,269	750,982	163,480	1,127,093	264,631	743,793	183,254	1,035,577	9,659,427	27,922,277
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.		53,888	741,435	55,476	293,532	40,546	218,428	114,885	364,168	58,568	364,381	3,654,043	12,829,991
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent		203	774	2,812	3,236	382	407	6,076	4,375	708	1,439	484,017	279,755
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. — With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	43	85	1,037	4,550	2,285	19,010	10,214	25,179	862	4,897	748,129	1,684,718
	Paying other cash rents	...	...	93	169	60	280	11	40	130	515	125,313	307,812
	Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	57	179	2,217	8,180	2,421	13,784	7,257	20,271	10,078	41,555	182,628	474,015
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. — Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	10,202	57,314	3,026	13,223	2,424	13,797	5,252	16,230	2,998	18,056	416,508	871,385
	Paying other cash rents	7,941	102,245	2,719	18,578	4,393	44,066	1,055	3,292	861	4,561	918,599	2,529,568
	Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	57,690	501,879	91,889	409,514	110,969	817,321	119,881	310,238	109,049	600,173	3,130,190	8,945,033
	Total held by tenants paying rent	75,933	661,702	100,981	454,214	122,552	908,258	143,670	375,250	123,978	669,757	5,521,367	14,812,531

STATEMENT No. III.

(*Vide* paragraph 28 of the text).

GENERAL STATEMENT OF AREA OWNED, WITH DETAILS OF PORTION THEREOF HELD ON USUFRUCTUARY MORTGAGE, DURING THE YEAR 1914-15.

District.	Number of villages.	Detail.	For area owned (exclusive) of superior ownership.					For area held under mortgage with possession.				
			Number of jamabandi holdings.	Number of owners and share-holders.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment.	Number of mortgages.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment of mortgaged land.	Percentage to total cultivated area of area held under mortgage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
Hissar	1,007	By members of notified agricultural tribes	62,761	89,266	2,338,347	1,950,301	7,83,754	15,496	139,120	123,786	38,086	4·9
		By others	15,271	26,547	661,031	523,892	2,28,398	9,376	95,887	79,254	28,557	3·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	4,198	...	319,452	72,313	2,081	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	82,230	115,813	3,318,830	2,546,506	10,14,233	24,872	235,007	203,040	66,643	8·0
Rohtak	773	By members of notified agricultural tribes	124,485	139,711	1,175,151	1,036,136	14,74,953	34,014	99,745	95,539	1,27,752	8·4
		By others	9,548	13,971	68,308	59,439	78,506	12,580	53,710	49,515	67,202	4·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,697	...	195,529	38,672	26,013	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	136,730	153,682	1,438,988	1,134,247	15,79,472	46,594	153,455	145,054	1,94,954	12·8
Gurgaon	1,466	By members of notified agricultural tribes	140,472	129,616	1,081,490	901,979	14,01,705	79,989	170,023	156,142	235,115	15·2
		By others	5,018	7,179	101,732	75,509	1,34,965	18,992	62,729	54,822	82,155	5·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,507	...	231,168	53,615	42,045	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	148,997	136,795	1,414,390	1,031,103	15,78,715	98,981	232,752	210,964	317,270	20·5
Karnal	1,445	By members of notified agricultural tribes	101,401	136,772	1,240,746	894,884	10,72,167	20,036	59,940	48,664	68,317	4·5
		By others	13,232	24,934	145,794	96,114	1,17,339	11,075	58,202	43,579	58,185	4·0
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,373	...	611,935	96,990	1,08,341	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	121,006	161,706	1,998,475	1,087,988	12,97,847	31,111	118,142	92,243	1,26,502	8·5
Ambala	1,798	By members of notified agricultural tribes	110,426	116,654	773,314	603,894	960,021	43,688	67,919	62,008	92,381	8·4
		By others	27,621	37,371	121,702	99,895	151,429	21,659	68,985	55,198	75,975	7·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	5,272	...	291,838	38,690	36,069	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	143,319	154,025	1,186,854	742,479	11,47,519	65,347	136,904	117,206	1,68,356	15·8

SIMLA	25	By members of notified agricultural tribes	7,390	5,208	53,600	9,955	17,489	1,968	2,219	972	1,975	9·5
		By others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	7,390	5,208	53,600	9,955	17,489	1,968	2,219	972	1,975	9·8
KANGRA	718	By members of notified agricultural tribes	182,250	257,485	847,250	484,683	8,30,295	32,350	79,571	50,668	84,962	8·6
		By others	44,011	70,050	123,477	79,087	1,48,954	15,809	40,504	26,120	47,609	4·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	14,140	...	734,120	24,874	8,514	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	240,401	327,535	1,704,847	588,644	9,87,763	48,159	120,075	76,788	1,32,571	13
HOSHIARPUR ...	1,312	By members of agricultural tribes	136,148	144,161	946,871	613,594	12,78,641	69,826	102,355	74,597	1,29,768	10·3
		By others	19,226	27,101	91,123	58,202	1,12,347	27,086	59,561	37,608	62,503	5·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	5,430	...	376,465	49,235	51,128	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	160,804	171,262	1,414,459	721,031	14,42,116	96,862	161,916	112,205	1,92,211	15·5
JULLUNDUR ...	1,314	By members of notified agricultural tribes	153,059	143,944	677,891	573,284	13,05,807	39,645	45,078	42,371	86,864	6·3
		By others	20,960	29,365	88,247	72,197	1,40,948	11,764	26,774	21,156	40,663	3·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,170	...	94,803	25,083	29,360	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	177,189	173,309	860,941	670,564	14,76,115	51,409	71,852	63,527	1,27,527	9·4
LUDHIANA ...	900	By members of notified agricultural tribes	124,087	108,399	735,586	653,885	11,88,156	38,633	90,539	83,495	1,32,721	11·5
		By others	19,690	22,273	69,880	59,469	102,699	10,471	34,619	28,918	50,861	4·0
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,766	...	87,029	11,819	7,731	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	146,543	130,672	892,495	725,173	12,98,586	49,104	125,158	112,413	1,83,582	15·5
FEROZEPORE ...	1,596	By members of notified agricultural tribes	116,234	120,706	2,090,640	1,857,027	12,37,319	73,055	231,685	221,755	1,48,967	10·0
		By others	21,176	25,395	365,760	325,556	2,05,654	20,716	87,541	77,010	48,934	3·5
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,928	...	138,790	34,931	14,890	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	141,338	146,101	2,595,190	2,217,514	14,57,863	93,771	319,226	298,765	1,97,901	13·5
LAHORE ...	1,254	By members of notified agricultural tribes	88,938	95,904	1,323,262	946,696	7,69,241	29,165	126,385	99,847	72,290	8·8
		By others	12,823	18,499	165,022	102,345	1,03,900	9,736	59,054	38,028	34,277	3·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,979	...	205,587	86,233	93,396	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	105,740	114,403	1,693,871	1,135,274	9,66,537	38,901	185,439	137,875	1 06,567	12·1
AMRITSAR ...	1,075	By members of notified agricultural tribes	144,080	114,800	842,646	686,768	13,18,461	59,305	102,525	102,565	1,75,711	13·6
		By others	14,813	15,171	73,311	54,568	1,12,148	17,436	33,525	32,616	53,874	4·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	4,038	...	82,100	12,234	20,321	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	162,931	129,971	998,057	753,570	14,50,930	76,741	147,050	135,181	229,585	17·9
GURDASPUR ...	2,363	By members of notified agricultural tribes	136,240	113,731	818,235	688,240	15,45,696	64,649	116,569	106,942	2,32,412	13
		By others	16,745	18,352	112,041	86,080	1,96,485	25,886	80,086	66,541	1,37,621	8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	9,363	30	239,132	50,558	75,604	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	162,348	132,113	1,169,408	824,878	18,17,785	90,535	196,655	173,483	3,70,033	21
SIALKOT ...	2,522	By members of notified agricultural tribes	170,069	141,854	988,882	789,419	14,51,289	77,910	147,462	130,561	2,28,738	14·5
		By others	14,789	16,709	81,427	67,440	1,30,058	34,103	95,821	83,272	1,48,180	9·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,259	...	192,082	45,991	6,667	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	191,117	158,563	1,262,391	902,850	15,88,014	112,013	243,283	213,833	3,76,918	23·7

STATEMENT No. III—CONCLUDED.

District.	Number of villages.	Detail.	For area owned (exclusive of superior ownership.)					For area held under mortgage with possession.				
			Number of jamabandi holdings.	Number of owners and shareholders.	Area.		Revenue assessment.	Number of mortgages.	Area.		Revenue assessment of mortgaged land.	Percentage to total cultivated area of area held under mortgage.
					Total.	Of which cultivated.			Total.	Of which cultivated.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
Gujranwala	1,811	By members of notified agricultural tribes	62,697	83,650	1,739,653	1,105,491	17,28,075	9,685	83,650	52,991	73,168	3·8
		By others	12,111	17,179	355,162	206,279	3,07,284	8,016	88,654	55,404	72,571	4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,051	1,015	397,525	61,401	95,960	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	80,859	101,844	2,492,340	1,373,171	21,31,319	17,701	172,304	108,395	1,45,739	7·8
Gujrat	1,511	By members of notified agricultural tribes	129,209	134,700	1,068,057	764,756	8,68,698	45,140	61,647	51,375	64,462	5·9
		By others	15,375	20,809	100,847	71,788	87,335	26,087	76,390	61,493	70,495	6·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,740	...	233,759	44,102	33,153	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	148,324	155,509	1,402,163	880,646	9,89,186	71,227	138,037	112,868	1,34,957	12·8
Shahpur	1,068	By members of notified agricultural tribes	52,236	62,309	1,240,951	723,284	8,53,039	8,795	42,643	28,759	15,028	2·3
		By others	8,510	13,215	135,661	90,983	93,254	8,825	85,747	47,837	30,460	3·8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	15,141	11,774	1,671,359	443,228	11,48,905	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	75,887	87,298	3,047,971	1,257,495	20,95,198	17,620	128,390	76,596	45,488	6·1
Jhelum	954	By members of notified agricultural tribes	102,513	101,843	1,075,071	638,067	6,54,642	16,902	26,548	22,976	24,545	3·1
		By others	23,006	23,215	91,237	61,443	68,690	15,907	52,230	35,869	35,664	4·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,431	...	611,522	40,677	32,485	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	127,950	125,058	1,777,830	740,187	755,817	32,809	78,778	58,845	60,209	8
Rawalpindi ...	1,293	By members of notified agricultural tribes	152,048	133,463	777,054	508,072	5,81,692	13,565	18,184	15,174	16,682	2·6
		By others	31,103	31,606	76,232	56,015	76,323	10,954	22,782	18,432	22,564	3·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,243	...	459,754	33,850	16,414	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	186,394	165,069	1,313,040	597,937	6,74,429	24,519	40,966	33,606	39,246	5·7

ATTOCK	671	By members of notified agricultural tribes	81,187	71,362	1,927,638	987,599	6,13,889	10,741	54,984	34,768	24,597	3·2
		By others	11,323	11,640	78,987	48,796	38,288	8,155	73,660	43,970	26,089	4·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	1,650	...	695,535	44,626	20,722	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	94,160	83,002	2,702,160	1,081,021	6,72,899	18,896	128,644	78,738	50,686	7·3
MIANWALI	441	By members of notified agricultural tribes	56,983	83,314	1,286,781	526,464	3,41,180	16,815	131,028	71,480	35,268	10·4
		By others	15,014	23,020	144,188	66,591	48,019	12,219	79,370	43,946	26,690	6·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ..	1,255	...	2,013,805	95,032	27,214	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	73,252	106,334	3,444,774	688,087	416,413	29,034	210,398	115,426	61,958	16·7
MONTGOMERY ...	1,241	By members of notified agricultural tribes	11,376	41,942	924,858	468,776	3,42,976	829	16,754	9,328	6,044	1·4
		By others	3,945	11,686	323,335	174,338	1,26,850	2,668	54,939	24,322	17,277	3·8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,011	25	49,990	5,574	1,301	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	17,332	53,653	1,298,183	648,688	4,71,127	3,497	71,693	33,650	23,321	5·2
LYALLPUR	1,298	By members of notified agricultural tribes	23,218	39,817	806,450	708,327	24,37,716	690	9,133	7,472	21,844	·5
		By others	1,739	4,296	101,312	84,509	246,221	890	15,147	8,955	19,942	·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	33,118	26,849	1,196,151	623,862	16,24,218	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	58,075	70,962	21,03,913	1,416,698	43,08,155	1,580	24,280	16,427	41,786	1·2
JHANG	1,018	By members of notified agricultural tribes	47,007	63,408	1,248,190	573,719	8,63,359	2,202	30,996	15,379	19,241	2
		By others	15,623	27,780	288,023	118,031	1,52,346	12,768	156,683	70,945	83,582	9·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	8,115	...	636,164	86,553	1,70,906	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	70,745	91,188	2,172,377	778,283	11,86,611	14,970	187,679	86,324	1,02,823	11·1
MULTAN	1,446	By members of notified agricultural tribes	43,899	61,799	1,475,889	765,355	10,73,661	1,692	27,987	15,911	23,929	1·4
		By others	22,194	33,743	578,184	303,642	3,97,257	9,914	288,091	99,531	1,28,615	8·8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,548	158	1,757,155	66,750	99,678	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	68,641	95,700	3,811,228	1,135,747	1,570,596	11,606	316,078	115,442	1,52,544	10·2
MUZAFFARGARH ...	937	By members of notified agricultural tribes	82,006	107,341	1,728,520	549,780	6,18,140	8,974	105,853	30,157	32,204	4·1
		By others	33,080	51,024	441,263	183,406	233,848	19,322	178,323	77,028	81,828	10·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	1,656	...	1,397,442	13,495	41,309	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	116,742	158,365	3,567,225	746,681	8,93,297	28,596	284,176	107,185	114,032	14·4
DERA GHAZI KHAN ...	794	By members of notified agricultural tribes	68147	143,997	2,572,413	752,240	4,78,785	18,966	116,904	47,833	31,014	4·6
		By others	22 360	39,102	535,453	234,043	1,25,260	25,324	223,142	91,613	62,791	8·8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	884	...	396,384	56,124	30,287	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	91,391	183,099	3,504,250	1,042,407	6,34,332	44,290	340,046	1,39,446	93,805	13·4
PROVINCIAL TOTAL ...	34,051	By members of notified agricultural tribes	2,710,566	2,987,156	33,752,934	21,762,675	2,80,90,846	834,690	2,313,329	1,803,477	22,43,964	6·6
		By others	470,306	661,232	5,518,239	3,459,657	39,64,805	408,023	2,257,273	1,373,020	16,15,225	5·
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	156,963	39,851	15,316,575	2,256,492	38,64,712	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	3,337,835	3,688,239	54.587,748	27,478,824	3,59,20,363	1,242,713	4,570,602	3,176,497	38,59,189	11·6

STATEMENT

STATEMENT SHOWING INCIDENCE OF REVENUE

Division.	District.	Area in acres.				
		Total area by survey less feudatories.	*Deduct.*		*Balance of area fully assessed.*	
			Area not fully assessed.	Area for which returns so far as required for this table are not available.	Total.	Cultivated.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ambala.	Hissar	3,336,195	68,552	62,382	3,205,261	2,553,626
	Rohtak	1,437,429	7,822	...	1,429,607	1,118,614
	Gurgaon	1,448,593	109,356	215,937	1,123,300	914,355
	Karnal	2,017,920	72,080	28,902	1,916,938	1,028,463
	Ambala	1,184,689	116,088	8,634	1,059,967	692,947
	Simla	64,600	1,302	43,208	20,090	8,658
Jullundur.	Kangra	6,385,920	72,340	5,537,450	776,130	446,715
	Hoshiarpur	1,437,998	6,475	23,156	1,408,367	687,312
	Jullundur	915,803	11,600	54,997	849,206	649,670
	Ludhiana	929,366	45,749	36,862	846,755	678,460
	Ferozepore	2,742,778	189,104	147,479	2,406,195	2,044,896
Lahore.	Lahore	1,813,225	24,419	308,100	1,480,706	1,143,289
	Amritsar	1,024,640	13,052	30,787	980,801	730,817
	Gurdaspur	1,208,960	4,010	39,552	1,165,398	807,940
	Sialkot	1,274,240	6,289	11,949	1,256,102	863,148
	Gujranwala...	2,612,517	60,430	995,983	1,556,104	1,276,154
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	1,512,038	6,835	153,594	1,351,609	822,112
	Shahpur.	3,062,583	25,225	806,789	2,230,569	1,105,463
	Jhelum	1,800,320	14,208	262,135	1,523,977	685,071
	Rawalpindi	1,286,400	20,676	606,743	658,981	541,272
	Attock	2,575,947	360,308	102,833	2,112,806	872,267
	Mianwali	3,452,567	60,076	1,225,336	2,167,155	659,511
Multan.	Montgomery	2,851,775	27,503	577,308	2,246,964	822,184
	Lyallpur	4,289,501	1,248	1,008,890	1,571,090	1,391,880
	Jhang		46,038		1,662,235	668,114
	Multan	3,908,738	7,370	97,481	3,803,887	1,040,324
	Muzaffargarh	3,873,248	1,920	819,739	3,051,589	666,089
	Dera Ghazi Khan	3,407,945	581,056	50,930	2,775,959	819,895
	Total ...	61,855,935	1,961,131	13,257,056	46,637,748	25,739,246

No. IV.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1915.

Total Land Revenue and Population.					Land revenue from land assessed on fully assessed area (column 6).	Incidence of land Revenue on fully assessed area per acre.		District.	Division.
Total land revenue from land of district (i.e., *on area shown in column* 3).			Population of district (*i.e.*, of area shown in column 3).	Land revenue per head of population (columns 10 and 11).		For total area (column 6).	For cultivated area only (column 7).		
Paid to Government.	Enjoyed by assignees.	Total.							
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
10,19,224	43,644	10,62,868	804,889	1 5 2	10,31,239	0 5 2	0 6 6	Hissar	Ambala.
16,06,385	37,376	16,43,761	714,834	2 4 10	16,32,969	1 2 3	1 7 4	Rohtak	
15,00,587	94,479	15,95,066	729,167	2 3 0	14,82,646	1 5 1	1 9 11	Gurgaon	
10,56,891	3,11,454	13,68,345	799,787	1 11 4	12,76,554	0 10 8	1 3 10	Karnal	
7,11,646	4,35,829	11,47,475	689,970	1 10 7	10,95,926	1 0 6	1 9 4	Ambala	
16,016	1,519	17,535	39,320	0 7 2	16,016	0 12 9	1 13 7	Simla	
7,65,336	2,21,155	9,86,551	770,386	1 4 6	9,41,995	1 3 5	2 1 9	Kangra	Jullundur.
13,83,373	1,12,988	14,96,311	918,569	1 10 1	14,87,700	1 0 10	2 2 7	Hoshiarpur ...	
13,84,616	93,567	14,78,183	801,920	1 13 6	14,47,012	1 11 3	2 3 8	Jullundur ...	
11,20,287	2,33,917	13,54,204	617,192	2 9 11	12,60,223	1 7 10	1 13 9	Ludhiana ...	
13,47,928	2,62,092	16,10,020	959,657	1 10 10	14,88,189	0 9 11	0 11 8	Ferozepore ...	
11,30,343	1,05,402	12,35,745	1,036,158	1 3 1	11,57,702	0 12 6	1 0 2	Lahore ...	Lahore.
13,31,350	2,25,305	15,56,655	880,728	1 12 4	15,36,409	1 9 1	2 1 5	Amritsar ...	
17,08,700	1,11,600	18,20,300	836,771	2 2 10	18,17,504	1 8 11	2 4 5	Gurdaspur ...	
15,88,718	75,953	16,64,671	979,553	1 11 2	16,57,354	1 5 0	1 14 9	Sialkot ...	
23,92,210	2,39,485	26,31,695	923,419	2 13 7	25,63,140	1 10 4	2 0 2	Gujranwala ...	
9,25,044	59,734	9,84,778	780,288	1 4 2	9,79,822	0 11 7	1 3 1	Gujrat ...	Rawalpindi.
21,47,458	55,904	22,03,362	645,018	3 6 8	19,87,713	0 14 4	1 12 9	Shahpur ...	
7,19,413	37,383	7,56,796	511,575	1 7 8	751,420	0 7 11	1 1 7	Jhelum ...	
6,36,542	39,202	6,75,744	547,827	1 3 9	6,74,066	1 0 4	1 3 11	Rawalpindi ...	
6,14,102	59,068	6,73,170	519,273	1 4 9	6,37,679	0 4 9	0 11 8	Attock ...	
4,41,734	31,075	4,72,809	341,377	1 6 3	4,72,907	0 3 6	0 11 6	Mianwali ...	
8,65,748	28,583	8,94,331	500,478	1 12 7	8,76,953	0 6 2	1 1 1	Montgomery ...	Multan.
52,27,944	20,094	52,48,038	879,324	5 15 5	52,46,258	3 5 5	3 12 4	Lyallpur ...	
13,26,817	35,413	13,62,230	524,802	2 9 6	13,07,823	0 12 8	2 0 6	Jhang ...	
20,96,943	28,675	21,25,618	814,871	2 9 8	20,17,490	0 8 6	1 15 0	Multan ...	
8,87,058	18,600	9,05,658	569,461	1 9 5	8,70,907	0 4 9	1 4 11	Muzaffargarh ...	
4,22,685	1,00,687	5,23,072	499,860	1 0 9	5,10,707	0 2 11	0 10 4	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	
3,63,75,158	31,19,833	3,94,94,991	19,536,474	2 0 4	3,82,26,323	0 13 6	1 7 9	Total.	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph

STATEMENT OF FIXED LAND REVENUE (INCLUDING SERVICE COMMUTATION),

(Collection up to the

Division.	District.	Demand.	Collections.	Percentage on demand of collections.	Collection during current year on account of previous years.	Total of columns 4 and 6.	Balance on 30th September.		
							Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	9,20,162	9,20,158	100·0	1,42,003	10,62,161	4	28,289	28,293
	Rohtak	15,99,024	15,89,979	99·4	2,17,369	18,07,348	9,045	77,453	86,498
	Gurgaon	14,62,392	14,08,755	96·3	1,64,747	15,73,502	53,637	1,53,471	2,07,108
	Karnal	10,42,020	10,35,901	99·5	29,378	10,65,279	6,119	27,582	33,701
	Ambala	7,09,538	7,08,882	99·9	14,331	7,23,213	656	1,404	2,060
	Simla	15,990	15,990	100·0	...	15,990	...	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra	7,40,430	7,37,297	99·5	554	7,37,851	3,133	...	3,133
	Hoshiarpur	13,16,715	13,04,467	99·0	756	13,05,223	12,248	...	12,248
	Jullundur...	13,84,768	13,81,905	99·8	...	13,81,905	2,863	...	2,863
	Ludhiana	11,22,461	11,21,380	99·9	248	11,21,628	1,081	354	1,435
	Ferozepore	12,36,406	12,27,577	99·3	6,919	12,34,496	8,829	...	8,829
Lahore.	Lahore	9,22,249	9,12,871	98·9	12,144	9,25,015	9,378	722	10,100
	Amritsar	13,24,786	13,17,440	99·4	...	13,17,440	7,346	...	7,346
	Gurdaspur	17,05,717	16,62,417	97·5	3,472	16,65,889	43,300	3,823	47,123
	Sialkot	10,97,901	10,91,194	99·5	4,914	10,96,108	6,707	8,850	15,557
	Gujranwala	4,55,568	4,53,016	99·4	3,309	4,56,325	2,552	2,801	5,353
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	8,63,995	8,59,673	99·5	14,567	8,74,240	4,322	6,867	11,189
	Shahpur	4,19,029	3,90,596	93·2	12,732	4,03,328	28,433	1,415	29,848
	Jhelum	7,18,993	7,15,042	99·4	86,389	8,01,431	3,951	17,779	21,730
	Rawalpindi	6,35,950	6,34,531	99·7	...	6,34,531	1,419	...	1,419
	Attock	6,14,140	6,06,471	98·7	34,145	6,40,616	7,669	7,152	14,821
	Mianwali	46,648	46,324	99·3	...	46,324	324	...	324
Multan.	Montgomery	1,64,542	1,49,829	91·0	1,782	1,51,611	14,713	1,414	16,127
	Lyallpur	21,043	15,370	73·0	...	15,370	5,673	...	5,673
	Jhang	2,43,310	2,40,932	99·0	...	2,40,932	2,378	...	2,378
	Multan	2,95,608	2,82,164	95·4	...	2,82,164	13,444	...	13,444
	Muzaffargarh	3,57,643	3,57,641	100·0	...	3,57,641	2	...	2
	Dera Ghazi Khan	2,67,423	2,65,436	99·3	4,370	2,69,806	1,987	2,031	4,018
	Grand Total ...	2,17,04,451	2,14,53,238	98·8	7,54,129	2,22,07,367	2,51,213	3,41,407	5,92,620

No. V.

2 of the text.)

DEMAND, COLLECTIONS, AND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1915.

30th September 1915.)

PARTICULARS OF BALANCES.								Arrears struck off by orders passed on annual balance statements during the year.	REMISSIONS ON ACCOUNT OF CALAMITY OF SEASON SANCTIONED DURING THE YEAR.		DISTRICTS.	DIVISIONS.
RECOVERABLE.				UNDETERMINED.		IRRECOVERABLE.						
Under suspension.		*Not under suspension.*										
Of the year under rent.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.		On account of year under report.	On account of former years.		
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
...	28,281	...	...	...	...	4	8	15	...	...	Hissar	AMBALA.
7,787	58,819	52	...	...	...	1,206	18,634	5,308	794	...	Rohtak	
32,406	1,33,974	628	...	19,865	...	738	19,497	156	19,078	...	Gurgaon	
1,298	27,568	...	...	...	...	4,821	14	2,133	2,043	...	Karnal	
189	1,278	...	...	...	...	467	126	465	...	...	Ambala	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Simla	
...	...	554	...	...	...	2,579	...	702	491	...	Kangra	JULLUNDUR.
5,481	...	2,313	...	...	...	4,454	...	469	1,039	...	Hoshiarpur	
...	...	...	...	...	...	2,863	...	1,311	...	...	Jullundur	
...	106	...	...	...	...	1,081	248	1,085	...	...	Ludhiana	
...	...	...	...	...	...	8,829	...	7,083	126	...	Ferozepore	
...	168	157	...	...	...	9,221	554	17,180	2,497	...	Lahore	LAHORE.
1,241	...	6	...	...	...	6,099	...	7,631	2,752	...	Amritsar	
32,244	2,639	997	48	...	11	10,059	1,125	3,222	5,121	...	Gurdaspur	
2,948	932	...	...	...	...	3,759	7,918	3,713	...	...	Sialkot	
546	317	155	44	169	8	1,682	2,432	36,146	806	...	Gujranwala	
1,640	6,470	...	...	40	393	2,642	4	4,730	...	...	Gujrat	RAWALPINDI.
791	1,230	25,222	...	...	...	2,420	185	5,502	234	...	Shahpur	
2,389	17,103	26	...	...	...	1,536	676	10,378	...	...	Jhelum	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,419	...	65	643	...	Rawalpindi	
...	7,152	...	...	...	...	7,669	...	3,091	6,821	...	Attock	
...	...	...	...	...	...	324	...	256	...	...	Mianwali	
36	1,001	738	226	...	...	13,939	187	879	...	...	Montgomery	MULTAN.
...	...	...	...	...	...	5,673	...	...	...	...	Lyallpur	
...	...	42	...	...	...	2,336	...	917	...	...	Jhang	
...	...	789	...	...	...	12,655	...	6,484	...	...	Multan	
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	Muzaffargarh	
...	1,986	47	...	...	...	1,940	45	743	...	...	Dera Ghazi Khan	
88,996	2,89,024	31,726	318	20,074	412	1,10,417	51,653	1,19,664	42,445	...	GRAND TOTAL	

STATEMENT No. VI.

(*Vide* paragraph 2 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING FOR THE AGRICULTURAL YEAR ENDING RABI 1915, THE AMOUNT OF LAND REVENUE HELD UNDER SUSPENSION AT ITS COMMENCEMENT AND ITS CLOSE.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sums under suspension remitted during the year.	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Hissar.	Suspension more than three years old ...	9,048	...	9,048	9,048	...	...	
	1912-13	25,621	...	25,621	18,799	8	6,814	
	1913-14	1,34,973	...	1,34,973	1,13,506	...	21,467	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	1,69,642	...	1,69,642	1,41,353	8	28,281	
Rohtak.	Suspension more than three years old ...	37,801	...	37,801	17,825	18,634	1,342	
	1912-13	14,607	...	14,607	1,078	...	13,529	
	1913-14	2,42,414	...	2,42,414	1,98,466	...	43,948	
	1914-15	...	9,372	9,372	1,571	14	7,787	
	Total ...	2,94,822	9,372	3,04,194	2,18,940	18,648	66,606	
Gurgaon.	Suspension more than three years old ...	28,494	...	28,494	4,700	19,462	4,332	
	1912-13	7,012	...	7,012	1,140	...	5,872	
	1913-14	2,82,582	...	2,82,582	1,58,777	35	1,23,770	
	1914-15	...	47,070	47,070	14,589	75	32,406	
	Total ...	3,18,088	47,070	3,65,158	1,79,206	19,572	1,66,380	
Karnal.	Suspension more than three years old ...	3,455	...	3,455	2,446	14	995	
	1912-13	2,304	...	2,304	876	...	1,428	
	1913-14	50,889	...	50,889	25,744	...	25,145	
	1914-15	...	4,718	4,718	1,377	2,043	1,298	
	Total ...	56,648	4,718	61,366	30,443	2,057	28,866	
Ambala.	Suspension more than three years old ...	3,055	...	3,055	2,920	126	9	
	1912-13	80	...	80	17	...	63	
	1913-14	12,600	...	12,600	11,394	...	1,206	
	1914-15	...	1,416	1,416	1,227	...	189	
	Total ...	15,735	1,416	17,151	15,558	126	1,467	
Hoshiarpur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1912-13	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	8,267	8,267	2,786	...	5,481	
	Total ...	...	8,267	8,267	2,786	...	5,481	
Ludhiana.	Suspension more than three years old ...	602	...	602	248	248	106	
	1912-13	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	602	...	602	248	248	106	
Ferozepore.	Suspension more than three years old ...	100	...	100	100	...	...	
	1912-13	200	...	200	200	...	...	
	1913-14	6,513	...	6,513	6,513	...	...	
	1914-15	...	932	932	932	...	...	
	Total ...	6,813	932	7,745	7,745	...	...	
Lahore.	Suspension more than three years old ...	605	...	605	437	...	168	
	1912-13	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	605	...	605	437	...	168	

STATEMENT No. VI—CONCLUDED.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sums under suspension remitted during the year.	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Amritsar.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1912-13	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	1,653	1,653	267	145	1,241	
	Total ...	...	1,653	1,653	267	145	1,241	
Gurdaspur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	1,271	...	1,271	266	1,005	...	
	1912-13	3,394	...	3,394	1,746	...	1,648	
	1913-14	1,442	...	1,442	451	...	991	
	1914-15	...	36,865	36,865	4,379	242	32,244	
	Total ...	6,107	36,865	42,972	6,842	1,247	34,883	
Sialkot.	Suspension more than three years old ..	6,625	...	6,625	2,258	3,703	664	
	1912-13	6,144	...	6,144	2,656	3,220	268	
	1913-14	995	...	995	...	995	...	
	1914-15	...	7,725	7,725	4,777	..	2,948	
	Total ...	13,764	7,725	21,489	9,691	7,918	3,880	
Gujranwala.	Suspension more than three years old ...	3,158	...	3,158	2,841	...	317	
	1912-13	445	...	445	445	...	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	4,827	4,827	4,281	...	546	
	Total ...	3,603	4,827	8,430	7,567	...	863	
Gujrat	Suspension more than three years old ...	8,870	...	8,870	6,954	...	1,916	
	1912-13	12,133	...	12,133	7,579	...	4,554	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	8,135	8,135	6,495	...	1,640	
	Total ...	21,003	8,135	29,138	21,028	...	8,110	
Shahpur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	2,704	...	2,704	2,704	...	...	
	1912-13	8,900	...	8,900	8,695	205	...	
	1913-14	2,139	...	2,139	909	...	1,230	
	1914-15	...	1,030	1,030	239	...	791	
	Total ...	13,743	1,030	14,773	12,547	205	2,021	
Jhelum.	Suspension more than three years old ...	33,956	...	33,956	29,662	676	3,618	
	1912-13	64,744	...	64,744	54,610	...	10,134	
	1913-14	5,376	...	5,376	2,025	...	3,351	
	1914-15	...	9,778	9,778	7,389	...	2,389	
	Total ...	1,04,076	9,778	1,13,854	93,686	676	19,492	
Attock.	Suspension more than three years old ...	4,202	...	4,202	4,202	...	...	
	1912-13	36,625	...	36,625	29,473	...	7,152	
	1913-14	470	...	470	470	...	...	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	41,297	...	41,297	34,145	...	7,152	
Montgomery	Suspension more than three years old ...	1,142	...	1,142	955	187	...	
	1912-13	953	...	953	420	...	533	
	1913-14	974	...	974	506	...	468	
	1914-15	...	69	69	33	...	36	
	Total ...	3,069	69	3,138	1,914	187	1,037	
Dera Ghazi Khan.	Suspension more than three years old ...	4,580	...	4,580	2,947	...	1,633	
	1912-13	780	...	780	686	...	94	
	1913-14	975	...	975	716	...	259	
	1914-15	...	100	100	100	...	...	
	Total ...	6,335	100	6,435	4,449	...	1,986	
Grand Total.	Suspension more than three years old ...	1,49,668	...	1,49,668	90,513	44,055	15,100	
	1912-13	1 83,942	...	1,83,942	1,28,420	3,433	52,089	
	1913-14	7,42,342	...	7,42,342	5,19,477	1,030	2,21,835	
	1914-15	...	1,41,957	1,41,957	50,442	2,519	88,996	
	Total ...	10,75,952	1,41,957	12,17,909	7,88,852	51,037	3,78,020	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 2

STATEMENT SHOWING ALTERATIONS IN THE FIXED LAND

Division.	District.	Demand of the previous year.	Increase									
			By lapses and resumption of revenue free lands.	By revision of assessment from regular settlements or otherwise.	By alluvion.	By land released from occupation by Government.	*By territorial transfer*		By assessment of wastes, formation of new estates, new leases of wells, etc.	By progressive jamas.	Miscellaneous.	Total increase.
							From districts of the Punjab.	From Foreign States or other Provinces.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	9,21,218	41	...	...	...	...	...	271	...	...	312
	Rohtak	15,29,503	620	...	60	...	...	...	2,486	70,374	...	73,540
	Gurgaon	14,40,444	98	1,192	1,646	...	...	...	...	21,367	...	24,303
	Karnal	9,88,311	1,660	132	141	...	...	...	355	53,521	...	55,809
	Ambala	7,09,442	209	...	326	...	...	...	...	...	...	535
	Simla	15,979	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	11
Jullundur.	Kangra	7,40,177	93	...	505	...	...	...	...	...	...	598
	Hoshiarpur ...	13,15,455	198	...	1,500	...	...	...	...	...	31	1,729
	Jullundur ...	13,82,771	17	...	2,802	...	...	...	...	...	1	2,820
	Ludhiana	11,23,011	2	...	958	...	...	...	1,534	583	3	3,080
	Ferozepore ...	11,29,178	2,191	1,03,309	2,009	...	...	...	...	171	...	1,07,680
Lahore.	Lahore	8,70,407	768	69,909	5,793	4	...	...	...	...	...	76,474
	Amritsar	12,96,092	1,945	31,580	308	...	...	...	...	80	1,688	35,551
	Gurdaspur ...	16,97,456	1,726	...	7,359	6	...	...	891	...	78	10,060
	Sialkot	9,64,734	130	5,44,895	979	5	...	...	...	877	462	5,47,348
	Gujranwala ...	4,56,408	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,228	...	1,235
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	8,62,351	153	217	1,409	35	2,851	...	...	446	...	5,111
	Shahpur	4,19,013	291	...	3,272	...	...	...	9	...	3	3,575
	Jhelum	7,16,676	619	...	2,503	7	...	...	...	178	...	3,307
	Rawalpindi ...	6,35,550	427	...	17	...	...	...	...	54	...	498
	Attock	6,12,237	454	1,190	639	23	...	...	...	...	...	2,306
	Mianwali	46,594	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	...	54
Multan.	Montgomery. ...	1,64,677	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	478	...	521
	Lyallpur	22,205	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	99	111	210
	Jhang	2,39,512	15	369	4,420	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,804
	Multan	2,95,000	20	...	...	...	...	...	5,593	3,490	...	9,103
	Muzaffargarh ...	3,57,412	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	326	...	358
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	2,67,727	40	...	13	...	...	...	...	139	...	192
	Total ...	2,12,19,540	11,724	7,52,793	36,659	80	2,851	...	11,225	1,53,415	2,377	9,71,124

No. VII.

of the text.)

REVENUE DEMAND FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1914-15.

Decrease										Demand of the year under report.	District.	Division.
By grant of land revenue free.	Deduction owing to settlement operations.	Other reductions owing to reduction of assessment, calamities of season, deterioration of estates, farms, &c.	By diluvion.	By land being occupied by Government.	*By territorial transfer*		By redemption of land revenue.	Miscellaneous.	Total decrease.			
					To districts of the Punjab.	To Foreign States or other Provinces.						
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	1,348	...	20	...	...	...	...	1,368	9,20,162	Hissar.	Ambala.
...	...	...	41	9	...	...	...	3,969	4,019	15,99,024	Rohtak.	
...	493	1,832	30	...	...	...	...	...	2,355	14,62,392	Gurgaon.	
203	670	...	1,200	15	...	...	...	12	2,100	10,42,020	Karnal.	
...	...	17	420	2	...	...	...	...	439	7,09,538	Ambala.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,990	Simla.	
...	...	...	123	4	...	...	218	...	345	7,40,430	Kangra.	Jullundur.
...	...	...	468	1	...	...	...	...	469	13,16,715	Hoshiarpur.	
...	...	...	790	33	...	...	...	...	823	13,84,768	Jullundur.	
...	...	2,824	758	48	...	...	...	...	3,630	11,22,461	Ludhiana.	
...	71	9	315	57	...	...	...	...	452	12,36,406	Ferozepore.	
...	10,440	12,033	2,080	79	...	...	...	...	24,632	9,22,249	Lahore.	Lahore.
680	3,194	103	262	38	...	...	...	2,580	6,857	13,24,786	Amritsar.	
569	...	...	1,042	84	...	...	...	104	1,799	17,05,717	Gurdaspur.	
477	4,13,212	...	100	33	...	...	...	359	4,14,181	10,97,901	Sialkot.	
26	...	650	2	602	...	...	...	795	2,075	4,55,568	Gujranwala.	
600	2,258	...	...	373	...	...	...	236	3,467	8,63,995	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
...	...	...	623	7	2,851	...	...	78	3,559	4,19,029	Shahpur.	
...	...	74	910	6	...	...	...	...	990	7,18,993	Jhelum.	
...	...	...	42	56	...	...	...	...	98	6,35,950	Rawalpindi.	
...	...	...	370	3	...	...	...	30	403	6,14,140	Attock.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46,648	Mianwali.	
...	...	632	...	24	...	...	...	...	656	1,64,542	Montgomery.	Multan.
...	...	1,369	...	...	...	...	...	3	1,372	21,043	Lyallpur.	
...	99	...	904	3	...	...	...	...	1,006	2,43,310	Jhang.	
...	...	8,486	9	...	...	...	...	...	8,495	2,95,608	Multan.	
...	...	12	72	43	...	...	...	...	127	3,57,643	Muzaffargarh.	
...	...	...	442	54	...	...	...	...	496	2,67,423	Dera Ghazi Khan.	
2,555	4,30,437	29,389	11,003	1,594	2,851	...	218	8,166	4,86,213	2,17,04,451	Total.	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraphs

STATEMENT OF COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING AND

Division.	District.	FLUCTUATING SOURCES OF LAND REVENUE.												
		Temporarily excluded from Fixed Land Revenue Roll.	Permanently excluded from Fixed Land Revenue Roll.											
				Fluctuating assessment of canal irrigated lands.				*Fluctuating assessment of other lands.*						
		Total.	Collections from estates held under direct management.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Deputy Commissioners.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Irrigation Department.	Water advantage rate assessed by Irrigation Department.	Total of columns 5, 6 and 7.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Deputy Commissioners.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Irrigation Department.	Revenue on building sites in colony towns.	Total of columns 9, 10 and 11.	Other items.	Total of columns 8, 12 and 13.	Total of columns 3 and 14.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar ...	59	...	...	...	...	...	99,011	...	...	99,011	...	99,011	99,070
	Rohtak ...	668	...	...	...	...	...	1,161	...	...	1,161	...	1,161	1,829
	Gurgaon ...	3,982	...	...	...	...	...	37,920	...	...	37,920	210	38,130	42,112
	Karnal ...	1,225	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,225
	Ambala ...	740	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	740
	Simla ...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	29,295	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29,295
	Hoshiarpur	42,582	...	19,123	...	...	19,123	...	...	...	...	...	19,123	61,705
	Jullundur...	2,881	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,881
	Ludhiana ...	907	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	907
	Ferozepore	1,552	...	...	...	82,974	82,974	28,380	...	...	28,380	...	1,11,354	1,12,906
Lahore.	Lahore ...	27,665	...	...	358	46,592	46,950	...	...	...	...	7,166	54,116	81,781
	Amritsar ...	1,570	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,570
	Gurdaspur	6,049	...	...	...	...	...	2,555	...	...	2,555	...	2,555	8,604
	Sialkot ...	4,23,068	...	80,059	...	...	80,059	...	...	...	...	...	80,059	5,03,127
	Gujranwala	77,258	...	1,37,582	15,44,311	...	16,81,893	1,28,559	...	...	1,28,559	1,603	18,12,055	18,89,313
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	23,897	...	...	21,269	...	21,269	18,292	...	...	18,292	...	39,561	63,458
	Shahpur ...	19,683	...	...	15,22,457	46,683	15,69,140	32,387	...	...	32,387	...	16,01,527	16,21,210
	Jhelum ...	2,145	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,145
	Rawalpindi	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	31	36
	Attock ...	659	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	659
	Mianwali ...	216	...	22,590	...	...	22,590	3,95,057	...	...	3,95,057	...	4,17,647	4,17,863
Multan.	Montgomery	35	...	45,744	58,029	2,34,116	3,37,889	1,50,523	...	...	1,50,523	175	4,88,587	4,88,622
	Lyallpur ...	55,789	...	...	52,98,977	2,834	53,01,811	30,098	...	...	30,098	...	53,31,909	53,87,698
	Jhang ...	3,290	...	1,865	8,74,036	...	8,75,901	1,34,529	...	...	1,34,529	144	10,10,574	10,13,864
	Multan ...	5,311	...	7,13,847	57,992	...	7,71,839	2,89,603	...	...	2,89,603	...	10,61,442	10,66,753
	Muzaffargarh	92	...	1,24,055	...	5,609	1,29,664	3,65,754	...	...	3,65,754	52	4,95,470	4,95,562
	D. G. Khan	431	...	84,298	...	...	84,298	78,019	...	...	78,019	104	1,62,421	1,62,852
	Grand Total	7,31,082	...	12,29,163	93,77,429	4,18,808	1,10,25,400	17,91,848	...	...	17,91,848	9,485	1,28,26,733	1,35,57,815

No. VIII.

4 and 5 of the text.)

OTHER LAND REVENUE DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1915.

BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING LAND REVENUE.			OTHER LAND REVENUE.								DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
Of the year under report.	Of previous year.	Total.	Sales of Government estates which include cultivated lands.	Sale-proceeds of waste lands including nazrana.	Sale of town sites.	Recovery of cost of settlement from assignees.	Receipts from quarries and minor mineral products in lands not under the management of the Forest Department and receipts from mines.	Recoveries on account of acreage rate for canal survey and demarcations (land revenue shares).	Rents of lands leased for a single year or harvest.	Tirni.		
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,615	2,250	Hissar ...	AMBALA.
17	12	29	100	...	...	...	5,535	...	63	391	Rohtak ...	
142	721	863	32,004	...	...	...	4,337	...	97	...	Gurgaon ...	
...	...	...	...	344	...	...	3	...	1,413	...	Karnal ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	301	...	367	...	Ambala ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Simla ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	2,157	5	...	...	1,489	Kangra ...	JULLUNDUR.
854	...	854	...	...	...	5,655	...	...	647	...	Hoshiarpur ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	319	...	Jullundur ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	62	...	Ludhiana ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	32,577	...	...	1,192	...	Ferozepore ...	
1,874	634	2,508	62,949	51,963	...	...	110	66	1,969	...	Lahore ...	LAHORE.
...	...	...	...	...	...	16,489	...	...	...	...	Amritsar ...	
690	4	694	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gurdaspur ...	
476	50	526	...	...	...	...	...	...	303	...	Sialkot ...	
1,716	35	1,751	93,659	1,81,127	...	...	96	94	9,743	...	Gujranwala ...	
65	75	140	...	7,544	...	...	...	...	1,578	82	Gujrat ...	RAWALPINDI.
1,122	88	1,210	...	51,310	...	...	657	340	1,258	...	Shahpur ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,414	...	419	1,073	Jhelum ...	
57	...	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72	Rawalpindi ...	
...	...	...	...	3,000	...	...	...	7,340	...	4,776	Attock ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	733	...	...	19,067	Mianwali ...	
2,553	64	2,617	...	17,27,323	...	...	17	...	2,07,082	20,665	Montgomery ...	MULTAN.
...	...	...	3,86,750	5,22,713	34,108	...	1	601	241	481	Lyallpur ...	
525	...	525	53,111	12	...	...	...	276	222	8,180	Jhang ...	
7,902	...	7,902	...	1,713	...	...	...	...	43,346	33,220	Multan ...	
...	...	...	6,634	...	...	...	...	6,476	14	25,411	Muzaffargarh ...	
883	...	883	...	93	...	...	...	...	6,635	6,144	D. G. Khan ...	
18,876	1,683	20,559	6,35,207	25,47,142	34,108	56,878	15,209	15,193	2,84,585	1,23,301	GRAND TOTAL	

STATEMENT No. VIII—CONCLUDED.

Division.	District.	OTHER LAND REVENUE—CONCLD.				BALANCES OF OTHER LAND REVENUE.			COLLECTIONS DURING CURRENT YEAR ON ACCOUNT OF PREVIOUS YEARS.		District.	Division.
		Haq-ul-tahsil.	Other items.	Talbána.	Total.	Of the year under report.	Of previous year.	Total.	On account of fluctuating land revenue.	On account of other land revenue.		
1	2	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	2	1
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Ambala.	Hissar ...	377	7,770	489	18,501	234	1	235	...	37	Hissar.	Ambala.
	Rohtak ...	42	12,729	834	19,694	472	173	645	212	1,611	Rohtak.	
	Gurgaon ...	197	19,245	447	56,327	932	36	968	797	20,115	Gurgaon.	
	Karnal ...	2,485	8,184	1,186	13,615	64	177	241	...	31	Karnal.	
	Ambala ...	4,288	11,737	585	17,278	46	...	46	6	10	Ambala.	
	Simla ...	...	798	14	812	29	...	29	...	...	Simla.	
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	8	12,726	201	16,586	383	...	383	...	110	Kangra.	Jullundur.
	Hoshiarpur ...	371	14,774	419	21,866	669	1	670	454	177	Hoshiarpur.	
	Jullundur ...	340	22,697	448	23,804	95	...	95	...	16	Jullundur.	
	Ludhiana ...	343	13,919	522	14,846	36	...	36	22	128	Ludhiana.	
	Ferozepore ...	3,149	18,253	1,473	56,644	231	...	231	15,313	190	Ferozepore.	
Lahore.	Lahore ...	670	8,753	1,187	1,27,667	304	17	321	122	219	Lahore.	Lahore.
	Amritsar ...	2,396	11,573	573	31,031	161	4	165	1	25	Amritsar.	
	Gurdaspur ...	731	15,916	1,253	17,900	315	295	610	547	1,126	Gurdaspur.	
	Sialkot ...	413	16,157	243	17,116	21	...	21	60	46	Sialkot.	
	Gujranwala ...	3,542	12,422	404	3,01,087	390	15	405	823	299	Gujranwala.	
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	278	14,014	320	23,816	450	79	529	28	96	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
	Shahpur ...	73	24,607	371	78,616	32,807	2,521	35,328	85	2,225	Shahpur.	
	Jhelum ...	131	7,397	430	12,864	282	...	282	...	584	Jhelum.	
	Rawalpindi ...	214	9,680	425	10,391	56	...	56	...	102	Rawalpindi.	
	Attock ...	80	9,206	376	24,778	64	...	64	95	73	Attock.	
	Mianwali ...	105	9,609	416	29,930	151	1	152	...	407	Mianwali.	
Multan.	Montgomery ...	262	17,128	2,179	19,74,656	11,476	12	11,488	107	3,893	Montgomery.	Multan.
	Lyallpur ...	...	36,117	781	9,81,793	338	...	338	...	786	Lyallpur.	
	Jhang ...	2	16,990	1,399	80,192	5,027	251	5,278	...	2,999	Jhang.	
	Multan ...	59	10,078	3,102	91,518	2,731	...	2,731	2,898	765	Multan.	
	Muzaffargarh ...	1	13,580	1,715	53,831	78	...	78	494	159	Muzaffargarh	
	D. G. Khan ...	462	19,829	3,130	36,293	1,104	2	1,106	52	1,576	D. G. Khan.	
	Grand Total ...	21,019	3,95,888	24,922	41,53,452	58,943	3,585	62,531	22,116	37,805	Grand Total	

STATEMENT No. IX.

(*Vide* paragraph 3 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF ALLUVION, DILUVION AND DESTRUCTIVE INUNDATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1915.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 3

STATEMENT OF ALLUVION, DILUVION AND DESTRUCTIVE

Division.	District.	Names of rivers or streams or marshes causing variations.	Alluvion.					
			Area newly assessed during the year (in acres).	Revenue assessed.	Area re-assessed at enhanced rates (in acres).	Additional revenue imposed on that area.	Total of columns 5 and 7.	Net increase (khalsa) collected as fluctuating revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Rohtak	Jumna	158	131	...	...	131	131
	Gurgaon	Do.	263	8	1,062	1,365	1,373	1,114
	Karnal	Do.	1,694	305	612	354	659	360
		Minor streams	62	50	48	53	103	15
		Total ...	1,756	355	660	407	762	375
	Ambala	Sutlej	185	136	659	590	726	96
		Jumna	31	5	56	28	33	5
		Minor streams	661	254	189	211	465	216
		Total ...	877	395	904	829	1,224	317
Jullundur.	Kangra	Beas	98	141	17	54	195	136
		Minor streams	132	207	42	49	256	175
		Total ...	230	348	59	103	451	311
	Hoshiarpur	Beas	1,161	1,489	1,155	967	2,456	1,416
		Sutlej	434	509	583	622	1,131	618
		Cho	685	864	484	639	1,503	545
		Total ...	2,280	2,862	2,222	2,228	5,090	2,579
	Jullundur	Sutlej	2,886	1,489	2,904	2,416	3,905	2,600
		Cho	8	25	13	22	47	47
		Total ...	2,894	1,514	2,917	2,438	3,952	2,647
	Ludhiana	Sutlej	204	96	1,448	1,584	1,680	246
	Ferozepore	Do.	876	501	7,109	5,152	5,653	1,551
Lahore.	Lahore	Ravi	5,317	4,388	7,493	3,370	7,758	5,775
		Sutlej and Beas	4,611	1,788	2,603	1,312	3,100	1,198
		Total ...	9,928	6,176	10,096	4,682	10,858	6,973
	Amritsar	Ravi...	575	363	116	98	461	438
		Beas	301	138	5	5	143	143
		Total ...	876	501	121	103	604	581

No. IX.

of the text.)

INUNDATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1915.

Diluvion.						Net increase (*plus*) or decrease (*minus*) to be added to or deducted from fixed Land Revenue Roll of 1914-15.	District.	Division.
Area removed from assessment (in acres).	Reduction of revenue.	Area re-assessed at reduced rates (in acres).	Reduction of assessment on area shown in last column.	Total of columns 11 and 13.	Net decrease (khalsa) remitted.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
189	312	17	15	327	327	−196	Rohtak.	Ambala.
733	314	257	171	485	259	+855	Gurgaon.	
3,874	709	1,504	646	1,355	920	−560	Karnal.	
18	25	79	78	103	44	−29		
3,892	734	1,583	724	1,458	964	−589		
668	365	125	199	564	63	+33	Ambala.	
199	163	38	24	187	69	−64		
286	337	73	102	439	251	−35		
1,153	865	236	325	1,190	383	−66		
440	723	710	1,054	1,777	1,692	—1,556	Kangra.	Jullundur.
293	422	25	23	445	395	−220		
733	1,145	735	1,077	2,222	2,087	—1,776		
811	1,060	313	439	1,499	434	+982	Hoshiarpur.	
770	868	178	234	1,102	579	+39		
1,559	2,038	762	836	2,874	1,774	—1,229		
3,140	3,966	1,253	1,509	5,475	2,787	−208		
2,777	2,107	2,161	949	3,056	1,721	+879	Jullundur.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	+47		
2,777	2,107	2,161	949	3,056	1,721	+926		
2,244	1,760	166	115	1,875	1,050	—204	Ludhiana.	
36	41	23,222	4,952	4,993	1,589	—38	Ferozepore.	
2,454	1,202	2,734	1,005	2,207	468	+5,307	Lahore.	Lahore.
7,007	3,225	1,909	576	3,801	1,940	—742		
9,461	4,427	4,642	1,581	6,008	2,408	+4,565		
1,174	1,623	133	161	1,784	1,772	−334	Amritsar.	
337	709	229	241	950	782	−639		
1,511	2,332	362	402	2,734	2,554	—1,973		

STATEMENT

Division.	District.	Names of rivers or streams or marshes causing variations.	Alluvion.					
			Area newly assessed during the year (in acres).	Revenue assessed.	Area re-assessed at enhanced rates (in acres).	Additional revenue imposed on that area.	Total of columns 5 and 7.	Net increase (khalsa) collected as fluctuating revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Lahore—*concluded.*	Gurdaspur	Ravi	1,638	2,494	342	194	2,688	1,912
		Beas	1,030	1,457	108	91	1,548	925
		Minor stream	1,637	2,568	536	2	2,570	1,590
		Total ...	4,305	6,519	986	287	6,806	4,427
	Sialkot	Chenab	339	84	...	...	84	84
		Ravi	828	1,053	9	10	1,063	1,061
		Minor stream	105	135	...	...	135	134
		Total ...	1,272	1,272	9	10	1,282	1,279
	Gujranwala	Chenab	1,602	1,572	10	8	1,580	1,578
		Ravi	2	1	...	...	1	1
		Total ...	1,604	1,573	10	8	1,581	1,579
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	Chenab	1,868	1,360	373	329	1,689	1,070
		Jhelum	732	704	1,010	830	1,534	851
		Minor streams	1,394	698	...	...	698	571
		Total ...	3,994	2,762	1,383	1,159	3,921	2,492
	Shahpur	Jhelum	2,461	1,472	2,231	2,517	3,989	1,477
		Minor streams	15	15	...	...	15	...
		Total ...	2,476	1,487	2,231	2,517	4,004	1,477
	Jhelum	Jhelum	1,618	1,296	1,750	1,526	2,822	1,556
		Minor streams	224	268	1	1	269	224
		Total ...	1,842	1,564	1,751	1,527	3,091	1,780
	Rawalpindi	Minor stream	4	5	...	...	5	...
	Attock	Ditto	260	285	49	45	330	330
Multan.	Montgomery	Ravi	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sutlej	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jhang	Chenab	768	704	237	160	864	651
		Jhelum	1,491	1,661	515	387	2,048	975
		Jhelum and Chenab joint ...	1,594	1,600	522	391	1,991	1,231
		Total ...	3,853	3,965	1,274	938	4,903	2,857
	Multan	Chenab and Sutlej joint ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dera Ghazi Khan	Minor stream	...	...	12	5	5	...
	Grand Total ...	Rivers	33,765	26,945	32,929	24,360	51,305	29,799
		Chos	693	889	497	661	1,550	592
		Minor streams	4,495	4,485	877	366	4,851	3,255
		Total ...	38,953	32,319	34,303	25,387	57,706	33,646

No. IX—CONCLUDED.

Diluvion.						Net increase (*plus*) or decrease (*minus*) to be added to or deducted from fixed Land Revenue Roll of 1914-15.	District.	Division.
Area removed from assessment of (in acres).	Reduction of revenue.	Area re-assessed at reduced rates (in acres).	Reduction of assessment on area shown in last column.	Total of columns 11 and 13.	Net decrease (khalsa) remitted.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
1,275	2,931	75	137	3,068	2,316	—404	Gurdaspur.	Lahore—*concluded.*
715	1,481	23	44	1,525	912	+13		
1,204	2,584	266	...	2,584	1,582	+8		
3,194	6,996	364	181	7,177	4,810	—383		
66	...	...	...	...	...	+84	Sialkot.	
564	774	...	...	774	750	+311		
210	319	...	...	319	319	—185		
840	1,093	...	...	1,093	1,069	+210		
139	178	15	12	190	190	+1,388	Gujranwala.	
57	5	...	...	5	5	—4		
196	183	15	12	195	195	+1,384		
1,488	1,842	389	222	2,064	1,613	—543	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
1,004	1,323	...	...	1,323	666	+185		
125	155	...	...	155	28	+543		
2,617	3,320	389	222	3,542	2,307	+185		
4,785	4,682	...	...	4,682	1,945	—468	Shahpur.	
151	193	...	...	193	176	—176		
4,936	4,875	...	...	4,875	2,121	—644		
1,730	2,192	12	10	2,202	973	+583	Jhelum.	
122	160	...	...	160	115	+109		
1,852	2,352	12	10	2,362	1,088	+692		
16	22	...	...	22	17	—17	Rawalpindi.	
288	457	...	...	457	457	—127	Attock.	
7	...	59	32	32	32	—32	Montgomery.	Multan.
98	...	182	110	110	110	—110		
105	...	241	142	142	142	—142		
780	737	...	...	737	529	+122	Jhang.	
1,432	1,870	55	46	1,916	884	+91		
571	623	893	1,046	1,669	909	+322		
2,783	3,230	948	1,092	4,322	2,322	+535		
...	28	...	...	28	28	—28	Multan.	
...	...	83	50	50	45	—45	Gera Ghazi Khan.	
38,420	33,819	35,399	12,440	46,259	25,527	+4,272	Grand Total.	
1,559	2,038	762	836	2,874	1,774	—1,182		
2,713	4,674	526	253	4,927	3,429	—174		
42,692	40,531	36,687	13,529	54,060	30,730	+2,916		

STATEMENT No. X.

(*Vide* paragraph 6 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF LAND REVENUE ASSIGNMENTS FOR THE AGRICULTURAL YEAR ENDING RABI 1915.

Division.	District.	Total land revenue assessable and assessed.	Total area and revenue assigned.					Percentage of column 8 on column 3.	Distribution of area and jama shown in columns 4 and 8.					
				Jama.					*In perpetuity.*		*For life or lives.*		*For term of Settlement.*	
			Area.	Assigned for the maintenance of public servants.	Assigned for other public or *quasi*-public purposes.	Assigned for private benefit.	Total of columns 5, 6 and 7.		Area.	Jama.	Area	Jama.	Area.	Jama.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	10,62,868	60,766	13,500	707	25,010	39,217	3·7	51,094	34,326	9,672	4,891	...	...
	Rohtak	16,37,646	10,408	24,600	1,868	10,902	37,370	2·3	7,573	34,012	2,816	3,281	19	77
	Gurgaón	15,95,066	26,928	23,729	7,435	94,225	55,389	3·5	26,801	54,543	63	711	62	135
	Kárnal	13,53,474	489,243	15,421	22,354	2,92,315	3,30,090	24·4	487,297	3,28,267	1,334	841	612	982
	Ambala	11,47,475	545,606	6,930	15,747	4,72,777	4,95,454	43·3	540,627	4,89,955	2,337	2,479	2,642	3,020
	Simla	17,535	1,780	20	...	1,500	1,520	8·7	1,680	1,453	...	...	100	67
Jullundur.	Kangra	9,86,551	373,008	11,510	78,569	1,33,197	2,23,276	22 6	362,879	2,08,105	9,293	14,459	836	712
	Hoshiarpur	14,67,050	30,748	16,851	19,951	74,801	1,11,603	7 6	27,582	93,557	2,467	16,916	699	1,130
	Jullundur	14,78,183	89,015	18,620	43,153	31,603	93,376	6·3	83,504	85,863	5,422	2,423	89	5,090
	Ludhiana	13,49,858	162,642	15,455	15,159	2,16,955	2,47,569	18·3	159,627	2,39,080	758	4,285	2,257	4,204
	Ferozepore	15,06,281	530,395	16,935	18,061	2,64,664	2,99,660	19·9	523,982	2,93,977	5 001	4,082	1,412	1,601
Lahore.	Lahore	12,35,745	141,754	13,998	32.849	60,356	1 07,203	8·7	123,035	94,032	18,124	12,723	595	448
	Amritsar	15,46,369	123,574	20,672	35,674	1,61,358	2,17,704	14·1	116,042	1,92,238	2,501	15,571	5,031	9,795
	Gurdaspur	18,20,360	41,533	29,377	34,660	47,563	1,11,600	6·1	36,355	71,470	3,947	36,294	1,231	3,836
	Sialkot	16,62,902	35,641	30,185	23,131	22,382	75,698	4 6	30,497	69,411	5,144	6,287	...	...
	Gujranwala	24,76,567	328,366	20,475	17,728	2,01,008	2,39,211	10·	303,699	2,15,119	24,430	19,988	237	4,104
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	9,24,778	60,972	18,177	17,478	24,672	60,327	6·1	58,575	56,983	1,905	2,318	492	1,026
	Shahpur	20,24,685	138,669	15,965	5,130	29,491	50,586	2	89,553	28,450	49,091	22,112	25	24
	Jhelum	7,56,796	15,779	14,697	2,666	20,020	37 383	4·9	14,894	31,792	866	5,560	19	30
	Rawalpindi	6,74,066	37,311	9,475	4,420	23,068	36,963	5·5	33,344	21,134	3,769	15,513	198	316
	Attock	6,73,170	360,308	12,420	3,886	31,605	47,911	7·1	343,150	30,491	17,142	17,305	16	115
	Mianwali	4,72,907	104,613	9,039	1,324	20,712	31,075	6·6	104,429	20,600	168	1,349	19	9,126
Multan.	Montgomery	8,94,331	57,011	5,370	4,885	18,328	28,583	3·2	49,942	18,958	7,062	4,251	7	5,374
	Lyallpur	52,48,038	3,327	17,220	455	2,419	20,094	·4	1,171	17,710	2,156	2,384	...	...
	Jhang	12,83,270	11,542	11,501	5,099	5,813	22,413	1·7	11,034	6,584	319	2,384	189	13,445
	Multan	21,25,618	26,467	15,300	11,956	13,227	40,482	1·8	22,800	17,982	3,581	7,117	86	15,383
	Muzaffargarh	8,71,662	4,317	13,745	1,366	3,489	18,600	2·1	4,339	18,155	28	151	350	294
	Dera Ghazi Khan	5,23,373	891,018	6,950	82,034	10,914	99,898	19	45,248	15,425	13,469	7,673	832,301	76,800
	Total ...	8,88,76,564	4,703,142	4,23,137	5,07,744	22,44,374	31,80,255	8·2	3,660,753	27,89,673	1,92,865	2,33,448	849,524	1,57,134

STATEMENT No. XI.

(*Vide* paragraph 7 of the text.)

COERCIVE PROCESSES FOR THE COLLECTION OF LAND REVENUE (*i*) AGAINST, (*ii*) FOR LAMBARDARS.

District.		NUMBER OF PROCESSES.														Amount of arrears for the realization of which processes issued.	Amount of arrears actually realized through issue of process.
		Writs, Section 68.	For arrest, Section 69 (2).		For imprisonment, Section 69 (3).		Moveable property. For distress, Section 70.		For sale, Section 70.		For direct management, farm, or transfer, Sections 71 and 72.		For attachment of immoveables, Sections 75 and 77.		Total number of processes.		
			Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
																Rs.	Rs.
Hissar ...	Against lambardars	23	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	3,983	3,983
	For lambardars ...	18	9	...	...	...	9	4	...	...	...	...	1	1	37	1,641	1,634
Rohtak ...	Against lambardars	38	39	14	...	...	21	15	7	4	...	...	...	...	105	16,679	16,625
	For lambardars ...	623	119	43	...	...	33	18	9	3	...	...	2	2	786	7,976	7,796
Gurgaon ...	Against lambardars	10	63	...	...	...	7	3	2	2	...	...	...	...	82	18,002	17,503
	For lambardars ...	220	85	...	...	...	26	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	335	6,129	5,936
Karnal ...	Against lambardars	215	132	...	...	...	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	353	1,24,464	1,16,556
	For lambardars ...	300	3	...	...	...	51	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	358	5,889	5,540
Ambala ...	Against lambardars	32	59	6	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	13,882	13,882
	For lambardars ...	194	13	...	...	...	35	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	248	2,575	2,483
Kangra ...	Against lambardars	17	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	1,023	1,022
	For lambardars ...	143	3	2	...	...	28	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	174	3,965	3,923
Hoshiarpur ...	Against lambardars	27	16	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	3,897	3,897
	For lambardars ...	90	13	...	...	...	29	...	8	1	...	...	...	...	140	2,029	1,743
Jullundur ...	Against lambardars	25	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	1,806	1,806
	For lambardars ...	244	37	...	...	...	19	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	303	3,189	3,034
Ludhiana ...	Against lambardars	65	25	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	82,817	82,817
	For lambardars ...	113	17	...	...	...	13	3	3	2	...	...	...	...	146	2,370	2,345
Ferozepore ...	Against lambardars	31	26	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	12,848	12,848
	For lambardars ...	185	47	32	...	...	15	11	..	...	...	...	...	...	247	3,589	3,342
Lahore ...	Against lambardars	88	105	98	...	...	42	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	235	32,257	32,100
	For lambardars ...	421	145	106	...	...	68	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	634	66,216	64,446
Amritsar ...	Against lambardars	8	13	...	...	...	3	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	25	4,888	4,888
	For lambardars ...	59	23	2	...	...	65	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	147	2,025	1,896
Gurdaspur ...	Against lambardars	5	110	104	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	117	52,032	51,619
	For lambardars ...	707	189	178	...	...	173	130	5	5	...	...	...	...	1,074	16,650	15,060
Sialkot ...	Against lambardars	...	20	20	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	4,467	4,467
	For lambardars ...	82	4	4	...	...	27	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	114	2,277	2,277
Gujranwala ...	Against lambardars	55	107	102	...	...	13	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	175	88,103	73,350
	For lambardars ...	59	110	80	1	1	22	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	192	22,361	17,726

STATEMENT No. XI—CONCLUDED.

District.		NUMBER OF PROCESSES.														Amount of arrears for the realization of which processes issued.	Amount of arrears actually realized through issue of process.
		Writs, Section 68.	For arrest, Section 69 (2).		For imprisonment, Section 69 (3).		Moveable property				For direct management, farm or transfer, Sections 71 and 72.		For attachment of immoveables, Sections 75 and 77.		Total number of processes.		
							For distress, Section 70.		For sale, Section 70.								
			Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
																Rs.	Rs.
Gujrat	Against lambardars	36	52	2	..	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92	7,450	7,450
	For lambardars ...	150	27	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	183	2,958	1,969
Shahpur	Against lambardars	28	38	22			15	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	16,266	16,176
	For lambardars ...	163	52	25	..		11		4	...	...	...	...	...	230	17,518	17,432
Jhelum	Against lambardars	34	41	2		...	1		...	...	...	...	...	...	76	8,593	8,593
	For lambardars ...	69	19	...	...		6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	94	915	908
Rawalpindi	Against lambardars	3	31	31	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	34	6,631	6,631
	For lambardars ...	191	23	23	...	...	31	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	245	1,010	907
Attock	Against lambardars	4	12	...		...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	16	880	880
	For lambardars ...	161	38	7	...	...	16	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	215	1,649	1,616
Mianwali	Against lambardars	26	36	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	62	15,929	15,917
	For lambardars ...	427	51	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	482	3,634	3,299
Montgomery	Against lambardars	378	114	6		...	12	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	504	1,27,908	1,26,789
	For lambardars ...	283	99	4	...	...	23	2	...	..	...	...	...	...	405	14,385	14,121
Lyallpur	Against lambardars	44	16	9	1	1	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	64	1,11,494	98,715
	For lambardars ...	233	58	25	11	11	40	17	11	8	...	...	...	...	353	32,718	25,121
Jhang	Against lambardars	162	223	192	...	...	23	11	2	1	...	...	1	...	411	1,49,595	1,47,409
	For lambardars ...	779	281	178	...	...	78	27	4	.	...	...	...	...	1,142	55,751	51,442
Multan	Against lambardars	130	164	133	...	...	11	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	305	94,508	70,990
	For lambardars ...	1,466	405	370	...	...	42	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	1,917	63,643	54,280
Muzaffargarh	Against lambardars	255	311	311	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	569	80,290	80,290
	For lambardars ...	692	152	152	....	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	851	6,246	6,246
D. G. Khan	Against lambardars	206	80	...	....	...	19	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	308	13,844	10,876
	For lambardars ...	2,319	350	...	...	...	222	5	6	2	...	...	...	...	2,897	11,374	10,217
Total	Against lambardars	1,945	1,843	1,073	1	3	202	87	16	8	...	...	1	...	4,008	10,89,535	10,28,079
	For lambardars ...	10,391	2,372	1,231	12	12	1,099	380	65	21	2	1	3	3	13,944	3,60,682	3,26,744

STATEMENT No. XII.

(*Vide* paragraph 9 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN RE-MEASUREMENT AND ATTESTATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1915.

1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Detail.			Simla.	Kangra.	Dera-Hamirpur.	Jullundur.	Ferozepore.	Lahore.	Sialkot.	Gujrat.	Shahpur.	Total.
Total number of villages under settlement			177	3,027	3,224	1,315	1,592	1,289	2,351	1,243	429	14,647
Total area under settlement		Acres.	37,064	894,848	694,713	860,941	2,595,360	1,746,774	1,067,443	964,471	1,636,291	10,497,905
Area remeasured ...	In previous years ...	Do.	...	14,650	694,713	278,577	2,595,360	1,746,774	1,049,975	865,668	712,900	7,958,617
	During the year ...	Do.	13,643	202,122	...	475,806	...	...	17,468	105,532	...	814,571
	Total to date ...		13,643	216,772	694,713	754,383	2,595,360	1,746,774	1,067,443	971,200	712,900	8,773,188
Villages of which the maps have been completed.	In previous years ...	No.	...	84	3,224	419	1,592	1,289	2,339	1,159	429	10,535
	During the year ...	Do	97	1,108	...	670	...	...	12	62	...	1,949
	Total to date ...	Do.	97	1,192	3,224	1,089	1,592	1,289	2,351	1,221	429	12,484
Villages of which the records have been completed and finally attested.	In previous years ...	Do.	...	17	3,009	361	1,592	1,247	2,019	1,120	359	9,724
	During the year ...	Do.	88	446	215	633	...	42	332	101	70	1,927
	Total to date ...	Do.	88	463	3,224	994	1,592	1,289	2,351	1,221	429	11,651

STATEMENT No. XII-A.

(*Vide* paragraph 9 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN REMEASUREMENT BY KILLABANDI AND IN ATTESTATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1915.

Details.		Districts.		
		Sialkot.	Gujrat.	Total.
1		2	3	4
Total number of villages under Settlement		171	268	439
Total area under Settlement, acres		194,834	425,279	620,113
Total number of killas laid on the ground ...	In previous years ...	223,742	366,551	590,293
	During the year ...	...	1,215	1,215
	Total to date	223,742	367,766	591,508
Number of villages in which killabandi has been completed on the ground.	In previous years ...	171	239	410
	During the year ...	...	1	1
	Total to date	171	240	411
Number of villages in which khataunis have been prepared and repartition of killas completed.	In previous years ..	171	151	322
	During the year ...	...	89	89
	Total to date	171	240	411
Villages of which the records have been completed and finally attested.	In previous years ...	158	...	158
	During the year ...	13	181	194
	Total to date	171	181	352

STATEMENT No. XIII.

(*Vide* paragraphs 9 and 11 of the text.)

SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN THE RE-ASSESSMENT DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1915.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Detail.		Simla.	Kangra.	Dehra-Hamirpur.	Ferozepore.	Jullundur.	Lahore.	Sialkot.	Gujrat.	Shahpur.	Total.
Area under assessment ...	Total area ... ... Acres	7,624	894,848	715,500	2,595,360	860,941	1,698,114	1,262,277	1,389,750	1,645,612	11,070,026
	Area of which assessments have been sanctioned in previous year ... Acres	...	...	715,500	1,738,565	...	520,093	540,177	364,289	...	3,878,624
	Area of which assessments have been sanctioned during the year ... Acres	1,443	...	...	856,795	...	736,762	525,317	389,786	1,248,480	3,758,583
	Area still to be assessed ... „	6,181	894,848	...	...	860,941	441,259	196,783	635,675	397,132	3,432,819
Assessments sanctioned during the year.	Previous assessment ... Rs.	854	...	...	1,85,147	...	2,76,578	6,07,643	1,76,827	1,98,507	14,45,556
	New assessment as sanctioned „	1,053	...	...	3,33,000	...	4,91,800	7,24,200	2,31,271	2,63,000	20,44,324
	Total increase of assessment ... „	199	...	...	1,47,853	...	2,15,222	1,16,557	54,444	64,493	5,98,768
	Increase per cent. ... ... „	23	...	...	80	...	78	19	31	+32	41
Villages of which the assessment has been announced.	During the year—										
	Number of villages ... No.	21	...	...	322	...	512	1,154	452	149	2,610
	Total area ... ... Acres	1,443	...	...	856,795	...	736,762	525,317	389,786	1,218,813	3,728,916
	Total new assessment ... Rs.	1,053	...	...	4,26,753	...	4,92,722	7,24,474	2,31,271	2,61,095	21,37,368
	Total to date—										
	Number of villages ... No.	21	...	3,224	1,592	...	868	1,988	999	149	8,841
	Total area ... ... Acres	1,443	...	694,713	2,595,360	...	1,256,855	1,065,494	754,075	1,218,813	7,586,753
	Total new assessment ... Rs.	1,053	...	3,69,404	18,90,968	...	9,79,214	15,01,686	6,69,630	261,095	56,73,050
Assessment Reports ...	Total due ... ... No.										
	Previously submitted by Settlement Officer „	4	3	2	6	4	3	5	3	2	32
	Submitted by Settlement Officer during the year ... ... „	...	...	2	6	...	2	4	2	1	17
	Sanctioned by Government ... „	2	1	...	...	2	1	1	1	1	9
	Still due to Government ... „	1	...	2	6	...	2	4	2	1	18
		2	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	6
Result of re-assessment operations.	Increase of assessment as announced to date ... ... Rs.	199									
	Percentage of increase ... „	23	...	35,080	6,43,116	...	3,07,747	2,67,470	1,43,927	62,588	15,50,127
	Increase of assessment for the whole area under settlement—		...	10	52	...	68	24	27	32	38
	As now estimated ... ... „	5,000	44,047	35,080	6,43,116	5,00,000	5,35,925	3,15,500	2,32,358	1,48,588	24,59,614
	As estimated in the forecast report „	5,000	89,000		4,00,000	5,20,000	4,38,730	3,10,100	180,000	69,000	20,02,890

STATEMENT No. XIV.

(*Vide* paragraph 11 of the text).

STATEMENT SHOWING DURATION AND COST OF SETTLEMENT OPERATIONS.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Detail.	Simla.	Kangra.	Dera-Hamirpur.	Jullundur.	Ferozepore.	Lahore.	Sialkot.	Gujrat.	Shahpur.	Lyallpur.	Total.
Date on which Settlement operations commenced.	October 1914 ...	December 1913	May 1910 ...	October 1913 ...	May 1910 ...	October 1912	October 1911	October 1912	October 1911	1906	
Probable or actual date of completion of — Measurements ...	August 1916 ...	May 1918 ...	July 1914 ...	June 1916 ...	March 1914 ...	June 1914 ...	December 1914	March 1916	June 1914 ...	1914	
Probable or actual date of completion of — Revision of records ...	January 1917 ...	October 1918 ...	December 1914...	September 1916	August 1914 ...	September 1914	June 1915 ...		February 1915		
Probable or actual date of completion of — Re-assessment ...	September 1916	October 1918 ...	December 1914...	September 1916	December 1914...	March 1916 ...	February 1916		January 1916		
Probable or actual date of completion of — Settlement operations	December 1916	October 1918 ...	February 1915...	September 1917	March 1915 ...	March 1916 ...	March 1916 ...		March 1916 ...	March 1915.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total cost of settlement operations deducting expenditure on ordinary district staff. — During the year ...	7,838	1,02,147	...	1,99,623	32,763	57,572	92,655	91,977	44,228	2,956	6,31,759
Total cost of settlement operations deducting expenditure on ordinary district staff. — Total to date ...	7,838	1,48,498	3,75,699	3,31,680	4,74,576	1,89,727	4,73,362	2,53,084	1,55,908	26,810	24,37,182
Total cost of settlement operations deducting expenditure on ordinary district staff. — Now estimated for whole operations of settlement.	26,166	4,62,805	3,75,699	5,32,039	4,74,576	2,47,332	5,00,000	3,44,732	1,72,000	...	31,35,349
Total cost of settlement operations deducting expenditure on ordinary district staff. — As estimated in the forecast report	26,166	3,48,294	2,73,444	4,31,743	4,58,436	1,75,074	4,66,638	2,85,642	95,500	...	25,60,937

STATEMENT No. XV.

(*Vide* paragraph 18 of the text.)

ENHANCEMENT OF OR REDUCTION OF CASH RENTS OF TENANTS WITH A RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1915.

1	2	3	4	5	6
		Number of decided Suits under Section 24 of Punjab Tenancy Act, 1887.			
Division.	District.	In which enhancement of rent was asked for.	In which enhancement of rent was granted.	In which reduction of rent was asked for.	In which reduction of rent was granted.
Ambala.	Hissar	97	80	...	...
	Rohtak	93	83	...	...
	Gurgaon	9	2	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra	8	4	3	2
	Hoshiarpur	199	138	1	...
	Jullundur	153	149	...	...
	Ludhiana	7	7	...	...
	Ferozepore	2	...	...	...
Lahore.	Lahore	12	10	...	...
	Amritsar	46	23	...	...
	Gurdaspur	137	105	1	1
	Sialkot	35	20	1	...
	Gujranwala	43	31	...	...
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	416	400	...	...
	Rawalpindi	25	14	...	...
	Attock	25	23	...	...
	Mianwali	...	...	1	1
Multan.	Jhang	1	1	...	...
	Muzaffargarh	...	...	1	...
	Total	1,308	1,090	8	4

STATEMENT No. XVI.

(*Vide* paragraph 19 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING EJECTMENT PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE TENANCY ACT DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1915.

Division.	District.	Tenants with rights of occupancy.					Tenants without rights of occupancy.					
		Number of decrees for ejectment under section 39.	Number of applications under sections 43 and 42 (*a*).	Number of notices served under section 44 (1).	Number of ejectments ordered under section 44 (2).	*Ejectments actually made under order or process of a Revenue Court or Officer.* — Number of cases.	*Numbers of decrees for ejectment.* — Under sections 40 and 45 (6).	Number of applications under sections 43 and 42 (*b*).	Number of notices issued under section 45 (*i*).	Number of ejectments ordered under section 45 (5).	*Ejectments actually made under order or process of a Revenue Court or Officer.* — Number of cases.	Number of suits to contest liability to ejectment decided in tenant's favour.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Ambala.	Hissar ...	4	5	3	2	5	462	1,625	2,759	881	894	109
	Rohtak ...	...	...	...	...	...	117	916	1,782	498	355	15
	Gurgaon ...	1	2	2	1	2	140	523	1,046	361	494	22
	Karnal ...	...	...	...	...	...	10	310	664	255	170	22
	Ambala ...	1	...	...	...	1	10	254	404	158	216	37
	Simla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	20	8	1	1
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	1	11	...	2	2	75	334	717	225	167	79
	Hoshiarpur ...	...	2	8	...	...	78	664	1,662	612	305	125
	Jullundur ...	...	5	12	...	...	97	471	987	205	82	...
	Ludhiana ...	...	...	...	...	3	19	131	267	50	63	4
	Ferozepore ...	1	5	8	5	...	336	1,845	4,150	338	863	72
Lahore.	Lahore ...	...	...	...	...	...	80	692	2,027	352	358	37
	Amritsar ...	1	...	...	...	...	99	741	1,423	409	332	77
	Gurdaspur ...	...	...	...	...	72	34	576	1,565	266	178	26
	Sialkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	60	688	1,205	340	377	78
	Gujranwala ...	...	...	...	...	...	121	715	1,564	205	193	13
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	...	...	...	...	...	219	240	932	361	151	97
	Shahpur ...	...	...	...	7	...	267	243	349	185	159	30
	Jhelum ...	...	2	2	5	2	28	172	235	95	167	7
	Rawalpindi ...	...	...	...	...	...	31	75	241	94	59	24
	Attock ...	...	9	9	3	11	69	78	130	37	35	14
	Mianwali ...	...	...	...	...	...	29	128	332	25	61	19
Multan.	Montgomery ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	7	5	5	...
	Lyallpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	9	47	108	55	4	10
	Jhang ...	...	...	...	...	10	2	30	94	10	...	...
	Multan ...	...	...	...	...	...	26	423	1,236	134	125	...
	Muzaffargarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	22	422	780	241	238	8
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	...	...	...	...	...	82	51	285	101	52	3
	Total ...	9	41	44	25	108	2,522	11,920	26,971	6,506	6,099	929

STATEMENT No. XVII.

(*Vide* paragraph 24 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENTS, COLLECTIONS AND OUTSTANDINGS ON ACCOUNT OF THE LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT (XIX OF 1883).

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 24

STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENTS, COLLECTIONS AND OUTSTANDINGS

Division.	District.	State of loans account Principal.					Recovery of Principal.					
		Balance outstanding on 1st October = column 6 of last year's statement.	Amount advanced during the year.	Amount collected or written off during the year = columns 11 and 12.	Balance outstanding at close of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount falling due during the year out of columns 3 and 4 Principal only.	Demand on account of arrears of Principal.	Total Demand Principal only.	Total collections, Principal only.	Amount of Principal written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Balance of Principal outstanding on 30th September.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar ...	18,605	1,000	2,973	16,632	...	2,964	9	2,973	2,973	...	...
	Rohtak ...	12,883	1,700	2,405	12,178	...	2,394	23	2,417	2,405	...	12
	Gurgaon ...	1,56,371	13,370	22,749	1,46,994	...	22,662	70	22,732	22,749	...	...
	Karnal ...	10,532	2,600	1,966	11,166	...	1,892	74	1,966	1,966	...	...
	Ambala ...	4,526	500	638	4,388	...	638	...	638	638	...	...
Jullundur.	Hoshiarpur ...	1,513	...	630	883	...	630	...	630	630	...	...
	Jullundur ...	84,546	8,675	13,684	79,537	...	13,757	35	13,792	13,684	...	108
	Ludhiana ...	8,496	2,200	1,190	9,506	...	1,190	...	1,190	1,190	...	...
	Ferozepore ...	2,01,596	70,330	27,016	2,44,910	...	27,016	...	27,016	27,016	...	...
Lahore.	Lahore ...	10,341	1,800	1,927	10,214	...	1,928	75	2,003	1,927	...	76
	Amritsar ...	18,432	4,325	3,707	19,050	...	3,701	6	3,707	3,707	...	...
	Gurdaspur ...	43,885	2,400	5,281	41,004	...	5,503	64	5,567	5,281	...	286
	Sialkot ..	53,167	14,075	7,386	59,856	...	7,386	...	7,386	7,226	160	...
	Gujranwala ...	31,280	2,950	5,652	28,578	...	7,023	793	7,816	5,652	...	2,164
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	30,698	2,625	2,224	31,099	...	2,224	...	2,224	2,224	...	...
	Shahpur ...	12,927	600	1,245	12,282	...	1,262	44	1,306	1,245	...	61
	Jhelum ...	27,442	2,650	2,970	27,122	...	2,970	22	2,992	2,970	...	22
	Rawalpindi ...	35,237	3,900	6,623	32,514	...	6,756	53	6,809	6,623	...	186
	Attock ...	1,58,026	11,550	39,755	1,49,821	...	39,230	1,090	40,320	39,755	...	565
	Mianwali ...	42,364	12,960	5,124	50,200	...	5,191	...	5,191	5,124	...	67
Multan.	Montgomery ...	79,305	3,250	6,241	76,314	...	6,208	37	6,245	6,241	...	4
	Lyallpur ...	1,807	...	342	1,465	...	354	...	354	342	...	12
	Jhang ...	3,053	...	633	2,420	...	649	...	649	633	...	16
	Multan ...	3,56,155	16,500	43,473	3,29,182	...	51,494	6,786	58,280	43,473	...	14,807
	Muzaffargarh ...	1,20,908	6,170	16,431	1,09,747	...	17,000	92	17,092	16,431	...	661
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	22,377	2,750	4,477	20,550	...	4,634	18	4,652	4,477	...	175
	Total ...	15,65,472	1,88,880	2,26,742	15,27,610	...	2,36,686	9,261	2,45,947	2,26,582	160	19,222

No. XVII.

of the text.)

ON ACCOUNT OF THE LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT (XIX OF 1883).

Recovery of interest.								District.	Division.
Arrears of interest suspended and over due at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Total collections, interest only.	Amount of interest written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest over due at end of the year.	Rate of interest recovered on mean of loans outstanding at commencement and close of year *i.e.*, column 17 × 100 ÷ column 3 + column 6. / 2		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.		
158	1,105	1,263	1,263	...	...	...	7 2 9	Hissar	Ambala.
2	829	831	830	...	...	1	6 9 11	Rohtak	
28	8,535	8,563	8,572	...	...	...	5 8 7	Gurgaon	
50	450	500	500	...	...	...	4 9 8	Karnal	
...	183	183	183	...	...	...	4 1 8	Ambala	
...	96	96	96	...	...	...	8 0 3	Hoshiarpur	Jullundur.
15	4,569	4,584	4,542	...	...	42	5 9 0	Jullundur	
...	519	519	519	...	...	...	5 12 3	Ludhiana	
...	13,111	13,111	13,111	...	...	...	5 14 0	Ferozepore	
47	909	956	921	...	...	35	8 15 5	Lahore	Lahore.
...	1,029	1,029	1,029	...	...	...	5 7 10	Amritsar	
13	2,543	2,566	2,512	...	...	54	5 14 8	Gurdaspur	
...	2,775	2,775	2,761	14	...	...	4 14 2	Sialkot	
277	2,083	2,365	1,828	...	...	537	6 1 8	Gujranwala	
7	2,028	2,035	2,034	...	...	1	6 9 4	Gujrat	Rawalpindi.
27	928	955	923	...	...	32	7 5 2	Shahpur	
33	1,135	1,168	1,163	...	...	5	4 4 2	Jhelum	
80	2,008	2,088	1,977	...	...	111	5 13 5	Rawalpindi	
293	9,398	9,691	9,636	...	...	55	6 14 1	Attock	
...	1,585	1,585	1,577	...	...	8	3 6 6	Mianwali	
53	7,354	7,407	7,201	...	...	206	9 4 1	Montgomery	Multan.
...	140	140	128	...	...	12	7 13 2	Lyallur	
...	302	302	301	...	...	1	11 0 0	Jhang	
3,087	21,533	24,620	17,612	...	...	7,008	5 3 0	Multan	
24	6,561	6,585	6,416	...	...	169	5 9 4	Muzaffargarh	
9	1,805	1,814	1,189	567	...	58	5 8 10	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	
4,213	93,518	97,731	88,824	581	...	8,335	5 11 11	Total	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 25

STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENT, COLLECTIONS AND OUTSTANDING

Divisions.	Districts.	State of loans Accounts, principal.					Recovery of principal.			
		Balance outstanding on 1st October, column 6 of last year's statement.	Amount advanced during the year.	Amount collected or written off during the year, columns 11 and 12.	Balance outstanding at the close of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount falling due during the year out of columns 3 and 4 Principal only.	Demand on account of arrears of Principal.	Total demand, Principal only.	Total collections, Principal only.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	14,006	...	9,660	4,346	379	8,464	2,061	10,525	9,660
	Rohtak	51,580	...	38,814	12,766	...	39,182	...	39,182	38,814
	Gurgaon	17,714	38,100	18,769	37,045	...	18,757	37	18,794	17,609
	Karnal	5,154	2,035	3,081	4,108	...	2,950	158	3,108	3,062
	Ambala	1,123	200	512	816	...	408	104	512	512
Jullundur.	Kangra	4,066	1,100	4,337	829	...	4,337	...	4,337	4,337
	Hoshiarpur ...	1,280	...	181	1,099	...	276	...	276	181
	Ludhiana	960	1,070	824	1,206	...	824	...	824	824
	Ferozepore ...	812	...	753	59	...	715	38	753	753
Lahore.	Lahore	1,421	9,465	825	10,061	...	872	30	902	825
	Amritsar	13,793	17,488	8,556	22,725	102	8,721	...	8,721	8,556
	Gurdaspur ...	15,543	24,538	3,090	36,991	11,575	3,132	31	3,163	3,090
	Sialkot	39,739	4,020	32,934	10,825	...	32,934	...	32,934	32,934
	Gujranwala ...	44,882	2,560	23,553	23,889	...	28,044	3,936	31,980	23,553
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	7,318	1,830	4,130	5,018	...	4,105	25	4,130	4,130
	Shahpur	4,328	4	3,066	1,266	99	3,014	100	3,114	3,066
	Jhelum	8,801	860	4,926	4,735	...	4,664	1,845	6,509	4,926
	Rawalpindi ...	7,765	410	4,233	3,942	...	4,278	20	4,298	4,233
	Attock	46,393	7,000	38,988	14,405	...	38,118	1,352	39,470	38,988
	Mianwali	41,872	3,620	35,297	10,195	...	35,336	...	35,336	35,297
Multan.	Montgomery ...	49,097	39,825	31,985	56,937	...	32,357	288	32,645	31,985
	Jhang	603	200	485	318	...	533	...	533	485
	Multan	13,500	3,040	5,417	11,123	...	6,797	686	7,483	5,417
	Muzaffargarh ...	38,756	80,760	69,684	49,872	...	76,831	164	76,995	69,684
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	67,075	26,102	34,064	59,113	962	36,217	245	36,462	34,064
	Total ...	4,97,626	2,64,227	3,78,164	3,83,689	13,117	3,91,866	11,120	4,02,986	3,76,985

No. XVIII.

of the text.)

ON ACCOUNT OF THE AGRICULTURISTS' LOANS ACT (XII OF 1884).

Recovery of interest.										Districts.	Divisions.
Amount of Principal written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Balance of Principal outstanding on September 30th.	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Total collections for interest only.	Amount of interest written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Rate of interest recovered on mean of loans outstanding at commencement and close of the year, *i.e.*, columns 17 × 100 + $\frac{\text{column 3} + \text{column 6}}{2}$.		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.		
...	865	26	411	437	431	...	1	6	4 11 2	Hissar.	Ambala.
...	368	...	1,642	1,642	1,594	...	...	48	4 15 3	Rohtak.	
1,160	25	4	859	863	831	36	...	2	3 0 6	Gurgaon.	
19	27	11	228	239	235	1	...	3	5 1 2	Karnal.	
...	...	8	39	47	47	...	...	...	4 13 4	Ambala.	
...	...	...	227	227	227	...	...	...	9 4 5	Kangra.	Jullundur.
...	95	...	80	80	53	...	...	27	4 7 3	Hoshiarpur.	
...	...	...	47	47	47	...	...	...	4 5 6	Ludhiana.	
...	...	12	44	56	56	...	...	...	12 13 6	Ferozepore.	
...	77	...	71	71	66	...	...	5	1 2 5	Lahore.	Lahore.
...	166	...	735	735	717	...	11	7	3 14 10	Amritsar.	
...	73	3	1,180	1,183	816	...	362	5	3 1 8	Gurdaspur.	
...	...	...	1,997	1,997	1,997	...	...	...	7 14 5	Sialkot.	
...	8,427	476	2,349	2,825	2,108	...	...	717	6 2 1	Gujranwala	
...	...	23	349	377	370	...	...	7	6 0 0	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
...	48	21	178	199	190	...	6	3	6 12 8	Shahpur.	
...	1,583	51	399	450	412	...	...	38	6 1 5	Jhelum.	
...	65	1	375	376	370	...	...	6	6 5 1	Rawalpindi.	
...	482	46	2,815	2,861	2,855	...	...	6	9 6 4	Attock.	
...	39	...	1,689	1,689	1,688	...	...	1	6 7 9	Mianwali.	
...	660	13	2,356	2,369	2,312	...	...	57	4 8 10	Montgomery.	Multan.
...	48	...	49	49	43	...	...	6	9 3 0	Jhang.	
...	2,166	89	765	854	635	...	...	219	5 3 0	Multan.	
...	7,311	21	3,625	3,646	3,307	...	...	339	7 7 4	Muzaffargarh.	
...	2,398	24	3,691	3,715	3,547	...	54	114	5 9 11	Dera Ghazi Khan.	
1,179	24,823	834	26,200	27,034	24,954	37	434	1,616	5 10 7	Total.	

STATEMENT No. XIX.

(*Vide* paragraph 24 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF REMISSION ORDERS AND CERTIFICATES OF EXEMPTION GRANTED FOR IRRIGATION WORKS FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1915.

Division.	District.	Number of wells fallen out of use for which remissions have been granted during the year.	Number of certificates granted during the year.	Number of irrigation works constructed during the year.						Remarks.
				New wells.		*Old wells repaired.*		*Dams, reservoirs and cuts from rivers and marshes.*		
				At private expense.	From takavi advances.	At private expense.	From takavi advances.	At private expense.	From takavi advances.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Ambala.	Rohtak	10	...	30	3	67	...	...	...	
	Gurgaon	4	2	89	34	8	1	...	...	
	Karnal	1	...	29	...	46	1	...	...	
	Ambala	...	...	30	3	12	1	...	...	
Jullundur.	Hoshiarpur	...	...	96	...	123	...	...	...	
	Jullundur	...	...	389	19	51	1	...	...	
	Ludhiana	...	...	180	4	44	...	...	...	
	Ferozepore	1	...	254	167	16	8	...	...	
Lahore.	Lahore	...	1,603	42	3	20	2	...	...	
	Amritsar	5	...	42	7	21	...	...	...	
	Gurdaspur	9	...	51	9	17	...	...	1	
	Sialkot	5	706	158	39	21	3	...	...	
	Gujranwala	28	87	118	4	1	...	...	...	
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	...	...	194	16	...	...	...	...	
	Shahpur	4	2	40	3	3	...	...	...	
	Jhelum	5	...	30	4	6	...	...	...	
	Rawalpindi	...	...	24	1	6	...	...	30	
	Attock	1	1	103	20	3	...	15	10	
	Mianwali	...	30	27	12	21	10	...	...	
Multan.	Montgomery	15	82	64	6	...	...	...	...	
	Lyallpur	...	3	2	...	1	...	...	...	
	Jhang	1	102	91	...	11	...	...	...	
	Multan	1,253	504	440	28	35	...	1	...	
	Muzaffargarh	42	353	196	26	17	1	3	...	
	Dera Ghazi Khan	...	2	141	3	4	...	...	...	
	Total ...	1,884	3,477	2,860	411	554	28	19	41	

STATEMENT No. XX.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 and 25 of the text.)

ACCOUNT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT WITH AGRICULTURIST BORROWERS.

—	——	Land Improvement Loans Act, XIX of 1883.	Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884.	Total both Acts.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Principal.	Outstanding at the commencement of the year	15,65,472	4,97,626	20,63,098
	Advanced during the year	1,88,880	2,64,227	4,53,107
	Total advanced	17,54,352	7,61,853	25,16,205
	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears) ...	2,45,947	4,02,986	6,48,933
	Remitted during the year	160	1,179	1,339
	Collected during the year	2,26,582	3,76,985	6,03,567
	Total remitted and collected	2,26,742	3,78,164	6,04,906
	Balance outstanding at the end of the year	15,27,610	3,83,689	19,11,299
	Amount suspended by competent authority	...	13,117	13,117
	Amount overdue	19,222	24,823	44,045
Interest.	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at the commencement of the year.	4,213	834	5,047
	Interest falling due within the year	93,518	26,200	1,19,718
	Total interest for collection within the year	97,731	27,034	1,24,765
	Remitted during the year	581	37	618
	Collected during the year	88,824	24,954	1,13,778
	Total remitted and collected	89,405	24,991	1,14,396
	Suspended by competent authority	...	434	434
	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year	8,335	1,616	9,951
Total Principal and Interest.	Remitted during the year	741	1,216	1,957
	Collected during the year	3,15,406	4,01,939	7,17,145
	Under suspension at the end of the year	...	13,551	13,551
	Overdue at the end of the year	27,557	26,439	53,996

STATEMENT No. XXI.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 and 25 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF LOANS MADE UNDER THE LAND IMPROVEMENT AND AGRICULTURISTS' LOANS ACTS FOR THE YEAR 1914-15.

Account of Local Government with Government of India.

Heads.	Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year.	Mean outstanding.	Interest payable for the year by Local Government to Government of India at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Improvement Act, XIX of 1883	15,75,835	15,29,151	15,52,493	54,337
Agriculturists' Loan Act, XII of 1884	5,06,876	3,85,575	4,46,226	15,618
Total ...	20,82,711	19,14,726	19,98,719	69,955

STATEMENT No. XXII.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 and 25 of the text.)

PROVINCIAL RESULT OF LOAN OPERATION TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR 1914-15.

Particulars.	Land Improvement Act XIX of 1883.	Agriculturists' Loan Act XII of 1884.	Total both Acts.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Interest payable for the year by the Local Government to Government of India	54,337	15,618	69,955
2. Interest collected during the year	88,366	23,324	1,11,690
3. Balance of interest accruing to Local Government, *i. e.*, difference between 1 and 2.	+ 34,029	+ 7,706	+ 41,735
4. Remission of principal during the year 1914-15	160	69	229
5. Net result (profit or loss) for the year 1914-15	+ 33,869	+ 7,637	+ 41,506
6. Net results for previous years 1913-14	+ 33,856	+ 10,464	+ 44,320
1912-13	+ 79,399	+ 12,973	+ 92,372
1911-12	+ 50,309	+ 1,503	+ 51,812
1910-11	+ 20,377	+ 11,309	+ 31,686
1909-10	+ 41,131	+ 57,105	+ 98,236
7. Expenditure on free grants-in-aid towards the construction of private protective works or on establishment for well-boring or other outlay incurred from current revenue in connection with takavi advances.	...	...	...

STATEMENT No. XXIII.

(*Vide* paragraph 26 of text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE AREA AND INCOME OF UNCLASSED FORESTS AND OF OTHER GOVERNMENT LANDS UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL OF THE COLLECTOR, FOR 1914-15.

Division.	District.	Area of unclassed forests and Government waste lands under the control of the Deputy Commissioner.	Area of nazul lands leased for agricultural purposes and consequently subject to the waste land lease rules.	Area included in columns 3 and 4 let out for cultivation.		Area of unclassed forest under the Forest Department let out for cultivation.		Area of Government land held by Government tenants under Act III of 1893, or under any colonization scheme.	Total of columns 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9.	Income for the year ending 30th September 1915.				Remarks.
				Cultivated in the year.	Uncultivated.	Cultivated in the year.	Uncultivated.			Land Revenue on lands included in columns 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.	Malikana on lands included in columns 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.	Other income.	Total income.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Ambala ...	Hissar	4,219	...	673	336	...	...	...	4,219	7,615	...	2,511	10,126	
	Rohtak	3,600	1,649	1,649	3,599	...	...	...	5,249	2,471	1,688	3,503	7,662	
	Gurgaon	739	527	280	986	...	...	...	1,266	1,142	3	960	2,105	
	Karnal	11,277	477	338	179	...	...	5,068	16,822	4,397	1,558	1,784	7,739	
	Ambala	410	3	49	364	...	...	...	413	102	26	13	141	
	Simla	13,476	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,476	...	...	366	366	
Jullundur ...	Kangra	2,807	...	...	...	103	...	...	2,910	...	...	1,494	1,494	
	Hoshiarpur	24,647	156	135	21	...	...	...	24,803	731	...	293	1,024	
	Jullundur	526	110	379	257	...	...	...	636	89	30	2,378	2,497	
	Ludhiana	...	398	126	272	...	197	...	595	...	...	3,584	3,584	
	Ferozepore	2,877	1,664	2,140	2,401	...	...	...	4,541	1,169	1,301	7,924	10,394	
Lahore ...	Lahore	32,597	5,805	12,875	1,979	...	...	52,449	90,851	39,584	75,749	1,16,999	2,32,332	
	Amritsar	109	129	106	132	...	...	...	238	339	257	1,367	1,963	
	Gurdaspur	7,704	123	48	8	...	...	...	7,827	35	...	4,404	4,439	
	Sialkot	4,930	2	1,734	3,198	...	...	...	4,932	326	...	97	423	
	Gujranwala	15,627	269	1,734	886	1,685	2,589	1,20,591	1,40,761	3,52,703	48,682	14,439	4,15,824	
Rawalpindi ...	Gujrat	202	...	31	171	...	...	7,426	7,628	1,967	289	214	2,470	
	Shahpur	1,25,837	3	11,347	995	860	28	413,658	5,40,386	9,28,812	98,009	2,809	10,29,630	
	Jhelum	27,320	...	6	1	...	...	1,610	28,930	1,988	738	4,805	7,531	
	Rawalpindi	2,345	271	92	179	...	...	...	2,616	...	...	1,073	1,073	
	Attock	86,140	1,641	922	781	8	1	51	87,841	396	229	8,362	8,987	
	Mianwali	5,94,819	29	520	2,554	...	...	...	594,848	428	150	13,665	14,243	
Multan ...	Montgomery	11,33,943	...	76,910	24,378	1,307	2,822	260,060	1,398,132	1,66,490	42,613	17,87,856	19,96,959	
	Lyallpur	3,78,257	...	...	...	277	29,383	422,843	830,760	13,27,024	1,75,124	2,118	15,04,266	
	Jhang	1,33,737	34	657	14	...	...	118,805	252,576	2,53,170	80,054	73,675	4,06,899	
	Multan	14,70,813	84	54,746	15,541	...	...	58,112	15,29,009	1,38,423	66,953	55,827	2,61,203	
	Muzaffargarh	4,67,568	...	1,071	810	31	9	...	4,67,608	661	567	31,887	33,115	
	D. G. Khan	3,64,826	...	44,862	88,334	...	...	...	3,64,826	11,223	8,712	1,06,211	1,26,146	
	Total ...	49,11,352	13,374	2,13,430	1,48,376	4,271	35,029	14,60,673	64,24,699	32,41,285	6,02,732	22,50,618	60,94,635	

STATEMENT No. XXIV.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.)

TOTALS OF SALES, MORTGAGES AND REDEMPTIONS AND OTHER TRANSFERS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1915.

District.	Nature of rights transferred.	Gifts.		Exchanges.		Mortgages with possession, including transfer for debt by order of Court.					Redemption of mortgages with possession.					Sales and permanent transfers for value.					
							Area transferred.					*Area redeemed.*					*Area transferred.*				
		Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of mortgages.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money in rupees.	Number of releases.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money discharged in rupees.	Number of transfers.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Price in rupees.	Multiple of revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Acres.		Acres.		Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.			
Hissar ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	204	4,390	148	831	1,987	15,758	14,173	6,055	5,13,671	1,506	14,784	12,544	5,062	2,65,306	935	39,523	30,158	14,751	14,09,507	96
	Right of occupancy ...	99	722	20	99	1,251	6,978	6,865	...	3,01,384	937	6,097	6,033	...	1,60,631	175	1,798	1,402	...	63,420	...
Rohtak ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	249	1,840	202	379	3,311	9,121	8,816	12,088	8,48,521	2,926	9,748	9,214	12,535	5,05,193	881	4,071	3,426	4,869	3,66,816	75
	Right of occupancy ...	19	41	4	4	197	371	365	...	30,954	140	316	311	...	15,008	23	72	71	...	7,570	...
Gurgaon ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	175	1,337	205	376	7,334	14,747	14,286	21,257	9,65,598	5,864	14,442	13,721	21,150	5,91,387	566	4,817	3,828	6,632	3,22,858	49
	Right of occupancy ...	39	128	17	25	1,164	1,919	1,904	...	1,28,954	803	1,550	1,514	...	64,817	86	237	229	...	15,326	...
Karnal ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	252	2,564	283	706	2,012	6,450	5,031	7,431	4,70,081	1,740	5,503	4,644	6,678	2,50,821	884	7,546	3,737	5,101	5,56,031	109
	Right of occupancy ...	9	55	7	6	151	297	293	...	29,542	89	257	244	...	14,933	23	83	76	...	8,241	...
Ambala ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	2	21	...	...	2	1	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	8	70	58	13	182	...
	Ownership ...	338	2,054	395	272	4,792	7,859	7,231	11,449	13,10,217	4,921	8,301	7,614	12,231	7,85,478	1,395	5,251	3,524	5,532	6,30,310	114
	Right of occupancy ...	11	18	16	15	426	554	535	...	71,078	403	533	520	...	48,597	63	115	112	...	16,060	...

SIMLA ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	55	135	29	17	145	222	69	155	18,233	139	235	72	157	11,891	110	232	56	178	2,43,033	1,365
	Right of occupancy ...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	100	1	1	1	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
KANGRA ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	1	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	785	1,628	831	383	2,611	4,364	2,967	5,082	3,51,111	3,252	3,072	5,076	8,689	2,95,177	2,022	4,343	2,643	4,518	4,99,309	111
	Right of occupancy ...	70	85	19	4	173	108	92	...	10,954	160	126	102	...	5,182	87	109	84	...	7,252	...
HOSHIARPUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	345	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	395	1,003	778	413	7,385	7,917	5,890	12,394	19,62,842	6,247	13,142	8,464	16,671	13,85,670	2,327	2,417	1,558	3,388	8,26,292	244
	Right of occupancy ...	172	85	66	41	1,705	1,202	1,124	...	2,93,120	1,754	1,654	1,540	...	2,36,447	369	315	276	...	69,163	...
JULLUNDUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	728	1,630	6,953	3,679	5,514	5,827	5,070	13,331	16,28,749	6,069	8,021	6,991	15,074	11,88,348	4,129	2,578	1,843	3,987	11,62,819	292
	Right of occupancy ...	46	108	381	167	479	390	372	...	1,23,544	738	521	509	...	78,320	108	92	88	...	27,495	...
LUDHIANA ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	160	...
	Ownership ...	311	1,655	1,461	1,360	5,632	11,174	10,569	18,007	22,60,251	6,439	14,119	12,643	22,153	16,76,315	1,488	2,589	2,057	3,857	6,95,417	180
	Right of occupancy ...	12	31	18	10	243	453	414	...	70,474	299	595	557	...	57,936	34	64	54	...	11,850	...
FEROZEPORE	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	3	338	337	17	289	1	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	191	5,355	707	1,941	7,406	26,701	26,062	18,644	36,94,805	6,705	23,134	21,851	16,913	21,84,508	1,913	7,757	6,002	4,418	11,36,302	257
	Right of occupancy ...	89	217	83	149	2,216	6,947	6,873	...	7,54,521	2,199	7,188	7,062	...	4,61,024	358	1,603	1,527	...	1,61,023	...
LAHORE ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	146	1,936	277	1,232	2,722	12,411	10,183	8,855	15,69,289	2,807	14,181	11,582	10,126	11,81,155	1,108	4,955	3,637	3,924	28,96,141	738
	Right of occupancy ...	7	39	12	174	353	995	924	...	1,23,263	326	976	894	...	68,147	41	132	118	...	24,424	...
AMRITSAR ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	207	915	630	923	6,734	11,372	10,752	22,121	24,84,580	5,841	10,889	10,342	21,575	14,15,023	1,145	2,665	2,176	4,918	8,40,504	170
	Right of occupancy ...	10	9	17	9	778	926	938	...	1,45,541	654	837	815	...	81,911	47	48	46	...	8,943	...
GURDASPUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	1	2	2	4	210	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	170	703	547	620	7,691	11,711	10,939	24,343	16,59,743	7,488	13,139	11,979	26,981	10,49,697	761	2,581	2,094	4,378	4,42,133	101
	Right of occupancy ...	16	54	10	8	654	676	664	...	80,503	497	646	620	...	61,365	37	64	60	...	24,725	...

STATEMENT No. XXIV—CONCLUDED.

District.	Nature of rights transferred.	Gifts.		Exchanges.		Mortgages with possession, including transfer for debt by order of Court.					Redemption of mortgages with possession.					Sales and permanent transfers for value.					
		Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of mortgages.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money in rupees.	Number of releases.	Area redeemed. Total.	Area redeemed. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money discharge in rupees.	Number of transfers.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Price in rupees.	Multiple of revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Acres.		Acres.		Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.			
Sialkot ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	539	2,034	1,137	1,353	10,204	17,421	15,761	30,629	21,25,514	9,816	19,423	17,416	33,099	13,98,317	2,383	4,670	2,909	5,919	6,25,260	106
	Right of occupancy ...	80	132	53	44	1,007	849	835	...	1,10,163	970	1,089	1,060	...	89,960	68	55	52	...	11,521	...
Gujranwala	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	240	4,027	412	2,703	1,818	12,682	9,073	15,980	6,72,014	1,818	19,784	11,931	19,090	5,17,723	1,380	12,753	7,645	17,133	11,65,703	68
	Right of occupancy ...	3	25	43	639	51	429	384	...	12,415	57	301	264	...	9,996	13	91	81	...	4,275	...
Gujrat ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	514	2,518	780	1,092	7,996	8,708	8,330	10,774	12,29,907	8,126	12,104	10,785	13,531	7,68,652	3,666	5,187	3,513	4,411	7,92,829	180
	Right of occupancy ...	21	47	58	52	1,028	891	882	...	1,48,026	808	812	803	...	75,892	146	160	139	...	35,584	...
Shahpur ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	2	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	118	112	8	300	...
	Ownership ...	458	4,266	508	2,251	1,741	9,349	6,611	6,361	4,66,432	2,434	17,545	9,528	9,878	3,67,007	1,494	6,869	2,814	3,014	5,77,807	192
	Right of occupancy ...	4	23	31	515	35	388	365	...	16,740	65	265	232	...	7,138	48	952	903	...	1,34,584	...
Jhelum ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	241	1,663	364	778	2,605	3,854	3,328	3,966	4,31,155	2,751	5,353	4,480	4,942	3,23,649	2,937	5,231	3,055	3,228	7,14,769	221
	Right of occupancy ...	41	153	25	45	312	359	355	...	45,140	383	578	551	...	35,097	278	325	308	...	57,986	...
Rawalpindi	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	72	16	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	415	1,324	800	915	2,485	2,622	2,334	2,858	2,75,311	2,328	2,588	2,363	2,873	1,91,978	5,879	6,158	4,406	5,810	9,76,169	184
	Right of occupancy ...	48	86	108	118	485	438	391	...	41,426	388	358	342	...	27,039	653	675	608	...	93,985	...

ATTOCK ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	218	89	8	...	...
	Ownership ..	223	5,273	419	4,994	2,032	9,095	5,802	3,644	4,14,512	1,710	8 980	5,785	3,377	2,03,428	2 747	9,206	4,780	2,784	6,31,471	226
	Right of occupancy ..	46	118	69	195	933	1,065	996	...	1,47,522	718	1,056	982	-	83,417	651	1,116	907	...	1,52,136	...
MIANWALI ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	2	711	11	957	11	4,411	751	7	7,367	14	8,172	2,540	134	5,206	43	5,756	1,026	12	28,339	...
	Ownership ...	140	794	230	983	2,553	12,237	7,584	5,131	7,22,824	2,548	15,435	8,901	5,719	3,41,340	1,911	8,238	4,180	3,072	6,82,600	222
	Right of occupancy ...	16	102	23	34	258	1,224	851	...	53,533	235	1,355	869	...	28,409	162	501	336	...	25,264	...
MONTGOMERY	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	73	1,338	81	3,973	184	2,792	1,642	970	1,06 686	207	4,782	2,641	1,556	80,557	301	3,151	1,576	931	2,62,682	282
	Right of occupancy ...	8	21	...	5	5	10	7	...	382	6	11	7	...	167	11	92	85	...	818	...
LYALLPUR ...	Ownership ...	468	7,795	179	4,043	925	14,633	13,058	46,090	14,61,317	342	4,498	4,046	13,571	3,62,718	595	10,516	9,857	33,752	22,57,285	67
	Right of occupancy ...	115	856	131	2,165	6	118	99	...	6,060	4	39	34	...	960	...	...	...	.	...	...
JHANG ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	6	83	90	...	219	20	919	434	...	796	11	67	32	...	393	...
	Ownership ...	104	3,028	116	1,478	564	6,82	3,924	5,033	3,06,687	860	8,874	4,623	5,995	2,05,155	952	10,288	6,131	14,197	6,48,293	46
	Right of occupancy ..	3	15	46	296	8	84	52	...	1,710	5	67	29	...	625	2	12	9	...	90	...
MULTAN ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	18	3,390	7	342	3	2,487	1,882	1,922	7,500	13	4,273	3,360	4,334	6,536	49	2,906	1,505	2,178	12,444	...
	Ownership ...	212	5,651	248	3,404	759	11,414	7,371	11,429	5,67,184	580	11,999	6,881	9,228	3,34,684	1,450	12,040	5,352	6,651	11,94,729	180
	Right of occupancy ...	5	43	30	234	9	97	55	...	1,788	19	212	176	...	7,069	27	335	266	...	10,686	...
MUZAFFAR-GARH.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	21	537	11	659	11	461	331	74	617	28	1,008	500	51	1,142	93	3,466	839	26	7,127	...
	Ownership ...	311	4,372	372	2,984	2,042	8 986	5,129	6,670	5,59,124	1,967	10,802	5,147	6,575	2,68,653	3,028	20,415	4,548	5,245	8,84,304	169
	Right of occupancy ...	14	95	24	43	95	326	280	...	12,051	94	285	235	...	5,382	114	294	157	...	8,252	...
DERA GHAZI KHAN.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	7	17	16	2	87	15	1,118	233	12	348	36	40	32	6	986	...
	Ownership ...	364	4,745	253	2,880	2,384	9,890	6,153	4,363	5,48.561	2,872	15,898	8,380	5,139	3,93,233	3,640	14,576	6,423	3,601	7,89,514	219
	Right of occupancy ...	14	98	15	132	44	257	133	...	6,439	32	167	151	...	3,789	90	342	174	...	7,996	...
PROVINCIAL TOTALS.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	46	4,659	31	1,997	46	7,801	3,410	2,026	16,389	94	15,492	7,069	4,876	14,038	250	12,713	3,709	2,252	49,931	...
	Ownership ...	8,508	75,973	19,345	46,963	103,568	276,135	228,668	3,35,612	2,96,24,874	100,583	315,775	239,644	3,30,568	1,85,43.058	52,027	220,623	133,933	1,79,668	2,41,30,887	134
	Right of occupancy ...	967	3,406	1,326	5,228	14,068	-8,352	27,019	...	27,67,387	12,739	27,892	26,457	...	17,24,274	3,714	9,682	8,168	...	10,88,669	...
GRAND TOTAL ...		9,521	84,038	20,702	54,188	117,682	312,288	259,097	...	3,24,08,650	113,416	359,159	273,170	...	2,02,81,370	55,991	243,018	145,810	...	2,52,69,487	...

STATEMENT No. XXV.

(*Vide* paragraphs 29 and 31 of the text.)

ABSTRACT OF MORTGAGES, SALES AND REDEMPTIONS BY DISTRICTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1915.

Division.	District.	Mortgages by		Mortgages to		Sales by		Sales to		Redemption by		Redemption from	
		Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Ambala.	Hissar ...	17,644	5,092	18,226	4,510	15,635	25,686	17,808	23,513	16,049	4,832	15,331	5,550
	Rohtak ...	8,757	735	8,413	1,079	2,781	1,362	3,514	629	7,941	2,123	8,653	1,411
	Gurgaon ...	15,482	1,184	14,770	1,896	3,938	1,116	4,742	312	13,580	2,412	14,436	1,556
	Karnal ...	6,017	730	5,256	1,491	6,017	1,612	6,719	910	3,656	2,104	4,786	974
	Ambala ...	7,253	1,152	6,237	2,168	3,920	1,516	3,706	1,730	6,253	2,581	6,793	2,041
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	3,769	704	3,871	602	3,659	793	3,741	711	5,634	2,566	6,661	1,539
	Hoshiarpur ...	8,110	1,009	8,081	1,038	2,351	381	1,792	940	10,298	4,498	11,562	3,234
	Jullundur ...	5,371	846	5,151	1,066	2,073	597	2,159	511	6,120	2,422	7,425	1,117
	Ludhiana ...	10,573	1,054	10,757	870	2,324	329	2,399	254	13,441	1,273	11,541	3,173
	Ferozepore ...	26,737	7,249	28,370	5,616	5,868	3,492	7,354	2,006	23,085	7,237	23,869	6,453
Lahore.	Lahore ...	11,754	1,652	12,276	1,130	3,780	1,307	3,613	1,474	11,367	3,790	13,473	1,684
	Amritsar ...	10,759	1,539	11,003	1,295	2,096	617	2,146	567	9,595	2,131	10,023	1,703
	Gurdaspur ...	10,843	1,546	10,601	1,788	1,914	731	1,938	707	9,478	4,307	11,499	2,286
	Sialkot ...	15,947	2,323	16,231	2,039	3,827	898	4,004	721	17,720	2,792	14,821	5,691
	Gujranwala ...	11,263	1,848	9,779	3,332	9,799	3,045	9,396	3,448	16,906	3,179	11,623	8,462
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	8,155	1,444	7,815	1,784	4,599	748	3,978	1,369	7,325	5,591	11,315	1,601
	Shahpur ...	9,099	638	5,034	4,703	5,868	2,071	5,852	2,087	13,189	4,621	11,267	6,543
	Jhelum ...	3,707	506	3,501	712	4,939	717	4,739	317	3,610	2,321	4,611	1,320
	Rawalpindi ...	2,493	567	2,192	868	5,796	1,109	5,515	1,390	2,141	805	2,282	664
	Attock ...	9,662	498	8,536	1,624	9,572	968	10,031	509	8,782	1,254	5,679	4,357
	Mianwali ...	16,795	1,077	16,318	1,554	13,501	994	12,925	1,570	22,599	2,363	15,608	9,354
Multan.	Montgomery ...	1,556	1,246	1,460	1,342	1,779	1,464	1,803	1,440	2,439	2,354	2,806	1,987
	Lyallpur ...	13,890	861	7,932	6,819	9,801	715	9,801	715	2,925	1,612	3,623	914
	Jhang ...	5,816	1,178	1,909	5,085	4,501	5,866	8,567	1,800	6,577	3,283	3,457	6,403
	Multan ...	10,773	3,225	2,339	11,659	10,498	4,783	11,160	4,121	13,699	2,785	2,179	14,305
	Muzaffargarh ...	6,930	2,843	4,941	4,832	20,261	3,914	20,384	3,791	8,502	3,593	5,896	6,199
	D. G. Khan ...	7,228	2,936	7,114	3,050	12,303	2,655	12,012	2,946	9,353	7,830	11,006	6,177
	Grand Total ...	266,383	45,682	238,113	73,952	173,300	69,486	181,798	60,988	272,264	86,659	252,225	106,698

STATEMENT No. XXVI.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.)

SALES OF LAND IN THE PUNJAB.

Year.	Number of transfers.	Area transferred.		Price in rupees.	Price per acre		Revenue in rupees.	Price per rupee of land revenue.	Sale by agricultural tribes.	Sales to agricultural tribes.	Sales by others.	Sale to others.
		Total.	Of which cultivated.		Total.	Cultivated.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1896-97	45,691	266,767	148,535	1,15,35,853	43	78	1,74,819	66	...	...	...	...
1897-98	49,343	305,362	168,018	1,35,49,377	44	81	1,82,854	74	...	...	...	...
1898-99	46,462	277,931	155,408	1,29,01,236	46	83	1,70,600	76	...	...	...	...
1899-1900	48,685	275,413	159,943	1,29,49,047	47	81	1,55,133	83	...	...	...	...
1900-01	55,298	323,353	180,963	1,50,08,486	46	83	1,58,662	95	...	...	...	...
Average of 5 years ending 1901 ...	49,096	289,765	162,573	1,31,88,800	46	81	1,68,414	78	...	...	...	...
1901-02	42,135	248,701	142,982	1,01,18,814	41	71	1,35,604	75	...	...	...	...
1902-03	36,322	232,839	138,870	96,63,775	41	71	1,23,052	79	132,310	138,290	59,606	58,705
1903-04	38,804	224,285	132,324	1,12,94,774	50	85	1,16,923	97	153,396	141,722	54,476	66,087
1904-05	38,644	201,603	123,287	1,06,46,967	53	86	1,14,949	93	151,041	152,061	58,387	55,142
1905-06	42,507	232,333	142,336	1,20,34,917	52	85	1,14,036	106	163,209	163,699	70,207	58,561
Average of 5 years ending 1906 ...	39,682	227,952	135,570	1,07,51,849	47	79	1,20,913	89	149,989	148,948	60,938	59,624
1906-07	37,809	202,232	114,003	1,17,98,959	58	103	1,13,694	104	152,445	156,445	67,819	63,819
1907-08	41,717	209,622	120,635	1,21,58,089	58	101	1,10,248	110	156,492	168,562	75,282	63,215
1908-09	45,996	231,163	123,463	1,40,66,608	61	114	1,13,483	124	181,499	187,280	74,852	69,071
1909-10	47,537	228,633	126,191	1,52,83,910	67	121	1,15,420	132	193,083	198,927	63,703	57,859
1910-11	44,093	211,376	123,237	1,58,56,592	75	129	1,28,905	123	166,785	181,005	64,267	50,047
Average of 5 years ending 1911 ...	43,430	216,605	121,506	1,38,31,832	64	114	1,16,350	119	170,061	178,444	69,185	60,802
1911-12	50,747	245,203	151,664	1,86,99,137	76	123	1,67,944	111	183,901	214,438	83,977	53,440
1912-13	53,074	279,222	184,755	1,96,94,495	71	107	2,12,429	93	182,941	253,556	123,757	53,142
1913-14	53,913	209,605	121,809	3,02,81,206	144	249	1,48,314	202	193,082	207,097	57,159	43,144
1914-15	52,027	220,623	133,933	2,41,30,887	109	180	1,79,668	134	173,300	181,798	69,486	60,988

STATEMENT No. XXVII.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.)

MORTGAGES OF LAND IN THE PUNJAB.

Year.	Total cultivated area under usufructuary mortgage.	Percentage of cultivated area under usufructuary mortgage.	Cultivated area released.	Cultivated area mortgaged.	Mortgage money per rupee of revenue of area mortgaged.	Total area redeemed by agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged by agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged to agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged to others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1896-97	...	...	218,181	351,612	49	...	...	...	...
1897-98	...	...	293,655	411,805	53	...	...	...	...
1898-99	...	...	241,842	349,971	56	...	...	...	...
1899-1900	...	...	189,352	312,724	55	...	...	...	...
1900-01	...	...	176,595	270,880	55	...	...	...	...
Average of five years ...	...	...	223,925	339,398	...	...	...	...	...
1901-02	3,287,387	12·3	167,422	184,263	55	...	...	...	...
1902-03	3,231,253	12·1	146,682	175,532	57	124,679	169,858	132,569	73,345
1903-04	3,528,477	12·9	164,885	180,170	61	162,829	193,640	153,152	80,759
1904-05	3,332,610	12·1	194,282	173,042	62	199,179	194,149	176,675	60,187
1905-06	3,402,688	12·3	220,596	186,203	67	225,118	201,595	186,113	60,680
Average of five years ...	3,357,683	...	178,773	179,842	...	177,951*	189,810	162,142	68,743
1906-07	3,375,573	12·1	279,762	199,983	75	301,073	216,954	206,629	59,047
1907-08	3,235,287	10·4	282,255	213,596	80	293,256	232,065	213,178	68,615
1908-09	3,183,358	11·1	282,192	223,723	86	310,732	254,076	230,662	81,452
1909-10	3,352,635	12·4	278,919	224,841	85	291,878	256,437	233,608	77,103
1910-11	3,351,862	11·9	248,003	194,930	87	284,085	236,510	210,686	68,438
Average of five years ...	3,299,743	...	274,226	211,415	...	296,205	239,608	218,953	70,931
1911-12	3,366,456	12·0	252,886	206,387	89	242,794	237,446	214,460	68,571
1912-13	3,266,781	11·7	268,698	219,672	74	307,045	257,822	230,605	74,162
1913-14	3,202,707	11·5	282,290	245,631	89	304,397	283,315	254,507	83,745
1914-15	3,176,497	11·6	239,644	228,668	88	272,264	266,383	238,113	73,952

*This and the following averages are for four years only.

STATEMENT No. XXVIII.

(*Vide* paragraph 32 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE WORK DONE BY REVENUE OFFICERS (ORIGINAL CASES ONLY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1915.

Division.	District.	Number of Revenue Officers employed.	Revenue cases (including execution of decrees).						
			Revenue Court cases under the Tenancy Act.	Revenue Officers' cases under the Tenancy Act.	Revenue Officers' cases under the Land Revenue Act.	Revenue Officers' cases under the Land Alienation Act.	Miscellaneous Revenue Officers' cases.	Total Revenue cases.	Number of cases pending.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ambala.	Hissar	40	2,382	1,781	2,387	119	738	7,407	1,030
	Rohtak	33	1,430	1,421	3,440	51	1,401	7,743	345
	Gurgaon	18	991	837	5,056	59	1,801	8,744	528
	Karnal	31	479	444	3,195	34	653	4,805	229
	Ambala	47	772	450	4,487	97	1,574	7,380	861
	Simla	9	5	11	...	...	180	196	118
Jullundur.	Kangra	32	1,025	741	2,270	44	1,306	5,387	1,143
	Hoshiarpur	16	2,712	1,042	2,562	60	3,488	9,864	1,845
	Jullundur...	33	1,381	596	7,253	1,022	726	10,978	708
	Ludhiana	24	638	187	1,443	406	1,840	4,514	446
	Ferozepore	29	1,818	2,692	2,652	183	1,159	8,504	969
Lahore.	Lahore	36	982	785	11,435	7	3,561	16,770	1,168
	Amritsar	21	1,848	989	2,557	52	1,097	6,543	531
	Gurdaspur	12	1,232	360	4,153	159	1,766	7,670	1,321
	Sialkot	40	2,030	1,028	5,156	91	1,349	9,654	1,601
	Gujranwala	27	1,285	979	2,637	80	2,272	7,253	1,531
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	30	1,636	816	2,091	625	499	5,667	1,046
	Shahpur	18	636	312	4,189	116	2,388	7,641	1,280
	Jhelum	19	668	207	3,231	290	697	5,093	735
	Rawalpindi	14	473	253	723	709	483	2,641	393
	Attock	21	1,045	215	2,173	275	524	4,232	532
	Mianwali	12	765	244	3,140	17	1,400	5,566	675
Multan.	Montgomery	13	189	98	1,122	6	4,818	6,233	300
	Lyallpur	12	283	153	1,953	...	852	3,241	192
	Jhang	26	576	75	2,458	39	740	3,888	558
	Multan	40	913	826	5,268	77	1,307	8,391	1,183
	Muzaffargarh.	16	909	599	5,933	104	3,955	11,500	751
	Dera Ghazi Khan	34	737	1,034	2,605	61	3,637	8,074	433
	Total ...	703	29,341	19,175	95,569	4,783	46,211	195,579	22,452

STATEMENT No. XXIX.

(*Vide* paragraph 32 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING APPELLATE AND REVISIONAL WORK OF COMMISSIONERS AND FINANCIAL COMMISSIONERS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1915.

Name of Officers.	Division or Office.	Revenue-Judicial Appeals.										Revenue-Executive Appeals.								Remarks.
				Appeals Decided.										Decided.						
		Old cases.	New institutions.	Rejected at first hearing.	Remanded for retrial.	Decreed for appellant.	Decreed for respondent.	Total decided.	Transferred.	Pending.	Pending more than three months.	Old cases.	New institutions.	Accepted.	Rejected.	Total.	Transferred.	Pending.	Pending more than three months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Lieut.-Col. C. M. Dallas, C.S.I., I.A. ...	Ambala	62	225	...	...	13	224	237	13	37	1	77	216	27	206	233	...	60	2	
The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I. ...	Jullundur	44	337	160	80	41	50	331	...	44	9	49	467	137	321	458	3	49	5	
The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan ...																				
H. A. Casson, Esquire, C.S.I. ...	Lahore	42	91	...	1	18	92	111	...	22	9	128	664	133	600	733	9	50	11	
The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I. ...																				
Lieut.-Col. F. Popham Young, C.I.E., I.A. ...	Rawalpindi	24	234	11	1	11	151	174	...	84	27	133	587	108	440	548	...	172	48	
W. C. Renouf, Esquire, I.C.S. ...																				
C. J. Hallifax, Esquire, I.C.S. ...	Multan	11	77	42	...	25	21	88	...	...	...	23	705	74	626	700	4	24	...	
The Hon'ble, Mr. A. H. Diack, C.V.O. ...	Financial Commissioners. Revisions ...	28	258	163	12	25	49	249	6	31	4	47	264	25	269	294	2	15	7	
The Hon'ble Mr. M. W. Fenton, K.C.S.I. ...																				
The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I. ...	Appeals ...	8	8	...	2	3	7	12	...	4	...	11	107	13	90	103	2	13	3	
	Total ...	219	1,230	376	96	136	594	1,202	19	222	50	468	3,010	517	2,552	3,069	20	383	76	

REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

PUNJAB

FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1916.

Lahore:
PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRINTING, PUNJAB,
1917.

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1917.

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No. 491—53-H-6.

FINANCIAL COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE:
Dated Lahore, the 19th February 1917.

FROM

MILES IRVING, ESQUIRE, I.C.S.,

Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners,
Punjab,

To

THE HON'BLE MR. J. P. THOMPSON, I.C.S.,

Chief Secretary to Government, Punjab.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. J Maynard, C.S.I., I.C.S.
The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, I.C.S.

SIR,

I AM directed to submit the Annual Report on the Land Revenue Administration of the Punjab for the agricultural year ending the 30th September, 1916.

2. The office of Financial Commissioner was held from 1st October 1915 to 13th May 1916 by the Hon'ble Mr. (now Sir) A. H. Diack, C. V. O., and from 1st June 1916 to the end of the year by the Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I., I.C.S.

Sir M. W. Fenton, K.C.S.I., was Financial Commissioner from 1st October 1915 to 14th January 1916 and the Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, I.C.S., from 15th January 1916 to the end of the year, holding charge of both posts of Financial Commissioner from the 14th to the 31st May, 1916.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

MILES IRVING,

Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners,
Punjab.

333 FC—334—23-2-17—SGPP Lahore.

Proceedings of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture (Revenue), No. 6684, dated 28th March 1917.

READ—

The Annual Report on the Land Revenue Administration of the Punjab for the year ending 30th September 1916, forwarded with letter No. 491—53 H. C., dated 26th February 1917, from the Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab.

REMARKS.—The character of the seasons in 1915-16 was distinctly unfavourable for agriculture. The monsoon arrived late and never really penetrated with full strength into the province, with the result that the area sown for the autumn harvest was 23 per cent. below the normal, while the matured area was 35 per cent. less than that of the previous year. The rainfall in September was indeed sufficient over the greater part of the province for the sowing of the rabi crop, and the sown area, though 13 per cent. less than in the previous year, was 2 per cent. above the normal. Owing, however, to the almost complete failure of the winter rains nearly a quarter of the crops sown failed to mature, and the crop actually harvested was in area 23 per cent. less than in 1915. In round figures only 19½ million acres of crops were raised in both harvests against over 28 millions in the previous year. Of those 19½ million acres 8 millions were irrigated by canals, the limited supplies of which were taxed to the uttermost, but were distributed with care and discrimination. It is clear that the steady expansion of irrigation in the last 20 years alone stands between the province and serious famine in an unfavourable year such as that under review. The adverse climatic conditions of the year are reflected in the large increase in the amount of land revenue which had to be suspended. Such suspensions, which were given chiefly in the south-east of the province and in the Rawalpindi Division, amounted to over Rs. 12¾ lakhs as compared with Rs. 1½ lakhs in the previous year and an average of Rs. 5 lakhs, and very little of the balance suspended in previous years could be collected. Prices were however on the whole good, cotton in particular recovering from Rs. 4-4-0 to Rs. 6-9-0 per maund, and the high prices of agricultural produce, though they continued to press severely on the consumer, helped to compensate the agriculturists for the deficiency in outturn.

2. The fixed land revenue demand rose from Rs. 217 lakhs to over Rs. 226 lakhs. New assessments in Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Sialkot and Gujrat accounted for an increase of Rs. 12 lakhs while another lakh was due to the formation of new estates in Gujranwala. There has been a nominal decrease of about Rs. 4¼ lakhs due to the erroneous exclusion of new assessments in two tahsils of the Sialkot District from the fixed revenue roll. Leaving out of account the amount under suspension at the end of the year and irrecoverable and undetermined balances, the whole of the demand put down for collection was recovered with the exception of Rs. 8,000, and this was effected without recourse to the issue of coercive processes on an abnormal scale. His Honour agrees with the Financial Commissioners in considering that the facility with which the realizable demand was collected in so unfortunate a year is a convincing testimony to the general moderation and elasticity of the fixed land revenue of the province.

3. Collections of fluctuating land revenue fell by nearly Rs. 6½ lakhs to about Rs. 122 lakhs, the decrease being due to the failure of the rains and low river floods which prejudiced the working of inundation canals. There was also a falling off of over Rs. 3 lakhs in the collections of "other land revenue" owing partly to the continually decreasing amounts to be realized from purchasers of proprietary rights in the older colonies, and partly to the contraction of receipts from single harvest leases which marks the progress of permanent allotment in the Lower Bari Doab colony. Purchase of proprietary right by Government tenants and sales of Government waste land between them account for an income of over Rs. 30 lakhs, and it is important to remember that this is not recurring income, but a realisation of capital.

4. In spite of the trying conditions of the year the number of coercive processes issued fell by 10 per cent. to 16,129, of which about 11,000 were merely writs of demand. In only 10 cases was resort to imprisonment necessary, and only in three was immovable property attached. The Multan division again accounted for more than half the total number of processes and this, as in the previous year, is attributed to the special efforts which are being made to enforce punctuality of payment. In Lyallpur, where a demand of 1¼ crores of rupees was collected, only 138 processes had to be executed, a most striking proof of the prosperity of the district and of the good effects of insisting on punctual payments from the outset. As the Deputy Commissioner remarks, promptness in payment is very much a matter of habit and tradition.

The experiment made in Gujranwala of serving revenue processes through the post has been successful in accelerating the disposal of cases and in enabling some reduction of subordinate establishment to be effected. The Financial Commissioners will doubtless take steps to have the system extended to other districts.

5. The settlements of Lahore, Sialkot, Gujrat and Shahpur were concluded during the year. In all four cases, as the report points out, operations lasted longer and cost more than was originally anticipated, but even so from a financial point of view all were fully justified. The eventual enhancement of assessments will amount to over Rs. 13 lakhs, while the total cost was less than Rs. 14 lakhs. Final reports on the Lower Chenab colony, Dehra-Hamirpur and Lahore settlements were received by Government, and orders were passed on the first and last of these and on the Ferozepore and Hoshiarpur-Una reports which had been submitted previously. Detailed orders on the Dehra-Hamirpur report have been deferred till the completion of settlement operations in the rest of the district. At the close of the year operations were in progress in Jullundur, Kangra, Simla and Ambala. In Jullundur the settlement has now been completed. In Kangra and Simla orders have been passed on the assessment reports of two tahsils each. In Ambala operations started on 1st October 1916 and re-measurement and map correction have been finished in two tahsils. Within the last few years the scope of settlement operations from being much above the normal has fallen considerably below it, and the Lieutenant-Governor fears that the transition has been the cause of some hardship to the establishments concerned, though all measures possible are being taken to alleviate it.

The conclusion of settlement operations in Gujrat, Sialkot, Ferozepore and Hoshiarpur has naturally led to a demand for the adjustment of cash rents of occupancy tenants, and the number of suits for enhancement of such rents was double the number of the previous year. The single district of Gujrat accounts for over two-thirds of the total figures for the province. Apart from this temporary dislocation the relations between landlords and tenants in the province continue to be normal and satisfactory, and while rents are steadily rising with the increase in outturn and prices, there is nor eason to believe that the tenants as a body are being rack-rented or are unable to defend their interests. The mobility of the Punjab peasant and the high wages of labour are an effective safeguard against any inequitable exploitation.

6. Much useful work was done in connection with settlement operations by the Punjab riverain detachment of the Survey of India both on the Sutlej, Beas and Indus rivers and in the hills of Kangra and Simla. No further progress was made with the delimitation of the inter-provincial boundary on the Jumna, but the boundary of Jammu State and Gurdaspur district was finally settled.

7. The arrangement under which a special official has been appointed in four districts in order to make the contents of the revenue record room more readily accessible to litigants has worked successfully, and the income to Government from copying charges and fees for the official's attendance in court has in each case largely exceeded his salary. The Chief Court has asked that

the system should be extended to the whole province, and the question is now under consideration.

8. The supply in the perennial canals though unusually low was on the whole satisfactorily distributed: irrigation from the Upper Jhelum canal started in Gujrat, and a perennial supply was for the first time given from the Upper Chenab canal in the Gujranwala district. This canal is causing a good deal of water logging both in Sialkot and Gujranwala, but it is satisfactory to learn that the measures taken to cope with the evil are having good results, and that the remedial action taken on the Lower Chenab canal in Gujranwala has arrested further deterioration and is restoring some of the damaged land to agriculture. The question is however one which requires the vigilant attention both of Revenue and Irrigation officers in all canal-irrigated districts, as a recurrence of the evils observed in parts of Karnal and on the upper reaches of the Lower Chenab canal would bring serious discredit on the administration. Inadequate rainfall and the consequent low level of the rivers affected the majority of both major and minor inundation canals, and there was a large falling off in the areas irrigated from the Upper Sutlej canals, the Gurgaon bunds, the Rangoi canals in Hissar, the Grey and Nammal canals and the various systems in the Montgomery district. The Chenab and Indus canals in Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan are, however, reported to have worked well, and there was a small increase in the area watered by the Shah Nahr canal in Hoshiarpur.

9. The demand for loans for land improvement was even smaller than in the previous year. Less than Rs. 1½ lakhs was advanced under Act XIX of 1883, and His Honour agrees with the Financial Commissioners that the reasons for the decline require careful investigation. With the development of the Agricultural Department and the steadily growing confidence of the people in its activities and in the protection afforded by Government against taxation of improvements before the cost has been fully recouped, the demand for loans for permanent land improvements should be increasing year by year, not diminishing. The fact that remissions of land revenue were given for 680 wells fallen out of use and protective certificates for 7,677 new wells is a demonstration of the liberal policy of Government. But on the other hand out of 3,764 new wells sunk during the year, only 394 were helped with takavi advances. The Punjabi cultivator is generally quick to appreciate the value of any project that affects his pocket, and the Lieutenant-Governor is constrained to agree with the view given in the report that in most districts the matter is receiving less attention than it deserves, and that district officers and their subordinates should make greater efforts to popularize and facilitate loans for such purposes as the sinking of strainer tubes, the purchase of iron Persian wheels and the construction of embankments. The Financial Commissioners rightly point out that, though co-operative credit societies may in part be taking the place of Government in respect of such loans, they are not in a position to finance to any considerable extent the requirements of agriculture in respect of long term loans needed for permanent improvements. Sir Edward Maclagan's Committee on co-operation recommended that at any rate in the case of loans for works requiring the united labour of a number of peasants or affecting the lands of several proprietors, Government should advance the necessary sums to co-operative societies which should in turn distribute them to the actual persons requiring the loans, and possibly this system might popularize the taking of loans for works of permanent value. But such cases will be comparatively few and the responsibility must rest with district officers in respect of the bulk of the loans under Act XIX of 1883. As His Honour remarked in last year's review, much more could be done by a judicious loan policy without attempting to create an artificial demand, and the fact that 101 new wells were constructed last year with takavi advances in the single district of Ferozepore is a practical proof of the correctness of that view.

The failure of the rains and the scarcity of fodder were responsible for a very large enhancement from about Rs. 2½ lakhs to Rs. 8 lakhs in the amount

advanced under the Agriculturist Loans Act (XII of 1884), and the liberal advances—Rs. 3·6 lakhs - in the districts of Gurgaon, Rohtak and Hissar, enabled the zamindars to take advantage of the good monsoon of 1916 and to retrieve their position.

10. 'Financial' considerations preclude any progress being made at present in the notification of further areas in Ambala and Hoshiarpur under sections 4 and 5 of the Chos Act, but the herding and pasturing of camels in areas already notified under the Act in Hoshiarpur was forbidden during the year and a sum of about Rs. 12,000 is being paid as compensation to the camel-owners affected. Compensation awarded in Ambala in consequence of the notification in the previous year of certain areas under section 4 of the Act amounted to Rs. 82,000. But while it has been necessary temporarily to call a halt in these operations, Mr. Fagan's testimony based on personal observation of past and present conditions furnishes most encouraging evidence that the restrictions already imposed and the actual afforestation which has been effected are producing perceptible and valuable results in Hoshiarpur and Ambala. His remarks receive striking corroboration from the conclusions arrived at in the final report of the Hoshiarpur Settlement, and the Lieutenant-Governor would be glad to receive proposals for proceeding with the operations in the coming year.

11. Owing mainly to canal extensions the total cultivated area of the province rose by 260,000 acres, but for the first time in five years the area mortgaged exceeded the area redeemed—by about 6,000 acres. The cultivated area mortgaged was indeed slightly less than in the previous year, but the area of cultivated land redeemed was less than in any of the previous 10 years. Only 2,708 cases were disposed of under the Redemption of Mortgages Act, though the total number of mortgages redeemed in the province was 95,641. The proportion is not large, and, as the Financial Commissioners remark, the Act does not appear to have had an appreciable effect on the total cultivated area redeemed. It has however been in force for two years only, and while it is perhaps too soon to pronounce definitely on its working, it is satisfactory to learn that most district officers consider that it provides a simple machinery for redeeming small mortgages. The total area in which proprietary rights were sold was about 13,000 acres more than in 1914-15, but this was largely due to speculative purchases of waste land in the *thal* of Muzaffargarh and Mianwali, in anticipation of the construction of the Sind Sagar canal. By transfers of all kinds as a whole agriculturists were the losers to the extent of about 6,700 acres. The average sale price of cultivated land rose from Rs. 180 to Rs. 216 per acre. The Financial Commissioners however observe that these figures do not give a reliable indication of the real selling price of land owing to the fact that when cultivated and uncultivated lands are sold in one transaction there is no means of ascertaining the portion of the price which represents the value of the cultivated land. But the fact that in the province as a whole the sale value of land represented 151 times the land revenue as against 144 times in the previous year and 66 times in 1896-97, is the most remarkable testimony to the steady and extraordinary rise in values within the present generation. The Financial Commissioners also point out that a provincial average price has little economic meaning in view of the wide variety of local conditions. This is evident from the figures given in Statement XXIV, from which it appears that while the general average sale price of both cultivated and uncultivated land is Rs 98·5 per acre it varies from Rs. 437 per acre in Jullundur to Rs. 13 per acre in Muzaffargarh; in Amritsar the price is Rs. 395, in Lahore Rs. 322, in Lyallpur Rs. 288, Ludhiana Rs. 239, Sialkot Rs. 234 and Hoshiarpur Rs. 206, and the only districts besides Muzaffargarh where it is below the average are Hissar, Gurgaon, Karnal, Attock, Mianwali, Jhang and Dera Ghazi Khan.

12. There was an increase of about 7,000 in the number of cases decided by Revenue Officers and a small increase in the pending file. The number of revenue judicial appeals was however less than in the previous year and the pending file of the courts of Commissioners and of the Financial Commissioners

amounted to only 191 cases at the close of the year. The executive appeals pending with those officers have however risen from 383 to 495.

Touring by the Commissioners, Ambala (62 days), Lahore (62) and Rawalpindi (70) appear *primâ facie* inadequate.

13. The extracts from the Lyallpur district report give an interesting account of the mobilization of the four grantee camel corps for active service. The task was one of no small difficulty and its successful accomplishment reflects credit both on the Deputy Commissioner and on the Officers Commanding the corps. The Army Department has already been addressed regarding the necessity for compensating as soon as possible the owners of camels that have died on active service, and their attention has been drawn to the difficulties that must inevitably prevent the prompt replacement of casualties.

Mr. Kitchin is to be congratulated on the reductions of colony staff and on the curtailment of work which he has been able to effect. He is perfectly correct in his assumption that it is the policy of Government that the methods of ordinary district administration should now obtain in Lyallpur and that the special features of the colony system should no longer be retained.

14. In paragraph 3 of the extract from the Lahore report reference is made to the question regarding the rate at which nazrana-paying grantees in the Chunian colony are entitled to purchase proprietary rights. The Lieutenant-Governor has now held that though it was probably not intended that the rules under which proprietary rights could be acquired for Rs. 12-8-0 per acre should apply to this class of grantees, it is arguable that the rules, as published, do in fact apply to them, and to avoid even the imputation of any breach of faith on the part of Government he has decided that they shall be permitted to acquire proprietary rights at the very lenient rate which they may have been led to expect would be offered to them.

15. The Revenue Officers of the province of all grades are to be congratulated on the efficiency and success with which their work was discharged throughout the year in spite of a depleted staff and many urgent calls on their service in connection with the war, all of which were promptly and effectively responded to. The thanks of Government are due to both Financial Commissioners for their capable administration of the great department in their charge.

ORDER.—Ordered that these remarks be printed and circulated with the report, that they be published in the *Punjab Gazette*, communicated to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab, and forwarded to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, with the usual number of spare copies.

By order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab,

H. D. CRAIK,

Revenue Secretary to Government, Punjab.

2506 CS—379-29-3-17—SGPP Lahore.

REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

PUNJAB

FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1916.

General summary of agricultural conditions.

1. Both seasons were unfavourable. The failure of the monsoon reduced the sown area of the autumn harvest to 27 per cent. below that of last year and 23 per cent. below the normal, and the matured area was 35 per cent. below that of last year, percentages of failure being very high in the Ambala and Rawalpindi Divisions. Rainfall in September and October enabled a fair area to be sown for the spring harvest, being only 13 per cent. below that of last year and 2 per cent. above the normal, but deficiency in the winter rains caused 24 per cent. of the sowings to fail and the matured area was 29 per cent. less than last year, failures being most pronounced in the Ambala and Rawalpindi Divisions. The effects of the bad seasons are visible in the large amount of revenue suspended and the contraction of fluctuating land revenue. There was a sharp recovery in the price of cotton which rose from Rs. 4-4-0 to Rs. 6-9-0 and the price of raw sugar also rose. Prices of maize, wheat and rapeseed fell slightly.

Fixed land revenue. Statements Nos. V, VI and VII.

2. The demand for the year on account of fixed land revenue rose from 217 to 226·29 lakhs. An increase of 12 lakhs is due to the announcement of new assessments in the Dehra and Hamirpur Tahsils of Kangra, in Hoshiarpur, in the Jullundur and Nakodar Tahsils of Jullundur, in the Pasrur and Sialkot Tahsils of Sialkot and in Gujrat. Against this increase on account of new assessments is a formal decrease amounting to 4·21 lakhs owing to the new assessments in the Zafarwal Tahsil of Sialkot and part of the Wazirabad Tahsil of Gujranwala not having been brought upon the fixed revenue roll. 1·2 lakhs of increase are due to waste land assessment and formation of new estates, nearly all in Gujranwala where 15 villages have been newly assessed to fixed revenue, and ·74 lakh to deferred enhancements. The gain and loss due to alluvion and diluvion were almost equal. 12½ lakhs of the year's demand remained under suspension at the close of the year, of which over three quarters were in the Hissar, Rohtak and Gurgaon Districts which suffered severely from the unfavourable seasons. Considerable suspensions were also made in Karnal, Gurdaspur, Sialkot and all Districts of the Rawalpindi Division except Mianwali and in Dera Ghazi Khan. Excluding from the demand sums under suspension at the end of the year and 1·8 lakhs of undetermined or irrecoverable balances, there remained 211·97 lakhs for collection of which less than Rs. 8,000 remained uncollected, about half this sum being due from a single land-owner in Hissar whose villages have been attached. Rs. 27,000 were remitted on account of calamities of season, chiefly in Gurgaon and Gurdaspur. It was only possible to collect Rs. 61,000 on account of previous years, but there remain only Rs. 32 not under suspension recoverable on account of previous years. The balance under suspension at the beginning of the year was 3·78 lakhs and 12·77 lakhs more were suspended. Of the total ·57 lakh was collected and ·31 lakh remitted, leaving a balance at the end of the year of 15·66 lakhs of which 12·5 are on account of the year under

report. The above figures combined with those dealt with in paragraph 7, indicating the facility with which collection of realizable demand is made, place in a very favourable right, the Financial Commissioner considers, the general moderation and elasticity of the fixed land revenue of the Province as against the allegations which are not infrequently made to the contrary in certain quarters.

Alluvion and diluvion. Statement No. IX.

3. As a result of alluvion and diluvion operations there was a net increase of Rs. 10,000 added to the fixed land revenue roll. The total assessable area of the province was increased by 9,000 acres, and revenue was enhanced on 53,000 and reduced on 15,000 acres. The action of the Jumna in Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal and Ambala resulted in a small gain. The Sutlej in its upper course in Ambala, Hoshiarpur and Jullundur took as much as it gave, but in Ludhiana, Ferozepore and Lahore owing to the low level of the monsoon floods its action resulted in substantial gain. Most of the Sutlej riverain in Montgomery and Multan is assessed to fluctuating land revenue so the river's action cannot be traced further down its course. The action of the Beas in Kangra, Gurdaspur, Amritsar and Hoshiarpur was unimportant. The Ravi added considerably to the rent roll in Lahore. The Chenab gave on the whole an increase and the Jhelum a decrease, the latter especially in Gujrat. There was a considerable increase in Jhang due to the combined Jhelum and Chenab. The decrease of revenue due to chos was not so great as last year—it was Rs. 876 in Hoshiarpur—the net area lost being about 600 acres. Minor streams gave on the whole a slight increase of revenue.

Fluctuating land revenue, Statement No. VIII,

4. Revenue temporarily excluded from the revenue roll was, as last year, inflated by the practice in Sialkot of excluding the whole of a newly announced demand and not the increase only. The new assessment of Zafarwal Tahsil thus accounts for half the total of 5·4 lakhs. Increased assessments in Lahore account for 1·7 lakhs.

Collections of true fluctuating revenue fell from 128·27 to 121·93 lakhs. There was a decrease of about a lakh in revenue assessed on canal irrigated lands. That portion of it assessed by Deputy Commissioners fell by 2·79 lakhs Multan accounted for 2·15 lakhs, a decrease due to the lowness of floods on the Chenab and Sutlej. There were also decreases in Gujranwala, Mianwali and Montgomery, and increases in Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan. Canal revenue and water-advantage rate assessed by the Canal Department increased by about 1·75 lakhs. There was no great change on the perennial canals in Lahore, Gujranwala, Shahpur, Lyallpur and Jhang, and progress on the Lower Bari Doab caused an increase of half a lakh in Montgomery, but low river floods and consequent bad working of inundation canals caused a drop in the collections of water-advantage rate in Ferozepore, Shahpur and Montgomery. The fluctuating assessment of other than canal irrigated lands fell by 5·34 lakhs. The decrease appears generally in all districts subject to this form of assessment being due to failure of rains and river floods.

There was a balance of Rs. 56,000 of which Rs. 17,000 are on account of owner's rate due from Stud Farms in Lyallpur, collection of which has been suspended pending the result of a reference to Government.

During the year, fixed was substituted for fluctuating assessment in 37 villages of Gurgaon. Purely fluctuating were substituted for partly fixed and partly fluctuating assessments in certain riverain villages of the Raya Tahsil in Sialkot.

Other land revenue. Statement No. VIII.

5. Collections of other land revenue were 38·3, as compared with 41·5 lakhs. Purchase of proprietary rights in Government tenancies accounted for 4·7, as against 6·4 lakhs; most of this is in Lyallpur and Gujranwala, and it is an item which will naturally decrease as the purchase of proprietary right by tenants is completed. The sale of Government waste

lands realized 25·75 lakhs, much the same as last year. Instalments of the purchase price of lands on the Lower Bari Doab and Upper Chenab in Montgomery, Multan, Lyallpur and Gujranwala account for 25 lakhs, and Rs. 64,000 are from *nazrana* on the Lower Jhelum Colony. Rs. 52,000 were realised from the sale of town sites in Shahpur. Receipts from single harvest leases fell from 2·8 to 1·2 lakhs. The decrease was chiefly in Montgomery and Multan and was the result of permanent allotment of colony land. Tirni collections are normal. The uncollected balance rose from Rs. 63,000 to Rs. 92,000. Of this Rs. 30,000 are on account of the previous year and Rs. 28,000 of it are due from the Jalpana estate in Shahpur, as noted in last year's report. This estate has paid little over Rs. 3,000. Of the balances for the year under report Rs. 32,000 are due from Gujranwala, being overdue instalments of the purchase price of proprietary rights on Government waste. A balance of nearly Rs. 9,000 in Montgomery is chiefly on account of a single demand for tirni, the remission of which is under consideration. A balance of Rs. 4,000 in Multan has not been explained. Balances are not heavy in other districts.

Land revenue assignments. Statement No. X.

6. The shrine of Bari Shah Latif which already enjoyed an assignment of the revenue of 300 acres of the village of that name, in present value Rs. 737, was granted the revenue of the rest of the village, present value Rs. 63, as reward for assistance given by the villagers in the capture of a gang of dangerous dacoits. One military reward grant in value Rs. 600 was given in Jhelum. The only lapse of importance was that of a life *jagir* of Rs. 1,836 in Gujranwala: this and minor lapses have reduced the area under assignment from 4,703,000 to 4,676,000, but owing to new assessments the income enjoyed has increased from 31·80 lakhs to 31·83 lakhs. The revision of land revenue assignments was completed in the Jullundur and Gujrat Districts.

Coercive processes. Statement No. XI.

7. There was a slight decrease in the number of coercive processes from 17,952 to 16,129 and in the amount of arrears for the realization of which they were issued from 14½ to 11 lakhs, but these figures are still above those of 1913-14. 92·5 per cent. of the arrears were collected. Collections made after issue of process amounted to 2 per cent. of the total collections made. Of the 16,129 processes issued, 10,931 were writs of demand, and of the remaining 5,198 only 2,782 were executed. Of these 2,038 were for arrest, 10 for imprisonment, 731 for distress or sale of movable property and 3 for attachment of immovable property. More than half the processes executed were as before in the Multan Division, in the Jhang and Multan Districts especially. To some extent recent troubles are the cause of this, but it is largely due, as explained in last year's report, to the steady determination to enforce habits of punctuality on peoples notorious for their dilatoriness. Lyallpur is an example of what can be done in this respect. Though the revenue collected, 1¼ crores, is more than twice that of any other district, only 138 processes required to be executed and to quote the District report "the very satisfactory state of collections in the district is entirely due to the fact that from the beginning up to now neither tahsil nor district officials stand any nonsense from would-be defaulting lambardars." The Financial Commissioner entirely agrees with Mr. Kitchin's opinion that promptness in payment is very much a matter of habit and tradition.

Process serving establishment.

8. In fourteen districts temporary assistance was entertained for short periods for serving coercive processes. In the Gujranwala District the experiment referred to in paragraph 17 of last year's report was tried of serving revenue processes through the post and proved a success: almost all the processes were successfully served and the disposal of cases accelerated. It has been found possible in consequence of this procedure to reduce considerably the establishment of tahsil chaprasis: and the Deputy Commissioner promises to report at the end of the financial year to what extent the saving thus effected is counterbalanced by the increased expenditure on stamps. Such expenditure, it is hardly necessary to observe, is not expenditure by Government unless it entails

an increase of postal establishment, and the Financial Commissioner hopes that what promises to be a useful development will not be checked by considerations of merely apparent cost. In Multan warrants for attachment and sale were served through Field Kanungos.

Progress made in remeasurement, revision of records, etc.

Statements Nos. XII, XII-A. and XIII.

9. As noted in last year's report at the close of that year measurement and records work remained in progress in four settlements, *viz.*, Gujrat, Jullundur, Simla and Kangra. During the year they were completed in the first two, while in Simla the record-of-rights has been finally attested in all but 10 villages. Killabandi has been completed in Gujrat, with the exception of a few villages in which the record is still incomplete. In Kangra attestation was finished in the Palampur Tahsil, but a great deal remains to be done before the record-of-rights is complete; the procedure adopted in this tahsil of pushing on measurement without simultaneous attestation has proved unsuccessful and, in the Kangra and Nurpur Tahsils, attestation is being kept abreast of measurement work. Since the close of the year Government have passed orders on certain questions relating to trees in the Kangra District which will, it is hoped, expedite the completion of the records.

In Simla the assessment reports of the Simla and Kot Khai *ilaqas* were received and orders passed on both. Orders were passed on the assessment reports of the Jullundur and Nakodar Tahsils submitted last year, and reports on the assessment of Nawashahr and Phillaur Tahsils and of urban areas were submitted and orders were passed on them either during the year or shortly after its close. All assessments have now been announced in the Jullundur District and settlement operations will come to a close in March 1917. In Kangra orders were passed on the assessment reports of Palampur, previously submitted, and Kangra, submitted during the year. Orders were received on the assessments of the Lahore Tahsil and of town lands in the Lahore District, the demands announced and the distribution completed. The settlement of Lahore and that of Sialkot, in which the new assessment was introduced in the Zafarwal Tahsil, are now at an end, as are those of Gujrat and Shahpur; in the former, the assessments of the Gojar Circle of Kharian and the Phalia Tahsil were sanctioned and announced and, in the latter, the settlement was concluded with the sanction to and distribution of the assessments of the Shahpur, Bhera and a small portion of the Sargodha Tahsils.

Settlement operations began in Ambala on the 1st October 1915. Remeasurement and map correction have been finished in the tahsils of Rupar and Kharar and the record-of-rights attested in 470 out of 781 villages. The Dera Ghazi Khan settlement began on the 1st October 1916.

Final Settlement Reports.

10. The final reports of the Chenab Colony, Dehra-Hamirpur, Lahore and Gujrat Settlements have been received, and the three former submitted to Government. The orders of Government were received on the Ferozepore and Hoshiarpur-Una reports. The Ferozepore Settlement was confirmed for 30 years subject to the proviso that if within that time a new large canal is opened from the Sutlej the settlement of the villages commanded by it may be revised. The settlement was completed in 4½ years at the cost of 4½ lakhs and the net annual increase to Government will be between 5½ and 6 lakhs. The Hoshiarpur settlement has likewise been confirmed for 30 years. It cost 5½ lakhs and took 4½ years to complete, and resulted in an enhancement of demand of 4¼ lakhs. The term of settlement of the Dera and Hamirpur tahsils of Kangra has been fixed at 30 years, but detailed orders on the report have been deferred pending completion of settlement operations in the other tahsils of the Kangra District.

Comparison of estimates and forecasts in regard to duration, cost and results. Statements Nos. XIII and XIV.

11. Of the four settlements which came to an end during the year that of Lahore was originally expected to last 2½ years and to cost Rs. 1,75,000. These estimates however did not take sufficiently into account the amount of work involved in the revision of the record which it was hoped would be completed more quickly by a preliminary revision

than it was found in practice possible, or the delay in the introduction of orders due to the necessity of referring the case of each tahsil to the Government of India. Operations actually took a year more than was estimated and cost Rs. 3,15,000 to which must be added Rs. 72,000 the cost of preliminary record operations. As the initial annual increase in assessment is Rs. 2,29,000 and the ultimate increase will exceed Rs. 6,65,000 the cost cannot be regarded as excessive.

The Sialkot settlement was expected to take 4 years and cost Rs. 4,67,000. In fact it took 4½ years and cost Rs. 5,13,000. The increase is comparatively insignificant and the ultimate enhancement of over 3 lakhs a year considerable.

In Shahpur the settlement which it was estimated would take 3 years actually took 5, and the cost was 1·8 lakhs as against ·95· estimated. The ultimate annual enhancement will be 1½ lakhs.

In Gujrat the assessment took 3½ years in place of 3 contemplated and cost 3·14 as against 2·86 lakhs. The initial increase is 1·2 while the ultimate increase will be 1¾ lakhs.

In all these settlements although more or less unduly optimistic estimates of cost were made at the outset, the enhancement of assessment has been such as to justify the reassessment even had the cost been far greater than it actually was. Thus in Lahore where under the system of progressive assessments, large initial abatements or temporary reductions of demand were given the total cost will be repaid in less than two years: and the same is the case in Sialkot. In Shahpur the enhancement of one year is nearly sufficient, while in Gujrat, the least productive, 3 years of the initial increase repays the cost.

Satisfactory as these results are it is to be remembered that the justification of a re-settlement of a district does not entirely lie in its financial aspect. It may be desirable in the interests of the people to correct an unequal distribution of the present demand or to rectify a defective record-of-rights. Such were the main reasons for undertaking the Kangra Settlement. This will take more time and money than was anticipated, but will it is expected repay the cost in a reasonable time, while of the benefits which will accrue to the people one has already materialised in the settlement of the question of rights of trees in certain waste lands which has been decided highly to their advantage.

Proposed future settlement operations.

12. Sanction has been received to the general revision of the assessment of the Dera Ghazi Khan District from 1st October 1916. Forecast reports of the Multan District and Sirsa Tahsil have been called for.

Settlement Staff.

13. Three Settlements (Lahore, Gujrat and Shahpur) having come to an end and only one (Ambala) having been started further steps had to be taken to reduce establishment. Seven appointments of Tahsildars were brought under reduction; it was not necessary to reduce the number of Naib Tahsildars as those who could not be provided for in other settlements during the summer of 1916 were utilised in work preliminary to the Dera Ghazi Khan Settlement. Large reductions have been necessary among kanungos, and special measures have been taken to secure as far as possible the absorption on district staffs of settlement kanungos whose posts are thus reduced. The number of reductions in the 2nd grade of kanungos has made it necessary to suspend promotion to the first grade, in order that the proportion of 1st grade kanungos to the whole may not exceed one-fourth.

Surveys.

14. Riverain surveys were carried out by the Punjab Riverain detachment of the Survey Department on the Sutlej, Beas and Indus in connection with the Ambala, Jullundur, Kangra and Dera Ghazi Khan settlements. The work included 155 linear miles of main circuits and 751 of minor traverses and 4,431 theodolite stations were fixed in an area of 559 square miles which is under

water action, and 1,000 square miles were demarcated with permanent mark stones in Kangra, Hoshiarpur and Gurdaspur. 852 plotted and 142 boundary sheets were supplied to Settlement Officers. The cost was Rs. 28,706. The Kangra special survey under the same party traversed and triangulated 2,162 linear and 300 square miles of the district area and 12,067 stations were fixed by theodolite in 575 *tikas* (hamlets). 3,542 plotted sheets of 792 *tikas* were supplied to the Settlement Officer. The cost was Rs. 43,881. The same party completed work in the Kotgarh Tahsil of Simla; they traversed and triangulated 1,066 linear and 15 square miles and fixed 1,153 stations by theodolite. 256 plotted sheets of 70 villages were supplied to the Settlement Officer. Cost Rs. 3,033. Minor operations were special surveys of the Attock oil fields, of the Kangra Road and Lahore Cantonment boundaries, at a total cost of Rs. 2,267. The cost rates per square mile were more than last year being Rs. 146·2 and Rs. 209·2 for the Kangra and Simla surveys, respectively. The excess is due mainly to the fact that in Kangra during the year under report the preparation and supply of plotted sheets as compared with field work formed a larger proportion of the total operations than in the previous years while in Simla more stations per square mile were fixed.

Topographical Survey Operations were continued under No. 2 Party (N. C.) of the Survey of India which surveyed an area of 2,206 square miles on the 1-inch scale in Gurgaon, Hissar and Rohtak Districts, and in Dujana, Jind, Loharu, Nabha, Patiala and Pataudi States.

Boundaries.

15. A minor alteration of boundaries was made between the districts of Amritsar and Sialkot consequent on a change in the course of the Ravi. A block of land under colonization in the Lower Bari Doab was transferred from Multan to Montgomery, in order to make the district boundary coincide with the irrigation boundary between distributaries. The case of the fixed boundary on the Jamna has not progressed since last year's report. The boundary dispute between villages of Gurgaon and Alwar State remains unsettled, and there is a dispute between a village of Hissar and Bikaner and three cases pending between Jullundur and Kapurthala. The Jammu boundary with Gurdaspur has been finally settled, but there are questions outstanding in connection with Sialkot. An area disputed between Mianwali and Kohat has been left till next settlement as a common grazing ground to the villages concerned as it was found that it would require an extensive survey to determine to which of the two districts the debateable land belonged. There is a dispute between Mianwali and Bannu which still awaits disposal.

Revenue Record Room.

16. The accommodation in revenue record rooms is reported sufficient in Hissar, Karnal, Lyallpur, Hoshiarpur, Gujrat, Amritsar, Montgomery and Muzaffargarh, while Simla, Jullundur, Ludhiana, Mianwali, Sialkot, Jhelum, Rawalpindi and Dera Ghazi Khan required improvement which could not be attended to owing to the war stringency. There is, however, no serious complaint of congestion except in Kangra.

The Copying Agency has been giving satisfaction practically everywhere. Sanction to the introduction of new rules has not yet been received.

The experiment of appointing a Naib Sadar Kanungo to help the Civil Courts in the utilization of revenue records has proved a success in all four districts where it is being tried, namely, Jullundur, Hoshiarpur, Ferozepore and Mianwali.

Other matters.

17. Rs. 39,000 were paid by currency notes in 10 districts on account of land revenue, Government having tentatively sanctioned this method of payment throughout the province for a period of two years. Half of this was in the Gujranwala District, and in this and other districts complaint is made that Arzirsals are not sent with the remittance. A certain amount of inconvenience is also caused by the fact that odd sums have to be made up in stamps. There does not, however, appear to have been any serious difficulty in crediting the

amounts received. Nearly 18 lakhs were remitted by Money Order. An experiment has been made in girdawari by appraisement of produce in each district under settlement or colonization. The matter has been noticed only in the Jullundur, Sialkot, Shahpur and Montgomery reports. In the first three of these the opinion is expressed that the system is beyond the capacity of the revenue staff. Results in Montgomery have been compared with actual outturns recorded on Mr. Conville's farm and show a fair degree of accuracy. Pending further results the Financial Commissioners reserve their opinion on the success of the experiment.

In the districts of Amritsar, Jhang and Multan the practice permitted by Standing Order No 56, paragraph 18, prevails of the Wasil Baqi Navis of the Sadr Tahsil sitting in the Treasury Officer's room during the time for paying in land revenue. This saves a great deal of time to payers and should be more widely adopted. Many districts now report a system by which a date is fixed for the payment of revenue by each village. This obviates much inconvenience.

Enhancement of rent. Statement No. XV.

18. The number of suits brought for enhancement of rent (2,768) and that of successful suits (2,271) were both double last year's figures. As in last year Gujrat is the chief contributor, no less than 1,880 of the suits being brought in that district, a result of the new assessments. No suits were brought in the Multan Division, and few in the Ambala Division or the other districts of Rawalpindi. There is still a considerable volume of cases in Jullundur and Hoshiarpur, and there is a marked increase in Ferozepore and Sialkot in both of which districts it is noted that cash rents are rising with prices. There were only 6 suits for reduction of rent.

Ejectments. Statement No. XVI.

19. There were 92 decrees for ejectments of occupancy tenants under section 39 of the Act, 66 of these were in Hoshiarpur and Shahpur, and in each case ejectment was actually made. The total number of ejectments of occupancy tenants actually made in the Province was 96. There was a slight drop in the number of applications for service of notice to tenants-at-will, and the ejectments actually made fell from 6,099 to 4,881. The Deputy Commissioner of Sialkot refers to litigation arising out of *killabandi* operations, when influential owners refuse to relinquish possession of *killas* allotted to others. *Killabandi* is technically and legally a partition, and section 122, Land Revenue Act, provides a remedy in such cases.

Descent of Jagirs Act.

20. The rule of primogeniture was notified as existing in the Jagir of Malik Mohammad Yaqub Khan of Mitha Tiwana in the Shahpur District.

Canals under departmental management.

21. There was a slight increase of irrigation from the Western Jumna Canal in Karnal attributed to the poor monsoon of 1915 which caused more demand for canal water: in Hissar and Rohtak irrigation from this canal fell slightly. The Sirhind Canal increased its irrigation in Ludhiana and Ferozepore, insufficient rainfall again being the cause, which is also assigned as the reason for an increase of water taken from the Upper Bari Doab in Amritsar. The Upper Chenab Canal irrigated portions of the Daska, Pasrur and Raya Tahsils of Sialkot and the Hafizabad and Wazirabad Tahsils of Gujranwala. In the latter district perennial irrigation was for the first time introduced. In both districts there are serious complaints of water-logging from this canal. The matter has been reported to Government and orders have been issued with a view to improving existing drainages and deepening and extending the seepage drains. So far as this has already been done the Deputy Commissioner of Gujranwala reports that it has had good results. Those who have suffered most have received compensatory grants of land on the Upper Chenab. Some damage is reported in Sialkot as due to syphons under the canal being of insufficient discharge to carry off flood water. Supplies are reported as sufficient on the Lower Jhelum Canal. Irrigation from the Upper Jhelum began in Gujrat; the Financial Commissioner has received a report of damage in one village done by floods. The Deputy Com-

missioner of Lyallpur reports that in spite of the scarcity of water in the river the distribution of water from the Lower Chenab Canal all over the colony was very satisfactory. Kennedy gauge outlets are being introduced very generally: they do not appear as yet to have won favour with the cultivators, but the reason for this, if it is anything but conservatism, is not given. There were some complaints of shortage in Jhang. The Upper Sutlej Inundation Canals did not work well owing to a deficient supply in the river, and the same cause accounts for shrinkage which appears, but not nearly to the same extent, in the irrigation from the Lower Sutlej Canals. Supplies in the Sidhnai Canal system were poor and in the Chenab Inundation Canals in Multan fair. The Chenab and Indus Canals in Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan worked well. The working of the Lower Bari Doab Canal has been fully noticed in the Colony Report.

Canals under district management.

22. Owing to failure of the rains the Gurgaon bunds only matured 1,114 as compared with 6,002 acres last year. The demand was Rs. 2,229 including Rs. 1,484 on account of water-rate, and the expenditure Rs. 13,890; establishment Rs. 3,492, contingencies Rs. 500 and maintenance Rs. 9,898. For the same reason the area irrigated by the Rangoi Canal in Hissar was small and the Sarusti Canal in Karnal was to some extent affected by the same cause, the irrigated area falling from 22,015 to 21,303 acres, and receipts from water-rate from Rs. 37,724 to Rs. 26,787. Expenditure was Rs. 16,835, establishment and contingencies Rs. 8,902 and maintenance Rs. 7,933. The Chautang Canal in the same district is designed to be fed from surplus water from the Sirsa Canal but failed from lack of supply. The system of irrigation from the Sarusti Nadi in Kaithal Tahsil worked well. It is reported that some improvement is urgently needed to the drainage of the Naili tract in the Guhla Sub-Tahsil which is notorious for unhealthiness. A scheme for controlling the waters of the Markanda which cause these floods is now being worked out. Irrigation from water channels in Kangra (locally called *kuhls*) gave rise to a good many disputes which caused some trouble in those cases in which the old revenue records throw no light on the shares of water. This defect is being removed at the present settlement. The Shah Nahr Canal in Hoshiarpur irrigated 14,125 as compared with 13,981 acres; receipts were Rs. 28,673 and expenditure Rs. 34,454. The increase of Rs. 6,327 in expenditure, as compared with last year, is chiefly due to repairs to the damaged Head Regulator. The canal has a closing balance of Rs. 28,139. The area irrigated by the Grey Canals fell from 183,532 to 13 ,560 acres, and the water advantage assessment from Rs. 83,172 to Rs. 60,856. Government has sanctioned a grant to the Canal Fund of Rs 25,000 per annum for five years, and the new scheme for the management and control of the canals was introduced during the year under report. Owing to the failure of the rains the Nammal Canal only irrigated 3,148 as compared with 14,058 acres, but the neighbouring hill torrent villages had hardly a green blade, and the area dependent on the lake profited considerably by the steady run of the spring water which continued to give about 9 cusecs despite the drought. The lake was filled to twice the previous maximum by the rains of 1916. The system of embankments on the Indus in the same district gave good results and the Kuram Canals worked well. In Montgomery the low level of the Sutlej which, as has been seen, affected the Upper Sutlej and Grey Canals, caused irrigation on the Kitchin system to fall from 39,855 to 9,171 acres, on the Mehdi Khan Canal from 7,833 to 4,693 acres, on the Sanatekke and Tibbi Bands from 18,563 to 9,175 acres, on the Mary Band from 2,472 to 778 acres and on the George Cut from 4,876 to 2,096 acres. The water-rate demand on the Kitchin and Mehdi Khan Canals was Rs. 10,150 and expenditure Rs. 26,266. There was a decrease in the irrigation from the Ravi Canals from 7,459 to 1,706 acres.

Land Acquisition Act.

23. Four thousand and thirteen acres were acquired for public purposes for Rs. 3,88,161. The average price per acre comes to Rs. 97 as compared with Rs. 165 last year. Out of this forty-five acres were acquired for roads at an average

price of Rs. 430 per acre, 3,415 for canals, and 381 for railways, the land for canals at Rs. 68 and that for railways at Rs. 200 per acre, respectively.

Loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act (XIX of 1883). Statements Nos. XVII, XIX, XX, XXI and XXII.

24. There was a further drop this year in the amount advanced for improvements from 1·9 to 1·4 lakhs. The reasons for the comparatively feeble demand for these loans require careful investigation. Partly no doubt it is that no very widespread taste for permanent agricultural improvements has as yet been aroused. Loans for the objects referred to in paragraph 8 of the Government review of last year's report, the sinking of strainer tubes in wells and the purchase of iron Persian wheels are indeed mentioned in more than one district report, but the fact remains that as a whole the agriculturists of the province are as yet deficient in the effective and practical appreciation of the value of agricultural improvements of a permanent kind. It is no doubt the case that to some extent loans from Co-operative Credit Societies are taking the place of loans from Government, but the long term loans required for improvements such as the construction of wells which repay capital expenditure only after a considerable period can scarcely be financed to any large extent from the former source. *Primâ facie* therefore the growth of Co-operative Credit Societies should not interfere to any material extent, at all events directly, with the demand for loans under Act XIX of 1883. Variation between districts depends of course to a considerable extent on the scope which local agricultural conditions provide for improvements. The same demand for loans for well construction cannot be expected in Hissar as in Sialkot or Jullundur; but the Financial Commissioners have no doubt that a dominating factor in the demand for takavi loans for permanent improvements is the extent to which the district officer and his revenue subordinates interest themselves in the matter and take practical steps to render them popular and to remove the official difficulties which tend to handicap Government loans in favour of those from other sources. So far as the Financial Commissioners' experience goes they believe that there is considerable neglect on the part of Tahsildars of their duties in this important matter. In the province as a whole 3,366 new wells were sunk without advances, 506 more than last year, but the number sunk with the aid of advances has decreased from 411 to 394, and is considerable only in Gurgaon, Jullundur, Ferozepore (101) Sialkot, Multan and Muzaffargarh. Remissions of land revenue were given for 680 wells fallen out of use and protective certificates for 7,677 new wells. Of these last 6,329 were given in the course of the Jullundur, Lahore and Sialkot settlements. 2·4 lakhs were collected on account of principal, leaving Rs. 14,000 arrears. Collections of interest were Rs. 98,000 and the arrears less than Rs. 6,000. Arrears, both of principal and interest, were less than last year. They are chiefly in Multan, Attock and Gujranwala. The interest collected represented Rs. 6-10-5. per cent. of the mean balance outstanding. The average percentage in the last 10 years has been Rs. 6-0-6. The provincial gain on the year's working was Rs. 44,779.

Loans under the Agriculturists Loans Act (XII of 1884). Statements Nos. XVIII, XX, XXI and XXII.

25. The sum advanced under the Agriculturists Loans Act rose from 2·6 to 8 lakhs. Of this 3·6 lakhs were in the districts of Hissar, Rohtak and Gurgaon, where a bad year followed by favourable prospects for sowing caused great demand for bullocks and seed. In Gurdaspur considerable advances were made to villages that had suffered from floods. There was a severe fodder famine in Gujrat and over Rs. 20,000 were advanced for the purchase of bhusa. Advances for the purchase of fodder were also given in Shahpur, in Jhelum, into which district over 82,000 maunds of bhusa were imported, and in Attock. Large advances were made in Mianwali to replace cattle lost in the fodder famine. Nearly Rs. 50,000 were advanced in Montgomery. A good deal of this was to new colonists. Rs. 82,000 were distributed in Muzaffargarh and Rs. 45,000 in Dera Ghazi Khan where there was considerable distress, especially among the Mazaris, Gurchanis, Bozdars and the hill sections of the Legharis. In the latter district the greater portion of the produce of the Dhundi estate was distributed to the

Tumandars as advances in kind. The balance outstanding at the end of the year rose from 3·8 to 8·3 lakhs. Arrears on account of principal rose from Rs. 25,000 to Rs. 90,000. They are most serious in Gujrat, Jhelum, Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan which districts account for Rs. 66,000. The Financial Commissioner has ascertained that these arrears are being collected with the kharif instalment. Arrears of interest are not important. The interest realised only amounted to Rs. 3—5 per cent. on the mean balance, and there was a provincial loss of Rs. 816 on the year's working, a result due to most of the advances having been made towards the end of the year. The average rate of interest received on mean balances for the past 10 years is Rs. 4-14-1.

Forest Act and Government lands. Statement No. XXIII.

26. The forest settlement of the area to be reserved as an irrigated plantation at Chichawatni in the Montgomery District has been completed and will shortly be submitted to Government, and reports have also been received dealing with the reservation of small areas on the same canal for the browsing of camels on the line of march. In Kangra 56,000 acres of forests taken over from the Forest Department have been administered during the year by the Deputy Commissioner. The experiment so far as it has proceeded promises to yield good results, and it has been recommended that a further area be transferred; but definite orders for the transfer of specific areas will have to be postponed until a decision has been reached on a proposal to start a system of rotational closures which has been put forward by the Inspector-General of Forests and is now before Government. The vexed question of the rights in trees growing in Kangra waste lands has at last been settled by the decision of Government to abandon all claims to trees in waste areas definitely recorded as Dakhil Bachh in Lyall's Settlement except where areas in Dakhil Bachh waste have been included in demarcated protected forests. An announcement to this effect was made by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in Darbar at Kangra on 25th October 1916.

The Shahpur Kandi forests yielded a net income of over Rs. 1,300 of which Rs. 1,100 were by consent of the committee representing the right-holders paid into the Pahari Co-operative Bank as was done last year.

In Jhelum the scheme for providing browsing for the camels of the 52nd Corps has been modified after further consideration of the rights of villages in the forests, and will soon be ready for final approval.

Little or nothing so far has been done for the development of the Guzara forests of the Murree and Kahuta hills in pursuance of the notification (No. 246, dated 11th May 1914) enabling improvement fellings to be carried out. For such action the active co-operation of the people is essential, and this can only be secured by practical demonstration that the methods proposed are to their profit. As a tentative measure an officer has been appointed for three months as Guzara Development Officer to examine the situation with a view to a decision as to the extent to which it is possible to improve these forests.

Government has sanctioned the proposal to place the management of the Dera Ghazi Khan District forests entirely in the Deputy Commissioner's hands. A working plan for their management is awaited.

The area of unclassed forests and Government waste land has decreased by 63,000 acres. The figures are however in some cases doubtful. There is an increase of 17,000 acres in Gujrat due to disafforestation of land for colonization, and of 11,000 in Shahpur largely due to transfer of colonists to the Upper Jhelum Canal. In Montgomery the area has increased by 41,000 and in Multan has decreased by 1,25,000 acres. This is partly the result of a charge of boundaries, the net decrease being due to colonization.

Punjab Land Preservation (Chos) Act.

27. The need for economy due to the war has affected operations under the Chos Act, and proposals to notify certain further areas in Ambala and Hoshiarpur under sections 4 and 5 have been postponed until the financial situation improves. The application of section 3 of the Act has been extended to certain additional villages

in the Hoshiarpur District, while in all areas of that district to which that section has been applied the herding or pasturing of camels has been prohibited (notifications Nos. 423 and 424, dated 21st June 1916). Compensation to the value of Rs. 82,250 was paid in Ambala for action taken under section 4, and steps are being taken to distribute about Rs. 12,000 to camel owners in Hoshiarpur on account of the closure of camel-browsing above referred to. The Financial Commissioner, Mr. Fagan, while recently touring through the Kharar and Rupar Tahsils of Ambala and the three western tahsils of Hoshiarpur, took advantage of the opportunity to inspect the progress of afforestation in the Siwalks, and of reclamation of Cho beds in the adjacent plains. His impressions have been embodied in a note. In the two years that have elapsed since section 4 of the Act was put in force in Ambala, there has been a distinct improvement in the forest growth in the hills; section 5 has not yet been extended to any area in this district. In the hill area of Hoshiarpur to which section 4 applies there has been a marked improvement in the growth, both of trees and grass, and in blocks where restrictions under section 5 have been permanently in force for some 12 years, there has been a great improvement: trees and bushes are flourishing and the growth of grass furnishes some villages with a fairly substantial income. Moreover, there are indications of an increased absorption of rainfall and a consequent decrease in the rapidity with which rain water runs off the hills. In the plains there have been a few efforts, in some cases quite successful, at private reclamation. In the Maili Cho to which sections 8—12 of the Act apply results are disappointing. On the whole the results disclosed by the Financial Commissioner's inspection are distinctly promising, though he thinks that more might have been done in the direction of encouraging individual efforts at reclamation in the plains.

General Statement of owned and mortgaged area.
Statement No. III.

28. The area of the Province entered in the revenue records is somewhat over 54½ million acres, of which more than half is cultivated. Fifteen million acres are represented by common lands, village sites and Government property, and of the rest 34 million acres are owned by agricultural tribes and 5½ millions by others. There is a decrease since last year of 1,572 acres in the gross and an increase of 260,585 in the cultivated area recorded. (Last year's total area should have been stated as 54,640,250 acres). Remeasurement in the course of settlement operations has resulted in the large increase of 28,000 acres in the total recorded area of the Lahore District and less marked variations in Gujrat and Shahpur and remeasurements at the quadrennial attestations and alterations of district boundaries account for minor changes elsewhere; the decrease of 29,000 acres in the Dera Ghazi Khan District is, it has been discovered, due to an error in past reported figures. The increase in the cultivated area is largely due to colonization in Montgomery and Gujranwala. Cultivation has also considerably extended in Hissar, Karnal, Ferozepore, Lahore, Lyallpur, Jhang and Multan, but decreased largely in Mianwali owing to the failure of rain. The cultivated area under mortgage has slightly increased, but owing to the expansion of cultivation the percentage mortgaged has fallen from 11·6 to 11·5.

Transfers.
Statements Nos. XXIV—XXVII.

29. The cultivated (ownership) area sold, 106,799 acres, is the smallest that has been recorded in the past 20 years, but there is a noticeable increase in the sale of uncultivated land, of which 126,700 acres (ownership) were transferred as compared with 86,690, the corresponding figure for the previous year. Much of the increase is accounted for by extensive purchases of waste land made in the Thal portion of the Leiah Tahsil of Muzaffargarh in anticipation of the construction of the Sind Sagar Canal. A further larger area of waste amounting to nearly 20,000 acres has been sold in that tract by the *ala maliks* or superior proprietors. The chief purchaser appears to be a member of the legal profession, resident in Lahore, who has bought large areas at prices of less than Re. 1 per acre. The year under report is the second complete year of the working of the Redemption of Mortgages Act, and statement XXVIII shows that 2,708 cases were disposed of under this Act. Most district reports mention the working of the Act with

favour as giving a simple means of redeeming small mortgages, but it cannot be said to have had an appreciable effect on the total cultivated (ownership) area redeemed, the year's figure 210,067 being the lowest for the past 10 years. Indeed the Deputy Commissioner of Sialkot thinks that the Act is seldom invoked except with the object of remortgaging for a higher sum. The cultivated area mortgaged was 227,396 acres; this is less than last year, but it is the first time in the last five years that the area mortgaged has exceeded the area redeemed. The Deputy Commissioner of Lahore suggests that the tendency to prefer mortgage to sale is due to a desire to avoid suits for pre-emption and for declaratory decrees.

Value of land.

30. The average price of cultivated land rose from Rs. 180 to Rs. 216 per acre. This although not so high as the figure of 1913-14 is much higher than in any other preceding year. These figures do not however give a satisfactory guide to the real selling price of land. The only basis for our statistics is the record of actual transactions which do not give separately the price paid for the cultivated and uncultivated land comprised in each, and the average price of cultivated land is conventionally estimated by applying the total price paid to the area of cultivated land sold; in other words, assuming that the uncultivated land has no value. This is of course an untrue assumption especially in the case of land sold for building sites. A provincial average price has of course little real economic meaning in view of the wide variety of local conditions, and of local prices which run from hundreds of rupees per acre for building sites near towns to less than a rupee in the Thal. Auction sales on the Lower Bari Doab are to some extent a guide; the average price was Rs. 179. For small building sites very high prices indeed were realised representing rates of from Rs. 9,120 at Chichawatni to Rs. 21,173 at Okara. In the province as a whole the sale price represented 151 years' purchase of the land revenue assessed.

Land Alienation Act.
Statement No. XXV.

31. The only new tribe notified under the Land Alienation Act was the Muhial Brahmans of Attock. An application for notification on behalf of the Brahmans of the Jullundur Doab was rejected by Government, and the Financial Commissioners did not support a proposal to notify the Rajputs of Gurdaspur as a separate group. During the year agricultural tribes acquired by purchase a net increase of nearly 20,000 acres. Sales by such tribes (206,529 acres) have never been exceeded since the passing of the Act, but sales to them have only been surpassed in one year and in no year have the sales to others been so small. A consideration of the figures in columns 3—6 and in columns 11—14 of statement No. XXV points to a net loss on mortgage by agricultural tribes of some 26,000 acres as compared with 8,000 acres last year. Unfavourable seasons have doubtless contributed to the increase both of sales and of mortgages, and whereas in the case of sales wealthy agricultural tribesmen are the most ready not to say eager buyers, others are more commonly forthcoming as mortgagees, though the forms of mortgage permitted by section 6 of the Alienation of Land Act can scarcely be said to be popular among money-lenders. Cases of evasion of the Act exist, but are not very common The case in which the non-agriculturist creditor advances money to an agriculturist to buy the debtor's land taking as his security a bond from the purchaser has been reported as common, but is scarcely an evasion of the Act.

Business returns.

Statements Nos. XXVIII and XXIX.

32. There was a slight increase in the total volume of work and in the pending file. Revenue Court cases under the Tenancy Act showed some increase, especially in Gujrat where they were nearly doubled, but there was a decrease in Revenue Officers' cases under the Tenancy and Land Revenue Acts while under the Land Alienation Act the number has risen. There was a considerable increase in miscellaneous cases, including cases under the Redemption of Mortgages Act which are for the first time shown separately. There was a decrease in the number of Revenue Judicial appeals in the Courts of Commissioners and the Financial Commissioners and in the pending file which is 191 cases only. On the whole it may be said that the Revenue case

work of the Province has been disposed of in a satisfactory manner; though not a few Tahsildars and Naib Tahsildars as well as some Revenue Assistants are more or less seriously deficient in dealing with the important matters of the preliminary examination of parties and the proper framing of relevant issues. The subject is one which demands the attention of Commissioners and Collectors when disposing of appellate work and at tahsil inspections.

Tours of Commissioners.

33. The returns of touring done by Commissioners refer to the year ending 31st March 1916:—

Ambala.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. M. Dallas, C.S.I., was Commissioner for 334 days, and spent 62 days on tour. The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Atkins, I.C.S., was Commissioner for 32 days, and did no touring, being on special duty at Lahore for 30 days.

Jullundur.—The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, I.C.S., held charge for 282 days, spending 80 days on tour. Mr. W. C. Renouf, I.C.S, was Commissioner for the remaining 84 days of the year of which he spent 27 days on tour.

Lahore.—Mr. H. A. Casson, C.S.I., was Commissioner for 151 days, of which he spent 37 days on tour. The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I., was Commissioner for 215 days, remaining 25 days on tour.

Rawalpindi.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. Popham Young, C.I.E., was Commissioner for 313 days, of which he spent 70 days on tour. Mr. W. C. Renouf, I.C.S., held charge for 53 days and did no touring.

Multan.—Mr. C. J. Hallifax, I.C.S., was Commissioner for 211 days, spending 37 days on tour. Lieutenant-Colonel C. Powney Thompson, I.A., was Commissioner for 155 days, remaining 65 days on tour.

Casualty.

34. The Financial Commissioners deeply regret to have to record the death of Mr. Robert Humphreys, I.C.S., which took place on November 8th, 1916. Mr. Humphreys had, as Deputy Commissioner of Hissar in the famine of 1900, of Delhi and of Lahore established the reputation of being one of the most successful District Officers in the Province, and his knowledge of and sympathy with the people under his charge, his grasp of revenue law and his sound judgment combined to make him an officer whose loss will be deeply felt by the administration of the country.

Extracts from District Report.

LYALLPUR.

SERVICE GRANTS.

As no Colony report is now submitted from the Lyallpur District it is convenient to give some account of the working of the service grants in the Revenue report.

Camel grants.—There are four complete camel corps in this district provided by grantees who hold their land on service conditions. All four were called up at the beginning of the year under report and after a short period of embodiment were mobilised for active service. Two have been in Egypt since the beginning of 1916. The other two after a long period of cantonment service are now on the Nushki-Seistan route under field service conditions. The mobilisation, enlistment of Sarwans and replacement of casualties was no light task. But the trouble was very much less than I had expected. It was necessary to convince the grantees that we meant business and that orders had got to be obeyed. When once they were persuaded of this there was very little serious trouble. The confiscations of land made were very few, but they were entirely effectual. The Jangli has no liking for Government service, but when presented with the clear alternative of confiscation or service, they went cheerfully enough. The provision of the sarwans was the most difficult problem. The larger camel owners paid considerable bonuses to men, a good many of whom were not Janglis at all, and the number was made up. About 1,000 new camels had to be got in to replace animals cast for field service or short on the establishment. There are now very few camels left in the district. No attempt has been made to replace service casualties which are believed to be very numerous. The men who have gone with the corps are receiving their pay, and so far as I can learn express themselves content with their lot. The pay of the owners of the camels, as well as compensation, is altogether in arrears, but no one complains and no one can suggest that the Officer Commanding the Corps is not doing his best under the most difficult circumstances. Captain (now Major) E. H. Lancaster and myself have worked throughout in complete accord. It has been our constant effort to protect the camel owners from misunderstanding as well as to enforce compliance with the conditions of the grant. Major Lancaster has now been invalided. We were fortunate in having him in command during the stress of the last year. This is the first time the Camel Corps have been on active service. It will I trust also be the last time. The replacement of camel casualties after the war will take years. There are almost no serviceable camels left in the district. There will be many difficult problems for settlement when the war is over, and when the camel corps are returned, but they can be left for settlement at the proper time. For the present it is sufficient and satisfactory to note that the camel corps have proved a success in a time of special difficulty. I may add that I retain the opinion which I expressed last year that as an administration system the camel grantee corps have no element of permanency.

Their abolition has been in principle decided upon. But the military authorities, being asked to make proposals for the first steps towards the abolition of one of the corps, represented, at the beginning of the war, that the time was not a suitable one for reducing any military or *quasi*-military forces; and the Financial Commissioner felt that this was at such a moment unanswerable.

H. J. MAYNARD.

Mule grants.—Liability to keep a mare for mule breeding will ultimately be attached to all lambardari squares. Already the exceptions are very few. The proportion of mule colts born in one year to bound mares is now about 40 per cent. which the Army Remount Department consider extremely good. Lambardars are now honestly trying to breed mules. Moreover, punishments are much less frequent and less severe than formerly. Not only do the people understand that they have got to try, but I endeavour to follow up and prevent slackness, rather than to inflict punishment. This needs constant inspection and watchfulness, but the success is marked.

The view taken by Colonel Templer is that mule breeding has become a natural industry in the Lower Chenab Canal Colony tract, in other words that it pays.

H. J. MAYNARD.

There is another matter in connection with the lambardari squares which is receiving my attention. A few years ago when mule breeding conditions were first enforced against lambardars with serious effect, a number of lambardari squares had to be resumed for breach of conditions and were allotted to non-lambardars on mule breeding terms. Within the last two years no such allotments to non-lambardars have been made, but a few squares have been kept vacant to give the defaulting lambardars an opportunity of improving. In some cases lambardars simply will not make any attempt to breed mules, and there is no one in the chak who would do any better. At the same time the administration of a chak suffers when a lambardar does not have the position and influence given by the possession of the lambardari square. A single square is worth from Rs. 400 to Rs. 600 per annum, and the cost of keeping a mare for mule-breeding never exceeds Rs. 100 per annum, and is more generally nothing at all, or even the mare is a source of profit.

The confiscations which were very necessary have had the effect of raising the standard of effort to its present comparatively high level. It is at least for consideration whether non-lambardars should be allowed to enjoy indefinitely the profits of the lambardari square without any of the duties or responsibilities of lambardars. In many cases the men who lost their squares are clamouring to get them back, and there would ordinarily be no further complaint against them. On the other hand, the grantees believe that they hold for life and some of them have no other holding in the colony. Statistics are being collected, and a reference will be made for the orders of the Financial Commissioner.

The transfer of such squares to non-lambardars is an object lesson to lambardars and has had a beneficial effect Such transferees will, I understand, hold the squares for life or until they break conditions. There seems nothing illogical in this.

C. P. THOMPSON—18-11-16.

Horse-breeding is declining in popularity and in class, while mule-breeding is improving. The Janglis have never been very fond of Government stallions, and they are not getting fonder. It is, however, only fair to recognise that in their favourite sport of tent-pegging the pure country bred horse beats the stock of Government stallions every time. All the best tent-peggers in the district ride country breds only. I believe that this is also the rule in the Indian Cavalry.

This ground of objection to the Government stallions is one which I have mentioned in several recent references. It is gradually dying out, but it dies hard.

C. P. THOMPSON—18-11-16.

GENERAL.

This is the first year in the history of the Lyallpur District when under the orders of Government no colony report is to be submitted.

This is a recognition of the fact that the colony period has passed and that the ordinary methods of district administration are to be in force in Lyallpur. I take then this opportunity of indicating some of the final steps in the process of transition which have come under my notice. The Deputy Commissioner still continues to receive many applications asking for interference in the daily life of the people which would never be received in an ordinary district, in most of which I refuse to interfere on the ground that the colony days are ended. Much, however, remains to be done, and it would be easy by a change of policy to reintroduce colony administration, which is now discouraged, but which is not unwelcome to the people. It is, as I understand, the policy of Government that the methods of ordinary administration should now obtain.*

*This was definitely decided in the orders which were passed upon the report of the Colonies Commission. Interested persons are no doubt glad to secure the interference of the authorities when that interference is likely to be beneficial to themselves. I am satisfied, however, that the paternal methods of colony administration are generally disliked, and they certainly facilitate corrupt practices, among official subordinates.

H. J. MAYNARD.

Two years ago there was a colony Naib Tahsildar, a colony mapper and three colony muharrirs permanently sanctioned for the continuance of colony work. Now one muharrir does the work at head-quarters and the rest have been brought under reduction. The work used to be concentrated at head-quarters and Tahsildars had very little to do with colony matters. Now all pe-

titions are referred to Tahsildars, who report upon them in the ordinary course of their duties. The Deputy Commissioner has now no power to sell any Government land without the sanction of Government in each case. The result is that no applications are made, nor land sold. The reduction of work on the Deputy Commissioner who was pestered with applications and exposed to every kind of influence, is most welcome. The decrease in the colony staff, and the withdrawal from the Deputy Commissioner of power to sell land himself, were both made at my suggestion, and the result has been a great decrease of unnecessary work. I now absolutely refuse to allow any transfer of land of which the occupants have acquired proprietary rights. It does not seem unreasonable that when a man has bought land and bought it very cheap he should keep the land he has bought and not be allowed to exchange it for other land which he deems better. Irrigation arrangements have now reached a point where the Canal Department cannot undertake to irrigate new land without injury to land previously allotted, and this itself is a sufficient reason for discouraging fresh sales, except where extensions of irrigation are contemplated. The whole of the village sites and the chiragah are still under the charge of the Deputy Commissioner, and their control will always remain a permanent duty. But even here I endeavour to interfere as little as possible consistently with the strict maintenance of the rights of Government and the enforcement of the general wishes of the village community. All this work is finished off from day to day instead of being allowed to accumulate into masses for special attestation. The arrears which had accumulated for years were worked off some months ago on special tours partly by the Assistant Commissioner and partly by myself. We now interfere as little as possible with the division of menial squares* by lambardars, only taking action when there are definite complaints of unfairness. Some supervision will always be necessary, for the lambardars of Lyallpur District, if more substantial, are certainly not more honest than those of other districts. The mutation and records work connected with holdings in village abadis is still far heavier than it ought to be with due regard to the relative importance of the work. During the year under report 25,264 mutations were decided in this district, of which 7,115 referred to agricultural land and no less than 18,149 to abadi sites. This is an intolerable proportion and an unnecessary burden on the tahsil offices. New orders have now issued, with the approval of the Director of Land Records, but on the Deputy Commissioner's responsibility, which will probably have the result of decreasing enormously the number of such residential mutations. Briefly mutations are no longer written up for changes of occupancy, but only for changes of title.† The new procedure is entirely in accordance with the Standing Orders of the Financial Commissioner. The effect will not be visible for some months yet, but I hope for a very real decrease of work. This is a most desirable and necessary reform. I may say here that during the last two years I have never applied for or received the services of an Extra Naib Tahsildar for mutation. Moreover, I found two permanent Naib Tahsildars employed in the not hard worked Tahsil of Lyallpur and one has been reduced without any apparent loss of efficiency. Indeed one of the noticeable features of the district is the very large and even unnecessary ministerial establishment, especially in tahsils. There are many problems still awaiting solution, but I have had no previous experience of a Colony District, and constantly feel the lack of such experience when confronted with the completed work of the many experts who have preceded me.

That is to say, that exchanges of land are not allowed. I supposed that these had already ceased.

H. J. MAYNARD.

*This is to be welcomed. That a Deputy Commissioner should have to pass orders on the appointment of village kamins is one of the unfortunate necessities of "colony" administration.

H J. MAYNARD.

†Messrs. Fagan and Maynard are agreed that this is a change for the better.

A. J. W. KITCHIN,

Deputy Commissioner, Lyallpur.

LAHORE.

Pattoki Mandi.

Population is increasing. There is a genuine demand for more residential sites, accordingly the sale of the remaining sites available for sale is under consideration. The Primary School at Pattoki was raised to the Middle Standard during the year ; the people of the colony subscribed Rs. 5,000 for it. A new building is under construction. The Railway authorities have again failed to remove the goods shed to the new mandi site and to build a proper Railway Station. The latter is a source of great inconvenience to the travelling public, and it is hoped that financial stringency will not stand in the way of effecting this improvement.

2. The old tenants of the Rakh Sarai Chhimba for whom a separate set of conditions was sanctioned by the Punjab Government in their Revenue Secretary's letter No. 1290-S., dated 7th July 1915, have, with the exception of a few (who did not accept the conditions), been put in the possession of the lands granted to them. They have begun to pay the price by instalments sanctioned in their case. Including the land allotted to the expropriated Balloki owners the greater portion of the Rakh Sarai Chhimba has now been given out. The entire Rakh has been formed into a separate estate, and is being colonised on the lines adopted in old colony villages.

The area alloted during the year was—

(1). 24 acres to 2 tenants of Chak No. 24 on payment of market price ;

(2). 514 acres to old tenants of Rakh Sarai Chhimba, making the total allotted up to now as below :—

	Acres.
To Nazrana paying tenants	6,639
To Military reward grantees	919
To peasants	74,205
To purchasers	3,320
Total ...	85,083

3. Proprietary rights were sold to the (peasant grantee) tenants at Rs. 12-8-0 per acre as below :—

No. of holdings.	*Area in acres.*	*Price paid.*
		Rs. A. P.
15	681·38	8,517-4-0.

The reason why a smaller amount of area was sold as compared with that in the preceding year have been given in the heading No. 8 above. The question regarding sale of proprietary rights to the nazrana-paying grantees and the price to be paid by them is under consideration. The matter has been referred to Government for orders.

4. The demand for 202 new residential sites in the villages which were allowed during the year and sinking of 18 more drinking wells is a sure sign of increasing population and prosperity.

5. A matter of considerable importance is the provision of an adequate number of culverts on inter-village roads. New culverts became necessary with changes in the outlets. The Canal Department which had in the first instance provided them have intimated their inability to do so for want of funds. This matter is in hand, but a question of still greater importance is the upkeep of existing culverts ; for which a scheme is being devised.

6. Efforts are being made to introduce improved agricultural implements in the colony and to adopt the improved methods of cultivation. Accordingly a party of the zamindars was sent to Lyallpur to see what was being done there by the Agricultural Department.

The colony remains closely in touch with the Branch of the Agricultural Department at Montgomery, where an Assistant Director of Agriculture has been appointed.

The District Board have decided to hold an Agricultural Show at Pattoki at the time of the next cattle and horse fair.

7. The experiment of doing girdawari by appraisement—*vide* Financial Commissioner's Junior Secretary's letter No. 6191, of 9th September 1915, to Commissioner, Lahore Division, is being tried in five estates in the Lahore Tahsil.

The results of the past experiment which was begun last kharif will be reported in due course after the experiment of 4 harvests. Patwaris, Kanungos, and even the Naib Tahsildars show a tendency to adhere closely to standard yields and do not depart adequately from them, and they will need a lot of training and self-reliance before they can be expected to do the work with any approach to accuracy.

H. P. TOLLINTON,

Deputy Commissioner, Lahore.

STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph

ANALYSIS BY DISTRICTS OF CHIEF STATISTICS AT DATE OF SETTLEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.		
				Government waste.	Other.			Chahi including chahi Sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Hissar.	Last Settlement 1909-10.	Part under fixed assessment. Tahsils Hissar, Hansi, Bhiwani and Fatahabad.	2,187,619	1,027	291,464	125	1	2,700	...
	1901-02 ...	Part under fixed assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	1,002,824	1,117	201,827	118	19	659	...
		Part under fixed assessment. Total under fixed assessment.	3,190,443	2,144	493,291	243	20	3,359	...
	1909-10 ...	Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Fatahabad	81,449	...	33,470	53	6	507	...
	1901-02 ...	Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	47,109	...	14,456	28	10	141	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Total ...	128,558	...	47,926	81	16	648	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts.	3,319,001	2,144	541,217	324	36	4,007	...
	Year of report 1911-12.	Part under fixed assessment. Tahsils Hissar, Hansi, Bhiwani and Fatahabad.	2,187,607	1,106	261,357	231	12	2,491	...
		Part under fixed assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	1,002,717	900	160,865	51	13	297	...
		Part under fixed assessment. Total under fixed assessment.	3,190,324	2,006	422,222	282	25	2,788	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Fatahabad	81,453	...	33,717	53	13	505	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	47,057	...	17,339	23	4	155	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Total ...	128,510	...	51,056	76	17	660	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts.	3,318,834	2,006	473,278	358	42	3,448	...
	Difference + or −	Part under fixed assessment. Tahsils Hissar, Hansi, Bhiwani and Fatahabad.	−12	+79	−30,107	+106	+11	−209	...
		Part under fixed assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	−107	−217	−40,962	−67	−6	−362	...
		Part under fixed assessment. Total ...	−119	−138	−71,069	+39	+5	−571	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Fatahabad	+4	...	+247	...	+7	−2	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	−52	...	+2,883	−5	−6	+14	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Total ...	−48	...	+3,130	−5	+1	+12	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts.	−167	−138	−67,939	+34	+6	−559	...

No. I.

1 of the text.)

AND FOR THE AGRICULTURAL QUINQUENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JUNE 15TH, 1912.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Cultivation.								
Total *chahi* of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	District.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs. *Initial.* *Final.*	
2,700		281,655	5,065	1,482,545	16	1,771,981	7,59,754 8,20,422	
659		27,892	3,508	743,285	...	775,344	2,05,525 2,05,530	
3,359	120 miles;	309,547	8,573	2,225,830	16	2,547,325	9,65,279 10,25,952	
507		11,478	18,179	13,736	73	43,973	4,860	
141		13,634	15,667	578	114	30,134	39,157	
648	...	25,112	33,846	14,314	187	74,107	44,017	
4,007	...	334,659	42,419	2,240,144	203	2,621,432	*Initial,* 10,09,296	
2,491		275,132	4,803	1,517,719	16	1,800,161	7,58,816	
297		28,473	2,719	786,012	2	817,503	2,05,532	
2,788		303,605	7,522	2,303,731	18	2,617,664	9,64,348	Hissar.
505	120 miles;	9,380	18,164	15,442	73	43,564	4,860	
155		13,614	12,766	569	129	27,233	7,541	
660		22,994	30,930	16,011	202	70,797	12,401	
3,448		326,599	38,452	2,319,742	220	2,688,461	9,76,749	
−209		−6,523	−262	+35,174	...	+28,180	−938	
−362		+581	−789	+42,727	+2	+42,159	+7	
−571		−5,942	−1,051	+77,901	+2	+70,339	−931	
−2		−2,098	−15	+1,706	...	−409		
+14		−20	−2,901	−9	+15	−2,901	−31,616	
+12		−2,118	−2,916	+1,697	+15	−3,310	−31,616	
−559		−8,060	−3,967	+79,598	+17	+67,029	−32,547	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.		
				Government waste.	Other.			Chahi including Chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Rohtak.	Last Settlement (1909-10).		1,150,718	2,372	178,883	1,545	486	29,023	8,297
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	1,149,841	2,677	193,767	1,310	389	28,366	6,888
		Fluctuating ...	892	...	121	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,150,733	2,677	193,888	1,310	389	28,366	6,888
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	−877	+305	+14,884	−235	−97	−657	−1,409
		Fluctuating ...	+892	...	+121	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	+15	+305	+15,005	−235	−97	−657	−1,409
Gurgaon.	Last Settlement (1907-08 Rewari). (1909-10 other tahsils).	Fixed ...	1,185,097	...	85,688	5,533	2,051	127,771	...
		Fluctuating ...	50,107	...	4,621	54	106	912	...
		Total ...	1,235,204	...	90,309	5,587	2,157	128,683	...
	(1911-12) ...	Fixed ...	1,185,323	...	105,266	5,408	1,924	119,712	...
		Fluctuating ...	50,108	...	8,393	4	98	797	...
		Total ...	1,235,431	...	113.659	5,412	2,022	120,509	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	+226	...	+19,578	−125	−127	−8,059	...
		Fluctuating ...	+1	...	+3,772	−50	−8	−115	...
		Total ...	+227	...	+23,350	−175	−135	−8,174	...
Delhi.	Last Settlement (1909-10).	Fixed ...	793,698	55	128,232	6,753	527	81,809	20,287
		Fluctuating ...	12,491	...	2,974	29	142	...	1,375
		Total ...	806,189	55	131,206	6,782	669	81,809	21,662
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	791,576	51	129,174	5,989	461	73,107	19,738
		Fluctuating ...	12,526	...	3,205	20	27	...	1,426
		Total ...	804,102	51	132,379	6,009	488	73,107	21,164
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	−2,122	−4	+942	−564	−66	−8,702	−549
		Fluctuating ...	+35	...	+231	−9	−115	...	+51
		Total ...	−2,087	−4	+1,173	−773	−181	−8,702	−498

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total Chahi of all kinds.	Canal Mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Bareni.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
37,320	357	208,559	...	607,074	116,510	969,463	11,44,432	
35,254	357	209,235	...	602,343	106,565	953,397	11,45,770	
...	...	134	...	637	...	771	168	
35,254	357	209,369	...	602,980	106,565	954,168	11,45,938	ROHTAK.
— 2,066	...	+ 676	...	—4,731	— 9,945	—16,066	+ 1,338	
...	...	+ 134	...	+ 637	...	+ 771	+ 168	
— 2,066	...	+ 810	...	— 4,094	—9,945	— 15,295	+ 1,506	
127,771	26	98,672	19,853	695,958	7,012	949,266	13,41,607	
912	...	...	12,873	26,243	493	40,521	49,057	
128,683	26	98,672	32,726	722,201	7,505	989,787	13,90,664	
119,712	26	81,642	27,063	693,155	8,276	929,848	13,38,006	
797	...	...	12,521	22,630	792	36,740	40,847	
120,509	26	81,642	39,584	715,785	9,068	966,588	13,78,853	GURGAON.
—8,059	...	—17,030	+ 7,210	— 2,803	+ 1,264	—19,418	—3,601	
—115	...	...	—352	—3,613	+ 299	—3,781	—8,210	
—8,174	...	—17,030	+ 6,858	—6,416	+ 1,563	—23,199	—11,811	
102,096	81	97,896	27,956	306,395	627	534,970	9,51,597	
1,375	...	...	4,794	2,654	...	8,823	4,930	
103,471	81	97,896	32,750	309,049	627	543,793	9,56,527	
93,845	81	98,058	27,469	313,500	450	532,322	10,07,153	
1,426	...	...	4,936	2,267	...	8,629	4,358	
94,271	81	98,058	32,405	315,767	450	540,951	10,11,511	DELHI.
—9,251	...	+ 162	—487	+ 7,105	—177	—2,648	+ 55,356	
+ 51	...	...	+ 142	—387	...	—194	—572	
—9,200	...	+ 162	—345	+ 6,718	—177	—2,842	+ 54,984	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Karnal.	Last Settlement (1909-10).	Fixed	2,001,180	7,500	583,644	7,897	238	148,774	...
	1911-12 ...		1,998,593	7,526	595,527	6,824	216	146,226	...
	Difference + or −		−2,587	+26	+11,883	−1,073	−22	−2,548	...
Ambala.	Last Settlement (1886-87).	Fixed	1,185,902	...	103,608	2,182	2,369	21,148	...
	1911-12 ...		1,198,259	3,655	118,681	1,992	1,803	29,570	...
	Difference + or −		+12,357	+3,655	+15,073	−190	−566	+8,422	...
Simla.	Last Settlement (1883).	Fixed	48,839	169	21,390	...	...	...	...
	1911-12 ...		53,592	...	21,788	...	...	...	...
	Difference + or −		+4,753	−169	+398	...	...	...	...
Kangra.	Last Settlement (1891-92).	Fixed	2,474,839	7,392	759,506	...	...	...	...
	1911-12 ...		2,463,226	612,251	266,314	23	64	57	22
	Difference + or −		−11,613	+604,859	−493,192	+23	+64	+57	+22
Hoshiarpur.	Last Settlement (1881-84).	Fixed	1,428,653	...	193,602	3,580	5,094	14,966	...
	1911-12 ...		1,430,433	2,099	203,745	6,380	4,418	35,846	...
	Difference + or −		+ 1,780	+ 2,099	+ 10,143	+ 2,800	— 676	+ 20,880	...
Jullundur.	Last Settlement (1885).	Fixed	855,820	272	101,334	20,367	262	236,460	...
	1911-12. ...		867,646	268	80,193	28,688	301	305,789	...
	Difference + or −		+ 11,826	— 4	— 21,141	+ 8,321	+ 39	+ 69,329	...
Ludhiana.	Last Settlement (1911-12).	Fixed	892,293	254	84,713	9,647	181	133,827	3,984
	1911-12 ...		892,293	254	84,713	9,647	181	133,827	3,984
	Difference + or −		...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ferozepore.	Last Settlement (1887-93 and 1901).	Fixed	2,506,386	842	312,084	5,029	611	92,079	19,732
		Fluctuating ...	57,273	...	13,844	374	91	6,697	2,384
		Total ...	2,563,659	842	325,928	5,403	702	98,776	22,116
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	2,543,379	757	187,392	6,889	240	90,206	41,051
		Fluctuating ...	57,902	...	12,080	293	35	4,848	5 271
		Total ...	2,601,281	757	199,472	7,182	275	95,054	46,322
	Difference + or −	Fixed	+ 36,993	— 85	— 124,692	+ 1,860	— 371	— 1,873	+ 21.319
		Fluctuating ...	+ 629	...	— 1,764	— 81	— 56	— 1,849	+ 2,887
		Total ...	+ 37,622	— 85	— 126,456	+ 1,779	— 427	— 3,722	+ 24,206

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
148,774	215	258,028	118,533	600,402	4,275	1,130,012	12,93,339	KARNAL.
146,226	215	260,225	116,118	589,717	3,953	1,116,239	12,92,620	
—2,548	...	+2,197	—2,415	—10,685	—322	—13,773	—719	
21,148	46	3,272	14,496	692,367	13,746	745,029	11,45,616	AMBALA.
29,570	46	3,525	29,543	673,117	14,760	750,515	11,47,688	
+8,422	...	+253	+15,047	—19,250	+1,014	+5,486	+2,072	
...	...	...	...	9,203	627	9,830	17,259	SIMLA.
...	...	...	...	9,239	745	9,984	17,484	
...	...	...	...	+36	+118	+154	+225	
...	...	...	...	474,296	115,782	590,078	9,35,112	KANGRA.
79	...	...	6	469,208	118,533	587,826	9,26,661	
+79	...	...	+6	—5,088	+2,751	—2,252	—8,451	
14,966	28	9,776	1,708	684,909	2,645	714,004	14,68,917	HOSHIARPUR.
35,846	28	21,500	3,643	657,705	3,428	722,122	14,22,527	
+ 20,880	...	+ 11,724	+ 1,935	— 27,204	+ 783	+ 8,118	— 46,390	
236,460	...	...	36,322	385,163	1,991	659,936	14,84,696	JULLUNDUR.
305,789	...	...	32,370	344,761	1,343	684,263	14,77,661	
+ 69,329	...	...	— 3,952	— 40,402	— 648	+ 24,327	—7,035	
137,811	233	41,861	...	552,133	9	731,814	11,57,399	LUDHIANA.
137,811	233	41,861	...	552,133	9	731,814	11,57,399	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
111,811	...	592,702	37,656	1,336,175	2	2,078,346	11,06,502	FEROZEPORE.
9,081	...	19,422	6,129	1,132	132	35,896	20,113	
120,892	...	612,124	43,785	1,337,307	134	2,114,242	11,26,615	
131,257	1,164	885,348	34,017	1,158,801	117	2,209,540	11,59,482	
10,119		16,641	5,864	1,955	187	34,766	20,442	
141,376	1,164	901,989	39,881	1,160,756	304	2,244,306	1,179,924	
+ 19,446	+ 1,164	+ 292,646	— 3,639	— 177,374	+ 115	+ 131,194	+ 52,980	
+ 1,038		— 2,781	— 265	+ 823	+ 55	— 1,130	+ 329	
+ 20,484	+ 1,164	+ 289,865	— 3,904	— 176,551	+ 170	+ 130,064	+ 53,309	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Lahore.	Last Settlement (1891-93).	Fixed ...	1,732,070	638	285,519	9,667	988	286,231	18,487
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	1,737,245	5,586	301,183	9,327	365	225,068	48,614
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	+ 5,175	+ 4,948	+ 15,664	— 340	— 623	— 61,163	+ 30,127
Amritsar.	Last Settlement (1891-93).	Fixed ...	996 473	1,395	102,680	10,554	386	245,220	...
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	997,944	1,269	108,676	10,139	212	223,625	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	+ 1,471	— 126	+ 5,996	— 415	— 174	— 21,595	...
Gurdaspur.	Last Settlement (1910—12).	Fixed	1,158,790	220	115,108	6,394	2,594	137,589	7,022
		Fluctuating ...	10,428	...	5,126	...	...	1	...
		Total ...	1,169,218	220	120,234	6,394	2,594	137,590	7,022
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	1,159,010	454	115,456	6,344	2,608	131,862	7,389
		Fluctuating ...	10,396	...	5,148	...	...	1	...
		Total ...	1,169,406	454	120,604	6,344	2,608	131,863	7,389
	Difference + or —	Fixed	+ 220	+ 234	+ 348	— 50	+ 14	— 5,727	+ 367
		Fluctuating ...	— 32	...	+ 22	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	+ 188	+ 234	+ 370	— 50	+ 14	— 5,727	+ 367
Sialkot.	Last Settlement (1891—94).	Fixed ...	1,260,553	4,088	157,734	20 725	1,534	472,493	10,286
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	1,270,647	8,246	193,116	22,076	1,644	475,239	6,424
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	+ 10,094	+ 4,158	+ 35,382	+ 1,351	+ 110	+ 2,746	— 3,862
Gujranwala.	Last Settlement (1891-93 and 1905-06).	Fixed	1,341,650	3,094	472,733	12,563	1,105	461,928	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,137,672	45,128	347,975	2,582	254	94,254	17,194
		Total ...	2,479,322	48,222	820,708	15,145	1,359	556,182	17,194
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	1,213,332	1,751	450,603	11,235	739	376,717	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,282,736	44,577	394,505	2,833	327	99,389	12,969
		Total ...	2,496,068	46,328	845,108	14,068	1,066	476,106	12,969
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 128,318	— 1,343	— 22,130	— 1,328	— 366	— 85,211	...
		Fluctuating ...	+ 145,064	— 551	+ 46,530	+ 251	+ 73	+ 5,135	— 4,225
		Total ...	+ 16,746	— 1,894	+ 24,400	— 1,077	— 293	— 80,076	— 4,225
Gujrat.	Last Settlement (1891-93).	Fixed	1,355,982	8,842	270,230	8,953	309	221,883	...
		Fluctuating ...	55,203	...	27,738	301	2	13,497	...
		Total ...	1,411,185	8,842	297,968	9,254	311	235,380	...
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	1,379,127	8,705	244,868	10,300	397	215,439	563
		Fluctuating ...	55,245	....	27,833	253	...	10,773	...
		Total ...	1,434,372	8,705	272,701	10,553	397	226,212	563
	Difference + or —	Fixed	+ 23,145	— 137	— 25,362	+ 1,347	+ 88	— 6,444	+ 563
		Fluctuating ...	+ 42	...	+ 95	— 48	— 2	— 2,724	...
		Total ...	+ 23,187	— 137	— 25,267	+ 1,299	+ 86	— 9,168	+ 563

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
			CULTIVATION.					
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
304,718	183	319,686	61,253	425,278	1,212	1,112,147	7,81,080	*LAHORE.
273,682	183	628,149	54,436	237,266	661	1,194,194	991,815	
—31,036	...	+ 308,463	—6,817	— 188,012	— 551	+ 82,047	+ 2,10,735	
245,220	589	160,318	29,538	334,822	1,405	771,303	1,251,538	AMRITSAR.
223,625	796	254,412	25,891	252,376	1,607	757,911	12,70,799	
— 21,595	+ 207	+ 94,094	— 3,647	— 82,446	+ 202	— 13,392	+ 19,261	
144,611	54	91,251	103,088	476,959	2,917	818,826	18,14,641	GURDASPUR.
1	...	...	3,131	1	...	3,133	3,650	
144,613	54	91,251	106,219	476,960	2,917	821,959	18 18,291	
139,251	54	91,586	100,431	482,760	2,856	816,884	17,05,995	
1	...	...	3,196	...	...	3,197	2,417	
139,252	54	91,586	103,627	482,760	2,856	820,081	17,08,412	
—5,360	...	+335	—2,657	+5,801	—61	—1,942	—48,646	
...	...	...	+65	—1	...	+64	—1,233	
—5,360	...	+335	—2,592	+5,800	—61	—1,878	— 49,879	
482,779	...	9,576	89,040	324,196	30,055	935,646	14,38,773	SIALKOT.
481,663	87	9,168	84,606	314,845	22,887	913,169	14,79,390	
—1,116	+87	—408	—4,434	—9,351	—7,168	—22,477	+40,617	
461,928	76	2,584	16,574	119,425	13,377	613,888	6,95,294	GUJRANWALA.
111,448	...	459,367	23,828	81,007	87	675,737	6,93,617	
573,376	76	461,951	40,402	200 432	13,464	1,289,625	13,88,911	
376,717	134	...	30,403	199,753	5,931	612,804	6,60,180	
112,358	...	507,118	23,104	112,651	471	755,702	8,83,260	
489,075	134	507,118	53,507	312,404	6,402	1,368,506	15,43,440	
—85,211	+58	—2,584	+13,829	+80,328	—7,446	—1,084	—35,114	
+910	...	+47,751	—724	+31,644	+384	+79,965	+1,89,643	
—84,301	+58	+45,167	+13,105	+111,972	—7,062	+78,881	+1,54,529	
221,883	...	...	56,334	553,017	...	831,234	8,70,551	GUJRAT.
13,497	...	...	3,930	6,108	...	23,535	24,238	
235,380	...	...	60,264	559,125	...	854,769	8,94,789	
216,002	21	9,713	46,869	581,481	10	854,075	8,75,039	
10,773	...	...	3,079	8,438	...	22,290	12,181	
226,775	21	9,713	49,948	589,919	10	8,76,365	8,87,220	
—5,881	+21	+9,713	—9,465	+28,464	+10	+22,841	+4,488	
—2,724	...	...	—851	+2,330	...	—1,245	—12,057	
—8,605	+21	+9,713	—10,316	+30,794	+10	+21,596	—7,569	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Details.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi, including chahi-sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres	Acres.
Sharpur.	Last Settlement (1891-93).	Fixed	2,005,681	284,360	809,737	4,723	207	125,271	732
		Fluctuating ...	1,080,153	109,782	188,004	1,807	18	22,517	998
		Total ...	3,085,834	394,142	997,741	6,530	225	147,788	1,730
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	1,996,302	2,152	773.700	4,713	118	112,356	1,122
		Fluctuating ...	1,080,153	109,782	188 004	1,807	18	22.517	998
		Total ...	3,076,455	111,934	961,704	6,520	136	134,873	2,120
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	— 9,379	— 282,208	— 36,037	— 10	— 89	— 12,915	+ 390
		Fluctuating ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	— 9,379	— 282,208	— 36,037	— 10	— 89	— 12,915	+ 390.
Jhelum.	Last Settlement (1900-01).	Fixed ...	1,777,633	52,252	109,694	3,923	230	26,046	...
	1911-12		1,771,666	13,597	109,772	4,014	230	24,811	...
	Difference + or —		— 5,967	— 38,655	+ 78	+ 91	...	— 1,235	...
Rawal-pindi.	Last Settlement (1905-06).	Fixed ...	1,312,716	3,461	76,696	1,080	553	2,715	...
	1911-12 ...		1,312,092	3,473	78,588	1,206	435	2,809	...
	Difference + or —		— 624	+ 12	+ 1,892	+ 126	— 98	+ 85	...
Attock.	Last Settlement 1905-06 and 1901).	Fixed ...	2,701,360	256	270,286	5,725	918	24,317	...
	1911-12 ...		2,701,735	12,048	223,952	7,183	723	26,930	55
	Difference + or —		+ 375	+ 11,792	— 46,334	+ 1,458	— 195	+ 2,613	+ 55
Mianwali.	Last Settlement (1903-07).	Fixed	2,077,898	493 420	1,246,236	567	1	15,147	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,366,945	89,016	435,107	1,603	133	19,242	...
		Total ...	3,444,843	582,436	1,681,343	2,470	134	34,389	...
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	2,077,992	493,170	1,183,781	1,022	1	18,268	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,337,103	94,785	397,252	1,723	127	18,164	...
		Total ...	3,445,095	587,955	1,581,033	2,745	128	36,432	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed	+ 94	— 250	— 62,455	+ 155	...	+ 3,121	...
		Fluctuating ...	+ 158	+ 5,769	— 37,855	+ 120	— 6	— 1,078	...
		Total ...	+ 252	+ 5,519	— 100,310	+ 275	— 6	+ 2,043	...
Montgomery.	Last Settlement (1895-99).	Fixed	883,121	...	464,818	7,283	848	114,054	53,742
		Fluctuating ...	2,684,467	1,556,508	326,937	3,539	770	41,532	12,123
		Total ...	3,567,588	1,556,508	791,755	10,822	1,618	155,586	65,865
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	781,766	1,411	265,563	7,311	263	131,505	38,691
		Fluctuating ...	2,100,015	1,191,273	289,433	3,257	804	56,020	1,942
		Total ...	2,881,781	1,192,684	554,996	10,568	1,067	187,525	40,633
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 101,355	+ 1,411	— 199,25	+ 28	— 585	+ 17,451	— 15,051
		Fluctuating ...	— 584,452	— 365,235	— 37,504	— 282	+ 34	+ 14,488	— 10,181
		Total ...	— 685,807	— 363,824	— 236,759	— 254	— 551	+ 31,939	— 25,232

No. I.—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Cultivation.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	District.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs	
123,003	320	86,256	59,915	200,770	...	472,944	4,24,995	Shahpur.
23,515		638,524	10,937	20,383	...	693,359	12,04,606	
149,518	320	724,780	70,852	221,153	...	1,166,303	16,29,601	
113,478	320	108,003	56,292	266,062	...	543,835	4,52,479	
23,515		638,524	10,937	20,383	...	693,359	12,43,793	
136,993	320	746,527	67,229	286,445	...	1,237,194	16,96,272	
—12,525	...	+21,747	—3,623	+ 65,292	...	+70,891	+27484	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+39,187	
—12 525	...	+ 21,747	— 3,623	+65,292	...	+70,891	+66,671	
26,046	19	144	27,914	680,422	490	735,016	7,54,214	Jhelum.
24,811	19	167	26,829	690,718	1,366	743,891	7,52,758	
—1,235	...	+ 23	—1,085	+ 10,296	+ 876	+ 8,875	—1,456	
2,715	...	1,860	...	591,465	3,010	599,050	6,75,460	Rawal-pindi.
2,800	...	1,795	...	591,806	3,078	599,479	6,74,650	
+ 85	...	— 65	...	+ 341	+ 68	+ 429	— 810	
24,317	...	8,015	9,980	968,581	1,641	1,012,534	6,33,939	Attock.
26,985	...	7,841	8,425	1,028,782	2,032	1,074,065	6,72,851	
+ 2,668	...	— 174	—1,555	+ 60,201	+ 391	+ 61,531	+ 38,912	
15,147	6	3,735	18	99,841	61	118,802	61,527	Mianwali.
19,242	...	13,167	228,541	20 ,595	362	469,907	3,06,718	
34,389	6	16,902	228,559	308,436	423	5,88,709	3,68,245	
18,268	6	3,615	10	141,553	74	163,520	62 005	
18,164	...	11,049	198,864	260,731	509	489,317	2,96,931	
36,432	6	14,664	198,874	402,284	583	652,837	3,59,836	
+ 3,121	...	— 120	— 8	+ 41,712	+ 13	+44,718	+ 1,378	
—1,078	...	—2,118	— 29,677	+ 52,136	+ 147	+ 19,410	— 9,787	
+ 2,043	...	—2,238	— 29,685	+ 93,848	+ 160	+ 64,128	— 8,409	
167,796	...	133,310	19,646	17,837	3,281	341,870	2,47,813	Montgomery.
53,655	...	54,166	46,223	15,314	7,667	177,025	1,81,581	
221,451	...	187,476	65,869	33,151	10,948	518,895	4 29,394	
170,196	75	145,215	2,059	138,614	254	456,338	1,90,480	
57,962	220	14,131	49,635	104,445	8,686	234,859	2,44,083	
228,158	295	159,346	51,694	243,059	8,940	691,197	4,34,563	
+ 2,400	+ 75	+ 11,905	— 17,587	+ 120,777	— 3,027	+ 114,468	—57,333	
+ 4,307	+ 220	—40,035	+ 3,412	+ 89,131	+ 1,019	+ 57,834	+ 62,502	
+ 6,707	+ 295	— 28,130	—14,175	+ 209,908	—2,008	+ 172,302	+ 5,169	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Lyallpur.	Last Settlement (1904-1905).	Fixed	8,639	...	5,909	62	...	876	...
		Fluctuating —	1,971,783	400,291	105,682	42	66	621	4,772
		Total ...	1,980,422	400,291	111,591	104	66	1,497	4,772
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	5,121	...	3,388	33	3	477	...
		Fluctuating ...	2,032,413	341,157	82,781	245	145	3,169	8,266
		Total ...	2,037,534	341,157	86,169	278	14 8	3,646	8,266
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 3,518	...	— 2,521	— 29	+ 3	— 399	...
		Fluctuating ...	+ 60,630	— 59,134	— 22,901	+ 203	+ 79	2,548	+ 3,494
		Total ...	+ 57,112	— 59,134	— 25,422	+ 174	+ 82	+ 2,149	+ 3,494
Jhang.	Last Settlement (1904-06 and 1911).	Fixed	380,958	...	101,839	4,768	182	103,695	1,543
		Fluctuating ...	1,734,024	445,916	649,319	6,820	94	152,683	1,894
		Total ...	2,114,982	445,916	751,158	11,588	276	256,378	3,437
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	374,468	124	98,705	4,637	110	97,704	160
		Fluctuating ...	1,740,195	435,693	596,290	6,720	135	142,488	2,639
		Total ...	2,114,663	435,817	694,995	11,357	245	240,192	2,799
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 6,490	+124	— 3,134	—131	—72	— 5,991	—1,383
		Fluctuating ...	+ 6,171	— 10,223	— 53,029	—100	+ 41	— 10,195	+ 745
		Total ...	— 319	— 10,099	— 56,163	— 231	— 31	— 16,186	— 638
Multan.	Last Settlement (1899-1900 and 1900-01).	Fixed	72,923	...	22,838	970	517	398	18,327
		Fluctuating ...	3,736,014	1,426,439	1,000,837	19,306	3,496	83,558	436,025
		Total ...	3,808,937	1,426,439	1,023,675	20,276	4,013	83,956	454,352
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	72,734	...	19,196	1,185	487	313	28,118
		Fluctuating ...	3,738,419	1,402,501	837,650	20,935	2,530	78,938	579,860
		Total ...	3,811,153	1,402,501	856,846	22,120	3,017	79,251	607,978
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—189	...	—3,642	+ 215	—30	—85	+ 9,791
		Fluctuating ...	+ 2,405	—23,938	—163,187	+ 1,629	—966	—4,620	+ 143,835
		Total ...	+ 2,216	—23,938	—166,829	+ 1,844	—996	—4,705	+ 153,626
Muzaffargarh.	Last Settlement (1901-02 and 1902-03).	Fixed	637,651	104,961	248,388	7,710	669	11,732	106,465
		Fluctuating ...	2,928,663	360,368	1,736,308	9,026	3,462	127,608	34,130
		Total ...	3,566,314	465,329	1,984,696	16,736	4,131	139,340	140,595
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	634,661	103,036	224,009	8,443	492	12,454	106,823
		Fluctuating ...	2,932,550	361,742	1,689,652	11,031	2,770	136,145	38,205
		Total ...	3,567,211	464,778	1,913,661	19,474	3,262	148,599	145,028
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—2,990	—1,925	—24,379	+ 733	—177	+ 722	+ 358
		Fluctuating ...	+ 3,887	+ 1,374	—46,656	+ 2,005	—692	+ 8,537	+ 4,075
		Total ...	+ 897	—551	—71,035	+ 2,738	—869	+ 9,259	+ 4,433

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
876	...	490	155	840	19	2,380	2,580	
5,393	947	13,39,993	220	3,824	19	13,49,449	8,57,663	
6,269	947	13,40,483	375	4,664	38	13,51,829	8,60,243	
477	...	...	861	81	32	1,451	1,287	
11,435	947	14,02,786	5,710	1,989	326	14,22,246	3,753,852	
11,912	947	14,02,786	6,571	2,070	358	14,23,697	37,55,139	LYALLPUR.
− 399	...	− 490	+ 706	− 759	+ 13	− 929	− 1,293	
+ 6,042	...	+ 62,793	+ 5,490	− 1,835	+ 307	+ 72,797	+ 28,96,189	
+ 5,643	...	+ 62,303	+ 6,196	− 2,594	+ 320	+ 71,868	+ 28,94,896	
105,238	461	288	75,132	953	2,417	184,028	2,57,930	
154,577		333,103	39,951	11,774	300	539,705	3,85,013	
259,815	461	333,391	115,083	12,727	2,717	723,733	6,42,943	
97,864	461	150	72,430	1,184	986	172,614	2,19,990	
145,127		418,226	31,922	8,599	316	604,190	9,47,975	JHANG.
242,991	461	418,376	104,352	9,783	1,302	776,804	11,67,965	
− 7,374	...	−138	− 2,702	+ 231	− 1,431	− 11,414	− 37,940	
− 9,450	...	+ 85,123	− 8,029	− 3,175	+ 16	+ 64,485	+ 562,962	
− 16,824	...	+ 84,985	− 10,731	− 2,944	− 1,415	+ 53,071	+ 5,25,022	
18,725	995	24,517	...	31	...	43,273	57,852	
519,583		270,420	129,246	24,748	6,589	950,586	13,53,461	
538,308	995	294,937	129,246	24,779	6,589	993,859	14,11,313	
28,431	1,142	17,844	...	24	...	46,299	58,262	
658,798		256,612	127,368	26,008	8,805	1,077,591	13,16,210	MULTAN.
687,229	+ 1,142	274,456	127,368	26,032	8,805	1,123,890	13,74,472	
+ 9,706	+ 147	− 6,673	...	− 7	...	+ 3,026	+ 410	
+ 139,215		− 13,808	− 1,878	+ 1,260	+ 2,216	+ 127,005	− 37,251	
+ 148,921	+ 147	− 20,481	− 1,878	+ 1,253	+ 2,216	+ 130,031	− 36,841	
118,197	1,351	87,143	2,828	...	595	208,763	3,55,414	
161,738		79,717	206,525	710	26,933	475,623	4,51,509	
279,935	1,351	166,860	209,353	710	27,528	684,386	8,06,923	
119,277	1,199	108,804	3,642	77	312	232,112	3,62,569	
174,350		101,463	215,338	3,640	17,484	512,275	5,10,922	
293,627	1,199	210,267	218,980	3,717	17,796	744,387	8,73,491	MUZAFFARGARH.
+ 1,080	− 152	+ 21,661	+ 814	+ 77	= 283	+ 23,349	+ 7,155	
+ 12,612		+ 21,746	+ 8,813	+ 2,930	− 9,449	+ 36,652	+ 59,413	
+ 13,692	− 152	+ 43,407	+ 9,627	+ 3,007	− 9,732	+ 60,001	+ 66,568	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Dera Ghazi Khan.	Last Settlement (1896 and 1905).	Fixed	2,849,787	90,163	1,170,490	7,652	1,448	40,298	179,968
		Fluctuating ...	613,608	37,951	187,592	776	427	8,724	468
		Total ...	3,463,395	128,114	1,358,082	8,428	1,875	49,022	180,436
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	2,792,916	75,612	1,152,496	9,205	769	30,933	225,260
		Fluctuating ...	682,620	47,218	48,601	1,178	1,481	12,920	9,882
		Total ...	3,475,536	122,830	1,201,097	10,383	2,250	43,853	235,142
	Difference + or −	Fixed	−56,871	−14,551	−17 994	+1,553	−679	−9,365	+45,292
		Fluctuating ...	+69,012	+9,267	−138,991	+402	+1,054	+4,196	+9,414
		Total ...	+12,141	−5,284	−156,985	+1,955	+375	−5,169	+54,706
Grand Total.	Last Settlement	Fixed	40,267,753	1,068,150	8,976,910	176,395	24,308	3,179,109	448,872
		Fluctuating ...	17,567,389	4,471,399	5,079,990	46,340	9,077	572,494	511,363
		Total ...	57,835,142	5,539,549	14,056,900	222,735	33,385	3,751,603	960,235
	1906-07 ...	Fixed	42,986,697	1,940,215	9,661,782	205,921	25,568	3,361,817	578,091
		Fluctuating ...	14,279,416	3,205,977	3,015,538	42,201	8,049	498,507	606,407
		Total ...	57,266,113	5,146,192	12,677,320	248,122	33,617	3,860,324	1,184,498
	1911-12 ...	Fixed	40,043,243	1,362,178	7,955,955	191,805	19,618	3,071,995	534,902
		Fluctuating ...	17,271,783	4,028,728	4,631,883	50,375	8,514	586,829	661,458
		Total ...	57,315,026	5,390,906	12,587,838	242,180	28,132	3,658,824	1,196,360
	Difference + or − between 1906-07 and 1911-12.	Fixed	− 2,943,454	− 578,037	− 1,705,827	− 14,116	+ 5,950	− 289,822	− 43,189
		Fluctuating ...	+ 2,992,367	+ 822,751	+ 1,616,345	+ 8,174	+ 465	+ 88,322	+ 55,051
		Total ...	+ 48,913	+ 244,714	− 89,482	− 5,942	− 5,485	= 201,500	+ 11,862

No. I—CONCLUDED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
220,266	701	163,890	532,112	64,908	17,375	998,551	4,37,594	DERA GHAZI KHAN.
9,192	...	12	100,334	...	3,071	112,609	85,912	
229,458	701	163,902	632,446	64,908	20,446	1,111,160	5,23,506	
256,193	767	153,619	464 ~~67~~,486	37 ~~444~~,442	19,682	931,422	4,45,927	
22,802	...	28,700	104,965	8,179	6,718	171,364	96,546	
278,995	767	182,319	569 ~~102~~,451	45 ~~462~~,621	26,400	1,102,786	5,42,473	
+35,927	+66	—10,271	67 —~~474~~,626	—27466 +~~379,584~~	+2,307	—67,129	+8,333	
+13,610	...	+28,688	+4,631	+8,179	+3,647	+58,755	+10,634	
+49,537	+66	+18,417	62 —~~460~~,995	-19287 +~~387,713~~	+5,954	—8,374	+18,967	
3,627,981	6,808	2,713,376	1,348,624	13,429,250	341,097	21,460,328	2,37,72,950	GRAND TOTAL.
1,083,857		3,233,003	850,508	416,807	45,840	5,630,015	56,66,085	
4,711,838	6,808	5,946,379	2,199,132	13,846,057	386,937	27,090,343	2,94,39,035	
3,939,908	8,775	3,483,282	1,365,556	13,580,059	231,491	22,600,296	2,31,30,826	
1,104,914		3,250,688	1,006,627	192,120	44,134	5,598,483	53,97,986	
5,044,822	8,775	6,733,970	2,372,183	13,772,179	275,625	28,198,779	2,85,28,812	
3,606,897	8,701	3,445,080	1255 ~~948~~,421	332 13,~~789~~,234	319,965	21,959,597	2,39,94,175	
1,248,287		3,418,378	828,369	598,563	44,496	6,138,093	93,86,386	
4,855,184	8,701	6,863,458	2083 ~~1,676~~,790	13830 ~~14,337~~,797	364,461	28,097,690	3,33,80,561	
—333,011	—74	—38,202	110 —~~517~~,135	-247825 +~~159,176~~	+88,474	—640,699	+8,63,349	
+143,373		+167,690	— 178,258	+406,443	+362	+539,610	+39,88,400	
—189,638	—74	+129,488	208 —~~605~~,393	158 +~~565~~,618	+88,836	—101,089	+48,51,749	

STATEMENT No. II.

RETURN SHOWING THE CULTIVATING OCCUPANCY OF LAND FOR THE QUINQUENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JUNE 15TH, 1912.

1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
DETAILS.			Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.
			HISSAR.		ROHTAK.		GURGAON.		DELHI.		KARNAL.		AMBALA.	
Total cultivated area			301,004	2,632,389	270,363	953,035	367,453	966,139	245,045	541,054	328,971	1,103,503	418,148	747,824
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			94,108	1,057,742	117,249	587,008	167,039	504,716	97,781	299,466	156,728	733,924	201 914	446,441
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			16,906	35,357	11,554	10,511	15,948	16,207	16,580	8,766	15,983	8,500	17,721	6,362
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	*With right of occupancy.*	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	34,538	302,983	15,849	39,064	29,781	66,951	23,634	42,701	15,566	34,359	29,321	41,072
		Paying other cash rents	25,772	168,442	1,746	4,435	6,510	16,652	3,033	6,611	2,708	6,544	895	789
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	3,433	19,029	242	759	723	3,448	679	1,288	1,962	5,357	8,664	14,947
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	10,070	58,465	23,574	45,851	28,594	52,643	19,517	25,519	26,508	46,156	12,889	12,947
		Paying other cash rents	79,407	696,511	57,966	170,26	76,002	212,723	56,116	111,985	29,503	84,485	35,926	53,930
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	36,770	295,860	42,183	95,147	42,866	92,799	27,705	44,718	80.013	184,178	110,818	171,336
Total held by tenants paying rent			189,990	1,539,290	141,560	355,516	184,466	445,216	130,684	232,822	156,260	361,079	198513	295,021
1			14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
			SIMLA.		KANGRA.		HOSHIARPUR.		JULLUNDUR.		LUDHIANA.		FEROZEPORE.	
Total cultivated area			11,103	9,992	423,666	588,952	693,745	726,714	521,293	682,446	302,128	732,170	461,768	2,244,817
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			7,781	8,008	199,217	360,698	225,553	333,967	196,499	352,232	133,877	435,031	159,179	982,872
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			901	325	12,208	3,478	45,551	11,442	29,003	7,794	8,281	3,384	20,726	23,980
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	*With right of occupancy.*	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	46	46	4,242	6,003	126,891	111,287	41,492	41,953	11,487	21,082	63.550	250,127
		Paying other cash rents	23	55	4,650	4,732	17,428	13,669	4,137	6,756	1,404	1,671	2,964	17 616
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	...	...	14,576	18,915	28,437	28,001	5,946	6,471	2,747	6,460	14,122	66,935
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	487	283	6,898	8,350	12,392	8,648	19,544	19,711	7,673	11,885	12,356	26,159
		Paying other cash rents	800	676	10,478	12,691	98 557	88,435	93,474	89,202	56,082	94,352	37,007	150,528
		Paying in kind with or without an addition in cash	1,065	599	171,997	174,085	138,936	131,265	131,198	158,327	80,577	158,305	151,864	726,600
Total held by tenants paying rent			2,421	1,659	212,241	224,776	422,641	381,305	295,791	322,420	159,970	293,755	281,863	1,237,965

1			26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
			LAHORE.		AMRITSAR.		GURDASPUR.		SIALKOT.		GUJRANWALA.		GUJRAT.	
Total cultivated area			331,013	1,188,437	437,579	759,324	552,817	821,100	640,463	909,395	321,212	1,365,187	461,152	875,336
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			120,674	487,246	147,166	353,134	176,926	387,986	207,313	402,674	99,532	466,634	199,024	514,613
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			19,386	17,494	30,262	11,233	33,675	11,636	46,794	17,490	10,285	10,736	27,618	13,412
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	27,079	112,563	38,592	50,992	38,305	53,297	53,198	56,300	20,198	126,606	45,698	54,694
		Paying other cash rents	1,818	4,352	1,232	2,152	5,668	6,749	2,433	2,297	253	701	291	469
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	2,476	7,721	342	641	4,529	6,477	2,901	3,412	631	1,285	1,837	2,146
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	13,001	56,277	20,519	20,561	27,784	31,791	33,692	44,235	29,531	85,072	19,589	27,812
		Paying other cash rents	25,407	83,869	74,404	134,529	66,377	89,796	34,852	68,630	31,841	148,313	10,360	19,220
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	121,172	418,915	125,062	186,082	199,553	233,368	259,280	314,157	128,941	525,840	156,735	242,970
		Total held by tenants paying rent	190,953	683,697	260,151	394,957	342,216	421,478	386,356	489,231	211,395	887,817	234,510	347,311

1			38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
			SHAHPUR.		JHELUM.		RAWALPINDI.		ATTOCK.		MIANWALI.		MONTGOMERY.	
Total cultivated area			231,919	1,218,542	389,215	742,951	392,168	598,637	349,913	1,065,456	193,906	659,754	112,725	727,767
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			81,165	471,896	150,057	392,594	192,067	361,370	107,414	438,946	71,026	300,752	21,391	168,097
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			4,260	7,500	35,402	12,305	23,228	10,828	26,667	15,086	3,201	3,504	1,696	2,194
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	5,663	27,146	35,805	59,451	37,755	48,952	17,242	41,265	14,704	35,340	3,052	6,763
		Paying other cash rents	47	266	2,323	5,898	10,106	11,174	29,461	23,144	706	1,463	21	171
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	963	2,956	12,250	28,455	10,842	17,366	32,365	120,846	7,416	17,359	2,515	9,772
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	14,589	71,494	10,913	11,211	6,753	4,556	2,637	3,990	30,598	76,728	2,498	4,421
		Paying other cash rents	2,525	15,478	5,335	5,987	8,116	10,185	10,296	11,638	163	434	636	2,769
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	122,707	621,806	137,130	227,050	103,301	134,206	123,831	410,541	66,092	224,174	80,916	533,580
		Total held by tenants paying rent ...	146,494	739,146	203,756	338,052	176,873	226,439	215,832	611,424	119,679	355,498	89,638	557,476

1			50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61
			LYALLPUR.		JHANG.		MULTAN.		MUZAFFARGARH.		DERA GHAZI KHAN		GRAND TOTALS.	
Total cultivated area			130,024	1,403,911	159,269	750,982	163,480	1,127,093	264,631	743,793	183,254	1,035,577	9,659,427	27,922,277
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			53,888	741,435	55,476	293,532	40,546	218,428	114,885	364,168	58,568	364,381	3,654,043	12,829,991
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			203	774	2,812	3,236	382	407	6,076	4,375	708	1,439	484,017	279,755
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	43	85	1,037	4,550	2,285	19,010	10,214	25,179	862	4,897	748,129	1,684,718
		Paying other cash rents	...	...	93	169	60	280	11	40	130	515	125,313	307,812
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	57	179	2,217	8,180	2,421	13,784	7,257	20,271	10,078	41,555	182,628	474,015
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	10,202	57,314	3,026	13,223	2,424	13,797	5,252	16,230	2,998	18,056	416,508	871,385
		Paying other cash rents	7,941	102,245	2,719	18,578	4,393	44,066	1,055	3,292	861	4,561	918,599	2,529,568
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	57,690	501,879	91,889	409,514	110,969	817,321	119,881	310,238	109,049	600,173	3,130,190	8,945,033
		Total held by tenants paying rent	75,933	661,702	100,981	454,214	122,552	908,258	143,670	375,250	123,978	669,757	5,521,367	14,812,531

STATEMENT No. III.

(*Vide* paragraph 28 of the text.)

GENERAL STATEMENT OF AREA OWNED, WITH DETAILS OF PORTION THEREOF HELD ON USUFRUCTUARY MORTGAGE, DURING THE YEAR 1915-16.

District.	Number of villages.	Detail.	For area owned (exclusive of superior ownership).					For area held under mortgage with possession.				
			Number of jamabandi holdings.	Number of owners and share-holders.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment.	Number of mortgages.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment of mortgaged land.	Percentage to total cultivated area of area held under mortgage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
Hissar	1,007	By members of notified agricultural tribes	63,385	90,004	2,345,751	1,983,494	7,91,193	15,916	142,597	127,905	39,432	5
		By others	15,339	26,815	658,111	532,716	2,30,630	8,586	92,618	77,755	27,547	3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	4,201	...	314,957	71,229	2,124	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	82,925	116,819	3,318,819	2,587,439	10,23,947	24,502	235,215	205,660	66,979	8
Rohtak	773	By members of notified agricultural tribes	122,731	140,709	1,162,270	1,036,108	14,90,372	34,208	100,355	96,282	1,30,802	8·4
		By others	9,385	14,014	67,044	60,068	79,234	11,229	47,997	44,772	61,254	4·0
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,975	...	209,601	43,621	31,260	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	135,091	154,723	1,438,915	1,139,797	16,00,866	45,437	148,352	141,054	1,92,056	12·4
Gurgaon	1,466	By members of notified agricultural tribes	140,720	130,657	1,096,466	906,239	13,97,450	81,102	171,294	158,005	2,34,946	15·4
		By others	4,912	6,906	98,008	73,092	1,32,720	18,382	60,578	52,740	78,154	5·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,386	...	221,157	49,837	38,556	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	149,018	137,563	1,415,631	1,029,168	15,68,726	99,484	231,872	210,745	3,13,100	20·5
Karnal	1,442	By members of notified agricultural tribes	102,332	136,844	1,245,469	906,729	10,85,365	21,765	64,201	52,541	70,787	4·8
		By others	13,410	25,129	146,574	97,536	1,18,937	11,672	58,449	44,316	56,740	4·0
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,486	...	606,616	97,505	1,08,074	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	122,228	161,973	1,998,659	1,101,770	13,12,376	33,437	122,650	96,857	1,27,527	8·8
Ambala	1,798	By members of notified agricultural tribes	110,423	116,654	773,314	603,894	9,60,021	43,688	67,919	62,008	92,381	8·4
		By others	27,621	37,371	121,702	99,895	1,51,429	21,659	68,985	55,198	75,975	7·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	5,272	...	291,838	38,690	36,069	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	143,319	154,025	1,186,854	74 2,479	11,47,519	65,347	136,904	117,206	1,68,356	15·8

SIMLA	25	By members of notified agricultural tribes	7,390	5,208	53,600	9,955	17,489	1,968	2,219	972	1,975	9·8
		By others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	7,390	5,208	53,600	9,955	17,489	1,968	2,219	972	1,975	9·8
KANGRA	718	By members of notified agricultural tribes	182,681	266,147	844,829	484,381	8,29,741	32,587	79,622	50,740	85,235	8·6
		By others	43,967	70,450	124,386	79,141	1,49,359	15,709	40,055	25,759	47,167	4·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	14,141	...	735,714	24,979	8,633	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	240,789	336,597	1,704,929	588,501	9,87,733	48,296	119,677	76,499	1,32,402	13·0
HOSHIARPUR ...	2,179	By members of notified agricultural tribes	137,299	146,362	966,484	616,631	15,10,681	71,867	104,246	75,020	1,35,583	10·4
		By others	19,953	27,931	96,410	59,041	1,25,294	26,078	58,981	36,267	69,622	5·0
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	5,181	...	353,406	48,019	63,321	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	162,433	174,293	1,416,300	723,691	16,99,296	97,945	163,227	111,287	2,05,205	15·4
JULLUNDUR ...	1,314	By members of notified agricultural tribes	156,487	146,641	679,866	572,727	13,07,765	40,512	46,567	42,435	90,159	6·3
		By others	21,191	28,445	84,923	71,580	1,40,070	10,724	25,299	19,657	37,777	2·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,455	...	93,114	24,992	28,722	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	181,133	175,086	857,903	669,299	14,76,557	51,236	71,866	62,092	1,27,936	9·2
LUDHIANA ...	900	By members of notified agricultural tribes	123,767	108,985	737,489	655,747	12,34,896	40,075	89,786	83,865	137,795	11·5
		By others	19,737	22,583	70,052	60,140	1,05,235	9,899	32,538	27,409	46,206	3·8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,574	...	85,071	11,736	7,031	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	146,078	131,568	892,562	727,623	13,47,162	49,974	122,294	111,274	1,86,001	15·3
FEROZEPORE ...	1,596	By members of notified agricultural tribes	117,999	121,996	2,097,518	1,874,369	12,51,655	74,412	236,130	226,721	1,52,616	10·2
		By others	21,090	25,532	358,405	320,876	2,03,542	20,473	85,449	75,883	47,910	3·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,890	...	140,258	35,603	15,920	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	142,979	147,528	2,596,181	2,230,848	14,71,117	94,885	321,579	302,604	2,00,526	13·6
LAHORE ...	1,287	By members of notified agricultural tribes	89,220	97,158	1,324,998	965,037	8,12,480	29,054	129,513	104,351	97,137	9·
		By others	13,331	18,480	163,513	113,911	1,07,759	9,185	57,156	37,770	36,846	3·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	4,082	...	233,448	90,116	85,414	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	106,633	115,638	1,721,959	1,169,064	10,05,653	38,239	186,669	142,121	1,33,983	12·2
AMRITSAR ...	1,079	By members of notified agricultural tribes	142,237	116,227	842,168	688,129	13,34,338	55,820	101,196	95,784	1,70,952	12·7
		By others	15,230	15,359	73,343	54,808	1,11,173	15,161	32,861	27,680	45,748	3·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	4,171	...	83,338	12,107	17,810	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	161,638	131,586	998,849	755,044	14,63,321	70,981	134,057	123,464	2,16,700	16·4
GURDASPUR ...	2,363	By members of notified agricultural tribes	136,047	115,029	816,083	690,461	15,58,025	67,866	123,057	110,971	2,50,527	13·6
		By others	16,674	18,195	112,240	87,308	1,93,597	25,940	76,039	63,925	1,29,952	7·8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	9,362	...	240,983	40,646	75,484	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	162,083	133,224	1,169,306	818,415	18,27,106	93,803	199,096	174,896	3,80,479	21·4
SIALKOT ...	2,517	By members of notified agricultural tribes	170,545	143,290	987,113	792,597	15,13,472	82,515	152,946	136,218	2,49,143	15·0
		By others	15,183	16,776	84,072	68,244	1,34,465	33,651	91,978	79,150	1,44,859	8·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,211	...	190,209	45,965	9,926	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	191,939	160,066	1,261,394	906,806	16,57,863	116,166	244,924	215,368	3,94,002	23·7

STATEMENT No. III—CONCLUDED.

District.	Number of villages.	Detail.	For area owned (exclusive of superior ownership). Number of jamabandi holdings.	Number of owners and shareholders.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment.	For area held under mortgage with possession. Number of mortgages.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment of mortgaged land.	Percentage to total cultivated area of area held under mortgage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
Gujranwala ...	1,844	By members of notified agricultural tribes	64,327	84,752	1,726,161	1,125 067	19,93,126	9,915	82,364	54,205	78,178	3·9
		By others	12,343	17,500	358,248	213,821	3,40,2[illegible]3	7,481	80,826	51,115	70,024	3·6
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,024	1,015	407,937	61,914	1,03,778	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	82,694	103,267	2,492,346	1,400,802	24,37,167	17,396	163,190	105,320	1,48,202	7·5
Gujrat	1,511	By members of notified agricultural tribes	120,881	134,586	1,099,8[illegible]5	764,679	8,71,584	45,641	61,054	54,963	67,021	6·2
		By others	14,914	21,174	96,191	69,074	88,047	24,806	67,743	54,566	63,841	6·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,697	...	208,725	44,851	35,677	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	139.492	155,760	1,404,721	878,604	9,95,308	70,447	128,797	109,529	1,30,862	12·4
Shahpur	1,070	By members of notified agricultural tribes	54,575	62,266	1,252,675	724,070	8,52,673	8,795	41,501	28,318	22,853	2·2
		By others	8,504	13,179	132,684	89,842	90,352	8,777	84,455	46,896	46,892	3·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	9,788	12,602	1,656,359	450,498	11,27,49[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	72,867	88,047	3,041,718	1,264,410	20,70,521	17,572	125,956	75,214	69,745	5·9
Jhelum	954	By members of notified agricultural tribes	103,626	102,841	1,078,386	639,520	6,55,109	17,850	27,510	24,033	25,438	3·2
		By others	23,541	23,926	92,232	6[illegible],729	68,750	15,591	50,050	34,409	33,949	4·6
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,442	...	607,041	40,464	32,038	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	129,609	126,767	1,777,659	741,713	7,55,897	33,441	77,560	58,442	59,387	7·8
Rawalpindi ...	1,293	By members of notified agricultural tribes	154,378	135,159	779,094	508,554	5,82,553	13,973	17,327	14,918	16,626	2·5
		By others	31,554	32,075	75,853	55,796	75,444	10,921	22,024	17,885	22,109	3·0
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,245	...	458,589	33,323	15,839	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	189,177	167,234	1,313,536	597,673	6,73,836	24,894	39,351	32,803	38,735	5·5

ATTOCK	671	By members of notified agricultural tribes	80,646	72,277	1,921,822	994,084	6,15,306	11 529	57,731	37,177	26,160	3·4
		By others	11,485	11,752	77,833	48,533	37,4 9	8,009	68,853	42,274	25,184	3·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	1,671	3	702,567	44,651	20,908	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	93,802	84,032	2,702,222	1,087,268	6,73,623	19,538	126,584	79,451	51,344	7·3
MIANWALI	441	By members of notified agricultural tribes	57,419	83,728	1,295,598	441,672	3,41,471	17,143	132,588	73,727	37,518	12·1
		By others	15,183	23,862	147,980	62,962	47,863	11,805	79,913	41,584	24,715	6·8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	1,283	...	2,001,119	103,250	25,968	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	73,885	107,590	3,444,697	607,884	4,15,302	28,948	212,501	115,311	62,228	18·9
MONTGOMERY ...	1,244	By members of notified agricultural tribes	11,589	42,437	925,348	592,027	3,58,317	873	17,415	10,221	6,839	1·3
		By others	4,021	12,011	322,302	184,228	1,31,169	2,612	52,860	23,872	16,920	3·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,023	11	52,534	5,988	1,470	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	17,633	54,459	1,300,184	782,243	4,90,956	3,485	70,275	34,093	23,759	4·4
LYALLPUR	1,296	By members of notified agricultural tribes	30,683	49,693	1,006,298	921,208	32,60,121	1,686	13,282	11,830	33,815	1·0
		By others	2,122	4,970	113,684	98,015	3,20,180	918	15,661	12,664	32,007	2·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	25,307	17,751	983,985	412,853	12,43,951	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	58,112	72,414	2,103,967	1,432,076	48,24,252	1,999	28,943	23,894	65,822	3·2
JHANG	1,018	By members of notified agricultural tribes	47,538	64,608	1,252,972	591,340	9,08,515	2,264	31,768	16,015	20,042	2
		By others	16,628	28,612	289,049	121,254	1,55,738	12,460	153,087	70,459	83,052	9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	7,892	...	627,185	83,732	1,62,819	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	72,058	93,220	2,169,206	796,326	12,26,872	14,724	184,855	86,474	1,03,094	11
MULTAN	1,445	By members of notified agricultural tribes	44,363	62,603	1,475,814	786,134	11,15,643	1,751	31,241	17,127	25,201	1·5
		By others	22,122	34,622	578,057	508,818	4,02,759	9,975	126,007	101,871	1,32,745	8·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,418	158	1,760,396	70,976	1,06,034	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	68,903	97,383	3,814,267	1,165,928	16,24,436	11,726	217,248	118,998	1,57,946	10·2
MUZAFFARGARH ...	937	By members of notified agricultural tribes	83,899	109,360	1,808,320	547,172	6,21,014	9,460	113,505	30,211	32,020	4·1
		By others	33,742	51,169	454,696	184,775	2,32,369	19,357	175,735	76,405	83,287	10·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	1,626	...	1,304,259	13,245	40,988	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	119,267	160,529	3,567,275	745,192	8,94,371	28,817	289,240	106,616	1,15,307	14·3
DERA GHAZI KHAN ...	794	By members of notified agricultural tribes	68,387	141,067	2,562,940	799,193	3,40,636	19,418	120,780	49,751	32,481	4·7
		By others	22,259	39,612	517,792	183,015	1,24,560	25,368	219,394	95,985	64,484	9·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	897	...	394,587	54,183	31,084	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	91,543	130,679	3,475,019	1,036,391	4,96,280	44,816	340,174	145 736	96,965	13·8
PROVINCIAL TOTAL ...	34,982	By members of notified agricultural tribes	2,725,577	3,027.288	34,158,301	22,221,218	2,96,11,011	853,083	2,359.714	1,846.314	23.63,657	6·6
		By others	475,441	668,450	5,515,284	3,463,218	40,98,147	396,423	2,085,561	1,237,666	16,06,966	4·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	143,700	31,540	14,964,993	2,054,973	34,76,394	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	3,344,718	3,727,278	54,638,578	27,739,409	3,71,85,552	1,249,506	4,445,275	3,183,980	39,70,623	11·5

STATEMENT

STATEMENT SHOWING INCIDENCE OF REVENUE

Division.	District.	Area in acres.				
		Total area by survey, less feudatories	*Deduct.*		*Balance of area fully assessed.*	
			Area not fully assessed.	Area for which returns so far as required for this table are not available.	Total.	Cultivated.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Ambala.	Hissar	3,336,195	68,234	62,448	3,205,513	1,333,726
	Rohtak	1,437,429	7,806	...	1,429,623	940,794
	Gurgaon	1,448,593	108,571	215,685	1,124,337	808,137
	Karnal	2,017,920	71,208	31,981	1,914,731	959,396
	Ambala	1,184,689	116,252	10,120	1,058,317	668,855
	Simla	64,600	1,302	43,208	20,090	8,652
Jullundur.	Kangra	6,385,920	71,457	5,535,366	779,097	505,003
	Hoshiarpur	1,437,998	11,435	62,202	1,364,361	681,567
	Jullundur	915,803	10,776	56,782	848,245	597,289
	Ludhiana	929,366	50,347	36,742	842,277	677,138
	Ferozepore	2,742,778	189 128	147,469	2,406,181	1,681,180
Lahore.	Lahore	1,813,225	25,443	308,610	1,479,172	1,011,996
	Amritsar	1,025,312	13,054	30,671	981,587	723,934
	Gurdaspur	1,208,960	3,942	39,571	1,165,447	782,968
	Sialkot	1,273,568	6,226	12,089	1,255,253	848,241
	Gujranwala	2,612,517	62,674	1,129,906	1,419,937	1,199,046
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	1,512,038	6,107	150,964	1,354,967	746,628
	Shahpur	3,062,583	22,459	804,186	2,235,938	839,902
	Jhelum	1,800,320	14,208	262,199	1,523,913	622,923
	Rawalpindi	1,286,400	20,989	606,411	659,000	532,111
	Attock	2,575,947	360,293	100,535	2,115,119	664,105
	Mianwali	3,452,567	59,979	1,212,008	2,180,580	363,213
Multan.	Montgomery	2,959,143	27,512	1,207,850	1,723,781	603,780
	Lyallpur	4,289,501	1,248	1,001,259	1,579,327	1,311,141
	Jhang		48,419		1,659,248	573,046
	Multan	3,801,370	7,113	97,402	3,696,855	931,809
	Muzaffargarh	3,873,248	1,879	819,403	3,051,966	587,998
	Dera Ghazi Khan	3,407,945	579,817	54,014	2,774,114	424,678
	Total	61,855,935	1,967,878	14,039,081	45,848,976	21,629,256

No. IV.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1916.

Total land revenue and population.					Land revenue from land assessed on full, assessed area (column 6).	Incidence of land revenue on fully assessed area per acre.		Average percentage of remissions out of the demand during the quinquennium.	District.	Division.
Total land revenue from land of district (i.e., on area shown in column 3).			Population of district (*i.e.*, of area shown in column 3).	Land revenue per head of population (columns 10 and 11).		For total area (column 6).	For cultivated area only (column 7).			
Paid to Government.	Enjoyed by assignees.	Total.								
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
10,15,117	44,819	10,59,936	804,889	1 5 1	10,05,440	0 5 0	0 12 1	·15	Hissar.	Ambala.
16,21,731	37,480	16,59,211	714,834	2 5 2	16,34,681	1 2 4	1 11 10	·16	Rohtak.	
15,27,773	92,257	16,20,030	729,167	2 3 7	14,92,072	1 5 3	1 13 6	1·0	Gurgaon.	
10,55,590	3,10,805	13 66,395	799,787	1 11 4	12,66,545	0 10 7	1 5 1	·25	Karnal.	
7,29,965	4,36,372	11,66,337	689,970	1 11 1	10,96,502	1 0 7	1 10 3	·04	Ambala.	
16,908	1,518	18,426	39,820	0 7 6	17,534	0 14 0	2 0 5	...	Simla.	
7,96,082	2,24,154	10,20,236	770,386	1 5 2	9,77,806	1 4 1	1 15 0	·4	Kangra.	Jullundur.
17.05,848	1,25,706	18,31,554	918,569	1 15 11	18,00,169	1 5 1	2 10 3	·002	Hoshiarpur.	
15,56,515	1,01,847	16,58,362	801,920	2 1 1	15,98,088	1 14 2	2 10 10	...	Jullundur.	
11,42,255	2,24,896	13,67,151	517,192	2 10 4	13,52,278	1 9 8	1 15 11	·003	Ludhiana.	
13,41,814	2,64,023	16,05,837	959,657	1 10 9	14,54,849	0 9 8	0 13 10	...	Ferozepore.	
12,21,098	1,24,252	13,45,350	1,037,098	1 4 9	12,21,643	0 13 3	1 3 4	·12	Lahore.	Lahore.
13,41,718	2,24,390	15,66,108	880,768	1 12 5	15,26,919	1 8 11	2 1 9	·12	Amritsar.	
17,47,526	1,12,206	18,59,732	836,771	2 3 7	18,35,059	1 9 2	2 5 6	·2	Gurdaspur.	
16,55,479	80,008	17,35,487	979,581	1 12 4	17,11,844	1 5 10	2 0 3	·13	Sialkot.	
28,04,139	2,10,461	30,14,600	923,419	3 4 3	27,03,389	1 14 6	2 4 1	·32	Gujranwala.	
9,64,065	60,918	10,24,983	787,982	1 4 10	9,95,480	0 11 9	1 5 4	1·0	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
22,44,513	55,669	23,00,182	645,018	3 9 1	20,39,148	0 14 7	2 6 10	1·0	Shahpur.	
7,35,997	37,829	7,73,826	511,575	1 8 2	7,55,234	0 7 11	1 3 5	1·0	Jhelum.	
6,47,694	39,151	6,86,845	547,827	1 4 1	6,73,966	1 0 4	1 4 3	1·0	Rawalpindi.	
6,41,950	55,975	6,97,925	519,273	1 5 6	6,37,771	0 4 10	0 15 4	·41	Attock.	
3,54,160	31,620	3,85,780	341,377	1 2 1	3,52,774	0 2 7	0 15 6	1·0	Mianwali.	
25,76,529	23,744	26,00,273	503,462	5 2 8	6,72,053	0 6 3	1 1 10	·52	Montgomery.	Multan.
59,27,935	20,112	59,48,047	879,324	6 12 3	49,69,965	3 2 4	3 12 8	...	Lyallpur.	
13,18,736	37,195	13,55,931	524,802	2 9 4	12,89,955	0 12 5	2 4 0	1·55	Jhang.	
12,32,388	38,258	12,70,646	811,887	1 9 0	14,84,881	0 6 5	1 9 6	...	Multan.	
8,73,25	18,639	8,91,898	569,461	1 9 1	8,44,723	0 4 5	1 7 0	...	Muzaffargarh.	
4,79,721	83,582	5,63,303	499,860	1 2 0	5,14,948	0 3 0	1 3 5	·02	Dera Ghazi Khan.	
3,92,76,505	31,17,886	4,23,94,391	19,545,176	2 2 8	3,79,27,156	0 13 3	1 12 1	...	Total.	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph

STATEMENT OF FIXED LAND REVENUE (INCLUDING SERVICE COMMUTATION)

(Collection up to

Division.	District.	Demand.	Collections.	Percentage on demand of collection.	Collections during current year on account of previous years.	Total of columns 4 and 6.	Balance on 30th September.		
							Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	9,62,626	8,38,719	87·1	...	8,38,719	1,23,907	28,289	1,52,196
	Rohtak	15,99,677	12,47,030	77·9	52	12,47,082	3,52,647	66,606	4,19,253
	Gurgaon	14,64,263	11,10,028	75 8	12,954	11,22,982	3,54,235	1,73,919	5,28,154
	Karnal	10,41,168	10,11,446	97·1	4,256	10,15,702	29,722	24,610	54,332
	Ambala	7,09,577	7,06,240	99·5	527	7,06,767	3,337	940	4,277
	Simla	15,993	15,993	100·0	...	15,993	...	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra	7,64,820	7,60,974	99·4	554	7,61,528	3,846	...	3,846
	Hoshiarpur	16,52,163	16,46,515	98·4	7,378	16,53,893	5,648	416	6,064
	Jullundur	15,32,341	15,31,771	99·9	...	15,31,771	570	...	570
	Ludhiana	11,26,075	11,25,951	99·9	...	11,25,951	124	106	230
	Ferozepore	12,32,372	12,30,506	99·8	...	12,30,506	1,866	...	1,866
Lahore.	Lahore	9,27,407	8,88,173	95·7	135	8,88,308	39,234	190	39,424
	Amritsar	13,24,778	13,22,391	99·8	956	13,23,347	2,387	291	2,678
	Gurdaspur	17,21,291	16,58,878	96·3	5,427	16,64,305	62,413	30,509	92,922
	Sialkot	13,07,746	12,90,192	98·6	632	12,90,824	17,554	3,248	20,802
	Gujranwala	5,83,132	4,92,320	84·4	730	4,93,050	90,812	509	91,321
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	9,07,538	8,10,412	89·3	66	8,10,478	97,126	8,477	1,05,603
	Shahpur	4,18,446	3,18,529	76·1	24,378	3,42,907	99,917	2,845	1,02,762
	Jhelum	7,19,739	6,48,054	90·0	698	6,48,752	71,685	18,820	90,505
	Rawalpindi	6,34,899	6,24,837	98·4	...	6,24,837	10,062	...	10,062
	Attock	6,17,165	5,70,847	92·5	808	5,71,655	46,318	6,344	52,662
	Mianwali	46,684	46,684	100·0	...	46,684	...	...	...
Multan.	Montgomery	1,50,883	1,49,187	98·8	1,000	1,50,187	1,696	1,004	2,700
	Lyallpur	10,775	10,775	100·0	...	10,775	...	...	...
	Jhang	2,44,188	2,44,109	100·0	42	2,44,151	79	...	79
	Multan	2,90,861	2,84,772	97·9	712	2,85,484	6,089	77	6,166
	Muzaffargarh	3,57,809	3,57,469	99·9	...	3,57,469	340	...	340
	Dera Ghazi Khan	2,64,911	2,45,881	92·8	47	2,45,928	19,030	1,986	21,016
	Total ...	2,26,29,327	2,11,88,683	93·6	61,352	2,12,50,035	14,40,644	3,69,186	18,09,830

No. V.

2 of the text.)

DEMANDS, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1916.

the 30th September 1916).

PARTICULARS OF BALANCES.								Arrears struck off by orders passed on annual balance statements during the year.	REMISSIONS ON ACCOUNT OF CALAMITY OF SEASON SANCTIONED DURING THE YEAR.		DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
RECOVERABLE.				UNDETERMINED.		IRRECOVERABLE.						
Under suspension.		*Not under suspension.*										
Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years	Of the year under report.	Of former years.		On account of year under report.	On account of former years.		
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	1	2
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
1,19,643	28,281	4,264	...	...	...	...	8	4	...	...	Hissar	AMBALA.
3,52,335	59,481	...	...	...	...	312	7,125	19,840	...	...	Rohtak	
3,53,794	1,45,048	...	...	241	10	200	28,861	20,235	19,057	...	Gurgaon	
28,083	24,610	...	...	...	...	1,639	...	4,835	...	...	Karnal	
2,831	936	...	...	7	...	499	4	593	...	...	Ambala	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Simla	
...	...	...	...	...	...	3,846	...	2,579	...	...	Kangra	JULLUNDUR.
...	416	488	...	...	...	5,160	...	4,454	...	...	Hoshiarpur	
...	...	108	...	...	...	462	...	2,863	...	...	Jullundur	
...	...	...	...	...	...	124	106	1,329	...	...	Ludhiana	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,866	...	8,829	...	...	Ferozepore	
...	...	34	...	...	...	39,200	190	9,775	...	...	Lahore	LAHORE.
1,030	291	...	...	...	...	1,357	...	6,099	249	...	Amritsar	
52,483	30,301	1,073	24	5	...	8,902	184	11,187	6,332	...	Gurdaspur	
10,479	1,490	...	...	...	...	7,075	1,758	11,677	...	...	Sialkot	
26	332	15	...	42	24	90,729	153	4,114	...	...	Gujranwala	
94,410	5,684	137	...	163	364	2,416	2,429	2,646	298	...	Gujrat	RAWALPINDI.
93,802	1,121	177	...	33	...	5,905	1,724	2,625	10	...	Shahpur	
68,064	12,126	829	...	...	...	2,792	6,694	2,212	200	...	Jhelum	
10,047	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	1,419	...	...	Rawalpindi	
45,045	4,267	...	...	...	...	1,273	2,077	7,669	485	...	Attock	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	324	...	...	Mianwali	
227	262	441	8	...	...	1,028	734	14,126	...	...	Montgomery	MULTAN.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,673	...	...	Lyallpur...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	79	...	2,336	...	...	Jhang	
...	...	76	...	...	...	6,013	77	12,655	...	...	Multan	
...	...	340	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	Muzaffargarh	
17,608	1,704	...	...	...	...	1,422	282	1,985	...	...	Dera Ghazi Khan	
12,49,857	3,16,350	7,982	32	491	398	1,82,314	52,406	1,62,085	26,631	...	TOTAL.	

STATEMENT No. VI.

(*Vide* paragraph 2 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING FOR THE AGRICULTURAL YEAR, ENDING RABI 1916, THE AMOUNT OF LAND REVENUE HELD UNDER SUSPENSION AT ITS COMMENCEMENT AND ITS CLOSE.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sums under suspension remitted during the year.	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Hissar	Suspension more than three years old ...	6,814	...	6,814	...	...	6,814	
	1913-14	21,467	...	21,467	...	...	21,467	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	...	1,19,643	1,19,643	...	...	1,19,643	
	Total ...	28,281	1,19,643	1,47,924	...	...	1,47,924	
Rohtak.	Suspension more than three years old ..	14,871	..	14,871	...	7,125	7,746	
	1913-14	43,948	...	43,948	...	...	43,948	
	1914-15	7,787	...	7,787	...	...	7,787	
	1915-16	...	3,52,335	3,52,335	...	...	3,52,335	
	Total ...	66,606	3,52,335	4,18,941	...	7,125	4,11,816	
Gurgaon.	Suspension more than three years old ...	10,204	...	10,204	150	8,263	1,791	
	1913-14	1,23,770	...	1,23,770	11,185	356	1,12,229	
	1914-15	32,406	...	32,406	1,378	...	31,028	
	1915-16	...	3,53,907	3,53,907	...	113	3,53,794	
	Total ...	1,66,380	3,53,907	5,20,287	12,713	8,732	4,98,842	
Karnal.	Suspension more than three years old ...	2,423	...	2,423	695	...	1,728	
	1913-14	25,145	...	25,145	3,552	...	21,593	
	1914-15	1,298	...	1,298	9	...	1,289	
	1915-16	...	29,509	29,509	1,426	...	28,083	
	Total ...	28,866	29,509	58,375	5,682	...	52,693	
Ambala.	Suspension more than three years old ...	72	...	72	68	4	...	
	1913-14	1,206	...	1,206	458	...	748	
	1914-15	189	...	189	1	...	188	
	1915-16	...	2,831	2,831	...	...	2,831	
	Total ...	1,467	2,831	4,298	527	4	3,767	
Hoshiarpur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	5,481	...	5,481	5,065	...	416	
	1915-16	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	5,481	...	5,481	5,065	...	416	
Ludhiana.	Suspension more than three years old ...	106	...	106	...	106	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	106	...	106	...	106	...	

STATEMENT VI—CONTINUED.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sums under suspension remitted during the year.	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Ferozepore.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	...	83	83	83	...	...	
	Total ...	...	83	83	83	...	...	
Lahore.	Suspension more than three years old ...	168	...	168	...	168	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	168	...	168	...	168	...	
Amritsar.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	1,241	...	1,241	950	...	291	
	1915-16	...	1,199	1,199	169	...	1,030	
	Total ...	1,241	1,199	2,440	1,119	...	1,321	
Gurdaspur	Suspension more than three years old ...	1,648	...	1,648	121	134	1,393	
	1913-14	991	...	991	82	...	909	
	1914-15	32,244	...	32,244	4,245	...	27,999	
	1915-16	...	52,934	52,934	501	...	52,433	
	Total ...	34,883	52,934	87,817	4,949	134	82,734	
Sialkot.	Suspension more than three years old ...	932	...	932	...	...	932	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	2,948	...	2,948	632	1,758	558	
	1915-16	...	15,306	15,306	4,827	...	10,479	
	Total ...	3,880	15,306	19,186	5,459	1,758	11,969	
Gujranwala.	Suspension more than three years old ...	317	...	317	317	...	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	546	...	546	214	...	332	
	1915-16	...	26	26	...	...	26	
	Total ...	863	26	889	531	...	358	
Gujrat.	Suspension more than three years old ...	6,470	...	6,470	37	2,389	4,044	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	1,640	...	1,640	...	...	1,640	
	1915-16	...	94,410	94,410	...	...	94,410	
	Total ...	8,110	94,410	1,02,520	37	2,389	1,00,094	

STATEMENT VI—CONCLUDED.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sums under suspension remitted during the year.	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Shahpur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1913-14	1,230	...	1,230	...	900	330	
	1914-15	791	...	791	...	...	791	
	1915-16	...	93,919	93,919	117	...	93,802	
	Total ...	2,021	93,919	95,940	117	900	94,923	
Jhelum.	Suspension more than three years old ...	13,752	...	13,752	672	6,694	6,386	
	1913-14	3,351	...	3,351	...	...	3,351	
	1914-15	2,389	...	2,389	...	...	2,389	
	1915-16	...	75,522	75,522	7,458	...	68,064	
	Total ...	19,492	75,522	95,014	8,130	6,694	80,190	
Rawalpindi.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	...	11,910	11,910	1,863	...	10,047	
	Total ...	...	11,910	11,910	1,863	...	10,047	
Attock.	Suspension more than three years old ...	7,152	...	7,152	808	2,077	4,267	
	1913-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	...	50,103	50,103	5,058	...	45,045	
	Total ...	7,152	50,103	57,255	5,866	2,077	49,312	
Montgomery.	Suspension more than three years old ...	533	...	533	103	430	...	
	1913-14	468	...	468	86	140	242	
	1914 15	36	...	36	...	16	20	
	1915-16	...	384	384	157	...	227	
	Total ...	1,037	384	1,421	346	586	489	
Dera Ghazi Khan.	Suspension more than three years old ...	1,727	...	1,727	...	245	1,482	
	1913-14	259	...	259	...	37	222	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	...	22,520	22,520	4,912	...	17,608	
	Total ...	1,986	22,520	24,506	4,912	282	19,312	
Grand Total.	Suspension more than three years old ...	67,189	...	27,189	2,971	27,635	36,583	
	1913-14	2,21,835	...	2,21,835	15,363	1,433	2,05,039	
	1914-15	88,996	...	88,996	12,494	1,774	74,728	
	1915-16	...	12,76,541	12,76,541	26,571	113	12,49,857	
	Total ...	3,78,020	12,76,541	16,54,561	57,399	30,955	15,66,207	

STATEMENT No. VII.

(*Vide* paragraph 2 of the text).

STATEMENT SHOWING ALTERATIONS IN THE FIXED LAND REVENUE DEMAND FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1915-16.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 2

STATEMENT SHOWING ALTERATIONS IN THE FIXED LAND

Division.	District.	Demand of the previous year.	Increase.									
			By lapses and resumption of revenue free lands.	By revision of assessment from regular Settlements or otherwise.	By alluvion.	By land released from occupation by Government.	*By territorial transfer.* From districts of the Punjab.	*By territorial transfer.* From Foreign States or other Provinces.	By assessment of wastes, formation of new estates, newleases of wells, etc.	By progressive jamas.	Miscellaneous.	Total increase.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	9,20,162	46	...	...	6	...	...	328	43,331	...	43,711
	Rohtak	15,99,024	395	...	131	...	...	...	...	1,127	1,068	2,721
	Gurgaon	14,62,392	18	...	1,114	...	...	...	1,501	1,021	490	4,144
	Karnal	10,42,020	634	...	375	...	...	...	82	88	...	1,179
	Ambala	7,09,538	120	...	364	...	...	...	...	...	...	484
	Simla	15,990	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3
Jullundur.	Kangra	7,40,430	358	25,809	311	...	...	...	...	...	...	26,478
	Hoshiarpur ...	13,16,715	230	3,38,635	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,38,865
	Jullundur ...	13,84,768	184	1,47,752	2,647	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,50,583
	Ludhiana	11,22,461	...	...	846	2	...	...	3,847	...	...	4,695
	Ferozepore ...	12,36,406	4	...	1,551	...	...	...	...	789	2	2,364
Lahore.	Lahore	9,22,249	2,890	...	10,286	...	...	...	1,812	...	832	15,820
	Amritsar	13,24,786	894	...	353	...	923	...	...	665	94	2,929
	Gurdaspur ...	17,05,717	680	...	4,416	...	...	...	...	15,586	72	20,754
	Sialkot	10,97,901	360	4,65,039	1,216	...	60	...	...	1,754	61	4,68,490
	Gujranwala ...	4,55,568	629	1,81,421	1,384	...	...	...	1,06,357	2,187	1,395	2,93,373
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	8,63,995	187	43,197	2,492	94	...	...	...	398	64	46,432
	Shahpur	4,19,029	104	...	1,477	...	...	...	22	...	...	1,603
	Jhelum	7,18,993	198	...	1,780	...	...	...	37	127	...	2,142
	Rawalpindi ...	6,35,950	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	87	...	96
	Attock	6,14,140	241	...	330	21	...	...	...	3,084	...	3,676
	Mianwali	46,648	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	37
Multan.	Montgomery ...	1,64,542	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	503	...	520
	Lyallpur	21,043	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	184	184
	Jhang	2,43,310	...	353	2,857	...	...	...	...	...	125	3,335
	Multan	2,95,608	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,609	3,329	122	10,060
	Muzaffargarh ...	3,57,643	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	214	...	214
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	2,67,423	11	...	...	...	...	...	38	44	115	208
	Total ...	2,17,04,451	8,226	12,02,206	33,930	123	983	...	1,20,653	74,337	4,642	14,45,100

No. VII.

of the text.)

REVENUE DEMAND FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1915-16.

Decrease.											District.	Division.
By grant of land revenue free.	Deductions owing to Settlement operations.	Other reductions owing to reduction of assessment, calamities of season, deterioration of estates, farms, &c.	By diluvion.	By land being occupied by Government.	By territorial transfer. To districts of the Punjab.	By territorial transfer. To Foreign States or other Provinces.	By redemption of land revenue.	Miscellaneous.	Total decrease.	Demand of the year under report.		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	1,243	...	4	...	...	...	...	1,247	9,62,626	Hissar.	Ambala.
...	...	...	327	89	...	...	...	1,652	2,068	15,99,677	Rohtak.	
600	...	735	259	...	...	...	...	679	2,273	14,64,263	Gurgaon.	
35	...	855	964	173	...	...	...	4	2,031	10,41,168	Karnal.	
12	...	...	421	12	...	...	...	...	445	7,09,577	Ambala.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,993	Simla.	
...	...	...	2,087	1	...	...	...	...	2,088	7,64,820	Kangra.	Jullundur.
...	2,564	...	208	645	...	...	...	...	3,417	16,52,163	Hoshiarpur.	
...	119	...	1,721	1,170	...	...	...	...	3,010	15,32,341	Jullundur.	
...	...	...	1,050	13	...	...	...	18	1,081	11,26,075	Ludhiana.	
...	...	...	1,589	30	...	...	16	4,763	6,398	12,32,372	Ferozepore.	
...	...	...	5,721	167	...	...	...	4,774	10,662	9,27,407	Lahore.	Lahore.
20	...	33	2,293	8	60	...	...	523	2,937	13,24,778	Amritsar.	
...	...	294	4,799	87	...	...	...	...	5,180	17,21,291	Gurdaspur.	
...	2,54,787	...	1,039	1,441	923	...	...	455	2,58,645	13,07,746	Sialkot.	
...	1,63,918	664	...	413	...	...	...	614	1,65,809	3,83,132	Gujranwala.	
...	76	...	2,307	350	...	...	...	156	2,889	9,07,538	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
...	...	44	2,121	21	...	...	...	...	2,186	4,18,446	Shahpur.	
...	...	6	1,088	302	...	...	...	...	1,396	7,19,739	Jhelum.	
600	...	...	17	530	...	...	...	...	1,147	6,34,899	Rawalpindi.	
80	...	22	457	7	...	...	...	85	651	6,17,165	Attock.	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	46,684	Mianwali.	
...	...	14,007	142	30	...	...	...	...	14,179	1,50,883	Montgomery.	Multan.
...	...	10,452	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,452	10,775	Lyallpur.	
...	...	135	2,322	...	...	...	...	...	2,457	2,44,188	Jhang.	
...	...	14,431	28	15	...	...	...	333	14,807	2,90,861	Multan.	
...	...	31	...	15	...	...	...	2	48	3,57,809	Muzaffargarh.	
25	...	...	2,613	34	...	...	...	48	2,720	2,64,911	Dera Ghazi Khan.	
1,372	4,21,464	42,952	33,573	5,558	983	...	16	14,306	5,20,224	2,26,29,327	Total.	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraphs 4 and 5

STATEMENT OF COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING AND

Division.	District.	FLUCTUATING SOURCES OF LAND REVENUE.												
		Temporarily excluded from fixed Land Revenue Roll.	Permanently excluded from fixed Land Revenue Roll.											
				Fluctuating assessment of canal irrigated lands.				*Fluctuating assessment of other lands.*						
		Total.	Collections from estates held under direct management.	Land Revenue and malikana assessed by Deputy Commissioners.	Land Revenue and malikana assessed by Irrigation Department.	Water-advantage rate assessed by Irrigation Department.	Total of columns 5, 6 and 7	Land Revenue and malikana assessed by Deputy Commissioners.	Land Revenue and malikana assessed by Irrigation Department.	Revenue on building sites in colony towns.	Total of columns 9, 10 and 11.	Other items.	Total of columns 8, 12 and 13.	Total of columns 3 and 14.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala	Hissar ...	229	...	...	...	...	...	33,080	...	...	33,080	...	33,080	33,309
	Rohtak ...	1,165	...	...	...	...	...	337	...	...	337	...	337	1,502
	Gurgaon ...	2,903	...	...	...	...	...	6,875	...	...	6,875	...	6,875	9,778
	Karnal ...	1,039	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,039
	Ambala ...	1,338	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,338
	Simla ...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	5,398	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,398
	Hoshiarpur	4,519	...	23,184	...	...	23,184	...	...	...	...	...	23,184	27,703
	Jullundur ..	800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800
	Ludhiana ...	1,431	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,431
	Ferozepore ...	2,001	...	...	...	60,856	60,856	21,754	...	...	21,754	...	82,610	84,611
Lahore.	Lahore ...	1,70,622	...	6,112	515	38,921	45,548	8,150	...	...	8,150	...	53,698	2,24,320
	Amritsar ...	1,090	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,090
	Gurdaspur...	4,103	...	...	...	...	...	3,029	...	...	3,029	...	3,029	7,132
	Sialkot ...	2,70,938	...	97,521	...	...	97,521	5,338	...	...	5,338	...	1,02,859	3,73,797
	Gujranwala	2,601	...	82,074	18,23,395	...	19,05,469	76,842	...		76,842	3,482	19,85,793	19,88,394
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	1,991	...	...	23,418	...	23,418	8,177	...		8,177	..	31,595	33,586
	Shahpur ...	41,946	...	...	16,10,345	24,072	16,34,417	18,881	...	...	18,881	637	16,53,935	16,95,881
	Jhelum ...	1,098	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,098
	Rawalpindi	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39
	Attock ...	413	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	413
	Mianwali ..	50	...	...	...	...	...	2,74,848	...	...	2,74,848	...	2,74,848	2,74,898
Multan.	Montgomery	2,851	...	2,954	1,87,168	1,47,450	3,37,572	64,280	...	..	64,280	1,576	4,03,428	4,06,279
	Lyallpur ...	9,013	...	...	51,05,195	5,687	51,10,882	9,824	9,243	...	19,067	...	51,29,949	51,38,962
	Jhang ...	4,890	...	1,887	8,79,712	...	8,81,599	1,10,993	...	...	1,10,993	528	9,93,120	9,98,010
	Multan ...	10,597	...	4,98,281	60,003	...	5,58,284	2,07,798	...	...	2,07,798	...	7,66,082	7,76,679
	Muzaffargarh	...	...	1,41,747	...	5,669	1,47,416	3,20,597	...	...	3,20,597	89	4,68,102	4,68,102
	D. G. Khan	321	...	96,657	...	...	96,657	78,104	...	...	78,104	5,818	1,80,579	1,80,900
	Total ...	5,48,411	...	9,50,417	96,89,751	2,82,655	1,09,22,823	12,48,907	9,248	...	12,58,150	12,130	1,21,93,103	1,27,56,514

No. VIII.

of the text.)

OTHER LAND REVENUE DURING THE YEAR ENDING RÁBI 1916.

BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING LAND REVENUE.			OTHER LAND REVENUE.								DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
Of the year under report.	Of previous year.	Total.	Sales of Government estates which include cultivated lands.	Sale-proceeds of waste land including nazrana.	Sale of town sites.	Recovery of cost of settlement from assignees.	Receipts from quarries and minor mineral products in lands not under the management of the Forest Department and receipts from mines.	Recoveries on account of acreage rate for canal survey and demarcations (land revenue shares).	Rents of lands leased for a single year or harvest.	Tirni.		
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
127	...	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,583	1,829	Hissar ...	AMBALA.
29	12	41	...	...	...	...	4,213	...	256	3,497	Rohtak ...	
884	25	909	29,701	...	...	...	4,452	...	368	...	Gurgaon ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	...	1,497	...	Karnal ...	
27	...	27	...	40	...	...	610	...	775	...	Ambala ...	
...	...	...	...	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	Simla ...	
22	...	22	...	...	...	2,228	5	...	...	1,271	Kangra ...	JULLUNDUR.
11	...	11	...	...	...	7,318	...	...	648	...	Hoshiarpur ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	603	...	Jullundur ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	55	...	Ludhiana ...	
...	...	...	1,039	...	...	...	...	...	1,710	...	Ferozepore ...	
1,448	1,395	2,843	51,491	687	...	...	550	86	4,401	...	Lahore ...	LAHORE.
7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amritsar ...	
303	399	702	49	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	Gurdaspur ...	
2,291	196	2,487	...	...	...	380	39	...	282	...	Sialkot ...	
3,267	9	3,276	71,655	80,220	...	11,776	941	5	502	...	Gujranwala ...	
12	...	12	...	1,861	...	...	...	...	760	60	Gujrat ...	RAWALPINDI.
25,190	...	25,190	...	64,062	51,809	...	302	552	758	...	Shahpur ...	
...	...	...	...	19	...	...	4,522	...	18	851	Jhelum ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	Rawalpindi ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,746	Attock ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	420	...	...	10,016	Mianwali ...	
983	71	1,054	...	18,79,866	...	...	24	...	85,118	20,962	Montgomery	MULTAN.
17,917	...	17,917	2,76,500	4,51,292	...	...	...	216	...	...	Lyallpur ...	
1	...	1	36,460	56	...	...	72	28	266	8,029	Jhang ...	
768	...	768	...	96,236	...	...	...	...	8,510	31,462	Multan ...	
997	...	997	3,855	...	...	...	...	...	11	21,025	Muzaffargarh	
45	...	45	...	452	...	...	...	...	6,421	5,997	D. G. Khan ...	
54,329	2,107	56,436	4,70,750	25,74,818	51,809	21,702	16,226	887	1,19,553	1,09,795	Total.	

STATEMENT VIII—CONCLUDED.

(*Vide* paragraphs 4 and 5 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING AND OTHER LAND REVENUE DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1916—CONCLUDED.

Division.	District.	OTHER LAND REVENUE—CONCLD.				BALANCES OF OTHER LAND REVENUE.			COLLECTIONS DURING CURRENT YEAR ON ACCOUNT OF PREVIOUS YEARS.		District.	Division.
		Haq-ul-Tahsil.	Other items.	Talbana.	Total.	Of the year under report.	Of previous year.	Total.	On account of fluctuating land revenue.	On account of other land revenue.		
1	2	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	2	1
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Ambala.	Hissar ...	392	7,396	446	16,646	2,318	91	2,409	...	139	Hissar ...	Ambala.
	Rohtak ...	29	8,715	544	17,254	2,469	23	2,492	17	495	Rohtak ...	
	Gurgaon ...	243	14,435	265	49,464	1,053	398	1,451	12	1,817	Gurgaon ...	
	Karnal ...	2,373	7,561	1,196	12,703	26	177	203	...	64	Karnal ...	
	Ambala ...	4,270	11,445	681	17,321	9	...	9	...	45	Ambala ...	
	Simla ...	...	1,302	33	1,362	...	...	...	...	...	Simla ...	
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	286	20,678	122	24,590	524	...	524	...	383	Kangra ...	Jullundur.
	Hoshiarpur ...	479	14,130	515	23,090	80	...	80	857	671	Hoshiarpur	
	Jullundur ...	328	20,452	625	22,018	115	...	115	...	93	Jullundur	
	Ludhiana ...	381	12,901	512	13,849	42	...	42	...	33	Ludhiana...	
	Ferozepore ...	2,119	16,735	1,322	22,925	171	...	171	...	231	Ferozepore	
Lahore.	Lahore ...	577	8,403	796	66,991	259	30	289	1,113	291	Lahore ...	Lahore.
	Amritsar ...	2,291	12,183	541	15,015	45	4	49	...	160	Amritsar ...	
	Gurdaspur ...	706	14,984	1,551	17,301	423	287	710	295	261	Gurdaspur	
	Sialkot ...	446	16,863	185	18,195	45	...	45	283	20	Sialkot ...	
	Gujranwala ...	2,946	15,657	858	1,84,560	32,033	2	32,035	1,742	401	Gujranwala	
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	214	16,368	935	20,198	459	90	549	140	329	Gujrat ...	Rawalpindi.
	Shahpur ...	118	34,214	291	1,52,106	2,158	28,000	30,158	1,210	6,229	Shahpur ...	
	Jhelum ...	96	7,827	305	13,638	596	43	639	...	239	Jhelum ...	
	Rawalpindi ...	209	11,319	183	11,761	11	...	11	57	56	Rawalpindi	
	Attock ...	81	18,429	402	23,658	158	...	158	...	64	Attock ...	
	Mianwali ...	119	11,766	313	22,634	50	...	50	...	145	Mianwali...	
Multan.	Montgomery ...	180	11,881	1,775	19,99,806	8,816	459	9,275	2,369	9,069	Montgomery	Multan.
	Lyallpur ...	...	35,547	890	7,64,445	166	...	166	...	334	Lyallpur ...	
	Jhang ...	5	18,943	2,347	66,206	2,432	81	2,513	525	5,023	Jhang ...	
	Multan ...	33	18,589	3,647	1,58,477	4,228	...	4,228	5,706	2,711	Multan ...	
	Muzaffargarh ...	1	18,298	1,156	44,346	1,332	3	1,335	...	75	Muzaffargarh	
	D. G. Khan ...	248	16,757	1,235	31,110	2,305	...	2,305	883	1,045	D. G. Khan	
	Total ...	19,170	4,23,788	23,671	38,32,169	62,323	29,688	92,011	15,209	30,423	Total.	

STATEMENT No. IX.

(*Vide* paragraph 3 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF ALLUVION, DILUVION AND DESTRUCTIVE INUNDATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1916.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 3

STATEMENT OF ALLUVION, DILUVION AND DESTRUCTIVE

Division.	District.	Names of rivers or streams or marshes causing variations.	Alluvion.					
			Area newly assessed during the year (in acres).	Revenue assessed.	Area re-assessed at enhanced rates (in acres).	Additional revenue imposed on that area.	Total of columns 5 and 7.	Net increase (Khalsa) collected as fluctuating revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Rohtak	Jumna	180	212	28	45	257	257
	Gurgaon	Do.	417	3	533	276	279	221
	Karnal ...	Do.	1,190	256	248	195	451	310
		Minor streams	294	330	66	71	401	122
		Total ...	1,484	586	314	266	852	432
	Ambala	Sutlej	45	15	448	283	298	52
		Jumna	226	19	64	28	47	17
		Streams	639	422	135	136	558	285
		Total ...	910	456	647	447	903	354
Jullundur.	Kangra	Beas	35	34	491	674	708	680
		Minor streams	52	91	25	37	128	121
		Total ...	87	125	516	711	836	801
	Hoshiarpur	Beas	2,091	2,426	318	408	2,834	1,446
		Sutlej	805	1,001	631	491	1,492	1,045
		Cho	1,532	1,894	992	861	2,755	1,379
		Total ...	4,428	5,321	1,941	1,760	7,081	3,870
	Jullundur	Sutlej	168	104	1,183	583	687	595
	Ludhiana	Sutlej	1,171	264	1,323	1,406	1,670	1,393
	Ferozepore	Do.	4,817	1,710	3,590	2,481	4,191	1,791
Lahore.	Lahore	Ravi	249	304	17,161	2,986	3,290	2,734
		Sutlej	3,131	1,764	22,374	2,980	4,744	3,555
		Total ...	3,380	2,068	39,535	5,966	8,034	6,289
	Amritsar	Beas	663	621	32	29	650	38
		Ravi	455	252	144	102	354	250
		Total ...	1,118	873	176	131	1,004	288

No. IX.

of the text.)

INUNDATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1916.

Diluvion.						Net increase (plus) or decrease (minus) to be added to or deducted from fixed land revenue roll of 1914-15.	District.	Division.
Area removed from assessment (in acres).	Reduction of revenue.	Area re-assessed at reduced rates (in acres).	Reduction of assessment on area shown in last column.	Total of columns 11 and 13.	Net decrease (Khalsa) remitted.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	2	1
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
39	41	43	28	69	69	+ 188	Rohtak.	Ambala.
256	73	70	93	166	137	+ 84	Gurgaon.	
448	263	3,854	353	616	273	+ 37	Karnal.	
222	269	194	47	306	49	+ 73		
670	522	4,048	400	922	322	+ 110		
221	109	31	6	115	13	+ 39	Ambala.	
39	42	38	26	68	16	+ 1		
318	354	16	5	359	214	+ 71		
578	505	85	37	542	243	+ 111		
237	337	318	401	738	669	+ 11	Kangra.	Jullundur.
60	81	103	9	90	75	+ 46		
297	418	421	410	828	744	+ 57		
1,567	1,973	815	903	2,876	1,498	− 52	Hoshiarpur.	
873	1,050	697	632	1,682	1,240	− 195		
2,166	2,612	1,316	1,023	3,635	2,255	− 876		
4,606	5,635	2,828	2,558	8,193	4,993	−1,123		
240	721	...	...	721	449	+ 146	Jullundur.	
629	342	9	9	351	122	+ 1,271	Ludhiana.	
3,771	676	3,522	1,516	2,192	277	+ 1,514	Ferozepore.	
2,110	202	770	523	725	192	+ 2,542	Lahore.	Lahore.
2,663	1,577	661	163	1,740	744	+ 2,811		
4,773	1,779	1,431	686	2,465	936	+ 5,353		
580	576	292	364	940	123	− 85	Amritsar.	
242	293	20	20	313	234	+ 16		
822	869	312	384	1,253	357	− 69	253	

STATEMENT

Division.	District.	Names of rivers or streams or marshes causing variations.	Alluvion.					
			Area newly assessed during the year (in acres).	Revenue assessed.	Area re-assessed at enhanced rates (in acres).	Additional revenue imposed on that area.	Total of columns 5 and 7.	Net increase (Khalsa) collected as fluctuating revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Lahore—*concluded.*	Gurdaspur	Ravi	996	1,417	272	298	1,715	1,166
		Beas	543	748	161	151	899	471
		Minor streams	1,140	1,100	81	102	1,202	911
		Total ...	2,679	3,265	514	551	3,816	2,548
	Sialkot	Chenab	1,031	833	253	286	1,119	1,087
		Ravi	382	378	45	50	428	426
		Minor streams	87	150	25	49	199	195
		Total ...	1,500	1,361	323	385	1,746	1,708
	Gujranwala	Chenab	66	18	27	25	43	41
		Ravi	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	66	18	27	25	43	41
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	Chenab	617	378	428	387	765	506
		Jhelum	564	542	226	200	742	393
		Minor streams	40	41	17	18	59	45
		Total ...	1,221	961	671	605	1,566	944
	Shahpur	Jhelum...	2,532	1,655	30	45	1,700	631
		Minor streams	93	38	...	...	38	25
		Total ...	2,625	1,693	30	45	1,738	656
	Jhelum	Jhelum	1,759	1,024	831	609	1,633	1,006
		Minor streams	92	108	9	8	116	62
		Total ...	1,851	1,132	840	617	1,749	1,068
	Rawalpindi	Minor streams	19	13	...	...	13	...
	Attock	Minor streams	227	280	68	54	334	334
Multan.	Montgomery	Ravi	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sutlej	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jhang	Chenab	528	389	169	130	519	409
		Jhelum	1,372	1,370	380	342	1,712	934
		Jhelum and Chenab joint ...	1,778	1,972	562	423	2,395	1,673
		Total ...	3,678	3,731	1,111	895	4,626	3,016
	Multan	Chenab	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sutlej	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	Indus	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Minor streams	...	...	25	25	25	25
		Total ...	...	...	25	25	25	25
	Grand Total ...	Rivers	27,811	19,709	51,952	15,913	35,622	23,127
		Chos	1,532	1,594	992	861	2,755	1,379
		Minor streams	2,683	2,573	451	500	3,073	2,125
		Total ...	32,026	24,176	56,395	17,274	41,450	26,631

No. IX—CONCLUDED.

Diluvion.						Net increase (plus) or decrease (minus) to be added to or deducted from fixed land revenue roll of 1914-15.	District.	Division.
Area removed from assessment (in acres).	Reduction of revenue.	Area re-assessed at reduced rates (in acres).	Reduction of assessment on area shown in last column.	Total of columns 11 and 13.	Net decrease (Khalsa) remitted.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	2	1
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
586	1,160	41	98	1,258	751	+ 415	Gurdaspur.	Lahore—*concluded.*
499	992	35	68	1,060	746	− 275		
413	617	...	...	617	325	+ 586		
1,498	2,769	76	166	2,935	1,822	+ 726		
190	147	60	88	235	225	+ 862	Sialkot.	
51	73	81	108	181	179	+ 247		
62	109	...	...	109	109	+ 86		
303	329	141	196	525	513	+ 1,195		
...	...	2	1	1	1	+ 40	Gujranwala.	
2	1	...	...	1	1	− 1		
2	1	2	1	2	2	+ 39		
496	783	53	28	811	573	− 67	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
697	1,831	13	5	1,836	1,468	− 1,075		
13	13	10	7	25	13	+ 32		
1,206	2,632	76	40	2,672	2,054	− 1,110		
1,253	2,001	...	...	2,001	876	− 245	Shahpur.	
144	99	...	...	99	86	− 61		
1,397	2,100	...	...	2,100	962	− 306		
856	1,366	...	...	1,366	761	+ 245	Jhelum.	
544	376	41	49	425	371	− 309		
1,400	1,742	41	49	1,791	1,132	− 64		
5	16	...	...	16	3	− 3	Rawalpindi.	
222	256	...	...	256	256	+ 78	Attock.	
2	2	...	...	2	2	− 2	Montgomery.	Multan.
66	28	...	...	28	28	− 28		
68	30	...	...	30	30	− 30		
264	276	4	4	280	194	+ 215	Jhang.	
369	500	665	825	1,325	542	+ 392		
17	...	894	990	990	266	+ 1,407		
650	776	1,563	1,819	2,595	1,002	+ 2,014		
...	4	...	...	4	4	− 4	Multan.	
...	20	...	...	20	20	− 20		
...	24	...	...	24	24	− 24		
...	4	...	...	4	4	− 4	Dera Ghazi Khan.	
...	...	5	5	5	5	+ 20		
...	4	5	5	9	9	+ 16		
19,263	17,463	12,988	7,252	24,715	12,697	+ 10,430	Grand Total.	
2 166	2,612	1,316	1,023	3,635	2,255	− 876		
2,003	2,185	369	122	2,307	1,506	+ 619		
23,432	22,260	14,673	8,397	30,657	16,458	+ 10,173		

STATEMENT No. X.

(*Vide* paragraph 6 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF LAND REVENUE ASSIGNMENTS FOR THE AGRICULTURAL YEAR ENDING RABI 1916.

Division	District.	Total land revenue assessable and assessed.	Total area and revenue assigned.					Percentage of column 8 on column 3.	Distribution of area and jama shown in columns 4 and 8.					
				Jama.					*In perpetuity.*		*For life or lives.*		*For term of settlement.*	
			Area.	Assigned for the maintenance of public servants.	Assigned for other public or *quasi*-public purposes.	Assigned for private benefit.	Total of columns 5, 6 and 7.		Area.	Jama.	Area.	Jama.	Area.	Jama.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	10,40,744	60,448	13,500	842	26,044	40,386	3·9	51,111	36,077	9,337	4,309	...	...
	Rohtak	16,87,577	10,396	24,807	1,768	10,905	37,480	2·3	7,561	33,702	2,816	3,701	19	77
	Gurgaon	15,63,801	26,923	23,573	7,394	24,313	55,280	3·5	26,798	54,434	63	711	62	135
	Karnal	13,51,973	485,067	15,421	22,330	2,91,654	3,29,405	24·4	483,122	3,27,581	1,334	841	611	983
	Ambala	11,47,661	545,500	6,930	15,685	4,72,926	4,95,541	43·2	540,572	4,90,104	2,294	2,428	2,634	3,009
	Simla	17,534	1,780	20	...	1,500	1,520	8·7	1,680	1,453	...	...	100	67
Jullundur.	Kangra	9,86,550	372,058	11,510	78,569	1,32,668	2,22,747	22·6	362,879	2,08,105	8,343	13,930	836	712
	Hoshiarpur	17,76,914	14,816	21,190	21,441	83,075	1,25,706	7·1	12,075	98,634	2,374	26,370	367	652
	Jullundur	16,87,209	78,027	19,017	47,981	32,078	99,076	6·1	72,508	91,151	5,410	2,862	109	5,063
	Ludhiana	13,52,138	163,651	15,455	15,200	2,17,059	2,47,714	18·3	160,625	2,39,230	754	4,278	2,272	4,206
	Ferozepore	15,02,198	535,928	24,030	17,463	2,63,460	3,04,953	20·3	529,591	2,99,317	4,925	4,044	1,412	1,592
Lahore.	Lahore	12,37,722	148,614	19,469	7,619	97,227	1,24,315	10·04	134,923	1,16,094	11,929	7,544	1,762	677
	Amritsar	15,47,771	123,347	21,047	35,568	1,61,302	2,17,917	14·1	115,847	1,92,047	2,469	16,096	5,031	9,774
	Gurdaspur	18,37,943	41,433	29,317	35,833	47,056	1,12,206	6·1	36,424	72,635	3,778	35,583	1,231	3,988
	Sialkot	17,22,387	35,656	32,352	23,938	22,683	78,973	4·6	30,992	72,763	4,664	6,210	...	...
	Gujranwala	27,77,587	325,509	22,528	18,322	1,62,175	2,03,025	7·3	303,618	1,81,573	21,654	17,305	237	4,147
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	9,98,591	61,059	18,248	16,480	26,190	60,918	6·1	58,833	56,413	1,819	3,441	407	1,064
	Shahpur	20,29,447	133,239	13,829	7,022	27,038	47,889	2·4	85,935	37,474	46,941	8,499	313	1,916
	Jhelum	7,56,904	15,771	14,044	3,266	20,519	37,829	4·9	14,882	32,360	870	5,439	19	30
	Rawalpindi	6,73,966	37,623	9,475	4,420	23,104	36,999	5·5	33,656	21,184	3,769	15,499	198	316
	Attock	6,73,226	360,293	12,438	3,857	31,585	47,880	7·1	343,324	30,542	16,953	17,223	16	115
	Mianwali	3,52,774	104,619	9,276	1,271	21,073	31,620	9	104,432	21,459	168	864	19	9,297
Multan.	Montgomery	6,79,541	56,951	5,370	5,326	13,048	23,744	3·5	49,934	15,149	7,010	3,222	7	5,373
	Lyallpur	49,93,946	3,327	16,970	539	2,603	20,112	·4	1,171	17,556	2,156	2,556	...	...
	Jhang	12,46,460	11,545	12,093	4,838	5,697	22,628	1·8	11,037	6,432	319	2,322	189	13,874
	Multan	15,78,721	25,467	15,300	9,673	12,811	37,784	2·4	22,800	15,587	3,581	6,781	86	15,416
	Muzaffargarh	8,45,458	4,718	13,705	1,730	3,604	18,639	2·2	4,340	18,194	28	151	350	294
	Dera Ghazi Khan	5,27,365	891,255	7,003	84,990	10,914	1,00,907	19·1	45,224	15,417	13,489	7,669	832,542	77,821
	Total ...	3,84,94,108	4,676,020	4,47,917	4,90,965	22,44,311	31,83,193	8·3	3,645,944	28,02,717	179,247	2,19,878	850,829	1,60,598

STATEMENT No. XI.

(*Vide* paragraph 7 of the text.)

COERCIVE PROCESSES FOR THE COLLECTION OF LAND REVENUE (*i*) AGAINST, (*ii*) FOR, LAMBARDARS.

District.		NUMBER OF PROCESSES.													Amount of arrears for the realization of which processes issued.	Amount of arrears actually realized through issue of processes.
		Writs, Section 68.	For arrest, Section 69 (2).		For imprisonment, Section 69 (3).		Moveable property. For distress, Section 70.		Moveable property. For sale, Section 70.		For direct management, farm, or transfer, Sections 75 and 77.		For attachment of immoveables, Sections 75 and 77.		Total number of processes.		
			Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
																Rs.	Rs.
Hissar ...	Against Lambardars	56	37	6	...	...	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	139	39,181	34,550
	For Lambardars ...	217	126	62	...	...	45	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	388	4,889	3,724
Rohtak ...	Against Lambardars	51	17	7	...	...	9	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	79	14,302	14,249
	For Lambardars ...	273	44	30	...	...	18	8	2	1	...	...	...	...	337	4,868	4,314
Gurgaon ...	Against Lambardars	3	18	2	...	...	6	5	2	2	...	...	...	...	29	7,628	4,184
	For Lambardars ...	93	46	1	...	...	9	5	3	1	...	...	...	...	151	3,463	3,416
Karnal ...	Against Lambardars	130	83	...	...	...	10	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	224	73,109	65,998
	For Lambardars ...	341	...	...	...	...	68	...	18	3	3	...	...	...	430	11,012	10,530
Ambala ...	Against Lambardars	33	72	3	...	...	10	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	115	9,825	9,555
	For Lambardars ...	245	23	1	...	...	37	10	4	1	...	...	...	...	309	3,859	3,495
Kangra ...	Against Lambardars	32	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	4,129	2,015
	For Lambardars ...	52	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	532	499
Hoshiarpur...	Against Lambardars	32	26	...	...	...	12	5	5	1	...	...	...	...	75	13,560	12,835
	For Lambardars ...	123	34	...	...	...	34	4	4	1	...	...	...	...	195	5,166	4,762
Jullundur ...	Against Lambardars	28	8	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	3,614	3,614
	For Lambardars ...	465	45	...	...	...	18	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	529	6,489	6,330
Ludhiana ...	Against Lambardars	32	17	2	...	...	13	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	65	3,983	3,983
	For Lambardars ...	87	16	1	...	...	13	3	3	2	...	...	...	...	119	1,271	1,242
Ferozepore...	Against Lambardars	146	55	18	...	...	9	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	210	13,587	13,519
	For Lambardars ...	280	54	41	...	...	8	8	4	4	...	...	...	...	346	5,599	5,317
Lahore ...	Against Lambardars	17	91	88	...	...	28	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	136	39,154	38,367
	For Lambardars ...	157	92	85	...	...	48	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	297	33,396	30,787
Amritsar ...	Against Lambardars	11	53	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	30,091	30,091
	For Lambardars ...	49	44	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	113	1,964	1,932
Gurdaspur ...	Against Lambardars	10	71	71	1	1	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	86	13,473	12,680
	For Lambardars ...	785	154	154	...	...	98	98	4	4	...	...	...	...	1,141	13,743	13,428
Sialkot ...	Against Lambardars	1	18	18	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	4,980	4,980
	For Lambardars ...	20	3	3	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	1,103	850

STATEMENT No. XI—CONCLUDED.

District.	NUMBER OF PROCESSES.														Amount of arrears for the realization of which processes issued.	Amount of arrears actually realized through issue of processes.
	Writs, Section 68.	*For arrest, Section 68 (2).*		*For imprisonment, Section 69 (3).*		Moveable property.				*For direct management, farm, or transfer, Sections 75 and 77.*		*For attachment of immoveables, Sections 75 and 77.*		Total number of processes.		
		Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	*For distress, Section 70.* Issued.	*For distress, Section 70.* Executed.	*For sale, Section 70.* Issued.	*For sale, Section 70.* Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
															Rs.	Rs.
Gujranwala — Against Lambardars	95	97	94	...	...	57	55	11	...	...	...	...	...	260	1,06,646	1,04,747
Gujranwala — For Lambardars ...	174	106	83	...	...	112	101	18	...	...	...	...	...	410	24,589	19,834
Gujrat ... — Against Lambardars	74	102	4	...	...	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	225	38,488	38,481
Gujrat ... — For Lambardars ...	363	48	...	...	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	445	2,722	1,879
Shahpur ... — Against Lambardars	36	12	4	...	...	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	55	34,595	34,428
Shahpur ... — For Lambardars ...	112	22	...	...	...	40	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	175	17,959	17,152
Jhelum ... — Against Lambardars	20	37	1	...	...	2	...		...	...	...	...	...	59	10,507	10,507
Jhelum ... — For Lambardars ...	141	7	...	...	...	8	...		...	...	...	...	...	156	1,019	859
Rawalpindi — Against Lambardars	5	6	6	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	3,131	3,131
Rawalpindi — For Lambardars ...	70	10	6	...	...	9	9	...	...	...	...	3	3	92	1,016	1,016
Attock ... — Against Lambardars	32	57	9	...	...	2	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	91	12,846	12,345
Attock ... — For Lambardars ...	221	76	13	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	307	2,609	2,321
Mianwali ... — Against Lambardars	10	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	7,955	7,955
Mianwali ... — For Lambardars ...	188	60	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	251	2,178	2,085
Montgomery — Against Lambardars	255	85	9	...	...	18		...	...	...	...	...	...	358	46,524	46,160
Montgomery — For Lambardars ...	278	23	6	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	311	7,097	6,904
Lyallpur ... — Against Lambardars	102	89	76	1	1	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	198	1,32,264	1,06,276
Lyallpur ... — For Lambardars ...	410	63	31	1	1	54	23	4	1	...	...	...	...	532	36,327	29,695
Jhang ... — Against Lambardars	297	149	100	...	...	31	16	2	1	...	...	1	...	480	60,917	60,917
Jhang ... — For Lambardars ...	1,426	404	140	...	...	98	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,928	41,635	37,663
Multan ... — Against Lambardars	75	116	112	1	1	23	21	10	8	...	...	...	...	225	46,575	42,578
Multan ... — For Lambardars ...	1,520	470	406	4	4	109	81	21	18	...	...	...	...	2,124	36,620	33,126
Muzaffargarh — Against Lambardars	124	45	45	2	2	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	179	18,573	18,445
Muzaffargarh — For Lambardars ...	356	92	85	...	...	24	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	472	3,175	2,847
D. G. Khan — Against Lambardars	157	102	102	...	...	32	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	291	34,444	34,444
D. G. Khan — For Lambardars ...	621	112	112	...	...	35	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	768	3,101	2,716
Total ... — Against Lambardars	1,864	1,504	778	5	5	394	191	36	12	...	...	1	..	3,804	8,25,081	7,71,114
Total ... — For Lambardars ...	9,067	2,178	1,260	5	5	982	492	86	36	3	...	4	3	12,325	2,77,400	2,48,715
Total ...	10,931	3,682	2,038	10	10	1,376	683	122	48	3	...	5	3	16,129	11,02,481	10,19,829

STATEMENT No. XII.

(*Vide* paragraph 9 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN RE-MEASUREMENT AND ATTESTATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1916.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Detail.		Ambala.	Simla.	Kangra.	Jullundur.	Lahore.	Sialkot.	Gujrat.	Shahpur.	Total.
Total number of villages under settlement.		1,798	199	3,026	1,315	1,288	2,3 1	1,242	428	11,647
Total area under settlement, acres.		1,198,684	38,283	887,890	858,268	1,746,774	1,067,443	992,423	1,636,291	8,426,056
Area remeasured	In previous years, acres.	...	13,643	216,772	754,383	1,746,774	1,067,443	9,71,200	1,636,291	6,406,506
	During the year, acres.	4,56,425	24,640	160,954	103,885	...	...	21,223	...	767,127
	Total to date, acres.	456,425	38,283	377,726	858,268	1,746,774	1,067,443	992,423	1,636,291	7,173,633
Villages of which the maps have been completed.	In previous years, No.	...	97	1,192	1,089	1,288	2,351	1,221	428	7,666
	During the year, No.	781	95	524	226	...	...	21	...	1,647
	Total to date No.	781	192	1,716	1,315	1,288	2,351	1,242	428	9,313
Villages of which the records have been completed and finally attested.	In previous years, No.	...	86	463	994	1,288	2,351	1,221	428	6,833
	During the year, No.	470	101	1,088	321	...	...	21	...	2,001
	Total to date, No.	470	189	1,551	1,315	1,288	2,351	1,242	428	8,834

STATEMENT No. XII-A.

(*Vide* paragraph 9 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN RE-MEASUREMENT BY KILLABANDI AND IN ATTESTATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1916.

Detail.		Gujrat District.	Total.
1		2	3
Total number of villages under settlement.		262	262
Total area under settlement, acres		397,327	397,327
Total number of killas laid on the ground	In previous years	367,766	367,766
	During the year	41,647	41,647
	Total to date	409,413	409,413
Number of villages in which killabandi has been completed on the ground.	In previous years	239	239
	During the year	23 (Rakhs)	23 (Rakhs).
	Total to date	262	262
Number of villages in which khataunis have been prepared and repartition of killas completed.	In previous years	239	239
	During the year	...	...
	Total to date	239	239
Villages of which the records have been completed and finally attested.	In previous years	181	181
	During the year	58	58
	Total to date	239	239

STATEMENT No. XIII.

(*Vide* paragraphs 9 and 11 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN RE-ASSESSMENT DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1916.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Detail.		Ambala.	Simla.	Kangra.	Jullundur.	Lahore.	Sialkot.	Gujrat.	Shahpur.	Total.
Area under assessment ...	Total area ... ... Acres	...	12,7-6	887,290	858,268	1,698,114	1,262,277	1,389,750	1,645,612	7,754,637
	Area of which assessments have been sanctioned in previous years ... ,,	...	1,443	...	...	1,256,855	1,065,494	754,075	1,248,480	4,326,347
	Area of which assessments have been sanctioned during the year ... ... ,,	...	6,181	277 005	858,268	441,259	196,783	635,675	397,132	2,812,303
	Area still to be assessed ... ... ,,	...	5,102	610,885	...	...	...	...	...	615,987
Assessment sanctioned during the year.	Previous assessment ... ... Rs.	...	5,276	1,71,738	14,77,734	3,13,822	2,45,024	3,49,699	2,57,610	28,20,903
	New assessment as sanctioned ... ... ,,	...	6,675	1,99,639	19,62,402	4,52,000	2,87,065	10,04,004	3,00,009	42,11,785
	Total increase of assessm nt ... ,,	...	1,399	27,901	4,84,668	1,38,178	42,041	6,54,305	42,390	13,90,882
	Increase ... ... Per cent.	...	26	16	33	42	17	187	16	35
Villages of which the assessment has been announced.	During the year —									
	Number of villages ... ... No.	...	73	1,151	1,315	420	534	504	268	4,265
	Total area ... ... Acres	...	6,181	277,005	858,268	441,259	196,783	635,675	397,132	2,812,303
	Total new assessment ... ... Rs.	...	5,622	1,99,639	19,65,365	4,52,000	2,87,065	10,04,004	3,00,440	42,14,135
	Total to date —									
	Number of villages ... ... No.	...	94	1,151	1,315	1,288	2,522	1,503	417	8,290
	Total area ... ... Acres	...	7,624	277,005	858,268	1,698,114	1,262,277	1,889,750	1,615,945	7,108,983
	Total new assessment ... ... Rs.	...	6,675	1,99,639	19,65,365	14,31,214	17,88,751	16,83,634	5,61,535	76,41,813
Assessment reports ...	Total due ... ... No.	5	4	3	4	4	5	3	2	30
	Previously submitted by Settlement Officer ... ,,	...	2	1	2	4	5	3	2	19
	Submitted by Settlement Officer during the year ... ... ,,	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	4
	Sanctioned by Government ... ... ,,	...	1	2	4	4	5	3	2	21
	Still due to Government ... ... ,,	5	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	7
Result of re-assessment operations.	Increase of assessment as announced to date Rs.	...	1,399	27,901	4,87,631	5,35,925	3,07,025	8,14,817	1,05,418	22,80,116
	Percentage of increase...	...	26	16	33	59	21	93	23	44
	Increase of assessment for the whole area under settlement —									
	As now estimated... ... ... Rs.	...	5,000	63,647	4,87,631	5,35,925	3,07,025	8,14,817	1,05,418	23,19,463
	As estimated in the forecast report ... ,,	3,47,431	5,000	30,074	5,20,000	4,38,790	3,10,100	1,80,000	69,000	19,00,395

STATEMENT No. XIV.

(*Vide* paragraph 11 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING DURATION AND COST OF SETTLEMENT OPERATIONS.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Detail.		Ambala.	Simla.	Kangra.	Jullundur.	Lahore.	Sialkot.	Gujrat.	Shahpur.	Total.
Date on which settlement operations commenced ...		October 1915 ...	October 1914 ...	December 1918	October 1913 ...	October 1912 ...	October 1911...	October 1912	October 1911.	...
Probable or actual date of completion of—	Measurements	September 1918	March 1917 ...	May 1918 ...	March 1916 ...	June 1914 ...	December 1914		September 1915.	...
	Revision of records	March 1919 ...	March 1917 ...	June 1918 ...	September 1916	September 1914	December 1915	March 1916	December 1915.	...
	Re-assessment	September 1919...	May 1917	September 1918...	Ditto	May 1916 ...	February 1916		March 1916	...
	Settlement operations	March 1920 ...	June 1917 ...	December 1918...	March 1917 ...	Ditto ...	March 1916...	June 1916 ...	June 1916	...
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total cost of settlement operations, deducting expenditure on ordinary district staff.	During the year	36,509	8,095	1,16,935	1,65,096	1,25,200	39,543	61,075	29,020	5,81,473
	Total to date	36,509	15,933	2,65,433	4,96,776	3,14,927	5,12,905	3,14,159	1,84,928	21,41,570
	Now estimated for whole operations of settlement.	5,11,269	26,166	4,62,805	5,32,039	3,14,927	5,12,905	3,14,159	1,85,100	28,59,370
	As estimated in the forecast report ...	5,11,269	26,166	3,48,294	4,31,743	1,75,074	4,66,638	2,85,642	95,500	23,40,326

STATEMENT No. XV.

(*Vide* paragraph 18 of the text.)

ENHANCEMENT OF OR REDUCTION OF CASH RENTS OF TENANTS WITH A RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1916.

1	2	3	4	5	6
		Number of decided suits under Section 24 of Punjab Tenancy Act, 1887,			
Division.	District.	In which enhancement of rent was asked for.	In which enhancement of rent was granted.	In which reduction of rent was asked for.	In which reduction of rent was granted.
Ambala.	Hissar	16	15	...	...
	Rohtak	18	18	...	...
	Gurgaon	10	7	...	...
	Karnal	2	2	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra	7	2	...	...
	Hoshiarpur	206	187	...	...
	Jullundur	178	160	...	...
	Ludhiana	5	...	...	...
	Ferozepore	110	94	...	...
Lahore.	Lahore	45	36	...	...
	Amritsar	40	14	...	...
	Gurdaspur	77	71	3	3
	Sialkot	133	109	...	...
	Gujranwala	14	9	...	...
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	1,880	1,527	...	...
	Jhelum	4	2	...	...
	Rawalpindi	14	11	...	...
	Attock	8	6	3	...
	Mianwali	1	1	...	...
	Total ...	2,768	2,271	6	3

STATEMENT No. XVI.

(*Vide* paragraph 19 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING EJECTMENT PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE TENANCY ACT DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1916.

Division.	District.	Tenants with rights of occupancy.					Tenants without rights of occupancy.					
		Number of decrees for ejectment under Section 39.	Number of applications under Sections 43 and 42 (*a*).	Number of notices served under Section 44 (1).	Number of ejectments ordered under Section 44 (2).	*Ejectments actually made under order or process of a Revenue Court or Officer.* Number of cases.	*Number of decrees for ejectment.* Under Sections 40 and 45 (6).	Number of applications under Sections 43 and 42 (*b*).	Number of notices issued under Section 45 (*c*).	Number of ejectments ordered under Section 45 (5).	*Ejectments actually made under order or process of a Revenue Court or Officer.* Number of cases.	Number of suits to contest liability to ejectment decided in tenant's favour.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Ambala.	Hissar ...	2	4	8	3	2	243	1,573	3,757	954	463	54
	Rohtak ...	...	...	...	...	...	147	531	1,278	374	361	12
	Gurgaon ...	...	9	23	1	1	80	501	1,030	327	303	76
	Karnal ...	...	...	...	...	...	40	292	496	256	172	15
	Ambala ...	...	2	1	...	...	...	358	603	138	123	27
	Simla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	13	1	1	4
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	...	7	...	2	...	97	239	633	128	105	60
	Hoshiarpur ...	28	9	9	...	28	...	259	1,174	380	215	12
	Jullundur ...	...	2	6	...	...	120	530	1,025	375	100	...
	Ludhiana ...	...	...	...	...	...	10	131	316	90	51	6
	Ferozepore ...	3	...	...	...	...	141	873	1,716	456	590	101
Lahore.	Lahore ...	8	...	...	...	7	38	556	1,605	227	242	69
	Amritsar ...	3	6	38	4	7	116	578	1,014	297	256	41
	Gurdaspur ...	2	3	3	1	1	132	663	1,523	280	169	49
	Sialkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	91	708	1,311	324	383	51
	Gujranwala ...	2	1	4	1	...	120	684	1,676	208	268	27
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	...	...	...	...	...	147	623	1,656	436	53	40
	Shahpur ...	38	...	...	...	38	29	169	318	103	56	7
	Jhelum ...	1	9	9	1	2	33	74	219	101	229	23
	Rawalpindi ...	...	...	...	...	...	49	212	234	110	91	19
	Attock ...	3	8	12	...	...	72	125	206	27	57	1
	Mianwali ...	...	...	...	...	...	21	137	371	52	68	8
Multan.	Montgomery ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	97	6	6	...
	Lyallpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	13	29	114	69	9	5
	Jhang ...	...	...	...	...	9	2	43	146	14	...	...
	Multan ...	1	6	11	3	1	17	449	1,151	204	195	4
	Muzaffargarh ...	1	...	...	...	...	19	626	1,113	312	309	25
	D. G. Khan ...	...	...	...	...	...	10	124	873	207	6	...
	Grand Total ...	92	66	124	16	96	1,787	11,106	25,678	6,456	4,831	567

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 24

STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENTS, COLLECTIONS AND OUTSTANDINGS

Division	District	State of Loans Account Principal.					Recovery of Principal.					
		Balance outstanding on 1st October = column 6 of last year's statement.	Amount advanced during the year.	Amount collected or written off during the year = columns 11 and 12.	Balance outstanding at close of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount falling due during the year out of columns 3 and 4, principal only.	Demand on account of arrears of principal.	Total demand, principal only.	Total collections, principal only.	Amount of principal written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Balance of principal outstanding on 30th September.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala	Hissar ...	16,632	1,350	2 271	15,711	...	2,271	...	2,271	2,271	...	...
	Rohtak ...	12,178	1,750	1,843	12 085	...	1,840	12	1,852	1 843	...	9
	Gurgaon ...	1,43,787	8,150	16,049	1 35,888	73	16 561	...	16,561	16.049	...	517
	Karnal ...	11,166	900	1,926	10.140	...	1,926	...	1,926	1,926	...	...
	Ambala ...	4,388	...	647	3,741	...	647	...	647	647	...	...
Jullundur	Hoshiarpur ...	883	175	328	730	...	328	...	328	328	...	...
	Jullundur ...	79.537	16,150	13,650	82 038	...	13.542	108	13,650	13,409	241	...
	Ludhiana ...	9 506	1,260	1,214	9.552	...	1,214	...	1,214	1,214	...	...
	Ferozepore ...	2,44 910	11,515	25.819	2,30,606	...	25,819	...	25,819	25,819	...	...
Lahore	Lahore ...	10,214	4,650	2,610	12,254	...	2,588	76	2,664	2,610	...	54
	Amritsar ...	19,050	8,250	3,670	23,630	...	3,670	...	3,670	3,670	...	...
	Gurdaspur ...	41,004	5,400	4,902	41,502	...	5,201	286	5,487	4,902	...	585
	Sialkot ...	59,856	22,875	9,387	73,343	...	9,411	...	9,411	9,387	...	24
	Gujranwala ...	28,578	1.200	5,846	23,932	...	5,481	2,164	7,645	5,846	...	1,799
Rawalpindi	Gujrat ...	31,099	2,350	3,199	30.250	55	3,315	...	3,315	3,199	...	116
	Shahpur ...	12,282	2,900	1,345	13,837	24	1,399	61	1,460	1,345	...	115
	Jhelum ...	27 122	4,020	3,039	28,103	...	3,074	22	3,096	3,039	...	57
	Rawalpindi ...	32,514	1,300	6,694	27,120	...	6,670	186	6,856	6,545	149	162
	Attock ...	1,49,821	2,730	38,424	1,11,427	...	39,362	565	39,927	38,424	...	1,503
	Mianwali ...	50,200	3,630	5,733	48,097	...	5,673	67	5,740	5,733	...	7
Multan	Montgomery ...	76,314	6,550	10,686	72,178	...	10,759	4	10,763	10,686	...	77
	Lyallpur ...	1,465	...	459	1,006	...	447	12	459	459	...	...
	Jhang ...	2,420	...	703	1,717	...	687	16	703	703	...	...
	Multan ...	3,29,182	25,300	58,768	2,95,714	...	53,006	14,807	67,813	58,768	...	9,045
	Muzaffargarh ...	1,09,747	8,070	18,150	99,667	...	17,567	661	18,228	18,150	...	78
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	20,550	250	4,158	16,642	96	4,270	175	4,445	4,158	...	287
	Total ...	15,24,405	1,40,725	2,41,520	14,23,610	248	2,36,728	19,222	2,55,950	2,41,130	390	14,435

No. XVII.

of the text.).

ON ACCOUNT OF THE LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT (XIX OF 1883).

Recovery of interest.								District.	Division.
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Total collections, interest only.	Amount of interest written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at end of the year.	Rate of interest recovered on mean of loans outstanding at commencement and close of year, *i.e.*, columns 17 × 100 ÷ column 3 + column 6. / 2		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
...	1,067	1,067	1,067	...	...	...	6 9 7	Hissar	Ambala.
1	656	657	654	...	...	3	5 6 3	Rohtak	
...	7,713	7,713	7,355	...	50	308	5 4 0	Gurgaon	
...	836	836	836	...	...	...	7 13 6	Karnal	
...	272	272	272	...	...	...	6 11 1	Ambala	
...	52	52	52	...	...	...	6 7 3	Hoshiarpur	Jullundur.
42	4,870	4,912	4,904	8	...	...	6 0 0	Jullundur	
...	615	615	615	...	...	...	6 7 3	Ludhiana	
...	15,213	15,213	15,213	...	...	...	6 6 5	Ferozepore	
35	724	759	749	...	...	10	6 10 8	Lahore	Lahore.
...	1,122	1,122	1,122	...	...	...	5 4 1	Amritsar	
54	2,725	2,779	2,609	...	...	170	6 5 2	Gurdaspur	
...	3,957	3,957	3,949	...	...	8	5 14 0	Sialkot	
537	2,396	2,933	2,456	...	...	477	9 5 8	Gujranwala	
1	1,967	1,968	1,932	...	20	16	6 4 9	Gujrat	Rawalpindi.
32	836	868	812	...	34	22	6 3 0	Shahpur	
5	1,885	1,890	1,845	...	...	45	6 10 9	Jhelum	
111	2,392	2,503	2,452	13	...	38	8 3 3	Rawalpindi	
55	9,277	9,332	9,047	...	...	285	7 0 0	Attock	
8	1,789	1,797	1,797	...	...	...	3 10 6	Mianwali	
206	5,541	5,747	5,603	...	...	144	7 8 9	Montgomery	Multan.
13	87	100	100	...	...	...	8 1 6	Lyallpur	
1	148	149	149	...	...	...	7 3 0	Jhang	
7,008	21,565	28,573	25,005	...	...	3,568	8 0 0	Multan	
169	6,354	6,523	6,105	...	...	418	5 13 3	Muzaffargarh	
58	1,210	1,268	1,221	...	24	23	6 9 0	Dera Ghazi Khan	
8,336	95,269	1,03,605	97,921	21	128	5,535	6 10 5		

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 25

STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENT, COLLECTION AND OUTSTANDING ON

Division.	District.	State of loan accounts, Principal.					Recovery of Prin			
		Balance outstanding on 1st October (column 6 of last year's statement.)	Amount advanced during the year.	Amount collected or written off during the year (columns 11 and 12).	Balance outstanding at the close of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount falling due during the year out of columns 3 and 4, principal only.	Demand on account of arrears of principal.	Total demand, principal only.	Total collections, principal only.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	4,346	1,33,510	719	1,37,137	2,351	2,327	1,243	3,570	719
	Rohtak	12,766	1,36,000	8,945	1,39,821	2,624	14,050	368	14,418	8,945
	Gurgaon	37,046	92,000	36,423	92,623	13,107	40,990	25	41,015	36,423
	Karnal	4,108	13,060	2,711	14,457	...	2,701	27	2,728	2,711
	Ambala	816	740	494	1,062	...	494	...	494	494
Jullundur.	Kangra	829	...	829	...	...	829	...	829	829
	Hoshiarpur ...	1,099	283	980	402	...	942	95	1,037	980
	Ludhiana ...	1,206	886	897	1,195	...	897	...	897	897
	Ferozepore ...	59	...	59	...	...	59	...	59	59
Lahore.	Lahore	10,061	10,250	3,040	17,271	...	3,033	77	3,110	3,040
	Amritsar	22,725	8,630	12,378	19,027	48	12,003	166	12,169	12,378
	Gurdaspur ...	37,383	21,360	19,404	39,339	715	22,288	73	22,361	19,404
	Sialkot	10,825	1,100	9,393	2,532	...	9,405	...	9,405	9,393
	Gujranwala ...	23,889	3,600	18,983	8,506	...	14,893	8,427	23,320	18,983
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	5,018	23,242	3,199	25,061	21,861	25,167	...	25,167	3,199
	Shahpur	1,266	22,197	10,271	13,192	205	10,367	48	10,415	10,172
	Jhelum	4,735	23,623	6,915	21,443	...	18,537	1,644	20,181	6,883
	Rawalpindi ...	3,942	175	3,245	872	...	3,193	65	3,258	3,245
	Attock	14,143	36,730	14,824	36,049	...	14,365	482	14,847	14,824
	Mianwali	10,195	86,530	12,961	83,764	...	12,988	39	13,027	12,961
Multan.	Montgomery ...	56,937	49,710	36,450	70,197	...	37,313	660	37,973	36,450
	Jhang	317	3,250	975	2,592	...	927	48	975	975
	Multan	11,123	6,450	11,132	6,441	...	10,781	2,066	12,847	11,132
	Muzaffargarh ...	49,872	82,099	94,574	37,397	...	97,371	7,311	1,04,682	94,574
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	59,113	44,795	44,254	59,654	7,090	63,268	2,398	65,666	44,254
	Total ...	3,83,819	8,00,270	3,54,055	8,30,034	48,501	4,19,188	25,262	4,44,450	3,53,924

No. XVIII.

of the text.)

ACCOUNT OF THE AGRICULTURISTS' LOANS ACT XII OF 1884.

CIPAL.		RECOVERY OF INTEREST.								DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
Amount of principal written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Balance of principal outstanding on September 30th.	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at the commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Total collections for interest only.	Amount of interest written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Rate of interest recovered on mean of loans outstanding at commencement and close of year, *i. e.*, column 17 × 100 ÷ (column 3 + column 6) / 2		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.		
...	2,851	7	162	169	38	...	131	...	0 0 10	Hissar	AMBALA.
...	5,478	48	778	826	531	...	137	158	0 11 2	Rohtak	
...	4,592	2	2,461	2,463	1,639	...	610	214	2 8 6	Gurgaon	
...	17	3	212	215	214	...	...	1	2 4 10	Karnal	
...	...	...	41	41	41	...	...	...	4 5 10	Ambala	
...	...	...	88	88	88	...	...	...	21 4 0	Kangra	JULLUNDUR.
...	57	27	66	93	89	...	...	4	11 13 10	Hoshiarpur ...	
...	...	...	57	57	57	...	...	...	4 11 11	Ludhiana	
...	...	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	13 12 8	Ferozepore	
...	70	5	268	273	268	...	...	5	2 0 0	Lahore	LAHORE.
...	100	18	1,113	1,131	1,122	...	6	3	5 6 0	Amritsar	
...	2,957	367	911	1,278	743	...	22	513	1 15 0	Gurdaspur	
...	12	...	502	502	502	...	...	...	7 8 0	Sialkot	
...	4,337	717	1,546	2,263	2,046	...	...	217	12 10 0	Gujranwala ...	
...	21,968	7	939	946	230	...	696	20	1 8 5	Gujrat	RAWALPINDI.
99	144	9	342	351	338	6	2	5	5 0 0	Shahpur	
32	13,266	38	520	558	151	...	...	407	1 2 5	Jhelum	
...	13	6	174	180	177	...	...	3	7 5 8	Rawalpindi ...	
...	23	6	450	456	456	...	...	...	1 13 0	Attock	
...	66	1	622	623	619	...	...	4	1 5 0	Mianwali	
...	1,523	57	2,806	2,863	2,561	...	...	302	4 0 4	Montgomery ...	MULTAN.
...	...	6	38	44	44	...	...	...	3 0 5	Jhang	
...	1,715	219	769	988	850	...	...	138	9 11 0	Multan	
...	10,108	339	4,599	4,938	4,522	...	...	416	10 5 9	Muzaffargarh ...	
...	21,412	168	3,880	4,048	2,788	...	642	618	4 11 0	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	
131	90,704	2,050	23,348	25,398	20,118	6	2,246	3,028	3 5 0	Total.	

STATEMENT No. XIX.

(*Vide* paragraph 24 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF REMISSION ORDERS AND CERTIFICATES OF EXEMPTION GRANTED FOR IRRIGATION WORKS FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1916.

Division.	District.	Number of wells fallen out of use for which remissions have been granted during the year.	Number of certificates granted during the year.	Number of irrigation works constructed during the year.						Remarks.
				New wells.		*Old wells repaired.*		*Dams, reservoirs and cuts from rivers and marshes.*		
				At private expense.	From takavi advances.	At private expense.	From takavi advances.	At private expense.	From takavi advances.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Ambala.	Rohtak	31	5	33	7	30	...	...	...	
	Gurgaon	8	4	205	31	42	5	...	...	
	Karnal	1	...	32	1	52	2	...	...	
	Ambala	...	...	14	...	1	...	...	...	
Jullundur.	Hoshiarpur	...	...	72	...	48	...	...	...	
	Jullundur	...	4,011	284	33	92	8	...	...	
	Ludhiana	...	...	176	7	25	...	...	...	
	Ferozepore	1	...	174	101	10	10	...	...	
Lahore.	Lahore	19	410	58	8	87	...	...	...	
	Amritsar	13	...	65	13	15	...	...	...	
	Gurdaspur	2	...	59	9	26	...	...	...	
	Sialkot	...	1,908	215	49	12	7	1	...	
	Gujranwala	49	93	182	5	14	1	...	...	
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	...	...	232	7	...	...	...	...	
	Shahpur	2	4	116	...	5	...	...	...	
	Jhelum	1	...	59	11	...	...	...	...	
	Rawalpindi	...	...	9	2	9	...	...	15	
	Attock	2	3	101	10	...	...	...	2	
	Mianwali	...	87	95	6	12	...	...	...	
Multan.	Montgomery	42	68	55	11	2	...	...	...	
	Lyallpur	...	10	10	...	...	...	...	...	
	Jhang	8	114	83	...	23	...	...	...	
	Multan	501	520	446	41	33	...	...	...	
	Muzaffargarh	...	437	354	38	92	10	13	...	
	Dera Ghazi Khan	...	3	237	4	22	...	77	...	
	Total ...	680	7,677	3,366	394	1 652	43	91	17	

STATEMENT No. XX.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 & 25 of the text.)

II—ACCOUNT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT WITH AGRICULTURIST BORROWERS.

—	—	Land Improvement Loans Act XIX of 1883.	Agriculturists' Loans Act XII of 1884.	Total both Acts.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Principal.	Outstanding at the commencement of the year	15,24,405	3,83,819	19,08,224
	Advanced during the year	1,40,725	8,00,270	9,40,995
	Total advanced ...	16,65,130	11,84,089	28,49,219
	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears) ...	2,55,950	4,44,450	7,00,400
	Remitted during the year	390	131	521
	Collected during the year	2 41,130	3,53,924	5 95,054
	Total remitted and collected ...	2,41,520	3,54,055	5,95,575
	Balance outstanding at the end of the year	14,23,610	8,30,034	22,53,644
	Amount suspended by competent authority	248	48,501	48,749
	Amount overdue	14,435	90,704	1,05,139
Interest.	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at the commencement of the year.	8,336	2,050	10,386
	Interest falling due within the year	95,269	23,348	1,18,617
	Total interest for collection within the year ...	1,03,605	25,398	1,29,003
	Remitted during the year	21	6	27
	Collected during the year	97,921	20,118	1,18,039
	Total remitted and collected ...	97,942	20,124	1,18,066
	Suspended by competent authority	128	2,246	2,374
	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year	5,535	3,028	8,563
Total Principal and Interest.	Remitted during the year	411	137	548
	Collected during the year	3,39,051	3,74,042	7,13,093
	Under suspension at the end of the year	376	50,747	51,123
	Overdue at the end of the year	19,970	93,732	1,13,702

STATEMENT No. XXI.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 & 25 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF LOANS MADE UNDER THE LAND IMPROVEMENT AND AGRICULTURISTS' LOANS ACTS FOR THE YEAR 1915-16.

Account of Local Government with Government of India.

Heads.	Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year.	Mean outstanding.	Interest payable for the year by Local Government to Government of India at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Improvement Act XIX of 1883	15,29,051	14,28,218	14,78,635	51,752
Agriculturists' Loans Act XII of 1884	3,85,675	8,50,215	6,17,945	21,627
Total ...	19,14,726	22,78,433	20,96,580	73,379

STATEMENT No. XXII.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 & 25 of the text.)

PROVINCIAL RESULT OF LOAN OPERATION TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR 1915-16.

Particulars.	Land Improvement Act XIX of 1883.	Agriculturists' Loans Act XII of 1884.	Total both Acts.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Interest payable for the year by the Local Government to Government of India	51,752	21,627	73,379
2. Interest collected during the year	96,531	22,070	1,18,601
3. Balance of interest accruing to Local Government, *i. e.*, difference between 1 and 2.	+44,779	+443	+45,222
4. Remission of principal during the year 1915-16	...	1,259	1,259
5. Net result (profit or loss) for the year 1915-16	+44,779	−816	+43,963
6. Net results for previous years 1914-15	+33,869	+7,637	+41,506
1913-14	+33,856	+10,464	+44,320
1912-13	+79,399	+12,973	+92,372
1911-12	+50,309	+1,503	+51,812
1910-11	+20,377	+11,309	+31,686
7. Expenditure on free grants-in-aid towards the construction of private protective works or on establishment for well-boring or other outlay incurred from current revenue in connection with takavi advances.	...	...	...

STATEMENT No. XXIII.

(*Vide* paragraph 26 of text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE AREA AND INCOME OF UNCLASSED FORESTS AND OF OTHER GOVERNMENT LANDS UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL OF THE COLLECTOR FOR 1915-16.

Division.	District.	Area of unclassed forests and Government waste lands under the control of the Deputy Commissioner.	Area of nazul lands leased for agricultural purposes and consequently subject to the waste land lease rules.	Area included in columns 3 and 4 let out for cultivation.		Area of unclassed forest under the Forest Department let out for cultivation.		Area of Government land held by Government tenants under Act III of 1893, or under any colonization scheme.	Total of columns 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9.	Income for the year ending 30th September 1916.				Remarks.
				Cultivated in the year.	Uncultivated.	Cultivated in the year.	Uncultivated.			Land revenue on lands included in columns 6, 7, 8 and 9.	Malikana on lands included in columns 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.	Other income.	Total income.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Ambala ...	Hissar ...	3,981	...	788	1,389	...	...	...	3,981	6,533	...	1,880	8,413	
	Rohtak	3,599	1,649	1,649	3,599	...	...	...	5,248	2,561	1,712	3,963	8,236	
	Gurgaon	739	528	272	995	...	...	...	1,267	1,220	3	1,034	2,257	
	Karnal	11,335	477	338	179	...	...	5,010	16,822	4,527	1,633	1,440	7,600	
	Ambala	410	3	49	364	...	...	...	413	102	26	...	128	
	Simla ...	13,476	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,476	...	...	786	786	
Jullundur ...	Kangra	2,807	...	...	...	64	...	...	2,871	...	...	1,276	1,276	
	Hoshiarpur	24,647	156	135	21	...	...	...	24,803	668	...	842	1,510	
	Jullundur	518	110	879	249	...	...	...	628	250	30	2,148	2,428	
	Ludhiana	...	398	147	251	...	197	...	595	...	...	2,638	2,638	
	Ferozepore	2,876	1,646	1,835	2,657	...	...	...	4,522	1,477	1,361	9,763	12,601	
Lahore ...	Lahore	36,859	5,900	12,014	2,067	...	...	44,094	86,853	61,849	76,576	71,616	2,10,041	
	Amritsar	119	129	115	133	...	...	...	248	389	257	1,356	1,952	
	Gurdaspur	7,704	123	48	8	...	...	...	7,827	35	...	4,493	4,528	
	Sialkot	4,930	2	1,764	3,168	...	...	...	4,932	274	...	97	371	
	Gujranwala	3,347	269	919	200	8	10,167	130,661	144,452	4,88,799	49,427	11,283	5,49,512	
Rawalpindi ...	Gujrat ...	17,290	...	1,954	2,200	...	...	29,862	47,152	1,842	294	146	2,282	
	Shahpur	136,398	3	4,992	3,532	117	771	384,541	521,830	8,63,795	97,649	29,044	9,90,488	
	Jhelum	27,320	...	6	1	...	...	1,610	28,930	1,506	646	5,439	7,591	
	Rawalpindi	2,345	271	92	179	...	...	...	2,616	...	...	1,281	1,281	
	Attock	87,762	19	966	3,151	8	1	51	87,841	396	242	9,371	10,009	
	Mianwali	594,644	29	1,453	1,424	...	...	...	594,673	471	173	7,991	8,638	
Multan ...	Montgomery	1,175,007	...	40,401	123,657	195	1,377	270,598	1,447,177	84,804	33,449	19,40,599	20,58,852	
	Lyallpur	378,410	...	...	...	7,748	8,748	363,330	758,234	12,09,014	1,98,689	1,064	14,08,767	
	Jhang	134,209	34	528	21	...	...	115,715	249,958	2,46,615	76,953	53,530	3,77,098	
	Multan	1,345,069	84	4,242	12,865	...	...	221,382	1,566,525	98,035	49,417	1,40,480	2,87,932	
	Muzaffargarh	467,568	...	708	1,173	31	9	...	467,608	1,219	601	26,553	28,373	
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	364,826	...	31,668	101,528	...	...	...	364,826	11,209	8,260	1,06,135	1,25,604	
	Total ...	4,848,195	11,830	107,462	265,011	8,171	21,268	1,566,854	6,456,318	3,087,590	5,97,398	24,36,204	61,21,192	

STATEMENT No. XXIV.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.)

TOTALS OF SALES, MORTGAGES AND REDEMPTIONS AND OTHER TRANSFERS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1916.

District.	Nature of rights transferred.	Gifts.		Exchanges.		Mortgages with possession, including transfer for debt by order of Court.					Redemption of mortgages with possession.					Sales and permanent transfers for value.					
							Area transferred.					Area redeemed.					Area transferred.				
		Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of mortgages.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money in rupees.	Number of releases.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money discharged in rupees.	Number of transfers.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Price in rupees.	Multiple of revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Acres.		Acres.		Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.			
Hissar ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	211	7,351	119	796	2,325	18,372	16,233	6,867	6,15,203	1,785	20,273	17,472	6,719	3,89,169	799	15,026	10,172	4,643	4,08,953	88
	Right of occupancy ...	85	675	28	213	1,514	8,420	8,259	...	3,91,041	1,306	8,066	7,978	...	2,47,812	168	1,712	1,495	...	78,097	...
Rohtak ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	267	2,933	241	461	4,339	12,499	12,042	16,527	10,91,629	3,589	11,561	11,114	14,643	5,78,595	921	4,402	3,686	5,307	5,22,249	98
	Right of occupancy ...	20	46	9	9	260	470	459	...	37,150	160	320	309	...	12,049	26	93	93	...	9,251	...
Gurgaon ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	284	2,776	195	768	9,077	15,671	15,261	23,037	10,18,054	4,726	10,447	9,822	14,320	3,97,113	839	6,195	4,034	6,206	3,42,668	55
	Right of occupancy ...	52	117	14	31	1,464	2,537	2,500	...	1,53,968	669	1,378	1,352	...	52,466	54	224	218	...	17,203	...
Karnal ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	201	2,046	265	644	2,376	7,201	6,043	8,782	5,01,765	1,692	5,793	4,664	6,469	2,44,324	854	6,484	3,131	4,753	4,19,640	88
	Right of occupancy ...	9	64	9	24	204	364	361	...	34,780	92	158	153	...	8,655	31	102	100	...	18,172	...
Ambala ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	3	17	...	...	2	8	5	2	20	3	64	52	19	176	1	3	3	4	99	...
	Ownership ...	442	1,979	763	520	4,854	7,862	6,903	11,701	11,33,923	3,954	7,392	6,401	9,693	5,73,047	1,474	3,693	2,781	4,274	5,32,477	125
	Right of occupancy ...	29	45	20	8	519	646	535	...	85,067	570	450	442	...	34,286	76	131	129	...	13,122	...

SIMLA ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	92	120	74	18	159	90	52	139	15,716	192	137	72	186	22,446	205	116	61	131	54,742	418	
	Right of occupancy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
KANGRA ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	6	49	...	...	2	229	82	...	...	2	4	4	3	...	4	38	28	28	1,050	...	
	Ownership ...	973	2,132	1,054	295	3,566	6,403	4,429	7,696	6,17,005	4,106	8,542	5,717	9,759	3,92,933	2,275	5,615	2,968	4,472	5,99,487	134	
	Right of occupancy ...	79	69	28	8	188	161	127	...	11,497	167	163	136	...	9,100	115	302	96	...	13,754	...	
HOSHIARPUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	1,840	1,964	7	...	...	430	6,988	2	...	...	6	953	...	
	Ownership ..	355	1,569	1,183	712	8,414	8,585	6,181	14,848	20,30,318	5,408	10,153	6,326	14,530	11,58,426	2,237	3,926	2,007	4,352	7,97,631	183	
	Right of occupancy ...	97	162	95	53	2,408	1,719	1,584	...	4,15,968	1,633	1,644	1,483	...	2,13,556	275	371	290	...	53,209	...	
JULLUNDUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	26	24	82	1,270	...	
	Ownership ...	640	1,855	6,295	3,736	4,746	4,492	4,082	9,725	13,48,473	4,328	4,436	4,053	9,705	7,38,093	3,647	2,059	1,626	3,423	9,01,202	263	
	Right of occupancy ...	46	158	334	181	475	329	320	...	1,05,419	420	358	360	...	57,555	143	80	79	...	18,282	...	
LUDHIANA ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ownership ...	271	1,578	1,363	1,451	4,652	8,566	8,014	14,763	17,12,816	3,881	7,813	7,259	13,423	9,76,470	1,580	2,421	1,867	3,421	5,80,138	170	
	Right of occupancy ...	11	59	15	15	201	310	298	...	51,767	131	184	176	...	18,383	23	33	27	...	10,932	...	
FEROZEPORE	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	2	175	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ownership ...	291	3,264	977	2,486	9,208	30,002	28,800	22,103	43,30,037	7,340	25,486	23,509	18,079	22,51,739	2,506	9,801	7,110	5,613	15,76,654	281	
	Right of occupancy ...	47	316	93	259	2,489	7,049	6,942	...	7,70,077	2,096	5,927	5,813	..	4,49,154	412	1,642	1,535	...	1,97,894	...	
LAHORE ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ownership ...	306	3,654	433	2,037	3,524	13,205	11,057	10,360	17,88,961	2,723	13,322	11,018	9,814	9,55,259	1,228	4,746	3,283	3,658	15,28,130	418	
	Right of occupancy ...	9	125	15	106	502	1,107	1,051	...	1,51,269	279	873	817	...	62,237	66	220	191	...	21,613	...	
AMRITSAR ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ownership ...	241	1,436	627	912	6,775	11,134	10,509	21,978	23,26,178	4,280	7,716	7,209	15,150	10,27,467	1,039	1,964	1,657	3,516	7,77,074	221	
	Right of occupancy ...	12	23	10	12	731	855	839	...	1,33,847	439	532	515	...	54,352	43	53	46	...	13,404	...	
GURDASPUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ownership ...	247	1,271	496	668	5,921	10,187	9,762	22,724	15,14,471	4,453	8,711	8,135	18,155	6,58,101	865	2,801	2,164	4,906	4,61,085	94	
	Right of occupancy ...	17	24	19	18	755	736	720	366	98,384	342	371	364	228	35,290	46	78	78	40	9,143	...	
SIALKOT ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ownership ...	276	2,143	462	763	11,369	17,703	15,985	32,114	24,56,593	9,305	17,460	14,960	31,224	15,14,075	2,093	3,274	2,197	5,165	7,65,929	148	
	Right of occupancy ...	14	19	8	6	740	828	815	...	1,22,971	561	712	683	...	64,594	87	62	55	...	32,764	...	

STATEMENT No. XXIV—CONCLUDED.

District.	Nature of rights transferred.	Gifts.		Exchanges.		Mortgages with possession, including transfer for debt by order of Court.					Redemption of mortgages with possession.					Sales and permanent transfers for value.					
		Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of mortgages.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money in rupees.	Number of releases.	Area redeemed. Total.	Area redeemed. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money discharged in rupees.	Number of transfers.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Price in rupees.	Multiple of revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Acres.		Acres.		Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.			
Gujranwala	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	228	4,317	345	2,201	2,214	13,103	9,349	15,643	8,12,940	1,693	15,830	10,023	14,351	4,70,502	1,567	12,265	6,291	11,089	15,10,321	136
	Right of occupancy ...	8	46	16	150	97	517	401	615	24,946	51	331	269	356	10,131	21	73	63	63	7,163	...
Gujrat ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	369	2,052	353	560	5,329	6,194	5,630	6,861	7,87,335	3,820	6,275	5,438	6,294	3,98,097	1,884	3,378	1,938	2,294	4,56,947	199
	Right of occupancy ...	25	54	10	15	565	514	512	...	80,762	389	393	389	...	41,383	55	55	53	...	13,355	...
Shahpur ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	1	4	4	2	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	119	1,460	263	1,418	1,112	4,112	2,960	3,796	2,75,027	1,032	5,791	3,764	4,530	2,24,684	908	4,918	1,719	2,752	6,08,036	221
	Right of occupancy ...	7	306	70	2,309	20	57	52	56	5,171	30	204	190	148	2,940	49	2,238	2,186	4,037	3,70,027	...
Jhelum ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	325	1,939	394	686	2,345	3,621	3,294	3,918	4,19,882	2,612	4,609	4,044	4,537	3,07,893	3,395	5,899	3,666	3,737	7,67,882	205
	Right of occupancy ...	35	104	22	41	330	520	502	...	58,153	327	555	536	...	34,394	387	497	430	...	90,996	...
Rawalpindi	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	445	1,254	666	728	2,327	2,657	2,301	2,790	2,93,123	2,246	2,734	2,387	2,821	1,98,936	5,134	5,377	4,065	5,904	9,10,356	186
	Right of occupancy ...	61	94	76	124	471	426	385	...	49,266	414	364	310	...	28,392	572	560	459	...	81,625	...
Attock ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	202	2,953	400	1,711	1,987	6,495	4,633	3,290	3 59,412	1,517	6,460	4,138	3,005	1,81,737	2,430	6,533	3,500	2,397	5,24,800	219
	Right of occupancy ...	39	89	50	75	925	961	925	...	1,51,641	744	780	740	...	88,146	570	983	800	...	1,33,252	...

Mianwali ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	4	1,469	3	82	1	54	33	...	500	2	46	32	...	100	37	2,883	750	20	15,617	...
	Ownership ...	139	949	182	773	2,231	10,803	6,308	4,917	5,12,653	2,227	12,096	7,591	5,250	3,33,750	1,882	6,034	3,186	2,344	5,06,758	216
	Right of occupancy ...	19	43	32	80	274	892	735	...	48,550	228	1,155	755	...	26,667	183	400	270	...	29,119	...
Montgomery	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	59	25	48	60	6	...	...	...	13	...
	Ownership ...	72	1,206	64	3,714	191	2,825	1,772	1,428	1,02,217	254	5,781	2,834	2,253	81,542	511	7,587	4,388	4,896	13,91,600	284
	Right of occupancy ...	5	7	2	4	4	67	43	29	2,111	15	72	29	35	1,041	11	27	20	1	1,061	...
Lyallpur ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	423	7,892	134	2,631	767	9,910	9,454	33,089	11,07,917	366	5,259	4,815	16,093	3,03,243	493	8,711	7,841	28,283	25,12,815	89
	Right of occupancy ...	45	583	17	382	3	41	40	...	810	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jhang ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	3	4	...	...	3	422	272	...	1,084	12	37	25	...	140	6	47	14	...	2,125	...
	Ownership ...	117	2,754	126	1,400	707	7,178	4,359	5,629	3,71,586	768	7,743	4,362	5,454	1,96,585	1,309	8,338	5,431	8,657	7,81,041	90
	Right of occupancy ...	2	45	5	50	6	63	23	9	634	6	110	61	75	176	11	123	65	73	6,802	...
Multan ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	4	58	2	363	17	3,462	2,716	3,613	18,016	10	300	179	244	430	55	1,479	1,033	1,731	41,645	...
	Ownership ...	229	6,053	265	4,311	815	11,956	8,011	15,013	6,77,811	999	16,270	9,348	16,019	4,42,402	1,619	10,098	4,925	8,503	11,19,653	132
	Right of occupancy ...	3	18	5	43	3	1	1	...	79	28	347	226	344	3,914	44	356	170	224	11,287	...
Muzaffargarh.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	18	893	10	6,691	30	12,216	843	16	4,411	51	6,039	3,300	113	16,249	134	19,814	3,209	100	21,732	...
	Ownership ...	360	4,331	418	8,447	2,396	18,207	6,241	7,799	4,83,792	1,978	13,944	5,529	6,605	2,65,254	2,900	66,080	4,947	5,400	8,76,026	162
	Right of occupancy ...	15	79	22	50	123	358	295	...	15,260	86	253	169	...	4,727	121	266	159	...	12,693	...
Dera Ghazi Khan.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	1	1	...	...	3	17	11	5	212	3	4	3	1	30	6	128	5	2	96	...
	Ownership ...	570	6,818	313	1,554	3,134	13,291	7,731	5,051	5,99,386	3,350	14,622	8,043	4,768	3,49,099	3,893	15,478	6,155	3,474	7,80,965	225
	Right of occupancy ...	14	52	10	98	58	271	183	...	6,736	43	163	108	...	1,268	78	383	244	52	16,295	...
Provincial totals.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	39	2,491	16	7,136	64	16,413	3,967	5,480	26,422	91	6,553	3,620	853	24,173	253	24,418	5,116	1,973	84,900	...
	Ownership ...	8,692	79,585	18,470	43,401	106,860	282,324	227,896	3,32,588	2,93,04,256	84,524	276,656	210,067	283,763	1,53,34,286	50,627	233,499	106,799	1,52,570	2,30,15,279	151
	Right of occupancy ...	805	3,427	1,034	4,364	15,329	30,219	29,010	...	30,07,374	11,026	25,866	24,403	...	15,53,668	3,666	11,064	9,351	...	12,85,515	...
	Grand Total ...	9,536	85,503	19,520	57,901	122,253	328,956	260,873	...	3,23,38,052	95,641	309,075	238,090	...	1,72,12,127	54,546	268,981	121,266	...	2,43,85,694	...

STATEMENT No. XXV.

(*Vide* paragraphs 29 & 31 of the text.)

ABSTRACT OF MORTGAGES, SALES AND REDEMPTIONS BY DISTRICTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1916.

Division.	District.	Mortgages by		Mortgages to		Sales by		Sales to		Redemption by		Redemption from	
		Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Ambala.	Hissar ...	21,008	5,784	21,944	4,848	12,874	3,864	14,445	2,293	21,658	6,681	21,388	6,951
	Rohtak ...	12,057	912	11,849	1,120	3,503	992	3,890	605	9,993	1,888	10,137	1,744
	Gurgaon ...	16,914	1,294	16,029	2,179	4,618	1,801	4,866	1,553	9,916	1,909	10,673	1,152
	Karnal ...	6,600	965	5,450	2,115	5,208	1,358	5,479	1,087	4,081	1,868	4,802	1,147
	Ambala ...	7,267	1,249	6,049	2,467	2,552	1,275	2,909	918	6,182	1,724	5,043	2,863
	Simla ...	...	90	...	90	...	116	...	116	...	137	...	137
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	5,822	971	5,958	835	3,358	2,597	3,656	2,299	6,679	2,030	7,252	1,457
	Hoshiarpur ...	9,033	1,271	8,553	1,751	2,967	1,330	2,910	1,387	8,443	3,354	10,041	1,756
	Jullundur ...	4,182	639	4,352	469	1,741	424	1,741	424	3,484	1,310	4,126	668
	Ludhiana ...	8,062	814	7,991	885	1,901	553	2,092	362	6,733	1,264	6,748	1,249
	Ferozepore ...	29,411	7,641	31,429	5,623	8,442	3,001	9,365	2,078	23,837	7,576	25,767	5,646
Lahore.	Lahore ...	11,932	2,380	12,188	2,124	3,747	1,219	4,109	857	9,824	4,376	12,408	1,792
	Amritsar ...	10,751	1,238	10,803	1,186	1,657	360	1,772	245	6,848	1,400	7,194	1,054
	Gurdaspur ...	9,433	1,490	9,462	1,461	2,118	761	2,047	832	6,520	2,562	7,675	1,407
	Sialkot ...	16,292	2,239	15,970	2,561	2,888	448	2,678	658	16,236	1,886	13,373	4,799
	Gujranwala ...	11,690	1,930	10,407	3,213	7,725	4,613	8,525	3,813	13,726	2,435	9,908	6,253
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	6,090	618	5,605	1,103	3,026	407	3,037	396	3,973	2,695	5,999	669
	Shahpur ...	3,182	991	3,188	985	6,063	1,093	6,119	1,037	4,232	1,763	4,153	1,842
	Jhelum ...	3,633	508	3,186	955	5,446	950	5,604	792	3,567	1,597	3,573	1,591
	Rawalpindi ...	2,531	552	2,167	915	4,860	1,077	4,933	1,004	2,061	1,037	2,167	931
	Attock ...	6,976	480	5,819	1,637	7,072	444	7,016	500	6,671	569	3,496	3,744
	Mianwali ...	10,784	965	10,232	1,517	8,360	957	8,390	927	12,091	1,206	9,472	3,825
Multan.	Montgomery ...	2,005	887	1,729	1,163	1,627	5,987	4,968	2,646	1,431	4,481	4,231	1,681
	Lyallpur ...	9,538	413	6,238	3,713	6,776	1,935	7,086	1,625	12,887	2,372	4,341	918
	Jhang ...	6,155	1,508	1,664	5,999	4,699	4,109	6,725	2,083	4,718	3,172	3,987	3,903
	Multan ...	10,561	4,858	3,051	12,368	7,728	4,205	8,741	3,192	11,301	5,616	2,449	14,463
	Muzaffargarh ...	27,466	3,315	23,449	7,332	74,662	11,498	82,318	3,842	10,818	9,418	14,229	6,007
	Dera Ghazi Khan	7,030	6,549	6,426	7,153	10,911	5,078	10,805	5,184	7,384	7,405	11,928	2,861
	Grand Total...	276,405	52,551	251,188	77,768	206,529	62,452	226,226	42,755	225,344	83,731	226,560	82,515

STATEMENT No. XXVI.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.)

SALES OF LAND IN THE PUNJAB.

Year.	Number of transfers.	Area transferred.		Price in rupees.	Price per acre.		Revenue in rupees.	Price per rupee of land revenue.	Sale by agricultural tribes.	Sales to agricultural tribes.	Sales by others.	Sales to others.
		Total.	Of which cultivated.		Total.	Cultivated.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1896-97	45,691	266,767	148,535	1,15,35,853	43	78	1,74,819	66	...	...	...	...
1897-98	49,343	305,362	164,018	1,35,49,377	44	81	1,82,854	74	...	...	...	...
1898-99	46,462	277,931	155,408	1,29,01,236	46	83	1,70,600	76	...	...	...	...
1899-1900	48,685	275,413	159,943	1,29,49,047	47	81	1,55,133	83	...	...	...	...
1900-01	55,298	323,353	180,963	1,50,08,486	46	83	1,58,662	95	...	...	...	...
Average of 5 years ending 1901	49,096	289,765	162,573	1,31,88,800	46	81	1,68,414	78	...	...	...	...
1901-02	42,135	248,701	142,982	1,01 18.814	41	71	1,35,604	75	...	...	...	...
1902-03	36,322	232,839	138,870	96,63,775	41	71	1,23,052	79	132,310	138 290	59 606	58,705
1903-04	38,804	224,285	132,324	1,12,94,774	50	85	1,16,923	97	153,396	141,722	54,476	66,087
1904-05	38,644	201,603	123,287	1,06,46,967	53	86	1,14,949	93	151,041	152,061	58,387	55,142
1905-06	42,507	232,333	142,386	1,20,34,917	52	85	1,14,036	106	163,209	163,699	70,207	58,561
Average of 5 years ending 1906	39,682	227,752	135,570	1,07,51,849	47	79	1,20,913	89	149,989*	148,948	60,938	59,624
1906-07	37,809	202,232	114,003	1,17,98,959	58	103	1,13,694	104	152,445	156,445	67,819	63,819
1907-08	41,717	209,622	120,635	1,21,53,089	58	101	1,10,248	110	156,492	168,562	75,282	63,215
1908-09	45,996	231,163	123,463	1,40,66,608	61	114	1,13,483	124	181,499	187,280	74,852	69,071
1909-10	47,537	228,633	126,191	1,52,83,910	67	121	1,15,420	132	193,083	198,927	63,703	57,859
1910-11	44,093	211,376	123,237	1,58,56,592	75	129	1,28,905	123	166,785	181,005	64,267	50,047
Average of 5 years ending 1911	43,430	216,605	121,506	1,38,31,832	64	114	1,16,350	119	170,061	178,444	69,185	60,802
1911-12	50,747	245,203	151,664	1,86,99,137	76	123	1,67,944	111	183,901	214 438	83,977	53,440
1912-13	53,074	279,242	184,755	1,96,94,495	71	107	2,12,429	93	182,941	253,556	123,757	53,142
1913-14	53,913	209,605	121,809	3,02,81,206	144	249	1,48,314	202	193,082	207,097	57,159	43,144
1914-15	52,027	220,623	133,933	2,41,30,887	109	180	1,79,668	134	173,300	181.798	69,486	60,988
1915-16	50,627	233,499	106,799	2,30,15,279	99	216	1,52,570	151	206,529	226,226	62,452	42,755
Average of 5 years ending 1916	52,078	237,630	139,792	2,31,64,201	97	166	1,72,185	135	187,951	216,623	79,366	50,694

* This and the following averages are for four years only.

STATEMENT No. XXVII.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text).

MORTGAGE OF LAND IN THE PUNJAB.

Year.	Total cultivated area under usufructuary mortgage.	Percentage of cultivated area under usufructuary mortgage.	Cultivated area released.	Cultivated area mortgaged.	Mortgage money per rupee of revenue of area mortgaged.	Total area redeemed by agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged by agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged to agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged to others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1896-97	...	...	218,181	351,612	49	...	...	...	...
1897-98	...	...	293,655	411,805	53	...	...	...	...
1898-99	...	...	241,842	349,971	56	...	...	...	...
1899-1900	...	...	189,352	312,724	55	...	...	...	...
1900-01	...	...	176,595	270,680	55	...	...	...	...
Average of 5 years ...	...	...	233,925	339,398	...	...	...	...	...
1901-02	3,287,387	12·3	167,422	184,263	55	...	...	...	...
1902-03	3,231,253	12·1	146,982	175,532	57	124,679	169,858	132,569	73,345
1903-04	3,528,477	12·9	164,885	180,170	61	162,829	193,640	153,192	80,759
1904-05	3,328,610	12·1	194,282	173,042	62	199,179	194,149	176,675	60,187
1905-06	3,40?,688	12·3	220,596	186,203	67	225,118	201,595	186,113	60,686
Average of 5 years ...	3,357,633	...	178,773	179,842	...	177,951*	189,810	162,142	68,743
1906-07	3,375,573	12·1	279,762	199,983	75	301,073	216,954	206,629	59,047
1907-08	3,235,287	10·4	282,255	213,596	80	293,256	232,065	213,178	68,615
1908-09	3,183,358	11·1	282,192	223,723	86	310,732	254,076	230,662	81,452
1909-10	3 352,635	12·4	278,919	224,841	85	291,878	258,437	233,608	77,103
1910-11	3,351,862	11·9	248,003	194,930	87	284,085	236,510	210,686	68,438
Average of 5 years ...	3,299,743	...	274,226	211,415	...	296,205	239,608	218,953	70,931
1911-12	3,366,456	12·0	252,886	206,387	89	242,794	237,446	214,460	68,571
1912-13	3,266,781	11·7	268,698	219,672	74	307,045	257,822	230,605	74,162
1913-14	3,202,707	11·5	232,290	245,631	89	304,397	283,315	254,507	83,745
1914-15	3,176,497	11·6	239,644	228,688	88	272,264	266,383	238,113	73,952
1915-16	3,183,980	11·5	210,067	227,396	88	225,344	276,405	251,188	77,768
Average of 5 years ...	3,239,284	...	250,717	225,551	...	270,369	264,274	237,775	75,640

*This and the following averages are for four years only.

STATEMENT No. XXVIII.

(*Vide* paragraph 32 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE WORK DONE BY REVENUE OFFICERS (ORIGINAL CASES ONLY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1916.

Division.	District.	Number of Revenue Officers employed.	Revenue cases (including execution of decrees).							Number of cases pending.
			Revenue Court cases under the Tenancy Act.	Revenue Officers' cases under the Tenancy Act.	Revenue Officers' cases under the Land Revenue Act.	Revenue Officers' cases under Land Alienation Act.	Cases under the Redemption of Mortgages Act.	Miscellaneous Revenue Officers' cases.	Total Revenue cases.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Ambala.	Hissar	40	1,712	2,563	2,082	58	54	1,021	7,490	836
	Rohtak	28	1,467	1,007	3,541	60	147	1,083	7,305	354
	Gurgaon	17	900	587	4,967	47	107	3,069	9,677	588
	Karnal	26	508	463	3,076	49	53	404	4,553	293
	Ambala	54	886	441	4,013	39	150	1,854	7,383	1,018
	Simla	5	6	7	3	...	1	409	426	45
Jullundur.	Kangra	61	1,187	674	4,296	94	173	1,363	7,787	1,229
	Hoshiarpur	13	2,729	1,420	2,729	352	111	3,461	10,802	2,118
	Jullundur	32	1,367	798	6,016	906	110	1,460	10,657	527
	Ludhiana	14	561	86	1,497	426	105	2,150	4,825	518
	Ferozepore	33	2,216	1,506	3,149	325	150	883	8,229	796
Lahore.	Lahore	47	1,094	779	8,909	42	114	3,290	14,228	1,065
	Amritsar	31	2,345	941	2,517	91	112	1,281	7,287	662
	Gurdaspur	14	1,765	216	4,423	164	94	1,948	8,610	942
	Sialkot	37	2,089	1,032	3,557	152	180	1,005	8,015	1,245
	Gujranwala	35	1,409	887	4,781	79	88	1,506	8,750	1,150
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	29	2,993	1,534	3,247	297	303	4,418	12,792	1,884
	Shahpur	17	651	229	3,074	101	47	2,479	6,581	483
	Jhelum	20	750	369	1,892	384	183	1,448	5,026	689
	Rawalpindi	13	474	99	689	801	65	1,186	3,314	612
	Attock	25	922	177	1,908	244	75	542	3,868	684
	Mianwali	12	641	287	3,103	27	93	1,500	5,651	478
Multan.	Montgomery	13	211	103	1,261	13	29	5,533	7,150	241
	Lyallpur	12	268	238	2,065	...	9	1,511	4,091	306
	Jhang	32	734	167	2,453	54	54	661	4,123	807
	Multan	43	940	969	5,330	91	19	1,492	8,841	2,411
	Muzaffargarh	16	828	1,051	3,882	143	55	4,459	10,418	685
	Dera Ghazi Khan	34	619	229	2,462	80	27	1,587	5,004	408
	Total	753	32,272	18,859	90,922	5,119	2,708	53,003	202,883	23,074

STATEMENT No. XXIX.

(*Vide* paragraph 32 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING APPELLATE AND REVISIONAL WORK OF COMMISS IONERS AND FINANCIAL COMMISSIONERS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1916.

Names of Officers.	Division or Office.	Revenue Judicial Appeals.										Revenue Executive Appeals.								Remarks.
		Old cases.	New institutions.	Decided.					Transferred.	Pending.	Pending more than three months.	Old cases.	New institutions.	Decided.			Transferred.	Pending.	Pending more than three months.	
				Rejected at first hearing.	Remanded for re-trial.	Decreed for Appellant.	Decreed for Respondent.	Total decided.						Accepted.	Rejected.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
The Hon'ble Lieut.-Col. C. M. Dallas, C.S.I., I. A. The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Atkins, I.C.S. ...	Ambala ...	37	156	...	...	21	130	151	7	35	3	60	249	34	190	224	12	73	6	
The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, I.C.S. ... W. C. Renouf, Esquire, I.C.S. ... C. J. Hallifax, Esquire, I.C.S. ...	Jullundur ...	44	388	166	13	61	143	388	...	44	2	49	700	105	536	641	28	80	13	
The Hon'ble Mr H. J. Maynard, C.S.I. ... H. A. Casson, Esquire, C.S.I. ...	Lahore ...	22	118	...	2	29	75	106	...	34	4	50	746	143	555	698	...	98	8	
Lieut.-Col. F. Popham Young, C.I.E. ...	Rawalpindi ...	84	149	52	2	26	108	188	...	45	3	172	594	114	577	691	14	161	37	
C. J. Hallifax, Esquire, I.C.S. ... Lieut.-Col. C. Powney Thompson, I.A. ...	Multan ...	...	57	42	1	7	6	56	...	1	...	24	656	90	570	660	2	18	3	
The Hon'ble Mr. A. H. Diack, C.V.O., K.C.I.E. ... The Hon'ble Sir W. M. Fenton, K.C.S.I. ... The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I. ...	Financial Commissioners. Revisions ...	31	202	153	17	19	12	201	1	31	8	15	276	20	229	249	...	42	11	
The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan	Financial Commissioners. Appeals ...	4	18	...	4	3	14	21	...	1	1	13	55	8	37	45	...	23	6	
	Total ...	222	1,088	413	44	166	488	1,111	8	191	21	383	3,376	514	2,694	3,208	56	495	84	

REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

PUNJAB

FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1917.

Lahore:
PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, PUNJAB.
1918.

Price: Rs. 2 or 3 s.

Punjab Land Revenue Report for 1916-17.

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Proceedings of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture—(Revenue), No. 7979, dated 6th April 1918.

READ—

The Annual Report on the Land Revenue Administration of the Punjab for the year ending 30th September 1917, forwarded with letter No. 491—53-1-2, dated 9th March 1918, from the Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab.

REMARKS.—The five years ending September 1917 witnessed the separation of the Delhi province from the Punjab and the completion of the great triple project by the opening of the Lower Bari Doab canal in 1914 and the Upper Jhelum canal in 1916. In spite of some reduction in the total area there has been an increase of over a million acres in cultivation, nearly the whole of this being due to canal irrigation. The apparent expansion of 600,000 acres in *barani* cultivation is only nominal, as there has been an equivalent reduction in the headings *sailab* and *abi*. Twenty-nine million acres, or slightly more than half the total area of the province, are now under cultivation, of which 3½ million acres are protected by wells, while 9 million acres are irrigated by canals or by canals and wells combined, and the gross assessment, excluding the canal charges, aggregates more than 4 crores of rupees. These figures are an eloquent testimony to the paramount importance of agriculture both to the administration and the people. The average incidence of land revenue is now Re. 1-6-10 per acre of cultivation as compared with Re. 1-3-0 in 1912, or an increase of 20 per cent. which is due to the fact that no less than 12 districts, including some of the most fertile in the province, were re-assessed during the quinquennium. When it is remembered that the average produce of an acre may now be safely valued at not less than Rs. 25 it is obvious that by far the greater portion of the increased profits from agriculture due to the recent rise in prices has gone into the pockets of the zamindar.

2. The year 1916-17, following on two unusually poor harvests, opened with conditions eminently favourable to agriculture. The monsoon of 1916 brought abundant rain to the greater part of the province, which resulted in an increase of 45 per cent. in the sown and no less than 79 per cent. in the matured area of the kharif crop over the figures for 1915. Outturns were good, especially in the case of rice, bajra and sugarcane, and though the prices of rice and raw sugar fell slightly, cotton rose from Rs. 6-9-0 to Rs. 8-10-0 per maund, double the figure for 1915. Heavy rain in October, coupled with the prevailing high prices and the increased demand for food-grains from foreign countries, led to an increase of 11 per cent. in the area sown for the rabi harvest. The winter months, however, were phenomenally dry, and this seriously affected the canal supply. The situation was partially saved by rain in April, which, though too late for the eastern districts, was of great value in the northern and western portions of the province. Considering the character of the season the resulting increase of 23 per cent. in matured area over the rabi of 1916 was satisfactory. Outturns were slightly below normal, and prices though rather lower than in 1915 except in the case of wheat, which rose from Rs. 3-5-0 to Rs. 3-10-0 per maund, still ruled high. The area of crops matured was 15 per cent. above the assumed normal. On the whole, therefore, the year was a fairly successful one and may be summarized as a bumper kharif, followed by a rabi of record acreage but somewhat disappointing outturn.

3. The fixed land revenue demand rose from 226·29 to 231·51 lakhs. The gross increase of 8·51 lakhs was due mainly to enhanced assessments, while the chief decrease was one of 2·8 lakhs on account of wells falling out of use and alterations from fixed to fluctuating assessments. If sums under suspension and undetermined and irrecoverable balances are excluded, 99·6 per cent. of the total demand was collected and only Rs. 8,000—the same figure as in 1915-16—were outstanding at the end of the year. The collections of

fluctuating revenue rose from 121·93 to 138·32 lakhs, owing to the extension of canal irrigation and the timely rainfall, and the balance outstanding was only Rs. 28,000. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Financial Commissioners that the delays that occurred in granting remission for crops damaged by hail in Lyallpur require investigation, and will be glad if the Financial Commissioner and Chief Engineer will jointly devise measures to obviate them in future. If remissions are necessary they should be given at once; the policy of Government is stultified by a procedure that defers the grant of relief until after collections have been made. Such delays give opportunities for malpractices; it appears that there were complaints of corruption against canal subordinates in connection with this matter, and it is satisfactory to learn that some of those concerned have been convicted and punished by the courts.

Collections of "other land revenue" amounted to over 40 lakhs, but it is important to remember that 31 lakhs of this represent payments for the sale of Government land, and must be regarded as the realization of capital rather than as recurring income.

4. The favourable conditions of the year are reflected in the number of coercive processes. These fell from 16,129 to 12,430, and no less than 90·5 per cent. of the outstanding arrears were collected. There were no cases of imprisonment, only one sale of immovable property and only one warrant for its attachment. The Multan division is again responsible for the largest number of processes, but the figures show an improvement on those of the previous year, and it appears that the special efforts made to enforce punctuality have been largely successful. The experiment of serving revenue processes through the post has been very successful in Gujranwala, and the Lieutenant-Governor is glad that the Financial Commissioners are extending it tentatively to other districts. A reduction in the number of tahsil chaprasis and a corresponding curtailment in the opportunities for illegal exaction are the most welcome features of the system.

5. The plan of appointing a special official to lay the revenue records or excerpts from them before civil courts is reported to have worked well in the four districts where it was tried, and on the recommendation of the Hon'ble Judges is about to be extended to all districts. The extra cost has hitherto been covered by fees payable by the parties, and the scheme is therefore self-supporting. It is hoped that means will be devised for avoiding in practice the possible abuses to which the report alludes, and that the desired result of making the revenue records easily accessible to litigants will be achieved.

The payment of revenue by currency notes is not yet popular, partly owing to the possibility of fraud and partly because of the difficulty of procuring notes in rural tracts. The policy of Government is to popularize the use of its paper currency, and with due safeguards the despatch of notes by post should be more convenient and economical than payment by money order for the remittance of large amounts.

6. The working of the perennial canals during the year was again severely tried and called forth all the energy and skill of the Irrigation Department. Supplies for the autumn crop were abundant, but the failure of the winter rains inevitably meant low rivers and seriously restricted the supply for the rabi harvest, at a time when the demand for both the irrigated and unirrigated sowings was unprecedentedly keen. The question of equitable distribution of the available supply between the five great canals fed by the triple project was thus one of unusual difficulty and was complicated by the fact that irrigation from the Upper Chenab is still in process of development, while that from the Upper Jhelum has only just commenced. Moreover, the Lower Chenab was for the first time grouped with those of the triple project for the purposes of this distribution, and this apparently led to some curtailment of the supply to Lyallpur irrigators. Similarly the opening of rabi irrigation on the Upper Jhelum caused a marked diminution in the supply for the Lower Jhelum and necessitated the introduction for the first time of rotational closures, which in the absence of due warning are naturally disliked by the cultivators. In reviewing the annual colony report His Honour recently remarked that the

subject, though mainly a technical one, is of such importance that the Financial Commissioners should in future be consulted before the distribution is made, and he hopes that this will ensure more careful consideration of the contending interests involved.

7. The working of the Upper Chenab Canal continues to give rise to difficulties, not only in the new Colony which has suffered from initial mistakes of policy, but also in the settled villages, the very varying conditions of which cannot in all cases be readily adapted to the principles of irrigation laid down. If the complaints regarding the heading up of torrent water, the inequity of the complicated chakbandi system and errors in the assessment of water-rates are well founded, no time should be lost in removing their causes. The danger of water-logging, the most pressing problem of Punjab agriculture, is one to which Government is already alive, and the recommendations of the Conference of April 1917, to which the Financial Commissioners allude, are receiving careful consideration. The problem has recently become one of increasing urgency owing to the disastrous floods caused in certain districts by the unprecedented rainfall of September last, and the Lieutenant-Governor is inclined to the view that the most satisfactory method of solving it will be to take each of the great Doabs separately and work down from the point where irrigation begins to the junction of the rivers. Something of this kind is already being done on the Lower Chenab canal, and there is reason to believe that similar remedial measures are urgently required in the Bari Doab.

The increasing success of the Nammal dam is a matter for satisfaction, and justifies further efforts to undertake similar works in the dry north-western districts where suitable sites are forthcoming. One such scheme in the Isa Khel tahsil is now under investigation, but in future reports some brief details of area irrigated and revenue returns might well be given.

The total figures of irrigation from Imperial and Provincial canals—9 million acres sown and 8⅓ million matured—are very striking, especially in a year conspicuous for an almost complete failure of the winter rains. The crops raised on the canals probably represented one-half of the agricultural wealth of the Province, and it may be said that in 1916-17 the canals again stood between the Province and severe scarcity. Schemes of further expansion are already under consideration, but even as it stands the great Punjab canal system is an achievement of which the Province may be justly proud.

8. The working of the Land Improvement Loans Act, which was adversely criticized in last year's review, shows little improvement. The total of advances made is the same, and the number of wells sunk with the aid of loans has decreased. The Financial Commissioners have wisely called for the opinions of Commissioners on the apparent unpopularity of what ought to be a most beneficial system to the zamindars, and their conclusions will be awaited with interest. The figures for Gurgaon, quoted in paragraph 24 of the report, show how much can be done to encourage the sinking of wells by a zealous District Officer. There has been a large decrease, from 8 to 1·5 lakhs, in the amount of loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, but this is doubtless due not to any falling off in the popularity of the Act, but to the favourable character of the seasons. The present system could no doubt be improved by more careful inspection of the way in which the money is utilized and by the distribution of loans at cattle fairs and other gatherings. Government has refused to raise the rate of interest charged on either form of loans in spite of the steady rise in the open market.

9. An important experiment with the object of encouraging the cultivation of food-grains has been made by relaxing the rules regarding leases of Government waste land, and a large area has been given out on favourable terms to lessees for two years for the cultivation of such crops. It is too early to estimate the result of this innovation, but its effect on the cultivated area of the present harvest will be awaited with interest. The Lieutenant-Governor however, notes with satisfaction the energetic measures taken by Mr. Kitchin in Lyallpur, where the system of leaving the actual distribution of the waste

attached to each village to the colonists themselves is expected to bring over 64,000 additional acres under the plough. If corresponding results have been obtained in other canal-irrigated tracts with similar opportunities the success of the experiment is assured.

10. The financial situation has again prevented further action under the Chos Act. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Financial Commissioners that the results already obtained are promising, and that further action should be no longer delayed; proposals for extending the operations should now be formulated and provision made for giving effect to them as early as possible. Meanwhile judicious encouragement should be given to any unofficial action likely to contribute towards the desired reafforestation, and His Honour is prepared to consider an extension of the practice of making grants to villages for the reclamation of Cho beds, if they are found to be properly utilized.

11. Sales of agricultural land have remained low and redemptions of mortgages are fewer even than last year. This may no doubt be partly attributed to the unsettled conditions created by the war, but recent high prices and the improved conditions of military service have put large sums of money into the pockets of the agricultural classes, and extensive redemptions of mortgages might well have been expected. The result of Financial Commissioners' enquiries into this subject will be awaited with interest, and it may be that part of the funds which might have been utilised for clearing off encumbrances were invested in the various war loans. The value of land continues to rise rapidly and the average for the year under review was Rs. 227 per acre as against Rs. 216 in 1915-16. The average price realized at the auction sales on the Lower Bari Doab canal in the spring of 1917 was Rs. 229 per acre, whereas at the auctions of March 1918 it reached the unprecedented figure of Rs. 331 per acre for nearly 8,000 acres. A remarkable feature is the large proportion purchased by agriculturists. In the Province as a whole the sale value of land on the figures for 1916-17 now represents 157 times the land revenue, as against 151 times in 1915-16 and 66 times 20 years ago. No better proof could be afforded of leniency of the land revenue demand and of the remarkable increase of general prosperity within the last generation.

12. The working of the Alienation of Land Act has again been satisfactory: no new difficulties are reported and it appears to entail very little extra work. His Honour is in complete agreement with the view of the Financial Commissioners that it commands the confidence and approval of the peasant population, and has largely achieved its object. In almost every village the *Akt Intiqalat* is spoken of as the Magna Charta of the zamindar. It is the settled policy of Government to secure the prosperity and contentment of the land-owning classes by leniency in assessment, by securing them in the possession of their ancestral holdings, and by opening up to them new fields of profitable expansion in the great canal colonies. That this policy is appreciated is proved by their remarkable rally to the Empire's call in the present war. During the year 1917 the Punjab furnished well over 100,000 recruits to the army and these were drawn almost exclusively from the rural population.

13. The slight decrease in the number of revenue cases decided during the year needs no comment. Appellate work is well up to date in the offices and courts of Commissioners and Financial Commissioner, but over half of the pending cases are on the file of the Commissioner of Jullundur. The report makes special mention of the number of petitions received from soldiers at the front, which in the case of the single district of Hoshiarpur numbered no less than 2,195. His Honour believes that district officers are fully alive to the importance of dealing promptly and sympathetically with these applications as far as the powers at their disposal allow, and the fact might well be brought to the notice of Commanding Officers, who are apt to complain if immediate attention is not paid to the sometimes impracticable demands of their subordinates and do not always understand the limitations on the action of Executive officers in such matters.

In conclusion Sir Michael O'Dwyer desires to thank both Financial Commissioners for their efficient administration of the Revenue Department and for a most interesting and practical report. The war has thrown upon the shoulders of Revenue officers a variety of miscellaneous duties which, though forming a heavy addition to their ordinary work, have been cheerfully and efficiently performed; and the Lieutenant-Governor has pleasure in acknowledging the unflagging zeal and the loyal spirit in which officers of the Revenue Department from the highest to the lowest have borne the strain of the last three years and responded to every fresh call made upon them.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the above review be forwarded to the Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab, for information and guidance, also that it be published in the *Punjab Government Gazette*, and circulated with the report as usual.

By order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab,

H. D. CRAIK,

Revenue Secretary to Government, Punjab.

2718 CS—345—6-1-18—SGPP Lahore

No. 491—53-I-2.

FINANCIAL COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE:
Dated Lahore, 9th March 1918.

FROM

V. CONNOLLY, ESQUIRE, I.C.S.,

Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners,
Punjab,

To

THE HON'BLE MR. H. D. CRAIK, I.C.S.,

Revenue Secretary to Government, Punjab.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I., I.C.S.
The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, C.S.I., I.C.S.

SIR,

I AM directed to submit the Annual Report on the Land Revenue Administration of the Punjab for the Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1917.

The Hon'ble Mr. Maynard, C.S.I., and the Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, C.S.I., held the offices of Financial Commissioner throughout the year.

I have the honour to be,
SIR,
Your most obedient servant,
V. CONNOLLY,
Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners,
Punjab.

REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

PUNJAB

FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1917.

Introductory.—The year 1916-17 marks the end of a quinquennial period, and the figures in statement I have been brought up to date. During the period the old Delhi district was split up, the Delhi tahsil and part of the Ballabgarh tahsil being converted into the new Delhi Province and the rest of the Ballabgarh tahsil and the Sonepat tahsil being absorbed into the Gurgaon and Rohtak districts, respectively. The name of the south-eastern division was in consequence changed to the Ambala Division and the head-quarters of the Commissioner transferred to Ambala. The 140 trans-Ravi villages in the Gugera tahsil of Montgomery were transferred to Lyallpur and 32 villages from the latter district to Jhang during the period for administrative reasons, while 107,000 acres were transferred from Multan to Montgomery. The common boundaries of the Lahore and Ferozepore districts and of the Hoshiarpur and Ambala and Ludhiana districts were rectified and a number of long standing boundary disputes with Native States bordering on British districts were settled. The districts of Lahore, Gujrat, Simla, Jullundur, Ambala and parts of Kangra and of Dera Ghazi Khan came under settlement during the period which also saw the conclusion of settlement operations in Ferozepore, Hoshiarpur, Sialkot and parts of Shahpur and Kangra. The total area of the Province shows an apparent decrease of more than a million acres. 767,000 acres of this are however due to the exclusion from the figures for the Kangra district of large tracts which have never been measured, but the approximate area of which was previously entered 330,000 acres are due to the separation of the Delhi Province. Of the total area of the Province a little more than half is at present under cultivation. The total net increase in cultivated area during the quinquennium was more than a million acres. The canal irrigated area increased by nearly a million acres, and the *barani* area by over 600,000, acres. Although masonry and unlined wells have increased by 12,500 and 1,600 respectively, the former now numbering 254,675, the total area irrigated by them with and without the assistance of canals or river-floods has fallen from 4,855,184 to 4,823,854. The decreases in the *sailab* and *abi* areas amount to 283,500 acres and 216,400 acres, respectively. The quinquennium was marked by the opening of the last two canals of the Triple Project series, the Lower Bari Doab Canal in 1914 and the Upper Jhelum Canal in 1916. The increase in assessment during the five years amounts to over 82½ lakhs of which some 63½ lakhs are on account of fluctuating revenue. The incidence of the land revenue demand per acre of cultivation is Re. 1-6-10 as compared with Re. 1-3-0 in the last quinquennium.

Analysis of statistics. Statement I.

1. The agricultural conditions for the first part of the year under report were very favourable. The monsoon burst in the latter half of July, when heavy and widespread rain fell throughout the Province with the exception of a few districts in the south-east and south-west. Excellent rain fell at intervals until the first week of September, but during the rest of that month the monsoon was weak except in the south-east. Heavy rain fell again in the beginning of October and this was most favourable for the sowing of spring crops. The winter rains, however, were neither

General summary of agricultural conditions in 1916-17.

so frequent nor so heavy as usual and the season from December to March was one of the driest on record. In April and May fairly heavy rain fell at intervals throughout the Province, accompanied by hailstorms which did damage in some districts. This rainfall was harmful in the east and south-east, where much of the wheat was already on the threshing floor, but it benefited greatly the crops of the Northern Punjab, where harvesting starts at a much later date. The deficient winter rainfall seriously affected the canal supply. The Lower Bari Doab Canal was the worst sufferer and the supplies from it came at long and irregular intervals.

The total sown area for the year exceeded the area sown in the preceding year and the assumed normal sown area by 22 and 13 per cent. respectively. The total matured area was 42 per cent. more than the preceding year's matured area and 15 per cent. more than the assumed normal matured area. The combined harvests of the year, so far as area is concerned, fell little short of those of the record year 1914-15. The autumn harvest as compared with the kharif harvest of 1915 showed an increase of 45 and 79 per cent. for the sown and matured area, respectively. The proportion of crop failure was low in all districts except Dera Ghazi Khan, which recorded a percentage of 18. The outturns of all the principal crops except cotton and jowar were above normal. Rice, bajra and sugarcane were bumper crops, maize and cotton approximately average, jowar only about two-thirds of the normal. The conditions for spring sowings were excellent and, together with the prevailing high prices and the anticipated requirements of food-grains by foreign countries, led to an advance in sowings, the result being an increase of 11 per cent. in the sown and 23 per cent. in the matured area over the figures for rabi 1916. Percentages of failure did not exceed 15 in any district of the Lahore and Multan divisions. The other three Divisions did not fare so well, and in the Kangra and Hoshiarpur districts 40 per cent. of the area sown failed to mature. The yields of the principal crops were, wheat 98 per cent. of the normal, barley 90, gram 108 and rabi oil-seeds 90 per cent. Prices, though affected by the war, were, except in the case of wheat and cotton, lower than in the preceding year. Owing to the character of the crop and the brisk foreign demand which led to an increase of 26 per cent. in its export during the year, the average price of wheat rose from Rs. 3-5-0 to Rs. 3-10-0 per maund. The price of cotton rose from Rs. 6-9-0 to Rs. 8-10-0 per maund owing to the increased demand for export. The price of rice fell from Rs. 2-14-0 to Rs. 2-7-0 and of rape-seed from Rs. 4-4-0 to Rs. 2-2-0 per maund. The price of raw sugar fell from Rs. 5-13-0 to Rs. 5.

Fixed Land Revenue.
Statements Nos. V, VI and VII.

2. The total demand for the year on account of fixed land revenue rose from 226·29 to 231·51 lakhs, a net increase of 5·23 lakhs. The gross increase was 8·51 lakhs due mainly to increases of 7·62 lakhs on account of the introduction of revised assessments in nine districts, of Rs. 24,000 by alluvion, of Rs. 19,000 from the assessment of grants of waste land and the lapse of protective well leases, of Rs. 30,000 from progressive assessments, of Rs. 7,000 by lapses and resumption of revenue-free grants and of Rs. 8,000 in miscellaneous items. Against this must be set off a gross decrease of 3·28 lakhs, which was due to decreases of Rs. 17,000 on account of revision of zaildari arrangements, of 2·8 lakhs on account of reduction of assessments due to wells falling out of use or alteration of assessments from fixed to fluctuating, mainly in Lahore, Gujranwala and Gujrat districts, of Rs. 16,000 by diluvion and of Rs. 9,000 in miscellaneous items. Of the total demand 230·50 lakhs or 99·6 per cent. have been collected. Excluding Rs. 31,000 placed under suspension and Rs. 62,000 of undetermined or irrecoverable balances, only Rs. 8,000 of the demand remained uncollected at the end of the year. A sum of Rs. 20,000 was remitted owing to calamities of season chiefly in the Kangra and Amritsar districts. Owing to favourable agricultural conditions only Rs. 59,858 in all were suspended during the year and in every case the suspension was due to some special calamity such as hail, floods or earthquake. Adding the sum of Rs. 15,66,210 under suspension at the beginning of the year, of the total of 16·26 lakhs thus under suspension 10·45 lakhs were recovered and Rs. 18,298 were remitted leaving a balance at the end of the year of only 5·63 lakhs. Harvests were on the whole favourable and collections were everywhere made with ease.

Alluvion and diluvion. Statement No. IX.

3. The year was marked by the absence of any great floods in the Punjab rivers. As a result of alluvion and diluvion operations there was a net increase of Rs. 21,149 to the fixed land revenue roll as compared with Rs. 10,000 last year. The total assessable area of the Province was increased by 7,000 acres, while revenue was enhanced on 36,500 acres and reduced on 15,000 acres. A change in the course of the Jamna resulted in a gain of over 2,000 acres in Karnal at the expense of the Muzaffarnagar district. The action of this river caused a small gain in Rohtak and Gurgaon and a slight loss in Ambala. There was a slight loss on the Sutlej in Ambala, Hoshiarpur, Ludhiana and Lahore, and in the portion of the Sutlej riverain in the Montgomery district not under fluctuating assessment 600 acres were eroded. In the Sutlej riverain in Jullundur and Ferozepore the river's action increased the assessable area by 4,500 acres, but the figures of Jullundur include for two tahsils land accreted in the previous year. The action of the Beas was beneficial in Hoshiarpur and Gurdaspur, and caused little damage elsewhere. The Ravi in Amritsar, Gurdaspur and Sialkot caused a gain. There was a gain in all districts affected by the Chenab, Gujrat benefiting to the extent of 1,400 acres. The Jhelum eroded net areas of nearly 2,000 acres in Shahpur and of 167 acres in Jhelum district. The joint action of the Jhelum and Chenab benefited the Jhang district by a net increase of 1,300 acres. The decrease in revenue due to action of chos and minor streams during the year was Rs. 49 and Rs. 58, respectively, the net area lost by their action being 425 acres by the former and 236 acres by the latter.

Fluctuating land revenue. Statement No. VIII.

4. The amount of land revenue temporarily excluded from the revenue roll has fallen from 5·4 lakhs in 1915-16 to Rs. 74,000 in the year under report. Last year's figures however were inflated by the practice in Sialkot district of temporarily excluding from the revenue roll the whole of a newly announced demand and not the increase only as was noted in last year's report. The collections of true fluctuating revenue rose from 121·93 to 138·32 lakhs. There was an increase on canal-irrigated lands of 3·30 lakhs in the assessments made by Deputy Commissioners and of 9·34 lakhs in the land revenue and water advantage rate assessed by the Irrigation Department. There was also an increase of 3·77 lakhs in the assessment of other than canal irrigated lands. All these increases were due to timely rainfall, to satisfactory supplies in the canals both perennial and inundation, and to the development of canal irrigation in the Sialkot, Montgomery, Lyallpur and Multan districts. The outstanding balance of fluctuating revenue was only Rs. 28,000 at the close of the year. The Deputy Commissioner, Lyallpur, states that remissions for crops damaged by hail were not given till six months after the land revenue and water rate had been collected and that remissions not given in the current demand are of very little value. The Commissioner, Multan, remarks that it lies with the Canal Department to devise a remedy for such delay. The Financial Commissioner agrees that the question calls for consideration and the Chief Engineer's attention will be drawn to the matter. The Deputy Commissioner, Lyallpur, also states that there were many complaints of the method of determination of hail remissions and that a number of cases were lodged against Canal subordinates for extorting illegal gratifications in connection with these remissions. The cases were still pending at the end of the year. In Gujrat district 75 more villages were brought under fluctuating assessment from kharif 1916, while in Gurgaon the assessment was converted from fluctuating into fixed in 30 villages.

Other land revenue. Statement No. VIII.

5. Collections of other land revenue rose from 38·32 lakhs in 1915-16 to 40·33 lakhs in the year under report. Purchase of proprietary rights in Government estates accounted for 6·40 lakhs, most of this being in Lyallpur, Gujranwala, Lahore and Jhang Districts. The sale of Government waste lands realized 24·61 lakhs, or 1·14 lakhs less than in the preceding year. Of this sum Montgomery contributed 16·77 lakhs and Multan 2·65 lakhs. In both districts the sales were of land commanded by the Lower Bari Doab Canal, and in Lyallpur (3·15 lakhs) and Gujranwala (1·34 lakhs) of areas irrigable by the Upper Chenab Canal. Realizations of Rs. 56,654 and Rs. 6,452 in Shahpur and Gujrat, respectively, were due to

the Upper Jhelum Canal. Receipts from single harvest leases brought in 2·70 lakhs against 1·2 lakhs in 1915-16, Montgomery being responsible for nearly ¾ths of the total. The increase was due to good rainfall in the case of unirrigated Crown lands and to extensions of the Lower Bari Doab Canal in Crown waste. Owing to favourable rains tirni collections rose from 1·10 to 1·25 lakhs. An increase of Rs. 5,400 in other land revenue in Kangra is due to receipts from the recently imposed cattle tax, to rents of fisheries and to income from forests brought under the direct control of the Deputy Commissioner. There is an increase of Rs. 5,400 in Gujranwala on account of receipts from royalty on kankar collected for the first time in the district during the year under report. The other heads call for no remarks. The uncollected balance has remained at about the same figure as last year, namely, Rs. 92,000. Of this Rs. 34,000 are on account of the previous year of which Rs. 28,000 are due from the Jalpana Estate: the Court of Wards is arranging to pay off this amount gradually. Of the balances for the year under report Rs. 32,000 are in the Gujranwala District. Of this sum Rs. 10,733 are due by colonists who declared their intention of exercising their option of purchase of proprietary rights of Government land on the Upper Chenab Canal, but fell into arrears with their instalments of purchase money. Rupees 20,176 are payable by purchasers of Government land sold by auction on the same canal. The Deputy Commissioner does not say whether measures have been taken to recover the latter sum. Steps are being taken to recover all outstandings in other districts.

Land Revenue Assignments.
Statement No. X.

6. Fifteen new jagirs, 3 of Rs. 1,000 each, 4 of Rs. 750 each and 8 of Rs. 500 each, were granted in recognition of the distinguished services rendered in connection with the war, to the administration and in public life. Two grants of Rs. 100 each were made for the term of settlement in favour of two shrines in Mazhbi villages in Gujranwala as a reward for the number of Mazhbi recruits enrolled during the war. One military grant of the value of Rs. 600 was given in Gurgaon, and a grant of 600 acres of waste land free of revenue for the lifetime of the grantee was made in Dera Ghazi Khan. Five sufedposhi inams aggregating Rs 275, per annum, were confiscated in Mianwali District for failure on the part of the holders thereof to render any help to Government in recruiting. Statement No. X shows a reduction in the area under assignment from 4,676,000 to 4,630,500 acres. This is due partly to a decrease of 19,425 acres in the Gujranwala District owing to the correction of a mistake in the figures reported last year from that district and partly to the excess of lapses over new grants. Owing, however, to new assessments and fresh assignments the income enjoyed by assignees has increased from 31·8d lakhs to 32·69 lakhs. The revision of land revenue assignments was completed in the Nawashahr Tahsil of Jullundur District and in the Rupar and Kharar Tahsils of the Ambala District.

Coercive processes.
Statement No. XI.

7. There has been a large decrease in the number of coercive processes from 16,129 in the last year to 12,430 in the present year and in the amount of arrears for the realization of which they were issued from 11 lakhs to a little over 8½ lakhs. 90·5 per cent. of the arrears were collected. Collections made after issue of process amounted to 1 per cent. of the total collections made. Of the 12,430 processes issued 7,771 were writs of demand and of the remaining 4,659 only 2,421 were executed. Of these 1,752 were for arrest, 645 for distress, 23 for sale of moveable property and 1 for attachment of immoveable property. Of the 1,752 cases of warrants executed for arrest by far the larger number were in the Multan, Jhang and Dera Ghazi Khan Districts of the Multan Division and in the Gurdaspur and Gujranwala Districts of the Lahore Division. The same districts also have the largest number of executions in cases of distress. In Hoshiarpur 12 cases of sales of moveable property were executed. There were no cases of imprisonment, direct management, farm or transfer, and only one case of sale of immoveable property. Processes were also issued in 9 districts for the recovery of canal occupiers' rates. The Rawalpindi Division shows the least number of processess issued and executed during the year and this satisfactory result would seem to be due to the system in vogue in the Division of having fixed dates for payment of revenue for each separate zail or group of villages. This system has also worked successfully in Lahore, Gurdaspur and Muzaffargarh, where it

has resulted in a great decrease in the number of processes issued. The large increase in the number of processes issued in Mianwali was mainly in the Mianwali tahsil, where want of punctuality in payments is stated to have become common and to have called for strong measures. In Pathan villages in that tahsil it is remarked that zemindars used to delay payment with a view to seeing their lambardars disgraced. An increase in the number of writs and warrants against lambardars in Ambala is stated to be due to the fact that Tahsildars made no sustained effort to ensure prompt payment. The number of lambardars in the district is also stated to be too great and the Settlement Officer is considering the question of reduction in appropriate cases. Although the Multan Division again shows the greatest number of processes issued and executed, there has nevertheless been a great decrease on the last year's figures, a result due to normal conditions having been restored in the Jhang district, to the exertions of the tahsil officials and to the fear of lambardars that their *pachotra* will be forfeited for failure to pay on due dates. The Deputy Commissioner, Lyallpur, remarks that the average number of processes of all kinds issued by him was rather less than three per lakh of rupees collected as against rather more than six last year. He states that even in the Sayadwala tract collections are improving, for the people are getting more prosperous and the example of their more regular neighbours is catching. This indicates a satisfactorily high standard of efficiency in collection and is an eloquent testimony to the prosperity of the district.

Process serving establishment.

8. Eleven districts entertained temporary assistance for short periods for serving coercive processes at a total cost of Rs. 545. The system of serving revenue processes through the post continued to work well in Gujranwala, and has now been made the rule throughout the entire district except in parts of Sharakpur tahsil, where there are few post offices. It is stated that the system has been found to be much more reliable than service through peons, and owing to its introduction it has been possible, with the approval of Government, to reduce 30 peons from the permanent establishment at a saving of Rs. 255 per mensem. All Commissioners were in May 1917 asked by the Financial Commissioners to take action towards introducing the system into other districts. The Financial Commissioners left it to the Commissioners to decide to what extent it should be initially introduced, but suggested that it should be tried in at least two districts in each division, and the results duly noticed in the land revenue reports. In Amritsar the system was tried only for four months, and proved a success; the cost of serving in most cases, as in Gujranwala, was met by the plaintiffs. The Deputy Commissioner, Ferozepore, finds it too early to judge of the results of the system, but he is doubtful if it will eventually necessitate a reduction in the tahsil staff. In Rawalpindi the results have so far not been a success, but the system will be given a further trial. The working of the system during the short time it was in force has not been noticed in any other district report. The system has also been introduced in the offices of the Financial Commissioners and of the Commissioner of Ambala. The subject will be further dealt with in next year's report.

Progress in re-measurement, revision of records, &c.

Statements Nos. XII and XIII.

9. At the beginning of the year five settlements were in progress and of these Simla and Jullundur were completed during the year. The three southern tahsils of the Ambala district, Ambala, Jagadhri and Naraingarh, and tahsils Dera Ghazi Khan and Sanghar of the Dera Ghazi Khan district, were brought under settlement at the beginning of the year. In Ambala remeasurement or map correction was finished in 983 villages while in 730 of these the record-of-rights was completed and finally attested during the year. In Dera Ghazi Khan re-measurement and map correction were carried out in 252 villages and the records of 194 villages were completed. In the Lyallpur district killabandi was completed in 21 out of 24 villages in the Sayadwala tract. The existing records of this tract were at the same time brought up to date. In the Palampur tahsil of Kangra district the record work was nearing completion at the end of the year. The deay in completion of this branch of the work was due, as noted in

last year's report, to the procedure adopted of pushing on measurement without simultaneous attestation. The advantages of this procedure, the Commissioner thinks, were much outweighed by its disadvantages and the Financial Commissioners entirely agree with him. In the Nurpur and Kangra tahsils this procedure was not adopted and measurement is being kept abreast of record work. Although regular work was not started in the Kangra tahsil till the spring of 1916, or two years later than in Palampur, it is anticipated that settlement operations will finally close in both Kangra and Palampur about the same time. The Assessment Reports of the Nurpur tahsil of Kangra, of the Kotgarh ilaqa of Simla, and of the Rupar and Kharar tahsils of Ambala district were received and orders passed on them either during the year or shortly after its close. All assessments were announced in Simla and operations there finally closed in June 1917.

Final settlement reports.

10. The final settlement reports of Sialkot, Jullundur, Shahpur and Simla were received during the year and have been submitted to Government. The orders of Government were received on the Lahore and Gujrat final settlement reports. For Lahore the term of settlement in the case of agricultural assessments has been fixed at 20 years, while in the case of urban assessments both in Lahore itself and in the outlying markets the term sanctioned is 10 years. The purely fluctuating assessments imposed are liable to conversion into fixed assessment at the end of 10 years. In the villages of Gujrat which already receive canal irrigation or will receive it within the next ten years the assessments will run for that period, while in those areas which will not receive such irrigation either now or in the future no enhancement of the fixed demand will be made for 30 years. Although no expectation of a longer term than 20 years had been raised in these latter areas, yet, in recognition of the facts that the agricultural tribes of Gujrat, especially in the areas that will not be benefited by the canal, are as a rule small self-cultivating peasant proprietors and that large numbers of them are in the army, Government decided to fix a term of 30 years for these areas. In the riverain tracts where deterioration is possible an examination into their condition with a view to seeing whether a reduction of the demand may be necessary is to be made after 20 years.

Comparison of estimates and forecasts in regard to duration, cost and results.

Statements Nos. XIII and XIV.

11. Two settlements came to an end during the year, Simla and Jullundur. In Simla operations began in October 1914 and lasted a little over the 2½ years estimated. The total cost of the operations was Rs. 26,711, against an estimate of Rs. 26,166 in the forecast report. With the enhancement, which amounted to Rs. 3,077, the cost will be recouped in less than nine years. The enhancement was nearly Rs. 2,000 less than was estimated. In Jullundur settlement operations began in October 1913 and were completed in March 1917 or six months before the time expected. The net cost of the settlement was approximately Rs. 4,85,000, against an estimate of Rs. 4,31,700, and will be recouped in 1½ years from the initial enhancement imposed which amounts to Rs. 3,56,000 round. The estimate of total enhancement accepted by Government in connection with the forecast was Rs. 4,88,000 round and the final enhancement imposed was Rs. 4,87,795.

Proposed future settlement operations

12. Sanction was received during the year to the general revision of assessment of the Multan district excluding estates lying wholly within the irrigation boundary of Lower Bari Doab Canal, and operations accordingly began on the 1st October 1917. The forecast reports of the Sutlej tahsils and the portions of the Ravi tahsils outside the Lower Bari Doab Colony area of the Montgomery district and of the Sirsa tahsil were called for and are now under the consideration of the Financial Commissioner.

Settlement staff.

13. Settlement operations were begun in two tahsils in Dera Ghazi Khan in October 1916, while the settlements of Jullundur and Simla came to an end during the year. The staff from Jullundur was drafted to Dera Ghazi

Khan. The duration of operations in Kangra have been extended up to 30th June 1918 for the full staff and up to 31st December 1918 for a reduced staff. After a consideration of present and future requirements the Financial Commissioner has sanctioned the confirmation of 250 settlement kanungos, that is, 200 for settlement work and 50 for deputation. The question of the strength of settlement kanungo staff will again be considered in 1919 with reference to the number of settlements then in progress.

Surveys.

14. The Punjab Riverain Detachment of the Survey Department carried out riverain surveys on the Indus, Chenab, Ravi and Jumna in connection with the Dera Ghazi Khan, Multan and Ambala Settlements. 977 linear and 1,796 square miles of main circuits and 2,216 linear and 421 square miles of minor traverses were run and 1,359 theodolite stations of the former and 8,535 of the latter were fixed in the area under river action. 748 square miles were demarcated with permanent mark stones on both banks of the Indus and the Jumna to serve as bases for the future survey and demarcation of boundaries and fields in the beds of the rivers. 1,231 plotted and 355 boundary mapping large scale sheets and 31 4-inch sheets were traced and supplied to the Settlement Officers of Dera Ghazi Khan and Ambala. In Kangra 414 traverse stations were computed and plotted on 4-inch sheets. 1,187 plotted *masavis* of tikas, 102 enlarged boundary *masavis* and 18 traces of 18 4-inch sheets were supplied to the Settlement Officer, Kangra. 43·30 miles of road were surveyed in the Kangra district and 55 linear miles traversed. 29 sheets of the main road and 203 sheets of 20 bazars surveyed last year were plotted, typed and examined. The computation volumes of the Simla district were completed during the year. Traversing was undertaken for a 3-inch military survey close to Hatti in the Attock tahsil and 18 linear miles were traversed and theodolite stations thrown and their heights taken. The total expenditure was Rs. 91,060 as detailed below :—

	Rs.
Riverain Survey including Hatti traversing	77,947
Kangra District Survey	8,106
Simla Survey	1,326
Kangra Road Survey	3,681

A new survey party was formed on the 15th June 1917 for the purpose of undertaking the rectangulation of the Sind Sagar Doab in connection with the irrigation and colonization project for that area and was given a course of preliminary training preparatory to starting field work in the cold weather of 1917-18. During the winter of 1916-17 the Great Trigonometrical survey sent a detachment to run a series of secondary triangles through the Doab, emanating from the Great Indus Series, which flanks the western side oft he area. This series will act as a foundation on which to base the net-work triangulation now in progress. The latter work began at the end of October last after the close of the year under report.

Topographical survey operations were continued under No. 1 and No. 2 Parties, N. C., which surveyed an area of 1,679 squares miles, and 324 square miles respectively on the 1-inch scale in Gurdaspur, Hoshiarpur, Kangra and Gurgaon districts and in the Chamba, Nabha and Patiala States. No. 2 Party also triangulated an area of 125 square miles in the State of Patiala.

Boundaries.

15. The long standing boundary dispute between the villages of Nangal Mubarakpur in district Gurgaon and Lipala and Baloj in the Alwar State was amicably settled during the year. A partial re-demarcation of the Jammu boundary with Sialkot has yet to be carried out. The dispute between Mianwali and Bannu was settled without any alterations in Mianwali district boundary. A block of 93 acres of land was transferred from Lyallpur to Jhang in order to avoid the administrative inconvenience which was caused by the fact that the previous boundary line between these districts passed through the Shorkot Road Railway Station.

16. The accommodation in revenue record rooms is on the whole adequate. The shortness reported from Ambala and Kangra is due to new Settlement Records, and proposals for an addition are under consideration in the former, and an extra room has been already sanctioned for the latter district.

Revenue record rooms.

The work of the destruction of records is well in hand in most districts.

The new copying rules were brought into force with effect from 1st October 1917. There has been misappropriation of funds in the Gujranwala district, but it is not yet clear whether the Post Office or the Copying Agent is to blame. An enquiry has been set afoot.

In the Attock district considerable time of the District Kanungo and his Assistant is taken up in attending courts with revenue records, and the Deputy Commissioner recommends appointment of a separate official such as has been sanctioned for Jullundur, Hoshiarpur, Ferozepore and Mianwali when funds permit to lay the records, or a statement of the general effect of the entries in them, before the courts.

An essential feature of the scheme referred to above is that in some, perhaps in many instances, the courts will, in lieu of examining the original record of rights or attested copies of extracts from them, accept an excerpt or abstract prepared by an official, or take that official's oral evidence regarding the general effect of all relevant entries. There are certain obvious dangers in a system of this kind and the Financial Commissioners are consulting the Hon'ble Judges and suggesting certain methods of minimising these dangers.

17. Nearly 15 lakhs of land revenue were paid by money order and Rs. 1,68,793 by currency notes through the post. Of the latter amount Rs. 66,000 was sent in Gujranwala. Only in nine districts did revenue payers take advantage of this latter system of payment. This system will be under trial in the province until April, 1919, but so far the results show that it does not find much favour with lambardars. It is often difficult to get currency notes in villages and there is little difference between the cost of remitting revenue by money order and in currency notes which have to be registered and insured and may be lost in the post with considerable resulting inconvinence to the remitter. The Deputy Commissioner of Attock, has made the following observations which merit attention: "There is a possibility of sharp practice on the part of the remitter and of embezzlement on the part of the revenue official who handles the insured letter without their being detected. A lambardar puts a piece of paper in a cover and seals and insures it for Rs. 500. The revenue official opens the cover and finds that instead of Government currency notes for Rs. 500 it only contains a piece of paper. The Postal Department would not hold itself responsible as the seals were intact and the lambardar too may produce witnesses to prove that he put in Government currency notes. There may be other circumstances which may lead to the discovery of the fraud, but still it would be a difficult affair. On the other hand the lambardar may really send Government currency notes in an insured letter but the revenue official may embezzle the amount and allege that he found only a piece of paper. There would be similar difficulty in proving his guilt. Such instances may be rare, but the defect lies in the possibility of such frauds. The money order system is evidently the safest one for remission of revenue." The Deputy Commissioner of Dera Ghazi Khan says that the system is not popular as the revenue payers do not care to risk the loss of notes in the post office. Inconvenience is also sometimes experienced under the system in ways such as the following; the sub-treasurer has to go to the post office to receive the registered parcel of notes, in a number of cases *arz-irsals* are not sent with the remittance, mis-matched foreign circle and oiled notes not acceptable at the district treasury are sent and lastly odd amounts of less than Rs. 5 are sent in stamps or forwarded separately by money order. The system of paying land revenue by money order is appreciated only by those revenue payers who have small sums to pay and by those who live at a distance from tahsil head-quarters. The practice adopted in some districts under which the Revenue Accountant of the head-quarters' tahsil attends the

Other matters.

district treasury during the payment of revenue instalments continues to save time and trouble in the payment of revenue. The system in force in certain districts of fixed dates on a regular roster for payment of revenue for each village continues to work well. The Deputy Commissioner, Sialkot, remarks that the system is most advantageous if the convenience of the zaildars is consulted and apparently this is best consulted by allotting a few villages from each zail for each day and by giving as late a date as possible to those villages where collections are notoriously difficult. During the year powers were delegated to Tahsildars to decide the simpler forms of boundary cases.

Enhancement of rent. Statement No. XV.

18. The numbers of suits brought for enhancement of rent (1,421) and of successful suits of that class (1,267) have fallen by nearly a half as compared with last year's figures. Gujrat is again the chief contributor, but with a total of only 730 cases lodged against 1,280 last year. Most of the cases are as last year due to new assessments. In the Multan Division only one suit was brought. Hoshiarpur and Jullundur districts, though they show 161 and 84 cases, respectively, are considerably below last year's figures. The Deputy Commissioner of Hoshiarpur thinks that the number of cases in his district is due to bad feeling between landlords and tenants, but the Commissioner is of opinion that this is not so, the fact being that the tenants refuse to pay an enhancement asked for, and justified, by reason of the recent settlement. The Financial Commissioner agrees with the Commissioner. Rent enhancement cases have always been a normal feature in the revenue litigation of the district. There has been a marked increase in the number of cases brought in the Gurdaspur district, but no explanation for it has been given by the Deputy Commissioner. There were only 13 suits for reduction of rent. The Deputy Commissioner, Sialkot, sees no reason why suits for enhancement or reduction of rent should not be triable by an Assistant Collector, first grade. In this view the Financial Commissioner entirely concurs. In several districts it is noted that owing to the rise in the prices of grain and in the value of land and owing to new assessments cash rents show a tendency to rise.

Ejectment. Statement No. XVI.

19. There were 120 decrees for ejectment of occupancy tenants under section 39 of the Act. As in the previous year the largest number were in Hoshiarpur and Shahpur, there being 65 decrees in the former and 35 in the latter district, but there were only 5 cases of actual ejectment, all in Shahpur. The total number of ejectments of occupancy tenants actually made in the Province was 131 as against 96 last year. There has been an increase in the number of applications for service of notice of ejectment on tenants-at-will, and the ejectments of such tenants actually made rose from 4,881 to 6,592, the largest number of cases being in Hissar, Rohtak and Ferozepore. No very satisfactory reasons for the increase are put forward, and it is not possible to infer a definite tendency to permanent increase from the figures of one year. The Deputy Commissioner, Hissar, says that the preceding year being "one of unprecedented calamity" ejectments could not be brought about in that year on a large scale as fresh tenants could not offer enhanced rents, while the good prospects of an agricultural year like the one under review are, he thinks, sure to promote suits for ejectment by landlords. The Deputy Commissioners attribute the increase in ejectments in Rohtak and Gurgaon to the expectation of a good harvest and the consequent tendency of landlords to re-adjust their contracts with their tenants. The increase in Jullundur is stated to be due to ejectments from encroachments which came to light in the recent settlement revision of the records. No ejectments were made in Jhang, and the Deputy Commissioner thinks it probable that the efforts made to secure recruits for the army have placed tenants in a stronger position and rendered landlords less willing to proceed to extreme measures.

Descent of Jagirs Act.

20. No jagir was notified during the year under the Descent of Jagirs Act. The total number of Jagirs notified under the Act is 145.

Canals under departmental management.

21. The working of the Sirhind Canal in Ferozepore and Ludhiana, of the Western Jamna Canal in Karnal, Rohtak and Hissar, and of the Agra Canal in Gurgaon was quite satisfactory. In all these districts there was some decrease in the area sown with the help of canal water owing to good rainfall. The precarious character of the rainfall in Hissar occasionally subjects agricultural conditions to extreme vicissitudes and an extension of canal irrigation is highly desirable and will probably be feasible if the scheme for a masonry dam on the Sutlej at Bhakra materialises. There was a slight increase of irrigation from the Western Jamna Canal in Ambala owing to insufficient rainfall after the rabi crops were sown Irrigation from the Upper Bari Doab Canal was extended to 4 villages in the Lahore Tahsil and to 13 villages in the Chunian Tahsil and 6,454 acres returned as unirrigated in 1912-13 received canal irrigation. In Amritsar there was a slight increase in irrigation from this canal owing to some deficiency in the monsoon rainfall of 1916; the demand under head "occupiers' rates" has consequently risen by about 9·21 per cent. on the demand of the preceding year.

Progress was made in the development of the distributary system of the Upper Chenab Canal in the Daska, Pasrur and Raya Tahsils. Complaints of water-logging in these tahsils have not been frequent, but considerable damage is reported to have been caused by the banks of the canal heading up flood-water. The chakbandi system in force in the canal irrigated area is said to be a "constant source of friction and potential injustice." Complete information has now been sent to the canal officer of the fields in which irrigation is allowed, but unauthorised irrigation is frequent and the consequent imposition of penal rates is highly resented. Complaints are also made of errors in the assessment of water-rates. The Financial Commissioners propose shortly to hold a conference of Irrigation and Revenue Officers to decide whether modifications should be made in the zone rules by reason of the conclusions now reached in regard to water-logging and also whether the rules regarding irrigation in well areas should be modified. The restrictions on irrigation in well zones, though perhaps right in principle, are cumbrous and vexatious and may need modification in detail. There was an increase of 16 per cent. in the canal irrigated area in Gujranwala, owing to the extended irrigation from the Upper Chenab Canal. In tahsils Hafizabad and Wazirabad, where a large area has been spoiled by water-logging from the Lower Chenab Canal, the opening and deepening of natural drainages have proved useful and have greatly checked further damage. These new drains saved the Lower Chenab Canal area from what might have been a great disaster owing to the excessive rains of August. The whole question of water-logging was discussed at a conference held in Lahore in April last and attended by the Inspector-General of Irrigation, the Financial Commissioners, the Chief Engineers, Irrigation Branch, the Director of Agriculture and a number of other officers of the Irrigation and Agricultural Departments, and the recommendations of this conference are now before Government. One hundred and ninety-six villages of the Gujrat District were irrigated during the year by the Upper and Lower Jhelum Canals. For the first time the Lower Chenab Canal was merged in a group with the Upper Chenab, Upper Jhelum, Lower Jhelum and Lower Bari Doab Canals for the purpose of distributing the combined supply available in the Jhelum and Chenab rivers. The actual distribution was determined and worked out without consultation with the revenue authorities, and the Deputy Commissioner of Lyallpur reports that it did not prove a success in that district; owing mainly it would appear to the absence of rain in the winter. The Financial Commissioners hope that arrangements will be made for the attendance of Revenue and Agricultural officers at any future annual meeting which may be called to consider the principles of distribution. Owing to the opening of the Upper Jhelum Canal for rabi irrigation and the unprecedentedly low river, the Lower Jhelum Canal flowed with a very restricted supply of water during the rabi harvest, with the result of a decrease in irrigation and consequently a decrease of Rs. 1,04,706 in the land revenue demand for rabi 1917 as compared with that for rabi 1916. For the first time rotational closures

were introduced on all branches, and, as the canal staff were unable to give any information beforehand as to the probable dates of closures, considerable discontent and confusion resulted. This defect has since been remedied. The completion of the Shahpur Branch was finally dropped owing to the opposition of the private canal owners. The working of the Lower Bari Doab Canal has been noticed in the Colony Report.

The supply of water in the Shahpur Inundation Canals was sufficient. The Upper and Lower Sutlej Inundation Canals worked better during the year under report than in the preceding year, the supply in the latter being excellent during the second half of the season. The Sidhnai series of canals opened late and the supply was much interrupted by frequent floods which necessitated closures in order to prevent siltage. For rabi sowings the supply was fairly good. Financial results for the year under report were not so satisfactory as in the previous year owing to a reduction in the area under cotton and indigo due to the late arrival of water in the hot weather, but the total area irrigated exceeded the figures of last year 1915-16 by about 28,000 acres. The Chenab Inundation Canals worked better than last year and did fairly well on the whole, though some of them closed rather prematurely. All the Inundation Canals in Multan were affected by the late rising of the rivers, but once the canals began to flow the supply of water was copious. The Inundation Canals in Muzaffargarh District worked very successfully. The area matured by canal water in the kharif on all canals was the largest for 10 years. The area both sown and matured in rabi was also a record. The effect of closing the Magassan and Maggi Canals on 15th October has been found to be beneficial to all tracts except the Thal as it prevents water-logging. The question of a drainage scheme for the whole district is under investigation but so far no suitable scheme has been devised and it is doubtful if any scheme will be practicable. In the meanwhile steady progress is being made with the clearing and enlarging of local drains, thus affording relief to certain localities. In Dera Ghazi Khan the supply of water in the inundation canals is stated to have been sufficient during the year under report. Income from owners' and occupiers' rates amounted to Rs. 2,93,750, an increase of Rs. 49,000 on the figures for the previous year. Floods in the hill torrents were satisfactory and irrigated a large area.

During the year under report nearly nine million acres were irrigated in the Province by Imperial and Provincial Canals, of which over 8½ million acres were matured, a record result due partly to good monsoon rainfall which helped to swell the sown area ultimately brought under irrigation, and partly to expansion of irrigation from the Triple Canal system; though low winter supplies in the rivers constituted an opposing factor. The Punjab thus continues to more than maintain its leading position among the canal irrigated tracts of the world.

Canals under district management.

22. In Hissar, the only canal scheduled under the Punjab Minor Canals Act, the Rangoi Canal in the Fatehabad Tahsil, receives its water from the Ghaggar; the bed of the Ghaggar however is reported to have become much deepened by erosion with the result that no water can flow into the Rangoi until the flood in the Ghaggar attains a height of about 10 feet. The area irrigated during the year was less than 5,000 acres. All bands in Gurgaon worked satisfactorily during the year and the income has gone up to Rs. 6,808, as compared with Rs. 2,229 in the preceding year. Certain improvements and repairs are required to the bands owing to the damage done by the heavy rains of last monsoon. These have not yet been carried out on account of lack of funds, but action is now being taken by the Deputy Commissioner to apply for a special grant from Government. The Sarsuti Canal in the Karnal District ran well this year and irrigated 32,569 acres against 21,303 last year. The drainage of the Naili tract in the Guhla sub-tahsil demands attention. The Commissioner has asked the Deputy Commissioner to submit proposals. There were no disputes among the co-sharers of the Kangra *kuhls* during the year as there was ample rainfall. There was an increase of 1,700 acres in the area

irrigated by the Shah Nahr Canal in Hoshiarpur which was due to extensive sowing following on early rainfall. The expenditure incurred during the year amounted to Rs. 37,700 and income to Rs. 68,000. The management of the Grey Canals in Ferozepore, according to the scheme which was introduced in the previous year, has worked well. Khush-haisiati (water-advantage) rate payable to Government amounted to Rs. 64,229, an increase of Rs. 3,373.

The Namal Lake in Mianwali had a plentiful supply throughout the year. It did ample irrigation in kharif 1916 and was yielding its normal supply to the canal throughout the rabi in spite of the scanty rainfall in the winter of 1916. The working of the Inundation Canals from the Indus in the same district was successful. The flooded and matured area irrigated from the Kitchin-Irving Canals in Montgomery rose from 9,171 and 4,189 acres to 25,893 and 15,241 acres, respectively, as compared with the corresponding figures for the preceding year. The working of the Mehdi Khan Canal was not satisfactory owing to a change in the course of the river near its head. The flooded and matured areas were only 3,573 and 2,600 acres as against 4,693 and 3,145 acres, respectively, in the preceding year. The management of these two canals was transferred from the District Board to the Deputy Commissioner. Proposals for the enhancement of the present water-rate of Re. 1 per acre which has been found inadequate to meet the expenditure on repairs and maintenance were recently approved by Government, and the enhanced schedule of rates is to come into force from kharif 1918. This schedule will be subject to reconsideration in connection with the reassessment of the Sutlej Tahsils, of the Montgomery District or after five years, whichever is earlier. The Jamlera, Bahliwala, Arjan and Umeda Lakhoka Bands were brought under Schedule I of the Punjab Minor Canals Act during the year. The other small irrigation cuts and bands in this district worked satisfactorily.

Land Acquisition Act.

23. Four thousand one hundred and seventy acres were acquired for public purposes for Rs. 4,10,794. The average price per acre comes to Rs. 99 as compared with Rs. 97 last year. Out of this 20 acres were acquired for roads at an average price of Rs. 865; 3356 for canals at Rs. 74 and 574 for railways at Rs. 99 per acre. Of the 574 acres for railways 424½ were acquired by the special officers of the North-Western Railway mainly for the Timber Depôt at the Head Works of the Upper Chenab Canal at Marala in the Sialkot District at an average price of Rs. 107 per acre. The average of the compensation paid for land acquired for roads is high on account of an award of Rs. 11,848 for 1½ acres at Sialkot.

Taccavi loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act (XIX of 1883).
Statements Nos. XVII, XIX, XX, XXI and XXII.

24. The same amount was advanced for improvements as last year, *viz.*, 1·4 lakhs. Advances were mainly made in the districts of Gurgaon, Jullundur, Mianwali and Multan. Tahsildars in Gurgaon received instructions to encourage the sinking of wells and to make loans under the Act generally more popular, and as a result advances rose from Rs. 8,150 to Rs. 24,110. In the province as a whole 3,735 new wells were sunk without advances, 369 more than last year, while the number sunk with the aid of advances has decreased from 394 to 289. The Financial Commissioners during the year called for the opinions of Commissioners as to the reasons for the decrease in the demand for these loans at the same time inviting their suggestions for making them more popular and they are now considering the opinions and suggestions received. Remissions of land revenue were given for 699 wells fallen out of use and protective certificates for 2,449 new wells. The realizations on account of principal of outstanding loans were 2·37 lakhs leaving Rs. 10,448 arrears. Collections of interest were Rs. 89,720 and the corresponding arrears Rs. 4,877. Arrears both of principal and interest were less than last year. The interest collected represented Rs. 6-8-2 per cent. of the mean balance outstanding. The average percentage for the last 10 years has been Rs. 4-14-1. The provincial gain on the year's working was Rs. 39,509.

Loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act (XII of 1884).
Statements Nos. XVIII, XX, XXI and XXII.

25. The amount advanced under the Agriculturists Loans Act fell from 8 to 1·5 lakhs. The advances were mainly given in the districts of Gurgaon, Attock, Mianwali, Montgomery, Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan. No advances at all were made in 9 districts. The decrease is due to no falling off in the popularity of the system. Agricultural conditions were favourable and the season was remarkably free from the calamities that affect the agriculturist and cause him to require financial help to purchase bullocks or seed In Gujrat Rs. 2,458 were advanced during the year for the purchase of bullocks and for the erection of huts to the zamindars of Fatehpur village which was damaged by floods. The amounts advanced under the Act are generally spent for the purposes for which they are given, but the Deputy Commissioner, Shahpur, notes that the tahsil officers do not as a rule, see that loans for the purchase of bullocks are properly applied. The Deputy Commissioner, Muzaffargarh, suggests that to ensure that aid given under the Act is not misapplied no cash advances should be made, but that seed and cattle should be provided by the authorities The Commissioner of Multan thinks that this is impracticable until Co-operative Credit Societies are in a position to act as Government's agents in this matter The Deputy Commissioner, Sialkot, thinks that under proper supervision advances might properly be made at the time of the various cattle fairs. The balance outstanding at the end of the year fell from 8·3 to 3·7 lakhs. There has been a decrease of arrears on account of principal from Rs. 90,000 to Rs. 24,441. Arrears of interest amount to only Rs. 1,428. The interest realized amounted to Rs. 5-13-6 per cent. on the mean balance, and there was a provincial gain of Rs. 10,315 on the year's working. The average rate of interest received on the mean balances for the past 10 years is Rs. 6-0-6.

Forest Act and Government lands.
Statement No. XXIII.

26. The investigation into the areas in Kangra on which all trees of spontaneous growth belong to Government has been proceeding rapidly, and final orders had been passed for the whole of Nurpur, more than half of Kangra, and almost the whole of Palampur and Dehra tahsils by the close of the year. In a speech delivered at a Darbar held at Kangra in October 1916, the Lieutenant-Governor enunciated the general policy of Government in regard to the Kangra forests. On that occasion Sir Michael O'Dwyer stated that that policy was to maintain a reasonable proportion of the forests for the use of future generations, and that to secure this it was necessary in the areas selected for conservation to arrest the denudation which is now taking place and which not only prevents any new forest growth from springing up but in many places threatens the safety of cultivation. These areas would be closed on a system of rotations. In the remaining areas the administration of the Forest Department would as far as possible be removed and they would be transferred to the district authorities to be managed as unclassed forests in co-operation with the people, as has already been done in part of the Nurpur tahsil. His Honour further emphasized the fact that the object of Government was not to derive income from the forests, but solely to put at the disposal of the people all forest areas which it was not essential to protect and to protect efficiently, subject to reasonable use (*bartan*) by the people, the remaining areas in the best interests of the people and of their descendants. The work of selecting the areas in which effective protection should be retained and regeneration secured and the delimitation of these areas into blocks for rotational closure has been carried on during the year by Mr. Mitchell, Assistant Commissioner, on special duty, and Mr. Walter, Deputy Conservator of Forests, and it is reported that owing to the carefulness and soundness of their methods the people have generally accepted their proposals without protest and are beginning to appreciate the object of their operations. Work has been completed in Nurpur and has been begun in the Kangra and Hamirpur tahsils. The forest area of 8 villages was transferred from the Forest to the Civil Department during the year. Four new *trihais* were formed with the consent of the rightholders and the total

number of *trihais* in charge of the Civil Department is now 36 and good regeneration is reported to have taken place in many of them. The claims of the tea-planters of the Kangra valley to trees growing on their estates and on waste lands attached thereto have been settled by Government in a liberal and practical spirit during the year under report. There were 43 cases under the Forest rules in the district during the year: in 42 of these compensation was taken while in the remaining case the accused was judicially tried and sentenced to fine. The management of the district forests in Montgomery is reported to be satisfactory. The area of unclassed forest and Government waste land in charge of the Deputy Commissioner has decreased from 1,175,007 to 1,088,839 acres as the result of allotments to new colonists consequent on the extension of irrigation from the Lower Bari Doab Canal. Temporary cultivalion (*kasht barani*) has increased from 40,596 to 89,583 acres owing to good rainfall. The tirni demand for the year was Rs. 28,201. The forest establishment of the Ravi tahsils was brought under reduction from 1st August 1917. Government has notified the reservation of 11,680 acres of forest land for an irrigated plantation at Chichawatni in the Montgomery district, and an area of 17,549 acres in different reserved forests in the Rawalpindi and Jhelum Forest Divisions has been proposed to be set aside for the browsing of Silladar Camel Corps on the line of march. This scheme has been accepted by the Military authorities and is now under the consideration of Government. Areas of 375½ acres in Montgomery tahsil and of 0·84 acres in Gugera tahsil were declared reserves for the same purpose. The details of the scheme approved by Government in letter No. 483-(Revenue), dated 19th July 1915, for the browsing of the 53rd Camel Corps in the Shahpur district are still under consideration. The management of the Shahpur Kandi forests is stated to be satisfactory. Less damage was done by fires than in the previous year. Resin and tapping operations continue to be profitable. Income from the forests during the year amounted to Rs. 2,217 against an expenditure of Rs. 3,044, but the excess in expenditure is due to resin and crimson powder (kamila) not having been sold before the close of the year. Rakh Shah Kuli, an unclassed forest, in Gujrat was disforested and transferred to the Upper Jhelum Canal Colony during the year. The improvement of Guzara forests of the Murree and Kahuta hills continued to engage the attention of the local officers. The appointment of a Guzara development officer did not prove a success. No fires whether accidental or intentional broke out in these forests during the year. As regards the absence of intentional fires the Commissioner remarks that it cannot yet be estimated how far this result is due to a season of abnormal rainfall and how far to the removal of incentives to firing by the liberal policy of Government in opening reserved forests to free grazing. Of the 40,000 acres of waste land in the Thal rakhs of the Mianwali district held by Government to be available for temporary cultivation nearly 10,000 acres have been given out on lease.

In order to extend the cultivation of wheat and other food crops and so increase their exportable surplus for the province all restrictions contained in rules II, III and IV (first sentence) on page 368 of the Land Administration Manual for the leasing of Government waste lands whether likely to be irrigated by a canal or not were relaxed towards the close of the year. Collectors were authorised to give out for cultivation of food crops only, on leases for periods not exceeding 2 years from and including Rabi, 1918, all such lands under their control, with the exception of the Lower Bari Doab Colony lands in Montgomery and Multan for which the Colonization Officer was directed to make arrangements under the canal rules. The rents prescribed were the ordinary land revenue rates, free of malikana, for similar land in the neighbourhood subject to a minimum of Re. 1 per acre and in addition to authorized water rates for canal irrigation. The development of the dairy farm near Lahore for which land was leased to the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Lala Ram Saran Das and others has been somewhat hindered by unexpected difficulties. The jungle has, however, almost all been cleared and the land levelled and partly cultivated. The sinking of a 10″ tube well has now been completed and

an engine and pumps installed at a cost of over Rs. 10,000. Buildings for the staff have been started, the purchase of cattle is in hand and a capable manager has been engaged.

Punjab Land Preservation (Chos) Act.

27. The financial situation has prevented any progress being made in the notification of areas in Ambala and Hoshiarpur under sections 4 and 5 of the Chos Act. The efforts at re-afforestation in the Ambala District are showing definite and satisfactory results. A great deal of *Sanata Kabuli-Kikar* and *Shisham* seed has been sown in the Siwaliks and it has grown fairly well. In addition *Sarkanda* has been planted to a considerable extent in and along several chos in Ambala District. Paper mulberry has been recently sown at Mirzapur. Sixteen cases were instituted in this district under the Chos Act, of which 7 ended in conviction, 8 in acquittal and one is still pending. A sum of Rs. 12,428 was provided for expenditure during the year on account of the compensation for the stoppage of grazing of camels in Hoshiarpur, but was not spent as the case required further inquiry. The work of planting and sowing has been carried on strenuously in the hills but very little has been done in the matter of cho reclamation in the plains. The rotational closure of grazing areas in the former is stated to have diminished the amount of sand brought down by heavy rains. One large village, on the initiative of an enlightened proprietor, voluntarily closed a large tract of common land in the hills and found the experiment economically advantageous. This is an encouraging example which it is hoped will be widely followed. The results obtained in both districts by the restrictions imposed under the Chos Act appear to the Financial Commissioner to be decidedly encouraging and indicate clearly that operations under that Act should be prosecuted diligently and developed when financial conditions improve. It is also very desirable that the Deputy Commissioner should be in a position to give moderate and reasonable financial assistance under proper precautions to individuals and village communities who are really willing to undertake systematic and judicious measures for the reclamation and training of cho beds in the plains, this assistance taking the form of small grants-in-aid which should, of course, always be less than the full anticipated cost of the works, as it is most important that the matter of self-help should be duly emphasised. The assistance thus afforded is valuable not merely for the tangible results obtained, but also by way of encouragement and as a definite indication that Government is interested in a practical shape. Grants of Rs. 1,000 each to the Deputy Commissioners of Hoshiarpur and Ambala for reclamation and training of cho beds have accordingly been made during the current financial year and Rs. 3,000 has been entered in next year's budget for the same purpose.

General Statement of owned and mortgaged area, Statement III.

28. The total area of the Province as entered in Statement 6 of the village note books stands at 547 million acres. Of this a little over 34 million acres are owned by agricultural tribes, 5½ million acres by others and 15 million acres are divided between common lands, village sites and Government property. There has been an increase as compared with the figures recorded in the same statement in the previous year of 64,000 acres in the gross and one of 294,727 acres in the cultivated area. The increase in the total area is mainly due to remeasurements at quadrennial attestations and settlements. The increase in the cultivated area is mainly due to the cultivation of land given up by the Railway in the Hissar district to the original owners from whom it had been acquired, to the breaking up of waste land owing to favourable rainfall in Hissar, Karnal, Lahore and Mianwali and to extension of irrigation in Sialkot, Gujranwala and Montgomery. The cultivated area under mortgage has again slightly increased, but the percentage of this to the total cultivated area is the same as in the previous year, 11·5.

Transfers.

Statements XXIV—XXVII.

29. The cultivated (ownership) area sold during the year was 107,227 acres or only 428 acres more than in the previous year when the figures were the lowest for 20 years. Sales of uncultivated land fell from 126,700 acres (ownership) to 112,314 acres. Nearly half of this latter area was

in the Muzaffargarh district and the purchases in that district were probably mainly due as in the previous year to the anticipation of the construction of the Sind-Sagar Canal. The total cultivated (ownership) area redeemed during the year amounted to 187,400 acres, or 23,000 acres less than in the previous year. The reduction noticed in last year's report has thus continued. No very definite general reasons for the result can be gathered from the district reports, but doubtless it is partly, at any rate, attributable to war conditions in their economic aspect. The Financial Commissioners propose to investigate the matter further. Although redemptions have thus decreased, the Redemption of Mortgages Act appears to be slowly gaining in popularity and 2,932 cases against 2,708 in the previous year were disposed of under it. The Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur states that the majority of the applications under this Act were by second mortgagees or vendees to redeem the prior mortgage and the real object of the Act was often not achieved. The Deputy Commissioner of Sialkot says that the terms of mortgages in favour of non-agriculturists are generally severe and owing to the intricacies introduced into the mortgage-deeds redemption can often not be obtained by the simple means provided by this Act and resort must be made to a civil court. The cultivated (ownership) area mortgagad during the year was 219,712 acres or 7,684 acres less than in the previous year, but some 32,000 acres more than that redeemed during the year. The area transferred by gifts has advanced slightly from 79,600 acres last year to 86,000 acres this year. The Deputy Commissioner, Shahpur, thinks that the increase in his district is probably due to the cloaking of sales in the form of gifts to avoid claims for pre-emption. The area transferred by exchanges was 43,000 acres against 46,000 acres last year. The exchanges were chiefly due to consolidation of holdings and to killabandi operations. The former is a matter of great agricultural importance, and it is desirable that it should receive all possible encouragement. From the point of view of the importance of consolidating holdings, the Deputy Commissioner, Sialkot, thinks that the intricacy of the records in his district and the prevalence of unrecorded private partitions constitute a serious bar to free exchange.

Value of land.
Statement XXVI.

30. As pointed out in the preceding year's report recorded figures do not give a satisfactory guide to the real selling price of land. The average recorded price of cultivated land has risen from Rs. 216 to Rs. 227 per acre, and there is no doubt that the value of land is steadily rising. The rise is almost general throughout the Province and is mainly due to the general rise in the prices of agricultural commodities and in a probably smaller but still highly important degree to the popularity with the agricultural tribes of land as an investment. The Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore thinks that it is also due to the diversion of capital to the purchase of land, confidence in other investments being shaken owing to failure of banks and loss of commercial credit. Forty-five acres of land in the Chunian Colony were sold at Rs. 241 per acre. The average price per acre realized at the auction sales of land on the Lower Bari Doab Canal during the year was Rs. 229 against Rs. 179 in the previous year. For the province as a whole the sale prices in the year under review represent 157 years' purchase of the land revenue assessed as against 151 years' purchase in the previous year. The mortgage value of the land mortgaged during the year was 283·03 against 293·04 lakhs in the previous year and represents 85 times the land revenue assessment of the land. In the previous year the mortgage value was 88 times the land revenue assessment. The average mortgage money per acre was Rs. 106 against Rs. 104 in the previous year.

Land Alienation Act.
Statement No. XXV.

31. No new tribe was notified under the Land Alienation Act during the year. Agricultural tribes gained by purchase a net increase of nearly 21,000 acres, against 20,000 in the previous year. The net decrease by mortgage and redemption was 45,000 acres as compared with 26,000 acres in the previous year, 1915-16. As already noticed in paragraph 29 the area redeemed by agricultural tribes was substantially less and this accounts for the above decrease. Sales by agricultural tribesmen fell from 206,529

acres to 182,718 acres and sales to them fell from 226,226 acres to 203,451 acres, while sales to others fell from 42,700 to 38,000 acres, the smallest figure for any year since the passing of the Act. The provisions of the Act are now well understood by the people. Few difficulties were experienced in its working and only one or two Deputy Commissioners state that it has thrown extra work on the district staff. A number of cases of evasion, mainly benami transactions, as usual came to light during the year. Mutation of such transactions is refused if the real facts are discovered, though they sometimes escape detection. No new forms of evasion calculated to materially hamper the working of the Act or the policy underlying it have been reported. The measure continues to command the increasing confidence and approval of the peasantry of the province. The Financial Commissioners have no hestitation in thinking that in areas which were in the past permeated with agricultural indebtedness it is regarded as having largely achieved its object.

Business Returns.
Statements Nos. XXVIII and XXIX.

32. There was a decrease in the total volume of work but a slight increase in the number of pending cases. The decrease was under all heads except under 'Revenue Officers' cases under the Tenancy Act' and the Redemption of Mortgages Act in which slight increases occurred. The largest decreases took place in Jullundur and Gujrat and were due to the termination of settlement operations in those districts. The Deputy Commissioner of Hoshiarpur remarks that a good deal of extra work has been caused by the number of petitions received from soldiers from the front. Two thousand one hundred and ninety-five petitions of this kind were received in the Hoshiarpur district during the year. The district staff has spent much time and taken special trouble in settling, or endeavouring to settle, difficult cases and the Deputy Commissioner thinks that soldiers on service have nothing to complain of in the way their petitions have been dealt with. There was a decrease in decided cases of 173 in Revenue Judicial appeals in the Courts of Commissioners and the Financial Commissioners and the pending file shows an increase of 86 cases. Two thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight Revenue executive appeals were decided and 463 cases were pending at the close of the year or 32 cases less than in the previous year. The Revenue case work of the Province has been disposed of in a satisfactory manner during the year in spite of the great strain thrown on Revenue Officers of all grades by much extra work entailed by the War.

Tours of Commissioners.

33. The following returns of touring done by Commissioners refer to the year ending 31st March 1917 :—

Ambala.—The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Atkins, I.C.S., was Commissioner throughout the year and remained 120 days on tour.

Jullundur.—Mr. W. C. Renouf, I.C.S., was Commissioner for 37 days and did no touring. Mr. C. J. Hallifax, I.C.S., was Commissioner for 328 days, of which he spent 130 days on tour.

Lahore.—Mr. H. A. Casson, C.S.I., was Commissioner throughout the year, spending 98 days on tour.

Rawalpindi.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. Popham Young, C.I.E., I.A., was Commissioner for 309 days, remaining 73 days on tour.

Lieutenant-Colonel P. S. M. Burlton, I.A., was Commissioner for 42 days, of which he spent 6 days on tour. The Deputy Commissioner of Rawalpindi held charge for 14 days in addition to his own duties.

Multan.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. Powney Thompson, I.A., was Commissioner throughout the year and remained 110 days on tour.

Extracts from District Reports.

LYALLPUR.

There are many points of interest in the Revenue administration of the Lyallpur District which cannot be considered conveniently under any of the prescribed heads of the Revenue Report, but which are worthy of mention.

Mutations.—The mutation disposals of the last three years are of especial interest—

	Building sites.	*Land.*	*Total.*
1914-15 ...	30,388	9,752	40,140
1915-16 ...	18,149	7,115	25,264
1916-17 ...	5,281	5,908	11,189

The reduction in the land mutations is due in the main to the decrease in the area in which proprietary rights have been and can be acquired. There is a further reason that the entry of unnecessary mutations is discouraged.

The reduction in the number of mutations concerned with village sites is the direct result of the new orders by which changes of possessions are not recorded in mutation orders of village sites any more than they are recorded in mutation orders of agricultural land. The new orders only operated during part of the year 1915-16 and during the whole of the year 1916-17. This immense reduction in the mutation work has proved an enormous relief to the Revenue establishment. The new orders are working very well and as the result of constant enquiries and inspections I have still left them unaltered. As I stated last year, there is nothing new about them, but the provisions of Financial Commissioners' standing Order No. 23 are now being observed.

Temporary cultivation.—The success of the arrangements made in this district for the extension of area under food crops will belong more properly to the next year, but it may be of interest to describe briefly how the charagah lands were thrown open to cultivation and with what success. As soon as the orders of the Government of India were received, I called a mass meeting of lambardars and zamindars at Lyallpur on 10th August. Meanwhile I approached the Canal Officers whose co-operation was prompt and most effective. We agreed that no temporary outlets would be given, that existing distribution arrangements should be left unaltered, and that an increase of canal irrigation in excess of 10 per cent. on each outlet should not be allowed; also that no one except existing shareholders on outlets should be allowed to participate. On the other hand, I made no attempt to mix up extension of cultivation with recruiting or crime or war loan or any other object. The method of distribution excluded at once all large owners for the peasant villages only have any charagah. Moreover all Government land was excluded which could not be irrigated from existing outlets. I explained the intention of Government to a mass meeting of zamindars containing many thousands of irrigators, and exhorted them to distribute the land by consent, offering assistance only when they quarrelled, in case of dispute distribution to be by lot. "A file for each village was prepared by the patwari and each village was attested on the spot by the Tahsildars or Naib Tahsildars. The work has since been checked by me personally. We found it necessary to exclude from distribution vacant land adjoining the village sites, except when the people agreed to their division which was seldom the case. The net result of the distribution up to 15th October is as follows:—

Tahsil.	Area allotted in acres. *Nahri.*	*Barani.*	*Total.*
Lyallpur	13,542	13,323	26,865
Toba Tek Singh	9,784	5,446	15,230
Samundri	9,481	5,042	14,523
Jaranwala, Lower Chenab ...	5,608	1,586	7,194
Jaranwala, Upper Chenab ...	595	28	623
Total for the District ...	39,010	25,425	64,435

This is most satisfactory.
POWNEY THOMPSON,
Commissioner.

Allotments are not entirely finished. Most of the land allotted has already been broken up and ploughed; except in the Lyallpur tahsil, disputes

were rare. Generally the people did their own distribution. In the Lyallpur tahsil where the land is valuable and water abundant, disputes were almost general and distribution was generally made by lot. Some of the patwaris and kanungos displayed the avarice of their kind, but generally there was not much trouble. The results in tons of food grains has yet to be seen, but prospects are very good.

Crop forecasts.—In a district of the agricultural importance of Lyallpur correct crop estimates and forecasts are of supreme importance. I have been trying to improve them by getting estimates of sowings from patwaris. The result has not been satisfactory, owing to carelessness in the patwari and kanungo staff, but it is abundantly clear that accurate returns can be obtained and that pressure brought to bear on patwaris will be successful in achieving this object. Under my orders a census of all the wheat on all threshing floors throughout the Lyallpur tahsil was held in June 1917. The result was most encouraging and undoubtedly approximated closely to accuracy.

Village sites.—A reference has been made recently to Government on the subject of the sale of village sites and orders are awaited. The original sites allotted to the original colonists were bought at the same nominal rate at which they acquired proprietary rights in agricultural holdings. The demand for additional sites still continues and always will continue as families multiply and holdings are divided. There is *primâ facie* reason why such additional allotments should not be made at market value, but it would be impossible to report all such cases for the orders of any supervising authority.

This case has only recently gone on to the Financial Commissioner.
POWNEY THOMPSON,
Commissioner.

SERVICE GRANTS.

Grantee Camel Corps.—The administration of the Grantee Camel Corps has been full of difficulty. There are four complete corps. The 59th and 62nd Corps were mobilised last year and sent to Egypt. After about a year the sarwans returned. Most of the camels had died in Egypt and those which survived were bought by the Egyptian Government. Neither compensation nor pay was distributed until many months after it was due, but it has been paid now, the rate of compensation for camels being ultimately disbursed at the maximum rate of Rs. 150 per camel. These two corps have since been re-raised and the numbers are now almost complete. The 61st Grantee Corps went on service to Seistan two years ago, and is still on service. The 60th was mobilised in May 1917 for service with the Waziristan Field Force and is still away. The grantees have on the whole done well, but they have not failed to give a good deal of trouble. The total number of camels registered for replacements in the year ending 31st September 1916 is as follows :—

A

59th	874
60th	322
61st	132
62nd	932
Total ...	2,260

It is remarkable that the grantees were able to buy so many camels, for the price of camels (from Rs. 150 to Rs. 200) continues to rise and camel purchasing officers were buying camels all over the Province without limit of numbers throughout the year. *Surra* continues to rage among the camels. Compensation is now paid for embodied camels dying or destroyed for *surra*, but no compensation is given for unembodied camels cast for this disease nor can they be destroyed. There are at present 61 cases of *surra* in unembodied corps. A very large percentage of the camels of the country are suffering from *surra* and nothing is being done to check its ravages which increases with every infected camel discharged from Government service.

A

I am sending an extract A—A to the Revenue Secretary to Government, Punjab, for information, as I consider the facts reported by Mr. Kitchin indicate a very serious state of affairs which appears to me to necessitate action by the Military and Civil Veterinary authorities.
POWNEY THOMPSON,
Commissioner.

Mule breeding grants.—All lambardars of peasant grantees villages hold a square of land on mule breeding conditions. To this general rule there are a few exceptions. Some lambardars were appointed before mule breeding became a condition of the lambardari square, and their successors will be bound. Some recent lambardars were appointed too late to receive lambardari squares. The mule breeding conditions are enforced rigidly and with marked success. Considerably more than a third of the lambardars holding bound squares sold young mules to Government in the year under report. Generally mule breeding continues to increase in the district, but other purchasers are competing with Government for the stock of unbound mares, so that the number of mules bought for Government is decreasing. Horse breeding is going down in popularity and the number of branded mares decreases steadily. It seems to be generally agreed that horse breeding is a matter of personal interest for the well-to-do. Subdivision of property and sale by large owners is always diminishing the number of the well-to-do who take interest in owning, keeping and breeding good horses.

POWNEY THOMPSON,
Commissioner.
30*th November* 1917.

A. J. W. KITCHIN,
Deputy Commissioner, Lyallpur.
29*th October* 1917.

274FC—250—12-3-18—SGPP Lahore.

STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph "Intro

ANALYSIS BY DISTRICTS OF CHIEF STATISTICS AT DATE OF SETTLEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail. (Fixed, Fluctuating and Total).	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhaklis and jhallars in use.		
				Government waste.	Others.			Chahi.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Hissar.	Last Settlement (1909-10).	Part under fixed assessment. Tahsils Hissar, Hansi, Bhiwani and Fatahabad.	2,187,619	1,027	291,464	125	1	2,700	...
	1901-02 ...	Part under fixed assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	1,002,824	1,117	201,827	118	19	659	...
		Part under fixed assessment. Total ...	3,190,443	2,144	493,291	243	20	3,359	...
	1909-10 ...	Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Fatahabad	81,449	...	33,470	53	6	507	...
	1901-02 ...	Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Sirsa ...	47,109	...	14,456	28	10	141	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Total ...	128,558	...	47,926	81	16	648	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts.	3,319,001	2,144	541,217	324	36	4,007	...
	Year of report 1916-17.	Part under fixed assessment. All five tahsils of the district.	3,190,192	1,971	358,799	237	29	2,633	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsils Fatahabad and Sirsa of the Hissar district.	128,469	...	51,984	65	11	569	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts	3,318,661	1,971	410,783	302	40	3,202	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—251	—173	—134,492	—6	+9	—726	...
		Fluctuating ...	—89	...	+4,058	—16	—5	—79	...
		Total ...	—340	—173	—130,434	—22	+4	—805	...
Rohtak.	Last Settlement (1909-10).	Fixed	1,439,420	2,372	164,148	5,545	762	99,671	1,912
	Year of report 1916-17.	Fixed	1,437,022	2,511	173,151	5,583	801	86,598	756
		Fluctuating ...	894	...	130	...	5	...	...
		Total ...	1,437,916	2,511	173,281	5,583	806	86,598	756
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—2,398	+139	+9,003	+38	+39	—13,073	—1,156
		Fluctuating ...	+894	...	+130	...	+5	...	...
		Total ...	—1,504	+139	+9,133	+38	+44	—13,073	—1,156

No. I.

ductory " of the text.)

AND FOR THE AGRICULTURAL QUINQUENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JUNE 15TH, 1917.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs. *Initial.* *Final.*	
2,700		281,655	5,065	1,482,545	16	1,771,981	7,59,754 8,20,422	
659		27,892	3,508	743,285	...	775 344	2,05,525 2,05,530	
3,359	120 Miles.	309,547	8,573	2,225,830	16	2,547,325	9,65,279 10,25,952	
507		11,478	18,179	13,736	73	43,973	4,860	
141		13,634	15,667	578	114	30,134	39,157	
648	...	25,112	33,846	14,314	187	74,107	44,017	
4,007	120	334,659	42,419	2,240,144	203	2,621,432	*Initial.* 10,09,296	HISSAR.
2,633	120 Miles.	297,790	7,248	2,374,142	28	2,681,841	10,10,478	
569		25,682	23,771	19,858	135	70,015	64,894	
3,202	120	323,472	31,019	2,394,000	163	2,751,856	10,75,372	
—726	...	—11,757	—1,325	+148,312	+12	+124,516	+45,199	
—79	...	+570	—10,075	+5,544	—52	—4,092	+20,877	
—805	...	—11,187	—11,400	+153,856	—40	+130,424	+66,076	
101,583	357	268,322	1,185	799,680	95	1,170,865	15,62,852	
87,354	357	294,917	1,722	775,725	107	1,159,825	16,39,395	
...	...	253	...	412	...	665	1,366	
87,354	357	295,170	1,722	776,137	107	1,160,490	16,40,761	ROHTAK.
—14,229	...	+26,595	+537	—23,955	+12	—11,040	+76,543	
...	...	+253	...	+412	...	+665	+1,366	
—14,229	...	+26,848	+537	—23,543	+12	—10,375	+77,909	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.		
				Government waste.	Other.			Chahi including chahi silab.	Chahi-nahri including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Gurgaon.	Last settlement (1907-08 Rewari) 1909-10 other Tahsils.	Fixed ...	1,364,230	55	106,107	6,332	2,220	142,153	...
		Fluctuating ...	50,107	...	4,621	54	106	912	...
		Total ...	1,414,337	55	110,728	6,386	2,326	143,065	...
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	1,412,171	357	151,265	6,559	2,781	138 009	...
		Fluctuating ...	7,181	...	4,124	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,419,352	357	155,389	6,559	2,781	138,009	...
	Difference + or— ...	Fixed ...	+47,941	+302	+45,158	+227	+561	−4,144	...
		Fluctuating ...	−42,926	...	−497	−54	−106	−912	...
		Total ...	+5,015	+302	+44,661	+173	+455	−5,056	...
Karnal.	Last Settlement (1909-10).		2,001,180	7,500	583,644	7,897	238	148,774	...
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	1,997,417	6,156	569,986	7,827	173	148,269	...
	Difference + or—		−3,763	−1,344	−13,708	−70	−65	−505	...
Ambala.	Last Settlement (1886 87).		1,185,902	...	103,608	2,182	2,339	21,148	...
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	1,196,105	3,597	128,419	2,026	1,480	27,301	...
	Difference + or—		+10,203	+3,597	+24,811	−156	−889	+6,153	...
Simla.	Last Settlement (1916-17).		51,657	...	25,069	...	...	...	...
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	51,657	...	25,069	...	...	...	...
	Difference + or—		...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kangra.	Last Settlement— Kangra, Nurpur, Palampur, 1891-92; Dehra, Hamirpur, 1913-14. Kulu, Saraj 1912-13	Fixed ...	1,703,898	681	566,839	3	72	48	...
	1916-17 ...		1,696,103	2,865	277,371	18	41	53	...
	Difference + or— ...		−7,795	+2,184	−289,468	+10	−31	+5	...
Hoshiarpur.	Last Settlement (1914-15).		1,414,220	...	271,641	6,908	6,644	35,673	...
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	1,414,900	1,816	253,925	7,415	5,863	33,102	...
	Difference + or—		+680	+1,816	−17,716	+507	−781	−2,571	...

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
142,153	44	99,690	34,637	789,191	7,063	1,072,734	15,60,056	
912	...	...	12,873	26,243	493	40,521	49,057	
143,065	44	99,690	47,510	815,434	7,556	1,113,255	16,09,113	
138,009	44	66,109	58,038	797,193	9,882	1,069,231	15,72,137	GURGAON.
...	...	...	2,901	138	...	3,039	2,855	
138,009	44	66,109	60,939	797,331	9,882	1,072,270	15,74,992	
— 4,144	...	— 33,581	+ 23,401	+ 8,002	+ 2,819	— 3,503	+ 12,081	
— 912	...	...	— 9,972	— 26,105	— 493	— 37,482	— 46,202	
— 5,056	...	— 33,581	+ 13,429	— 18,103	+ 2,326	— 40,985	— 34,121	
148,774	129	258,028	118,533	600,402	4,275	1,130,012	12,93,339	
148,269	129	248,100	114,610	632,477	3,628	1,147,084	13,53,554	KARNAL.
— 505	...	— 9,928	— 3,923	+ 32,075	— 647	+ 17,072	+ 60,215	
21,148	46	3,272	14,496	692,367	13,746	745,029	11,45,616	
27,301	46	3,415	29,875	667,173	14,585	742,349	11,47,400	AMBALA.
+ 6,153	...	+ 143	+ 15,379	— 25,194	+ 839	— 2,680	+ 1,784	
...	...	...	...	9,437	724	10,161	20,587	
...	...	...	...	9,437	724	10,161	20,587	SIMLA.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
48	...	116,396	...	477,939	...	594,383	9,88,384	
53	...	115,174	...	468,591	...	583,818	10,16,616	KANGRA.
+ 5	...	— 1,222	...	— 9,348	...	— 10,565	+ 28,232	
35,673	30	23,279	...	649,620	5,540	714,112	17,79,186	
33,102	30	23,650	54,036	606,915	5,662	723,365	17,77,355	HOSHIARPUR.
— 2,571	...	+ 371	+ 54,036	— 42,705	+ 122	+ 9,253	— 1,831	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenkiis and jhallars in use.	Chahi, including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Jullundur.	Last Settlement (1915-16).	Fixed ...	859,021	334	126,200	29,358	211	291,785	196
	1916-17 ...		858,966	330	123,871	28,800	268	292,280	100
	Difference + or —		—55	—4	—2,329	—558	+57	+495	—96
Ludhiana.	Last Settlement (1911-12).	Fixed ...	892,293	254	84,713	9,647	181	133,827	3,984
	1916-17 ...		892,653	259	81,972	10,619	123	140,161	3,913
	Difference + or —		+360	+5	—2,741	+972	—58	+6,334	—71
Ferozepore.	Last Settlement (1910-14).	Fixed	2,537,305	723	211,197	7,061	84	90,502	32,052
		Fluctuating ...	57,915	...	18,789	319	15	4,047	3,133
		Total ...	2,595,220	723	229,986	7,380	99	94,549	35,185
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	2,537,326	679	155,941	8,534	171	97,611	37,232
		Fluctuating ...	57,942	...	12,441	362	36	4,404	4,021
		Total ...	2,595,268	679	168,382	8,896	207	102,015	41,253
	Difference + or —	Fixed	+21	—44	—55,256	+1,473	+87	+7,109	+5,180
		Fluctuating ...	+27	...	—6,348	+43	+21	+357	+888
		Total ...	+48	—44	—61,604	+1,516	+108	+7,466	+6,068
Lahore.	Last Settlement (1914-15).	Fixed	1,691,497	8,459	297,028	9,047	324	216,749	36,068
		Fluctuating ...	60,403	853	32,689	291	8	7,767	12
		Total ...	1,751,900	9,312	329,717	9,338	332	224,516	36,080
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	1,691,475	9,636	241,366	8,920	197	219,581	36,313
		Fluctuating ...	60,425	847	22,115	290	5	7,802	30
		Total ...	1,751,900	10,483	263,481	9,210	202	227,383	36,343
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—22	+1,177	—55,662	—127	—127	+2,832	+245
		Fluctuating ...	+22	—6	—10,574	—1	—3	+35	+18
		Total ...	...	+1,171	—66,236	—128	—130	+2,867	+263
Amritsar.	Last Settlement (1914-15).	Fixed	998,066	1,281	105,549	10,084	231	207,401	...
	1916-17 ...		998,866	1,675	102,937	10,798	205	216,229	57
	Difference + or —		+800	+394	—2,612	+714	—26	+8,828	+57

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Cultivation.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	District.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
291,981	...	...	40,337	335,914	902	669,134	16,31,802	Jullundur.
292,380	...	...	41,231	336,624	946	671,181	18,40,092	
+399	...	...	+894	+710	+44	+2,047	+2,08,290	
137,811	233	41,861	...	552,133	9	731,814	11,57,399	Ludhiana.
144,074	233	47,955	...	542,634	...	734,663	13,63,251	
+ 6,263	...	+ 6,094	...	− 9,499	− 9	+ 2,849	+ 2,05,852	
122,554	2,152	793,210	30,897	1,229,874	140	2,176,675	14,50,573	Ferozepore.
7,180	2,152	14,779	6,252	3,308	163	31,682	35,708	
129,734	2,152	807,989	37,149	1,233,182	303	2,208,357	14,86,281	
134,843	2,152	827,446	39,660	1,234,807	79	2,236,835	14,75,574	
8,425	2,152	17,037	7,123	4,706	109	37,400	28,927	
143,268	2,152	844,483	46,783	1,239,513	188	2,274,235	15,04,501	
+ 12,289	...	+ 34,236	+ 8,763	+ 4,933	− 61	+ 60,160	+ 25,001	
+ 1,245	...	+ 2,258	+ 871	+ 1,398	− 54	+ 5,718	− 6,781	
+ 13,534	...	+ 36,494	+ 9,634	+ 6,331	− 115	+ 65,878	+ 18,220	
252,817	183	661,847	52,402	198,135	409	1,165,610	12,22,070	Lahore.
7,779	183	566	5,338	2,392	...	16,075	15,652	
260,596	183	662,413	57,740	200,527	409	1,181,685	12,37,722	
255,894	207	683,921	56,455	218,003	387	1,214,660	12,54,921	
7,832	207	4,329	9,190	5,311	...	26,662	15,674	
263,726	207	688,250	65,645	223,314	387	1,241,322	12,70,595	
+ 3,077	+ 24	+ 22,074	+ 4,053	+ 19,868	− 22	+ 49,050	+ 32,851	
+ 53	+ 24	+ 3,763	+ 3,852	+ 2,919	...	+ 10,587	+ 22	
+ 3,130	+ 24	+ 25,837	+ 7,905	+ 22,787	− 22	+ 59,637	+ 32,873	
207,401	796	268,739	27,899	252,317	1,947	758,303	15,47,640	Amritsar.
216,286	796	262,960	28,951	251,388	2,099	761,684	15,49,725	
+ 8,885	...	− 5,779	+ 1,052	− 929	+ 152	+ 3,381	+ 2,085	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated, Government waste.	Other.	Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Gurdaspur.	Last Settlement (1910-12).	Fixed ...	1,158,790	220	115,108	6,394	2,594	137,589	7,022
		Fluctuating ...	10,428	...	5,126	...	...	1	...
		Total ...	1,169,218	220	120,234	6,3 4	2,594	137,59)	7,022
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	1,158,974	711	104,320	6,949	2,603	131,050	6,726
		Fluctuating ...	10,405	...	5,764	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,169,379	711	110,084	6,949	2,603	131,050	6,726
	Difference + or —	Fixed	+184	+491	−10,788	+555	+9	−6,539	−296
		Fluctuating ...	−23	...	+638	...	...	−1	...
		Total ...	+161	+491	−10,150	+555	+9	−6,540	−296
Sialkot.	Last Settlement (1915-16).	Fixed	1,182,345	7,508	191,815	21,033	1,403	393,706	24,620
		Fluctuating	79,927	...	25,371	968	140	29,464	3,752
		Total ...	1,262,272	7,508	217,186	22,001	1,543	423,170	28,372
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	1,169,236	6,253	158,121	21,738	1,796	390,381	26,869
		Fluctuating ...	91,270	...	25,202	975	101	25,723	6,200
		Total ...	1,260,506	6 253	183,323	22,713	1,897	416,104	33,069
	Difference + or —	Fixed	−13,109	−1,255	−33,694	+705	+393	−3,325	+2,249
		Fluctuating ...	+11,343	...	−169	+7	−39	−3,741	+2,448
		Total ...	−1,766	−1,255	−33,863	+712	+354	−7,066	+4,697
Gujranwala.	Last Settlement (1905-06 and 1912-13).	Fixed	529,238	...	74,830	8,387	596	274,002	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,956,606	47,637	785,375	5,749	922	200,305	7,788
		Total ...	2,485,844	47,637	860,205	14,136	1,518	474,307	7,788
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	439,151	...	30,561	8,125	327	252,579	...
		Fluctuating ...	2,052,804	64,805	579,655	5,022	511	167,708	20,313
		Total ...	2,491,955	64,805	610,216	13,147	838	420,287	20,313
	Difference + or —	Fixed	−90,087	...	−44,269	−262	−69	−21,423	...
		Fluctuating ...	+96,198	+17,168	−205,720	−727	−411	−32,597	+12,525
		Total ...	+6,111	+17,168	−249,989	−989	−480	−54,020	+12,525
Gujrat.	Last Settlement, Kharian Tahsil (1915-16 and Gujrat 1913-14).	Fixed	1,401,683	7,616	255,808	10,403	596	201,778	664
		Fluctuating ...	55,518	1	28,646	253	...	10,136	...
		Total ...	1,457,201	7,617	284,454	10,656	596	211,914	664
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	940,441	1,957	91,568	9,028	724	159,409	909
		Fluctuating ...	516,969	15,381	177,337	1,568	...	40,962	3,751
		Total ...	1,457,410	17,338	268,905	10,616	724	200,371	4,660
	Difference + or —	Fixed	−461,242	−5,659	−164,240	−1,375	+128	−42,369	+245
		Fluctuating ...	+461,451	+15,380	+148,691	+1,335	...	+30,826	+3,751
		Total ...	+209	+9,721	−15,549	−40	+128	−11,543	+3,996

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Cultivation.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	District.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
144,611	54	91,251	103,088	476,959	2,917	818,826	18,14,641	
1	...	...	3,131	1	...	3,133	3,650	
144,612	54	91,251	106,219	476,960	2,917	821,959	18,18,291	
137,776	54	92,240	107,504	490,048	2,688	830,256	18,58,238	
...	...	...	2,712	...	...	2,712	5,095	
137,776	54	92,240	110,216	490,048	2,688	832,968	18,53,333	Gurdaspur.
—6,835	...	+989	+4,416	+13,089	—229	+11,430	+43,597	
—1	...	...	—419	—1	...	—421	+1,445	
—6,836	...	+989	+3,997	+13,088	—229	+11,009	+45,042	
418,326	196	8,339	70,168	345,185	17,774	859,787	16,93,338	
33,216	196	9,393	656	4,680	2,260	50,205	73,311	
451,542	196	17,732	70,819	349,865	20,034	909,992	17,66,649	
417,250	196	28,502	69,640	353,105	20,197	888,694	16,86,454	
31,923	196	13,410	5,080	4,774	2,303	57,490	95,964	
449,173	196	41,912	74,720	357,879	22,500	946,184	17,82,418	Sialkot.
—1,076	...	+20,163	—523	+7,920	+2,423	+28,907	—6,884	
—1,293	...	+4,017	+4,424	+94	+43	+7,285	+22,653	
—2,369	...	+24,180	+3,901	+8,014	+2,466	+36,192	+15,769	
274,002	134	...	24,779	79,602	5,133	383,516	5,49,427	
208,093	...	536,160	34,554	202,637	908	982,352	16,74,289	
482,095	134	536,160	59,333	282,239	6,041	1,365,868	22,23,666	
252,579	134	...	16,594	77,775	5,546	352,494	5,28,309	
188,021	...	737,035	30,897	286,798	1,556	1,194,307	24,05,092	Gujranwala.
440,600	134	737,035	47,491	314,573	7,102	1,546,801	29,33,401	
—21,423	...	...	—8,165	—1,827	+413	—31,022	—21,118	
—20,072	...	+200,875	—3,657	+34,161	+648	+211,955	+7,30,853	
—41,495	...	+200,875	—11,842	+32,334	+1,061	+180,933	+7,09,735	
202,442	21	11,924	52,032	590,309	48	856,755	9,91,613	
10,186	21	...	3,122	8,980	...	22,288	8,369	
212,578	21	11,924	55,154	599,289	48	878,993	9,99,982	
160,318	21	1,710	49,531	417,398	28	628,985	8,29,794	
44,713	21	80,206	5,839	153,977	3	284,738	3,57,577	Gujrat.
205,031	21	81,916	55,370	571,375	31	913,723	11,87,371	
—42,124	...	—10,214	—2,501	—172,911	—20	—227,770	—1,61,819	
+34,577	...	+80,206	+2,717	+144,997	+3	+262,500	+3,49,208	
—7,547	...	+69,992	+216	—27,914	—17	+34,730	+1,87,389	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi-sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Sheikhupura.	Last Settlement (1912 and 1915-16)	Fixed ...	1,991,154	2,206	764,764	2,616	53	89,028	24,920
		Fluctuating ...	1,080,817	101,673	191,135	905	65	22,905	716
		Total ...	3,071,971	103,879	955,899	3,521	118	111,933	25,636
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	1,990,505	2,099	727,574	5,019	125	89,756	26,583
		Fluctuating ...	1,081,863	106,312	151,219	914	30	23,467	2,240
		Total ...	3,072,368	108,411	878,793	5,933	155	113,253	28,823
	Difference + or —	Fixed ...	— 649	— 107	— 37,190	+ 2,403	+ 72	+ 758	+ 1,663
		Fluctuating ...	+ 1,046	+ 4,639	— 39,916	+ 9	— 35	+ 562	+ 1,524
		Total ...	+ 397	+ 4,532	— 77,106	+ 2,412	+ 37	+ 1,320	+ 3,187
Jhelum.	Last Settlement (1900-1901).	Fixed	1,777,680	52,474	110,789	3,863	233	24,872	...
	1916-17 ...		1,771,815	12,906	115,153	4,220	212	23,839	...
	Difference + or —		— 5,815	— 39,568	+ 4,364	+ 357	— 21	— 1,033	...
Rawalpindi.	Last Settlement (1906-07).	Fixed	1,812,716	3,461	76,696	1,080	533	2,715	...
	1916-17 ...		1,811,824	3,487	83,637	1,290	455	2,928	...
	Difference + or —		— 892	+ 26	+ 6,941	+ 210	— 78	+ 208	...
Attock.	Last Settlement ... Talagang 1899-1900 Fatehjang and Pindigheb 1905-06 Attock ... 1902-03	Fixed	2,701,360	256	270,286	5,725	918	24,317	...
	1916-17 ...		2,701,999	67	218,446	7,735	699	28,253	62
	Difference + or —		+ 639	— 189	— 51,840	+ 2,010	— 219	+ 3,936	+ 62
Mianwali.	Last Settlement (1903-07).	Fixed	2,077,898	498,420	1,246,236	867	1	15,147	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,366,945	89,016	435,107	1,603	133	19,242	...
		Total ...	3,444,843	582,436	1,681,343	2,470	134	34,389	...
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	2,075,500	493,112	1,371,310	1,212	7	13,944	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,366,373	93,876	752,835	1,968	130	20,446	...
		Total ...	3,441,873	586,988	2,124,145	3,180	137	39,390	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 2,398	— 308	+ 125,074	+ 345	+ 6	+ 3,797	...
		Fluctuating ...	— 572	+ 4,860	+ 317,728	+ 365	— 3	+ 1,204	...
		Total ...	— 2,970	+ 4,552	+ 442,802	+ 710	+ 3	+ 5,001	...
Montgomery.	Last Settlement (1895-99).	Fixed	1,903,333	816,710	435,053	6,506	643	117,286	52,726
		Fluctuating ...	956,517	504,899	271,627	2,528	485	20,872	9,519
		Total ...	2,859,850	1,321,609	706,680	9,034	1,128	138,158	62,245
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	705,967	...	262,366	7,220	196	127,863	57,376
		Fluctuating ...	2,168,073	915,969	412,222	2,953	641	54,230	13,790
		Total ...	2,869,040	915 969	674,588	10,173	837	182,093	71,166
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—1,197,366	— 816,710	— 172,687	+ 714	— 447	+ 10,577	+ 4,650
		Fluctuating ...	+1,206,556	+ 411,070	+ 140,595	+ 425	+ 156	+ 33,358	+ 4,271
		Total ...	+ 9,190	— 405,640	— 32,092	+ 1,139	— 291	+ 43,935	+ 8,921

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
113,948	234	106,729	52,132	289,165	1,484	563,458	4,59,564	SHAHPUR.
23,621	1,233	684,544	11,133	22,421	...	691,719	9,38,926	
137,569	1,467	741,273	63,265	311,586	1,484	1,255,177	13,98,490	
116,369	234	110,106	58,281	314,838	1,598	601,192	4,62,919	
25,707	1,233	671,221	9,108	20,840	...	726,876	15,61,874	
142,076	1,467	781,327	67,389	335,678	1,598	1,328,068	20,24,793	
+ 2,421	...	+ 3,377	+ 6,149	+ 25,673	+ 114	+ 37,734	+ 3,355	
+ 2,086	...	+ 36,677	− 2,025	− 1,581	...	+ 35,157	+ 6,22,948	
+ 4,507	...	+ 40,054	+ 4,124	+ 24,092	+ 114	+ 72,891	+ 6,26,303	
24,872	14	309	27,879	679,079	1,350	733,489	7,54,202	JHELUM.
23,839	14	258	31,176	688,788	1,339	745,400	7,56,628	
− 1,033	...	− 51	+ 3,297	+ 9,709	− 11	+ 11,911	+ 2,426	
2,715	...	1,860	...	591,465	3,010	599,050	6,75,460	RAWAL-PINDI.
2,928	...	1,805	...	588,969	3,073	596,770	6,73,972	
+ 208	...	− 55	...	− 2,496	+ 63	− 2,280	− 1,488	
24,317	...	8,015	9,980	968,581	1,641	1,012,534	6,33,939	ATTOCK.
28,315	...	7,923	8,734	1,049,504	2,057	1,096,533	6,73 860	
+ 3,998	...	− 92	− 1,246	+ 80,923	+ 416	+ 83,999	+ 39,921	
15,147	6	3,735	18	99,841	61	118,802	61,527	MIANWALI.
19,342	...	13,167	228,541	208,595	362	469,907	306,718	
34,389	6	16,902	228,559	308,436	423	588,709	368,245	
18,944	6	3,669	...	188,391	74	211,078	54,879	
20,446	...	20,222	192,345	286,565	84	519,662	405,324	
39,390	6	23,891	192,345	474,956	158	730,740	460,203	
+ 3,797	...	− 66	− 18	+ 88,550	+ 13	+ 92,276	− 6,648	
+ 1,294	...	+ 7,055	− 36,196	+ 77,970	− 278	+ 49,755	+ 98,606	
+ 5,001	...	+ 6,989	− 36,214	+ 166,520	− 265	+ 142,031	+ 91,958	
170,012	...	132,285	16,892	13,724	2,069	334,982	3,09,793	MONTGOMERY.
30,391	...	42,959	21,995	8,068	1,346	104,754	86,021	
200,403	...	175,244	38,887	21,787	3,415	439,736	3,95,814	
185,289	75	154,778	3,111	46,376	409	389,913	3,05,339	
68,020	220	349,200	88,296	54,877	7,213	567,606	7,42,588	
253,259	295	503,978	91,407	101,253	7,622	957,519	10,47,927	
+ 15,227	+ 75	+ 22,493	− 13,781	+ 32,652	− 1,660	+ 54,931	− 4,454	
+ 37,629	+ 220	+ 306,241	+ 66,801	+ 46,814	+ 5,867	+ 462,852	+ 656,567	
+ 52,856	+ 295	+ 328,734	+ 52,520	+ 79,466	+ 4,207	+ 517,783	+ 6,52,113	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated. Government waste.	Other.	Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi, including chahi-sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Lyallpur.	Last settlement (1904-05).	Fluctuating ...	1,980,423	400,291	111,591	104	66	1,497	4,772
	1916-17 ...	Fluctuating ...	2,122,382	334,547	109,688	864	226	12,413	16,858
	Difference + or —	Fluctuating ...	+141,960	−65,744	−1,903	+760	+160	+10,916	+12,086
Jhang.	Last Settlement (1906-07).	Fixed	330,958	...	101,889	4,768	182	103,695	1,548
		Fluctuating ...	1,784,024	445,916	649,319	6,820	94	152,683	1,894
		Total ...	2,114,982	445,916	751,158	11,588	276	256,378	3,437
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	370,543	124	90,874	5,232	187	98,881	157
		Fluctuating ...	1,801,183	461,591	562,776	8,828	73	151,296	2,553
		Total ...	2,171,726	461,715	653,650	14,060	210	250,177	2,710
	Difference + or —	Fixed	−10,415	+124	−10,965	+464	−45	−4,814	−1,386
		Fluctuating ...	+67,159	+15,675	−86,543	+2,008	−21	−1,387	+659
		Total ...	+56,744	+15,799	−97,508	+2,472	−66	−6,201	−727
Multan.	Last Settlement (1899-1900) and (1900-01).	Fixed	72,923	...	22,888	970	517	398	18,327
		Fluctuating ...	3,736,014	1,426,439	1,000,837	19,306	3,496	83,558	436,025
		Total ...	3,808,937	1,426,439	1,023,675	20,276	4,013	83,956	454,852
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	72,277	...	8,646	1,838	492	601	31,249
		Fluctuating ...	3,631,731	1,109,206	847,925	22,744	2,830	83,108	616,394
		Total ...	3,704,008	1,109,206	856,571	24,077	3,322	83,709	647,643
	Difference + or —	Fixed	−646	...	−14,192	+868	−25	+203	+12,922
		Fluctuating ...	−104,283	−317,233	−152,912	+3,438	−666	−450	+180,369
		Total ...	−104,929	−317,233	−167,104	+3,801	−691	−247	+193,291
Muzaffargarh.	Last Settlement (1901-02), 1902-03, 1903-04.	Fixed	634,578	103,317	247,998	7,692	656	11,214	106,464
		Fluctuating ...	2,931,746	362,012	1,736,703	9,044	3,475	128,126	84,131
		Total ...	3,566,324	465,329	1,984,696	16,736	4,131	139,340	140,595
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	634,205	46,274	221,239	9,034	410	10,666	112,628
		Fluctuating ...	2,932,709	356,246	1,730,799	12,616	2,978	141,866	44,905
		Total ...	3,566,914	402,520	1,952,038	21,650	3,388	152,532	157,533
	Difference + or —	Fixed	−373	−57,043	−26,754	+1,342	−246	−548	+6,164
		Fluctuating ...	+963	−5,766	−5,904	+3,572	−497	+13,740	+10,774
		Total ...	+590	−62,809	−32,658	+4,914	−743	+13,192	+16,938

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
6,269	947	1,340,483	875	4,664	38	1,351,829	8,60,243	LYALLPUR.
29,271	947	1,409,606	14,896	13,604	1,834	1,469,211	64,71,630	
+23,002	...	+69,123	+14,521	+ 8,940	+1,796	+117,382	+56,11,387	
105,238	461	288	75,132	953	2,417	184,028	2,57,930	JHANG.
154,577		333,103	39,951	11,774	300	539,705	3,85,013	
259,815	461	333,391	115,083	12,727	2,717	723,733	6,42,943	
99,038	461	119	77,514	1,673	1,591	179,935	2,40,543	
153,849		468,685	34,920	10,479	204	668,137	10,65,060	
252,887	461	468,804	112,434	12,152	1,795	848,072	13,05,603	
+6,200	...	−169	+2,382	+720	−826	− 4,093	−17,387	
−728	...	+135,582	−5,031	−1,295	− 96	+ 128,432	+6,80,047	
−6,928	...	+135,413	−2,649	−575	−922	+124,339	+6,62,660	
18,725	995	24,517	...	31	...	43,273	57,852	MULTAN.
519,583		270,420	129,246	24,748	6,589	950,586	13,53,461	
538,308	995	294,937	129,246	24,779	6,589	993,859	14,11,313	
81,850	1,342	20,273	51	28	...	52,202	58,688	
699,502		378,446	137,169	18,307	8,956	1,242,380	18,08,696	
731,352	1,342	398,719	137,220	18,335	8,956	1,294,582	18,67,384	
+13,125	+347	−4,244	+51	−3	...	+8,929	+836	
+179,919		+108,026	+7,923	− 6,441	+2,367	+291,794	+4,55,235	
+193,044	+347	+103,782	+7,974	−6,444	+2,367	+300,723	+4,56,071	
117,678	1,351	87,121	2,516	...	487	207,802	3,56,505	MUZAFFARGARH.
162,257		79,739	206,837	710	27,041	476,584	4,50,418	
279,935	1,351	166,860	209,353	710	27,528	684,386	8,06,923	
123,294	1,172	107,916	3,516	93	270	235,089	3,63,874	
186,771		94,314	202,613	3,164	21,283	508,145	5,53,556	
310,065	1,172	202,230	206,129	3,257	21,553	743,234	9,17,430	
+5,616	−179	+20,795	+1,000	+93	−217	+27,287	+7,369	
+24,514		+14,575	−4,224	+2,454	−5,758	+31,561	+1,03,138	
+30,130	−179	+35,370	−3,224	+2,547	−5,975	+58,848	+1,10,507	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhalars in use.		
				Government waste.	Other.			Chahi, including chahi-sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Dera Ghazi Khan.	Last Settlement (1896 and 1905).	Fixed ...	2,849 787	90,163	1,170,490	7,652	1,448	40,298	179,968
		Fluctuating ...	613,608	37,951	187,592	776	427	8,724	468
		Total ...	3,463.395	128,114	1,358,082	8,428	1,875	49,022	180,436
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	2,772,499	66,185	1,318,675	8,891	1,055	26,989	229,921
		Fluctuating ...	708,526	42,731	332,593	1,129	772	13,329	10,634
		Total ...	3,481,025	108,916	1,651,268	10,020	1,827	40,318	240,555
	Difference + or −	Fixed ...	−77,288	−23,978	+148,185	+1,239	−393	−13,309	+49,953
		Fluctuating ...	+94,918	+4,780	+145,001	+353	+345	+4,605	+10,166
		Total ...	+17,630	−19,198	+293,186	+1,592	−48	−8,704	+60,119
Grand Total.	Last Settlement	Fixed ...	39,303,525	1,601,154	8,223,579	182,263	23,529	2,827,135	490,466
		Fluctuating ...	16,799,555	3,416,688	5,532,454	48,801	9,448	690,887	502,210
		Total ...	56,103,080	5,017,842	13,756,033	231,064	32,977	3,518,022	992,676
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	40,043,243	1,362,178	7,955,955	191,805	19,618	3,071,995	534,902
		Fluctuating ...	17,271,783	4,028,728	4,631,883	50,375	8,514	586,829	661,458
		Total ...	57,315,026	5,390,906	12,587,838	242,180	28,132	3,658,824	1,196,360
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	37,489,789	665,027	7,446,512	194,357	21,370	2,763,991	570,851
		Fluctuating ...	18,734,199	3,501,511	5,778,809	60,318	8,349	747,323	741,689
		Total ...	56,223,988	4,166,538	13,225,321	254,675	29,719	3,511,314	1,312,540
	Difference + or − between 1911-12 and 1916-17.	Fixed ...	−2,553,454	−697,151	−509,443	+2,552	+1,752	−308,004	+35,949
		Fluctuating ...	+1,462,416	−527,217	+1,146,926	+9,943	−165	+160,494	+80,231
		Total ...	−1,091,038	−1,224,368	+637,483	+12,495	+1,587	−147,510	+116,180

No. I—CONCLUDED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
220,266 9,192	701	163,890 12	532,112 100,334	64,908 ...	17,375 3,071	998,551 112,609	4,37,594 85,912	
229,458	701	163,902	632,446	64,908	20,446	1,111,160	5,23,506	
256,910 23,963	767	133,428 21,575	61,880 114,557	567,610 9,167	21,555 5,784	1,040,883 175,046	3,69,961 1,79,897	
280,873	767	155,003	176,937	576,777	27,339	1,215,929	5,49,858	DERA GHAZI KHAN.
+ 86,544 + 14,771	+66	— 80,462 + 21,563	— 470,732 + 14,223	+ 502,702 + 9,167	+ 4,180 + 2,713	+ 42,332 + 62,437	— 67,633 + 93,985	
+ 51,415	+66	— 8,899	— 456,509	+ 511,869	+ 6,893	+ 104,769	+ 26,352	
3,317,601 1,193,097	8,257 2,180	3,484,454 3,300,437	1,295,382 838,184	13,012,641 543,530	90,632 42,758	21,201,010 5,918,006	2,53,78,168 63,70,715	
4,510,698	10,437	6,784,891	2,133,866	13,556,171	133,390	27,119,016	3,17,48,883	
3,606,897 1,248,287	8,701	3,445,080 3,418,878	1,255,421 828,369	13 332,234 598,563	319,965 44,496	21,959,597 6,138,093	2,39,94,175 93,86,386	
4,855,184	8,701	6,863,458	2,083,790	13,930,797	364,461	28,097,690	3,33,80,561	GRAND TOTAL.
3 334,842 1,489,012	8,590 2,400	3,534,164 4,291,221	918,858 881,417	13,699,705 842,977	98,552 49,464	21,586,121 7,554,091	2,58,84,543 1,57,66,069	
4,823,854	10,990	7,825,385	1,500,275	14,542,682	148,016	29,140,212	4,16,50,612	
— 272,055 + 240,725	—111 +2,400	+ 89,084 + 872,843	— 336,563 + 53,048	+ 367,471 + 244,414	— 221,413 + 4,968	— 373,476 + 1,415,998	+ 18,90,368 + 63,79,683	
— 31,330	+2,289	+ 961,927	— 283,515	+ 611,885	— 216,445	+ 1,042,522	+ 82,70,051	

STATEMENT No. II.

RETURN SHOWING THE CULTIVATING OCCUPANCY OF LAND FOR THE QUINQUENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JUNE 15TH, 1917.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Details.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.
	HISSAR.		ROHTAK.		GURGAON.		KARNAL.		AMBALA.		SIMLA.	
Total cultivated area	344,407	2,651,245	383,601	1,144,517	439,118	1,040,593	355,611	1,117,402	413 999	741,324	8,610	10,161
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.	100,599	1,022,503	161,173	689,767	187,060	521,111	165,573	710,276	190,579	432,538	5,813	8,284
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent	18,594	37,473	21,876	16,213	19,305	19,518	9,695	5,790	21.529	7,380	836	342
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. With right of occupancy. Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	40,574	300.726	23,198	47,617	42,132	82,769	16,507	34,596	28,195	39,507	34	41
With right of occupancy. Paying other cash rents	29,075	169,159	1,855	4,356	7,988	18,045	2,917	6,593	1,230	1,521	22	52
With right of occupancy. Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	3,750	17,462	282	834	696	2,879	1,996	5,229	8,814	14,784	4	1
Without right of occupancy. Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	13,031	60,098	31,800	54,689	36,031	59.751	26,647	45,890	11,809	12,787	266	189
Without right of occupancy. Paying other cash rents	87,154	684,753	81,739	205,434	97,482	238,480	37,269	101,153	39,947	64,176	626	661
Without right of occupancy. Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	51,630	359,071	61,678	125,607	48,424	98,040	95,007	207,875	111,896	168,631	1,009	591
Total held by tenants paying rent	225,214	1,591,269	200,552	488,537	232,753	499,964	180,343	401,336	201,891	301,406	1,961	1,535

1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	KANGRA.		HOSHIARPUR.		JULLUNDUR.		LUDHIANA.		FEROZEPORE.		LAHORE.	
Total cultivated area	446,450	588,849	716,201	716,146	524,625	670,156	339,851	731,308	480,658	2,245,402	340,813	1,187,495
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.	214,362	370,883	233,966	326,857	205,034	359,622	146,095	420,091	161,206	992,727	116,318	499,538
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent	14,475	4,065	46,148	11,228	44,031	8,488	11,327	5,184	29,198	25,830	32,909	21,878
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT. With right of occupancy. Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	4,633	5,983	134,680	112,612	38,157	39,394	13,190	21,139	66,862	247,965	26,416	98,869
With right of occupancy. Paying other cash rents	4,182	4,569	17,922	12,909	5,599	7,580	1,095	1,202	2,852	15 048	1,713	3,562
With right of occupancy. Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	15,353	18,125	30,208	26,450	6,335	6,661	2,873	6,248	14,796	66 939	2,777	8,426
Without right of occupancy. Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	6,957	7,346	10,150	7,075	10,167	9,197	10,431	15,219	7,368	14,888	10,083	39,956
Without right of occupancy. Paying other cash rents	10,720	12,053	101,332	69,961	90,558	89,101	75,461	115,210	44,190	173,697	27,842	105,935
Without right of occupancy. Paying in kind with or without an addition in cash	175,768	165,825	141,795	129.054	124,744	150,113	79,379	147,015	154,186	708,308	122,755	409,337
Total held by tenants paying rent	217,613	213,901	436,087	378,061	275,560	302,046	182,429	306,033	290,254	1,226,845	191,586	666,079

1			26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
			AMRITSAR.		GURDASPUR.		SIALKOT.		GUJRANWALA.		GUJRAT.		SHAHPUR.	
Total cultivated area			470,542	757,542	624,690	831,095	660,460	915,562	379,502	1,461,348	490,253	891,444	239,101	1,277,323
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			156,780	341,260	207 199	379,791	211,287	409,573	112,477	558,446	208,451	521,388	95,454	574,711
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			34,006	12,559	35,661	12,969	65,006	21,729	11,091	8,520	31,443	15,626	16,154	13,724
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	41,765	50,336	45,189	53,958	53,727	54,873	14,886	36,237	49,289	54,198	8,624	52,910
		Paying other cash rents	1,598	2,703	5,098	5,324	2,502	1,968	335	775	408	521	137	448
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	241	308	5,095	6,355	3,076	2,875	506	1,349	1,941	2,095	1,023	3,286
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	22,729	22,616	32,360	33,236	30,844	36,825	38,047	82,977	19,267	25,102	18.588	69,789
		Paying other cash rents	81,523	139,470	71,870	95,605	36,447	67,004	29,794	165,589	8,472	13,986	6,254	34,703
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	131,900	188,290	222,218	243,857	257,571	320,715	172,366	297,455	170,982	258,528	112,867	527,752
		Total held by tenants paying rent ...	279,756	403,723	381,830	438,335	384,167	484,260	255,934	894,382	250,359	354,430	147,493	688,888

1			38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
			JHELUM.		RAWALPINDI.		ATTOCK.		MIANWALI.		MONTGOMERY.		LYALLPUR.	
Total cultivated area			410,394	741,620	424,507	596,028	376,092	1,089,138	206,067	714,745	115,857	706,109	142,065	1,434,149
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			162,848	391,068	212,585	356,210	119,065	438,198	67,991	286,148	31,032	243,716	56,831	700,368
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			36,936	12,429	25,122	11,786	28,892	16,518	6,760	8,360	1,815	2,103	253	409
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	37,558	58,848	40,607	49,510	18,869	42,714	18,219	39,752	2,268	4,652	313	805
		Paying other cash rents	2,423	5,649	10,786	11,149	30,343	23,825	10	17	19	22	8	41
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	12,432	28,083	11,171	16,936	35,045	120,967	7,888	17,217	2,663	9,337	93	195
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	9,303	9,243	5,347	3 931	2,796	4,078	32,592	109,242	2,671	7,601	11,386	80,909
		Paying other cash rents	5,154	6,324	8,743	9,9 3	10,491	11,284	355	978	812	3,336	13,940	172,023
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	143,740	229,976	119,146	136,563	130,591	431,554	72,252	253,031	74,574	435,312	59,241	479,399
		Total held by tenants paying rent ...	210,610	338,123	186,800	228,032	228,135	634,422	131,816	420,237	83,010	460,290	84,981	733,372

1			50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58		59	
			JHANG.		MULTAN.		MUZAFFARGARH.		DERA GHAZI KHAN.		GRAND TOTALS.			
Total cultivated area			179,145	810,928	191,216	1,184,870	296,264	743,984	191,009	1,033,613	10,211,108		28,034,136	
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			56,922	272,410	56,983	320,391	130,145	370,424	62,844	370,983	3,836,672		12,889,232	
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			4,591	4,887	553	649	7,283	4,608	729	1,705	576,218		311,970	
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	3,152	31,708	3,629	31,834	10,891	22,834	850	4,493	784,414		1,620,880	
		Paying other cash rents	114	206	29	68	9	36	130	495	130,399		297,843	
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	2,438	7,318	2,863	15,178	7,962	18,753	10,010	38,919	192,334		463,689	
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	3,959	16,471	2,671	13,788	4,409	14,277	2,928	14,542	414,637		871,712	
		Paying other cash rents	4,201	32,128	6,493	53,146	1,53.	4,450	930	4,177	981,329		2,694,790	
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	103,768	445,340	117,995	749,816	134,035	3 8,622	112,588	598,299	3,295,105		8,883,970	
		Total held by tenants paying rent ...	117,632	533,671	133,680	863,830	158,836	868,952	127,436	660,925	5,798,218		14,832,884	

STATEMENT No. III.

(*Vide* paragraph 28 of the text.)

GENERAL STATEMENT OF AREA OWNED, WITH DETAILS OF PORTION THEREOF HELD ON USUFRUCTUARY MORTGAGE, DURING THE YEAR 1916-17.

District.	Number of villages.	Detail.	For area owned (exclusive of superior ownership).					For area held under mortgage with possession.				
			Number of jamabandi holdings.	Number of owners and share-holders.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment.	Number of mortgages.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment of mortgaged land.	Percentage to total cultivated area of area held under mortgage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
Hissar	1,007	By members of notified agricultural tribes	63,662	90,651	2,349,879	2,034,112	8,01,577	16,819	146,533	134,508	42,038	5
		By others	15,406	27,205	657,332	545,474	2,32,523	8,533	90,552	78,549	26,885	3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	4,208	...	311,450	71,659	2,162	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	83,276	117,856	3,318,661	2,651,245	10,36,262	25,352	237,085	213,057	68,923	8·0
Rohtak	773	By members of notified agricultural tribes	121,550	140,162	1,155,011	1,037,504	15,00,518	34,962	101,678	97,804	1,33,723	8·5
		By others	9,394	14,177	68,503	61,223	82,587	10,746	46,141	43,184	59,293	3·8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,166	...	215,179	45,790	32,723	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	134,110	154,339	1,438,693	1,144,517	16,15,828	45,708	147,819	140,988	1,93,016	12·3
Gurgaon	1,466	By members of notified agricultural tribes	143,766	131,607	1,098,091	915,700	13,94,124	84,304	174,680	162,352	2,38,999	15·6
		By others	4,925	6,917	101,986	75,959	1,37,372	17,706	58,917	51,786	76,491	5·0
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,345	...	219,152	48,934	38,160	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	152,036	138,524	1,419,229	1,040,593	15,69,656	102,010	233,597	214,138	3,15,490	20·6
Karnal	1,443	By members of notified agricultural tribes	102,758	136,483	1,244,408	919,599	10,99,046	21,080	64,224	52,522	73,589	4·7
		By others	13,366	24,824	146,272	99,353	1,21,039	10,450	55,218	41,288	57,101	3·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,552	...	606,172	98,450	1,07,803	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	122,676	161,307	1,996,852	1,117,402	1,327,888	31,530	119,442	93,810	1,30,690	8·4
Ambala	1,799	By members of notified agricultural tribes	111,925	117,552	778,837	605,146	9,64,302	44,601	68,552	62,424	1,18,353	8·4
		By others	27,791	36,785	119,407	98,053	1,48,707	20,396	67,163	53,127	81,088	7·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	5,263	...	286,334	38,125	34,421	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	144,979	154,337	1,184,578	741,324	11,47,430	64,997	135,715	115,551	1,99,441	15·6

Simla	226	By members of notified agricultural tribes	7,523	6,139	20,148	10,035	20,545	1,759	2,202	911	1,831	9 0
		By others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	497	...	31,509	126	42	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	8,020	6,139	51,657	10,161	20,587	1,759	2,202	911	1,831	9 0
Kangra	718	By members of notified agricultural tribes	183,062	260,000	845,588	484,822	8,29,689	31.975	79,303	50,140	85,178	8·5
		By others	48,999	70,751	123,342	79 046	1,49,316	16,212	39,858	25,769	47,210	4·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	14,097	...	727,173	24,981	8,755	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	241,158	330,751	1,696,103	588,849	9,87,760	48,187	119,161	75,909	1,32,383	12·9
Hoshiarpur	2,179	By members of notified agricultural tribes	137,228	151,717	961,084	616,886	15,67,852	79,287	104,003	74,931	1,45,136	10·5
		By others	18,319	26,772	93.198	54,575	1,42,621	23,496	53,127	32,548	57,937	4·5
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	5,361	...	360,633	44,685	67,544	...	..	...	...	...
		Total ...	160,908	178,489	1,414,915	716,146	17,78,017	102,783	157,130	107,479	2,03,073	15·
Jullundur	1,314	By members of notified agricultural tribes	157,157	147,616	679,694	574,764	13,42,411	40,801	46,932	42,749	93.056	6·4
		By others	21,273	27,976	85,090	70,806	1,43,217	9,645	22,489	17,177	33,818	2·5
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,518	...	103,284	24,586	33,791	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	181,948	175,592	868,068	670,156	15,19,419	50,446	69,421	59,926	1,26,874	8·9
Ludhiana	900	By members of notified agricultural tribes	122,704	109,306	738.070	658,882	12,51,896	39,987	93,637	83,765	1,39,238	11·5
		By others...	20,024	23,176	69,756	60,577	1,04,903	9,818	30,739	25,176	44,128	3·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,447	...	84,503	11,849	7,094	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	145,175	132,482	892,329	731,308	13,63,893	49,805	124,376	108,941	1,83,366	14·9
Ferozepore	1,596	By members of notified agricultural tribes	119,476	123,089	2,095,781	1,883,917	14,76,527	76,915	241,041	231,712	1,57,804	10·1
		By others	21,721	25,903	361,117	326,947	2,08,870	20,486	84,712	75,599	47,576	3·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,855	...	139,432	34,538	15,350	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	145,052	148,992	2,596,330	2,245,402	15,00,747	97,401	325,753	307,311	2,05,380	13·7
Lahore	1,287	By members of notified agricultural tribes	85,935	98,159	1,341,298	983,309	8.56,767	32,047	137,733	112,211	1.03.032	9·4
		By others	12,860	18,725	163,063	115,016	1,17,082	10,369	56,290	38,640	34,610	3·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,875	...	228,412	89,170	81,572	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	102,670	116,884	1,732,773	1,187,495	10,55,421	42,416	194,023	150,851	1,37,642	12·7
Amritsar	1,079	By members of notified agricultural tribes	132,763	118,488	841,458	690,484	13,97,772	58,071	103,711	98.336	1,85,672	13
		By others	15,031	15,519	72,745	54.277	1,19,896	14,398	30,415	25,293	43,442	3·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,895	...	84,647	12,781	17,906	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	151,689	134,007	998,850	757,542	15,35,574	72,469	134,126	123,629	2,29,114	16·3
Gurdaspur	2,363	By members of notified agricultural tribes	136,799	115,475	815,591	689,043	15,68,925	72,772	121,353	112,027	2,50,236	13·5
		By others...	21,125	18,684	112,303	87,432	1,94,060	24,815	72,891	61,488	1,26,382	7·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	9,336	...	241,513	54,620	73,819	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	167,260	134,159	1,169,407	831,095	18,36,804	97,587	194,244	173,510	3,76,618	20·9
Sialkot	2,518	By members of notified agricultural tribes	171,216	145,706	990,774	800,605	15,41,672	84,197	155,431	139,544	2,80,145	15·2
		By others	14,744	16,689	83,462	67,422	1,35,292	32,200	88,712	75,766	1,43,902	8·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,017	...	187,201	47,535	9 ,299	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	191,977	162,395	1,261,437	915,562	16,86,263	116,397	244,143	215,310	4,04,047	23·5

STATEMENT No. III—CONCLUDED.

District.	Number of villages.	Detail.	For area owned (exclusive) of superior ownership.					For area held under mortgage with possession.				
			Number of jamabandi holdings.	Number of owners and shareholders.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment.	Number of mortgages.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment of mortgaged land.	Percentage to total cultivated area of area held under mortgage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
Gujranwala	1,845	By members of notified agricultural tribes	65,262	86,752	1,748,031	1,174,989	21,44,148	10,617	79,805	57,277	83,600	3·9
		By others	12,168	17,209	346,574	212,437	3,83,375	7,139	72,745	46,902	65,764	3·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,040	748	397,350	73,922	1,20,791	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	83,470	104,709	2,491,955	1,461,348	26,48,314	17,756	152,550	104,179	1,49,364	7·1
Gujrat	1,511	By members of notified agricultural tribes	117,486	137,261	1,062,986	773,422	9,35,895	47,791	63,046	56,166	70,750	6·3
		By others	15,117	21,527	96,083	70,037	92,751	24,616	67,252	54,240	65,516	6·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,666	5	258,914	47,985	42,349	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	136,269	158,793	1,417,983	891,444	10,70,995	72,407	130,298	110,406	1,36,266	12·4
Shahpur	1,070	By members of notified agricultural tribes	55,490	63,105	1,291,390	732,414	8,88,291	8,836	38,524	26,057	24,570	2·
		By others	8,647	13,348	133,763	91,242	92 010	8,759	86,006	48,375	57,205	3·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	9,822	13,072	1,641,666	453,667	11,29,231	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	73,959	89,525	3,066,819	1,277,323	21,09,532	17,595	124,530	74,432	81,775	5·8
Jhelum	954	By members of notified agricultural tribes	104,886	103,610	1,073,658	639,421	6,55,374	18,545	28,675	24,817	26,032	3·3
		By others	23,701	24,150	91,625	61,700	68,572	14,982	47,820	32,550	32,538	4·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,447	...	606,908	40,499	32,554	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	131,034	127,760	1,772,191	741,620	7,56,500	33,527	76,495	57,367	58,570	7·7
Rawalpindi	1,293	By members of notified agricultural tribes	157,342	137,142	782,455	508,921	5,74,255	13,460	17,485	14,974	16,549	2·5
		By others	31,580	32,439	75,047	55,000	85,024	10,694	21,560	17,483	21,799	2·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,261	...	455,041	32,107	14,430	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	192,183	169,581	1,312,543	596,028	6,73,709	24,154	39,045	32,457	38,348	5·4

ATTOCK	672	By members of notified agricultural tribes	81,883	73,066	19,11,042	995,524	6,15,952	12,281	60,487	38.759	27,592	3·6
		By others	11,617	11,751	76,659	48,334	36,873	7,953	65,041	40,781	24,309	3·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	1,685	1	714,287	45,280	20,704	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	95,185	84,818	2,701,988	1,089,138	6,73,529	20,234	125,528	79,540	51,901	7 3
MIANWALI	441	By members of notified agricultural tribes	57,748	84,059	1,287,290	539,896	3,54,763	17,692	135,783	76,268	39,096	10·6
		By others	15,721	24,562	154,196	68,299	51,543	11,167	77,521	39,101	25,375	5·5
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	1,312	...	2,000,387	107,050	26,649	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	74,781	108,621	3,441,873	714,745	4,32,955	28,859	213,304	115,369	64,471	16·1
MONTGOMERY	1,244	By members of notified agricultural tribes	11,817	43,517	927,279	508.145	3,82,308	826	17,376	10,181	6,967	1·4
		By others	4,110	12,396	319,260	187,713	1,33,813	2,294	49,376	23,575	17,157	3·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,037	16	173,049	10,251	8,392	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	17,964	55,929	1,419,588	706,109	5,24,513	3,120	66,752	33,756	24,124	4·7
LYALLPUR	1,293	By members of notified agricultural tribes	32,749	53,225	1,045,492	955,820	34,52,978	1,542	19,124	17,439	62,095	1·2
		By others	2,138	4,465	118,047	103,025	3,46,718	1,031	18,746	14,468	39,490	1·0
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	26,101	16,052	958,810	375,304	11,92,230	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	60,988	73,742	2,122,349	1,434,149	49,91,926	2,573	37,870	31,907	1,02,485	2·2
JHANG	1,018	By members of notified agricultural tribes	48.213	66,090	1,255,620	605,787	9,34,882	2,313	33,125	16,467	21,090	1·8
		By others	16,873	29,319	289,070	123,189	1,59,974	12,223	151,809	70,095	84,006	8·6
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	7,844	...	625,101	81,992	1,54,786	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	72,930	95,409	2,169,791	810,968	12,49,642	14,636	184,934	86,562	1,05,096	10·4
MULTAN	1,444	By members of notified agricultural tribes	44,571	63,610	1,430,890	800,372	11,59,751	1,812	32,412	18,051	26,869	1·5
		By others	22,701	34,803	574,497	311,671	4,30,503	110,114	183,140	102,008	1,36,944	8·6
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,385	163	1,648,586	72,827	1,19,617	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	69,657	98,576	3,703,973	1,184,870	17,09,871	111,926	215,552	120,059	1,63,813	10·1
MUZAFFARGARH ...	937	By members of notified agricultural tribes	85,853	111,802	1,817,783	546,913	6,19,503	9,544	106,114	31,228	33,287	4·2
		By others	34,104	51,757	459,435	186,357	2,34,537	19,270	180,119	75,727	83,703	10·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	1,558	...	1,289,696	10,714	38,630	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	121,515	163,559	3,566,914	743,984	8,92,670	28,814	286,233	106,955	1,16,990	14·4
DERA GHAZI KHAN ...	794	By members of notified agricultural tribes	68,387	141,067	2,562,640	799,193	3,40,636	19,448	120,780	49.751	32,481	4·8
		By others	22,259	39,612	517,792	186,015	1,24,5·0	25,368	219,394	95,985	64,484	9·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	897	...	394,587	47,663	31,084	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	91,543	180,679	3,475,019	1,033,613	4,96,280	44,816	340,174	145,736	96,965	14·1
PROVINCIAL TOTAL ...	35,184	By members of notified agricultural tribes	2,729,211	3,056,458	34,202,238	22,485,125	3,04,72,359	884,284	2,393,749	1,893 871	24,99,903	6·8
		By others	480,714	671,441	5,509,624	3,501,179	42,77,738	484,980	2,037,753	1,306,675	15,98,153	...
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	144,487	30,057	14,990,976	2,047,832	34,61,888	...	...	...	...	4·7
		Total ...	3,354,412	3,757,954	54,702,868	28,034,136	3,82,11,985	1,369,264	4,431,502	3,200,046	40,98,056	11·5

STATEMENT

STATEMENT SHOWING INCIDENCE OF REVENUE

Division.	District.	Area in Acres.				
		Total area by last settlement survey.	*Deduct.*		*Balance.*	
			Area not fully assessed.	Area for which returns so far as required for this table are not available.	Total.	Cultivated.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Ambala.	Hissar	3,319,001	68,145	45,412	3,205,444	2,587,838
	Rohtak	1,439,420	7,802	...	1,431,618	1,142,327
	Gurgaon	1,414,337	69,294	185,753	1,159,290	1,001,597
	Karnal	2,001,180	179,405	11,859	1,809,925	1,060,823
	Ambala	1,196,105	117,265	22,876	1,055,964	687,352
	Simla	51,657	720	31,509	19,428	9,441
Jullundur.	Kangra	1,703,898	74,969	840,149	7,88,780	523,519
	Hoshiarpur	1,414,220	11,180	38,543	1,364,497	692,032
	Jullundur	859,021	9,499	...	849,522	649,843
	Ludhiana	892,293	49,132	...	843,161	679,468
	Ferozepore	2,595,220	219,961	...	2,375,259	2,040,450
Lahore.	Lahore	1,751,900	25,592	240,037	1,486,271	1,152,805
	Amritsar	998,077	13,080	3,379	981,618	730,001
	Gurdaspur	1,169,218	3,243	...	1,165,975	804,471
	Sialkot	1,262,272	6,225	1,766	1,254,281	884,851
	Gujranwala	2,435,844	83,814	985,483	1,416,547	1,335,145
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	1,457,201	6,107	72,830	1,378,264	887,411
	Shahpur	3,071,971	10,527	887,572	2,173,872	1,184,269
	Jhelum	1,777,680	14,286	246,321	1,517,023	684,548
	Rawalpindi	1,312,716	20,979	6,32,309	659,428	526,791
	Attock	2,701,360	360,183	225,866	2,115,311	826,121
	Mianwali	3,444,843	59,979	1,203,063	2,181,801	678,175
Multan.	Montgomery	2,869,040	27,512	896,863	1,944,665	891,588
	Lyallpur	1,980,422	1,302	401,580	1,577,540	1,881,962
	Jhang	2,114,982	51,527	405,330	1,658,125	726,007
	Multan	3,713,331	7,110	9,323	3,696,898	1,091,207
	Muzaffargarh	3,566,324	1,879	512,860	3,051,585	662,246
	Dera Ghazi Khan	3,463,395	579,817	101,312	2,782,266	784,103
	Total ...	56,026,878	2,080,534	8,001,936	45,944,358	26,306,593

No. IV.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1917.

Total Land Revenue and Population.					Land Revenue from land assessed on fully assessed area (column 6).	Incidence of Land Revenue on fully assessed area per acre.		Average percentage of remissions out of the demand during the quinquennium.	District.	Division.
Total land revenue from land of district (i. e., on area shown in column 3).			Population of district (i.e., of area shown in column 3).	Land Revenue per head of population (columns 10 and 11).		For total area (column 6).	For cultivated area only (column 7).			
Paid to Government.	Enjoyed by assignees.	Total.								
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
10,53,990	45,340	10,99,330	804,889	1 5 10	10,43,532	0 5 3	0 6 5	·26	Hissar ...	Ambala.
16,27,218	36,241	16,63,459	714,834	2 5 3	16,41,027	1 2 4	1 7 0	·18	Rohtak ...	
15,64,834	66,328	16,31,162	729,167	2 3 10	15,45,014	1 5 4	1 8 8	1·0	Gurgaon ...	
10,66,978	3,10,382	13,77,360	799,787	1 11 7	12,39,208	0 10 11	1 2 8	·04	Karnal ...	
7,31,690	4,37,793	11,69,483	669,970	1 11 1	10,95,256	1 0 7	1 9 4	·018	Ambala ...	
20,020	1,538	21,558	39,320	0 8 9	18,876	0 15 7	2 0 0	...	Simla ...	
8,22,489	2,29,326	10,51,815	770,366	1 5 10	9,83,788	1 4 0	1 14 1	·35	Kangra ...	Jullundur.
17,00,417	1,25,549	18,25,966	918,569	1 15 10	18,04,209	1 5 2	2 9 9	...	Hoshiarpur ...	
17,58,183	1,08,153	18,66,336	801,920	2 5 3	18,30,905	2 2 6	2 13 1	·003	Jullundur ...	
11,50,345	2,26,679	13,77,024	517,192	2 10 7	13,64,287	1 9 11	2 0 2	·01	Ludhiana ...	
13,55,004	2,65,801	16,20,805	959,657	1 11 0	14,62,987	0 9 10	0 11 6	...	Ferozepore ...	
12,35,287	1,30,946	13,66,183	1,088,860	1 5 0	13,14,732	0 14 2	1 2 3	·1	Lahore ...	Lahore.
13,42,377	2,24,211	15,66,588	880,768	1 12 6	15,51,289	1 9 3	2 2 0	·006	Amritsar ...	
17,51,664	1,11,669	18,63,333	836,771	2 3 8	18,60,465	1 9 6	2 5 0	·14	Gurdaspur ...	
17,51,194	79,871	18,31,065	979,553	1 13 11	18,07,801	1 7 1	2 0 8	·09	Sialkot ...	
29,64,234	2,61,884	32,26,118	923,419	3 7 11	28,55,210	2 0 3	2 2 3	·31	Gujranwala ...	
11,60,478	72,858	12,33,336	787,982	1 9 1	11,84,341	0 13 9	1 5 4	·9	Gujrat ...	Rawalpindi.
23,24,836	62,259	23,87,095	645,018	3 11 2	22,83,852	1 0 9	1 14 10	...	Shahpur ...	
7,37,254	38,204	7,75,458	511,575	1 8 3	7,51,668	0 7 11	1 1 7	1·2	Jhelum ...	
6,47,181	39,065	6,86,246	547,827	1 4 1	6,73,972	1 0 4	1 4 6	·008	Rawalpindi ...	
6,39,846	54,820	6,94,666	519,273	1 5 5	6,74,055	0 5 1	0 13 1	·4	Attock ...	
4,64,915	30,885	4,95,800	341,377	1 7 3	4,60,203	0 3 4	0 10 10	·27	Mianwali ...	
23,65,984	25,198	23,91,182	503,976	4 11 11	10,84,017	0 8 11	1 3 5	·72	Montgomery ...	Multan.
61,10,703	22,173	61,32,876	880,239	6 15 6	53,85,582	3 6 7	3 14 4	...	Lyallpur ...	
14,16,773	37,437	14,54,210	524,603	2 12 4	13,33,119	0 12 10	1 13 5	1·77	Jhang ...	
16,57,612	36,006	16,93,618	811,887	2 1 3	15,60,513	0 6 9	1 6 11	...	Multan ...	
9,53,968	18,551	9,72,519	569,461	1 11 4	9,16,641	0 4 10	1 6 2	...	Muzaffargarh...	
5,10,896	89,606	6,00,502	499,860	1 3 3	5,43,939	0 3 2	0 11 1	·02	Dera Ghazi Khan.	
4,08,86,320	31,88,773	4,40,75,093	19,548,140	2 4 1	4,02,69,988	0 14 0	1 8 6	...	Total.	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph

STATEMENT OF FIXED LAND REVENUE (INCLUDING SERVICE COMMUTATION),

(Collection up to the

Division.	District.	Demand.	Collections.	Percentage on demand of collections.	Collection during current year on account of previous years.	Total of columns 4 and 6.	Balance on 30th September.		
							Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	9,66,204	9,61,540	99·5	1,42,633	11,04,173	4,664	9,555	14,219
	Rohtak	16,01,887	15,95,914	99·6	3,04,634	19,00,548	5,978	1,07,182	1,13,160
	Gurgaon	15,05,719	15,02,488	99·8	2,54,663	17,57,151	3,231	2,44,179	2,47,410
	Karnal	10,43,172	10,41,606	99·8	32,660	10,74,266	1,566	20,033	21,599
	Ambala	7,09,996	7,09,203	99·9	2,426	7,11,629	793	1,348	2,141
	Simla	18,205	18,205	100·0	...	18,205	...	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra	7,86,670	7,71,492	98·1	...	7,71,492	15,178	...	15,178
	Hoshiarpur	16,51,213	16,49,392	99·9	904	16,50,296	1,821	...	1,821
	Jullundur	17,30,612	17,29,019	99·9	108	17,29,127	1,593	...	1,593
	Ludhiana	11,36,298	11,33,953	99·8	...	11,33,953	2,345	...	2,345
	Ferozepore	12,33,594	12,32,943	99·9	...	12,32,943	651	...	651
Lahore.	Lahore	10,60,091	10,55,543	99·5	26	10,55,569	4,548	8	4,556
	Amritsar	13,25,412	13,19,316	99·5	927	13,20,243	6,096	394	6,490
	Gurdaspur	17,24,615	17,14,560	99·4	60,068	17,74,628	10,055	23,768	33,823
	Sialkot	15,70,818	15,68,264	99·8	8,733	15,76,997	2,554	3,239	5,793
	Gujranwala	4,79,697	4,77,754	99·6	373	4,78,127	1,943	66	2,009
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	7,84,737	7,79,212	99·3	25,326	8,04,538	5,525	75,432	80 957
	Shahpur	4,76,271	4,65,478	97·3	70,222	5,35,700	10,793	24,911	35,704
	Jhelum	7,19,181	7,13,292	99·2	64,354	7,77,646	5,889	16,665	22,554
	Rawalpindi	6,34,907	6,33,149	99·7	9,092	6,42,241	1,758	955	2,713
	Attock	6,19,121	6,14,447	99·2	28,050	6,42,497	4,674	21,262	25,936
	Mianwali	46,639	46,366	99·3	...	46,366	323	...	323
Multan.	Montgomery	1,51,669	1,50,183	99·0	537	1,50,720	1,486	401	1,887
	Lyallpur	10,823	10,823	100·0	...	10,823	...	...	...
	Jhang	2,45,189	2,43,878	99·5	...	2,43,878	1,311	...	1,311
	Multan	2,98,791	2,92,671	97·6	28	2,92,699	6,120	125	6,245
	Muzaffargarh	3,57,866	3,57,413	99·8	340	3,57,753	453	...	453
	Dera Ghazi Khan	2,62,527	2,62,008	99·7	17,817	2,79,825	519	1,495	2,014
	Total ...	2,31,51,974	2,30,50,112	99·6	10,23,921	2,40,74,033	1,01,863	5,51,018	6,52,880

No. V.

2 of the text.)

DEMANDS, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1917.

30th September 1917.)

PARTICULAR OF BALANCES.								Arrears struck off by orders passed on annual balance statements during the year.	REMISSIONS ON ACCOUNT OF CALAMITY OF SEASON SANCTIONED DURING THE YEAR.		DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
RECOVERABLE.				UNDETERMINED.		IRRECOVERABLE.						
Under suspension.		*Not under suspension.*										
Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.		On account of year under report.	On account of former years.		
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
4,280	7,266	384	...	...	...	...	2,289	8	...	...	Hissar	AMBALA.
3,601	1,00,078	...	...	...	...	2,372	7,104	7,437	...	...	Rohtak	
2,608	2,39,538	387	...	...	...	286	4,641	29,312	...	...	Gurgaon	
419	20,033	...	...	...	...	1,147	...	1,639	...	...	Karnal	
523	1,341	...	...	...	...	270	7	503	...	...	Ambala	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Simla	
1,687	...	554	...	...	...	12,937	...	3,846	12,194	...	Kangra	JULLUNDUR.
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,621	...	5,160	...	...	Hoshiarpur	
...	...	5	...	...	...	1,588	...	462	60	...	Jullundur	
...	...	816	...	...	...	1,529	...	230	...	...	Ludhiana	
...	...	27	...	...	...	624	...	1,866	...	...	Ferozepore	
925	...	945	8	554	...	2,124	...	39,390	...	...	Lahore	LAHORE.
72	394	38	...	...	...	5,986	...	1,357	5,262	...	Amritsar	
7,469	23,316	350	171	83	...	2,153	281	9,086	...	...	Gurdaspur	
191	2,851	423	...	...	...	1,940	388	8,880	...	...	Sialkot	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,943	66	90,882	...	...	Gujranwala	
181	72,308	271	2,925	...	...	5,073	199	4,245	...	...	Gujrat	RAWALPINDI.
350	24,569	2,106	...	...	...	8,337	342	7,629	477	...	Shahpur	
4,150	16,415	2	...	...	...	1,787	250	9,486	150	...	Jhelum	
1,163	955	...	...	...	...	595	...	15	589	...	Rawalpindi	
3,183	21,200	...	...	...	...	1,491	62	3,350	801	...	Attock	
...	...	...	...	...	...	823	...	...	...	...	Mianwali	
84	222	271	...	...	...	1,131	179	1,762	...	...	Montgomery	MULTAN.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Lyallpur	
...	...	1,028	...	...	...	283	...	79	...	...	Jhang	
...	...	146	...	...	...	5,974	125	6,013	...	...	Multan	
...	...	453	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Muzaffargarh	
254	1,495	233	...	...	...	82	...	1,704	...	...	Dera Ghazi Khan	
31,140	5,31,981	8,489	3,104	637	...	61,646	15,933	2,34,891	19,533	...	TOTAL ...	

STATEMENT No. VI.

(*Vide* paragraph 2 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING FOR THE AGRICULTURAL YEAR ENDING RABI 1917, THE AMOUNT OF LAND REVENUE HELD UNDER SUSPENSION AT ITS COMMENCEMENT AND ITS CLOSE.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sums under suspension remitted during the year.	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Hissar.	Suspension more than three years old ...	28,281	...	28,281	22,998	2,289	2,994	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	1,19,643	...	1,19,643	1,15,871	...	4,272	
	1916-17	...	12,175	12,175	7,895	...	4,280	
	Total ...	1,47,924	12,175	1,60,099	1,46,264	2,289	11,546	
Rohtak.	Suspension more than three years old ...	51,694	...	51,694	27,027	7,104	17,563	
	1914-15	7,787	...	7,787	...	...	7,787	
	1915-16	3,52,335	...	3,52,335	2,77,607	...	74,728	
	1916-17	...	7,092	7,092	1,288	2,203	3,601	
	Total ...	4,11,816	7,092	4,18,908	3,05,922	9,307	1,03,679	
Gurgaon	Suspension more than three years old ...	1,14,020	...	1,14,020	79,994	4,629	29,397	
	1914-15	31,028	...	31,028	14,050	...	16,978	
	1915-16	3,53,794	...	3,53,794	1,60,619	12	1,93,163	
	1916-17	...	4,693	4,693	2,075	10	2,608	
	Total ...	4,98,842	4,693	5,03,535	2,56,738	4,651	2,42,146	
Karnal.	Supension more than three years old ...	23,321	...	23,321	17,544	...	5,777	
	1914-15	1,289	...	1,289	861	...	428	
	1915-16	28,083	...	28,083	14,255	...	13,828	
	1916-17	...	492	492	73	...	419	
	Total ...	52,693	492	53,185	32,733	...	20,452	
Ambala.	Suspension more than three years old ...	748	...	748	713	...	35	
	1914-15	188	...	188	...	...	188	
	1915-16	2,831	...	2,831	1,713	...	1,118	
	1916-17	...	816	816	293	...	523	
	Total ...	3,767	816	4,583	2,719	...	1,864	
Kangra.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1916-17	...	4,723	4,723	3,036	...	1,687	
	Total ...	...	4,723	4,723	3,036	...	1,687	
Hoshiarpur.	Supension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	416	...	416	416	...	...	
	1915-16	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1916-17	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	416	...	416	416	...	...	

STATEMENT No. VI—CONTINUED.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sums under suspension remitted during the year	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Lahore.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1916-17	...	1,068	1,068	143	...	925	
	Total ...	...	1,068	1,068	143	...	925	
Amritsar.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	291	...	291	284	...	7	
	1915-16	1,030	...	1,030	643	...	387	
	1916-17	...	72	72	...	...	72	
	Total ...	1,321	72	1,393	927	...	466	
Gurdaspur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	2,302	...	2,302	1,878	276	148	
	1914-15	27,999	...	27,999	22,009	...	5,990	
	1915-16	52,433	...	52,433	35,255	...	17,178	
	1916-17	...	7,592	7,592	123	...	7,469	
	Total ...	82,734	7,592	90,326	59,265	276	30,785	
Sialkot.	Suspension more than three years old ...	932	...	932	544	388	...	
	1914-15	558	...	558	367	...	191	
	1915-16	10,482	...	10,482	7,822	...	2,660	
	1916-17	...	4,722	4,722	4,376	155	191	
	Total ...	11,972	4,722	16,694	13,109	543	3,042	
Gujranwala.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	332	...	332	332	...	...	
	1915-16	26	...	26	26	...	...	
	1916-17	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	358	...	358	358	...	...	
Gujrat.	Suspension more than three years old ...	4,044	...	4,044	92		3,952	
	1914-15	1,640	...	1,640	132	...	1,508	
	1915-16	94,410	...	94,410	27,526	36	66,848	
	1916-17	...	646	646	90	375	181	
	Total ...	1,00,094	646	1,00,740	27,840	411	72,489	
Shahpur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	330	...	330	...	330	...	
	1914-15	791	...	791	350	...	441	
	1915-16	93,802	...	93,802	69,674	...	24,128	
	1916-17	...	350	350	...	...	350	
	Total ...	94,923	350	95,273	70,024	330	24,919	

STATEMENT No. VI—CONCLUDED.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sum under suspension remitted during the year.	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Jhelum.	Suspension more than three years old ...	9,737	...	9,737	5,908	250	3,579	
	1914-15	2,389	...	2,389	854	...	1,535	
	1915-16	68,064	...	68,064	56,763	...	11,301	
	1916-17		9,941	9,941	5,791	...	4,150	
	Total ...	80,190	9,941	90,131	69,316	250	20,565	
Rawalpindi.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	10,047	...	10,047	9,092	...	955	
	1916-17	...	1,163	1,163	...	...	1,163	
	Total ...	10,047	1,163	11,210	9,092	...	2,118	
Attock.	Suspension more than three years old ...	4,267	...	4,267	3,828	62	377	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	45,045	...	45,045	24,722	...	20,323	
	1916-17	...	3,875	3,875	692	...	3,183	
	Total ...	49,312	3,875	53,187	28,742	62	24,383	
Montgomery.	Suspension more than three years old ...	242	...	242	63	179	...	
	1914-15	20	...	20	...	...	20	
	1915-16	227	...	227	25	...	202	
	1916-17	...	84	84	...	...	84	
	Total ...	489	84	573	88	179	306	
Dera Ghazi Khan.	Suspension more than three years old ...	1,704	...	1,704	647	...	1,057	
	1914-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	17,608	...	17,608	17,170	...	438	
	1916-17	...	354	354	100	...	254	
	Total ...	19,312	354	19,666	17,917	...	1,749	
Grand Total.	Suspension more than three years old ...	2,41,622	...	2,41,622	1,60,736	15,507	65,379	
	1914-15	74,728	...	74,728	39,655	...	35,073	
	1915-16	12,49,860	...	12,49,860	8,18,383	48	4,31,529	
	1916-17	...	59,858	59,858	25,975	2,743	31,140	
	Total ...	15,66,210	59,858	16,26,068	10,44,649	18,298	5,63,121	

STATEMENT No. VII.

(*Vide* paragraph 2 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING ALTERATIONS IN THE FIXED LAND REVENUE DEMAND FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1916-17.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 2

STATEMENT SHOWING ALTERATIONS IN THE FIXED LAND

Division.	District.	Demand of the previous year.	Increase.									
			By lapses and resumption of revenue free lands.	By revision of assessment from regular settlements or otherwise.	By alluvion.	By land released from occupation by Government.	*By territorial transfer.* From districts of the Punjab.	*By territorial transfer.* From Foreign States or other Provinces.	By assessment of wastes, formation of new estates, new leases of wells, etc.	By progressive jamas.	Miscellaneous.	Total increase.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	9,62,626	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,197	544	3,821
	Rohtak	15,99,677	260	...	257	...	...	...	64	1,067	2,481	4,129
	Gurgaon	14,64,268	65	40,626	221	...	...	...	178	991	470	42,551
	Karnal	10,41,168	5	331	432	...	...	...	1,490	660	...	2,918
	Ambala	7,09,577	369	...	390	5	...	...	...	...	...	764
	Simla	15,993	...	2,212	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,212
Jullundur.	Kangra	7,64,820	212	21,940	801	...	...	...	...	...	48	23,001
	Hoshiarpur ...	16,52,163	381	135	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	516
	Jullundur ...	15,32,341	177	1,96,738	595	11	...	...	...	1,228	...	1,98,749
	Ludhiana	11,26,075	91	...	1,393	19	...	...	...	8,480	448	10,431
	Ferozepore ...	12,32,372	59	...	1,791	4	...	...	...	1,080	2,104	5,038
Lahore.	Lahore	9,27,407	7	1,65,840	7,804	...	...	...	673	431	...	1,74,755
	Amritsar	13,24,778	540	...	288	3	...	...	...	1,016	319	2,166
	Gurdaspur ...	17,21,291	897	...	2,547	...	...	...	...	1,845	110	5,399
	Sialkot	13,07,746	827	2,69,733	1,708	...	...	...	...	2,148	86	2,74,502
	Gujranwala ...	5,83,132	2,841	...	40	...	...	...	2,228	12	1,039	6,160
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	9,07,538	473	...	935	3	...	...	...	649	32	2,092
	Shahpur	4,18,446	...	64,626	721	...	...	...	...	931	22	66,300
	Jhelum	7,19,739	30	...	1,068	...	...	...	...	121	...	1,219
	Rawalpindi ...	6,34,899	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	...	93
	Attock	6,17,165	71	...	334	...	...	...	765	1,405	...	2,575
	Mianwali	46,684	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5
Multan.	Montgomery ...	1,50,883	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,578	403	...	1,981
	Lyallpur	10,775	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	48
	Jhang	2,44,188	...	...	2,967	...	...	...	273	...	50	3,290
	Multan	2,90,861	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,817	3,808	100	15,725
	Muzaffargarh ...	3,57,809	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	184	...	184
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	2,64,911	46	...	25	...	...	...	38	...	40	149
	Total ...	2,26,29,327	7,439	7,62,181	24,817	45	...	...	19,104	29,746	7,941	8,50,773

No. VII.

of the text.)

REVENUE DEMAND FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1916-17.

Decrease.										Demand of the year under report.	District.	Division.
By grant of land revenue free.	Deductions owing to settlement operations.	Other reductions owing to reduction of assessment, calamities of season, deterioration of estates, farms, etc.	By diluvion.	By land being occupied by Government.	By territorial transfer: To districts of the Punjab.	By territorial transfer: To Foreign States or other provinces.	By redemption of land revenue.	Miscellaneous.	Total decrease.			
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	242	243	9,66,204	Hissar	Ambala.
....	....	....	69	34	....	....	....	1,816	1,919	16,01,887	Rohtak	
....	....	381	137	35	....	....	....	542	1,095	15,95,719	Gurgaon	
....	452	27	332	113	....	....	....	....	914	10,43,172	Karnal	
....	....	....	261	52	....	....	....	32	345	7,09,096	Ambala	
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	18,205	Simla	
324	....	....	744	34	....	....	....	49	1,151	7,86,670	Kangra	Jullundur.
176	....	....	1,123	167	....	....	....	....	1,466	13,51,213	Hoshiarpur ...	
....	....	....	449	29	....	....	....	....	478	17,30,612	Jullundur	
....	....	....	122	2	....	....	....	84	208	11,36,298	Ludhiana	
....	....	6	277	17	....	....	129	3,387	3,816	12,33,594	Ferozepore ...	
7,767	30,817	186	2,451	81	....	....	....	769	42,071	10,60,091	Lahore	Lahore.
605	....	224	357	11	....	....		335	1,532	13,25,412	Amritsar	
....	....	45	1,747	3	....	....	....	280	2,075	17,24,615	Gurdaspur ...	
9,637	....	....	513	441	....	....	....	839	11,430	15,70,818	Sialkot	
....	....	1,08,586	1	708	....	....	....	....	1,09,595	4,79,697	Gujranwala ...	
....	1,22,760	....	2,037	....	....	....	....	96	1,24,893	7,84,737	Gujrat	Rawalpindi.
....	7,513	....	962	....	....	....	....	....	8,475	4,76,271	Shahpur	
600	....	34	1,132	7	....	....	....	4	1,777	7,19,181	Jhelum	
63	....	....	3	19	....	....	....	....	85	6,34,907	Rawalpindi ...	
261	....	100	256	2	....	....	....	....	619	6,19,121	Attock	
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	46,689	Mianwali	
....	....	365	30	2	....	....	....	798	1,195	1,51,669	Montgomery ...	Multan.
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	10,823	Lyallpur	
....	1,165	107	1,002	15	....	....	....	....	2,289	2,45,189	Jhang	
....	....	7,760	24	11	....	....	....	....	7,795	2,98,791	Multan	
....	....	....	106	19	....	....	....	2	127	3,57,866	Muzaffargarh ...	
....	....	....	2,506	2	....	....	....	25	2,533	2,62,527	D. G. Khan ...	
19,433	1,62,707	1,18,121	16,631	1,805	....	....	129	9,300	3,28,126	2,31,51,974	Total.	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraphs 4 & 5

STATEMENT OF COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING AND

FLUCTUATING SOURCES OF LAND REVENUE.

Division.	District.	Temporarily excluded from Fixed Land Revenue Roll.	Permanently excluded from Fixed Land Revenue Roll.										
				Fluctuating assessment of canal irrigated lands.				*Fluctuating assessment of other lands.*					
		Total.	Collection from estates held under direct management.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Deputy Commissioners.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Irrigation Department.	Water advantage rate assessed by Irrigation Department.	Total of columns 5, 6 and 7.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Deputy Commissioners.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Irrigation Department.	Revenue on building sites in colony towns.	Total of columns 9, 10 and 11.	Other items.	Total of columns 8, 12 and 13.	Total of columns 3 and 14.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar ...	44	...	...	...	...	...	63,793	..	...	63,793	...	63,793	63,837
	Rohtak ...	1,459	...	...	...	...	...	1,366	...	...	1,366	...	1,366	2,825
	Gurgaon ...	2,116	...	...	...	...	...	2,942	...	...	2,942	...	2,942	5,058
	Karnal ...	852	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	852
	Ambala ...	208	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	208
	Simla ...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	1,091	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,091
	Hoshiarpur	2,464	...	26,703	...	...	26,703	...	...	...	...	...	26,703	29,167
	Jullundur...	4,812	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,812
	Ludhiana ...	1,310	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,310
	Ferozepore	1,117	...	...	...	64,229	64,229	22,220	...	...	22,220	...	86,449	87,566
Lahore.	Lahore ...	18,039	...	8,019	1,156	44,387	53,562	15,519	...	...	15,519	...	69,081	87,120
	Amritsar ...	1,651	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,651
	Gurdaspur	4 123	...	...	...	...	...	5,019	...	...	5,019	...	5,019	9,142
	Sialkot ...	3,565	...	1,52,768	...	...	1,52,768	5,662	...	...	5,662	...	1,58,430	1,61,995
	Gujranwala	1,301	...	1,92,640	19,04,261	...	20,96,901	92,289	...	...	92,289	32	21,89,222	21,90,523
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	4,167	...	...	2,67,407	6,407	2,73,814	57,005	...	...	57,005	...	3,30,819	3,34,986
	Shahpur ...	2,934	...	...	16,55,547	43,719	16,99,266	35,494	...	...	35,494	11	17,34,771	17,37,705
	Jhelum ...	774	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	774
	Rawalpindi	456	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	456
	Attock ...	114	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	114
	Mianwali ...	58	...	...	...	...	...	3,82,296	...	...	3,82,296	...	3,82,296	3,82,354
Multan.	Montgomery	744	...	2,296	4,03,100	1,62,219	5,67,615	84,813	...	...	84,813	1,455	6,53,883	6,54,627
	Lyallpur ...	9,062	...	...	52,63,073	7,061	52,70,134	15,701	38,152	...	53,853	...	53,23,987	53,33,049
	Jhang ...	6,482	...	1,953	9,06,404	...	9,08,357	1,41,701	...	...	1,41,701	282	10,50,340	10,56,822
	Multan ...	4,776	...	6,27,609	1,70,363	...	7,97,972	2,16,162	...	...	2,16,162	...	10,14,134	10,18,910
	Muzaffargarh	19	...	1,60,673	...	7,003	1,67,676	3,72,582	...	...	3,72,582	139	5,40,397	5,40,416
	D. G. Khan	462	...	1,07,846	...	...	1,07,846	82,557	...	...	82,557	8,204	1,98,607	1,99,069
	Total ...	74,226	...	12,80,507	1,05,71,311	3,35,025	1,21,86,843	15,97,121	38,152	...	16,35,273	10,123	1,38,32,239	1,39,06,465

No. VIII.

of the text)

OTHER LAND REVENUE DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1917.

BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING LAND REVENUE			OTHER LAND REVENUE.								DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
Of the year under report.	Of previous year.	Total.	Sales of Government estates which include cultivated lands.	Sale proceeds of waste lands including nazrana.	Sale of town sites.	Recovery of cost of settlement from assignees.	Receipts from quarries and minor mineral products in lands not under the management of the Forest Department and receipts from mines.	Recoveries on account of acreage rate for canal survey and demarcations (land revenue shares).	Rents of lands leased for a single year or harvest.	Timi.		
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
5	...	5	...	...	...	..	4	...	9,608	2,673	Hissar ...	AMBALA.
74	2	76	...	...	...	...	6,882	...	733	1,382	Rohtak ...	
86	31	117	30,820	...	...	...	4,405	...	700	...	Gurgaon ...	
2,840	...	2,840	...	...	...	...	266	...	1,928	...	Karnal ...	
...	...	...	535	...	...	...	766	...	972	...	Ambala ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Simla ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,982	5	...	...	1,438	Kangra ...	JULLUNDUR.
...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	524	...	Hoshiarpur ...	
458	...	458	...	...	...	...	821	...	588	...	Jullundur ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	145	...	Ludhiana ...	
24	...	24	3,200	...	...	...	...	...	1,934	...	Ferozepore ...	
194	2,329	2,523	69,191	1,873	...	...	458	350	4,514	...	Lahore ...	LAHORE.
15	...	15	...	335	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amritsar ...	
112	241	353	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	Gurdaspur ...	
175	1,000	1,175	...	...	...	...	...	...	398	...	Sialkot ...	
364	496	860	83,089	1,34,476	...	11,465	6,349	...	3,998	...	Gujranwala ...	
4,206	...	4,206	...	6,452	...	...	...	...	471	31	Gujrat ...	RAWALPINDI.
4,201	4,199	8,400	...	56,654	...	...	...	269	1,632	...	Shahpur ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,311	...	16	1,104	Jhelum ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	Rawalpindi ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,021	Attock ...	
712	...	712	...	...	...	...	311	...	...	16,949	Mianwali ...	
855	...	855	...	16,77,379	...	...	5	...	2,12,485	27,425	Montgomery ...	MULTAN.
...	...	...	3,90,868	3,15,192	...	...	...	57	...	...	Lyallpur ...	
619	...	619	54 774	127	...	...	72	1	193	9,58	Jhang ...	
3,633	...	3,633	...	2,65,808	...	...	...	...	18,303	30,647	Multan ...	
720	...	720	7,084	...	...	...	...	...	33	24,122	Muzaffargarh ...	
105	...	105	...	2,338	...	...	...	...	10,450	5,824	D. G. Khan ...	
19,398	8,298	27,696	6,33,551	2,460,63	...	13,465	26,655	677	1,69,647	1,25,317	TOTAL	

STATEMENT VIII—CONCLUDED.

(*Vide* paragraphs 4 & 5 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING AND OTHER LAND REVENUE DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1917—CONCLUDED.

Division	District	OTHER LAND REVENUE—CONCLD.				BALANCES OF OTHER LAND REVENUE.			COLLECTIONS DURING CURRENT YEAR ON ACCOUNT OF PREVIOUS YEARS.		District	Division
		Haq-ul-tahsil.	Other items.	Taluana.	Total.	Of the year under report.	Of previous year.	Total.	On account of fluctuating land revenue.	On account of other land revenue.		
1	2	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	2	1
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Ambala.	Hissar ...	432	9,640	456	22,813	193	...	193	127	2,221	Hissar.	Ambala.
	Rohtak ...	29	9,615	516	19,157	2,481	22	2,503	38	2,447	Rohtak.	
	Gurgaon ...	144	16,531	540	53,140	157	183	340	773	1,141	Gurgaon.	
	Karnal ...	2,480	13,763	818	19,255	39	...	39	...	203	Karnal.	
	Ambala ...	4,333	12,029	714	19,349	702	...	702	14	9	Ambala.	
	Simla ...	...	1,607	47	1,654	...	...	...	...	...	Simla.	
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	427	29,112	88	33,052	176	6	182	...	518	Kangra.	Jullundur.
	Hoshiarpur ...	556	15,742	488	17,328	290	1	291	11	79	Hoshiarpur.	
	Jullundur ...	315	18,219	424	20,367	707	...	707	...	112	Jullundur.	
	Ludhiana ...	394	10,803	187	11,529	252	...	252	...	41	Ludhiana.	
	Ferozepore ...	4,446	20,542	1,130	31,252	679	...	679	...	171	Ferozepore.	
Lahore.	Lahore ...	702	9,156	495	86,739	113	6	119	492	263	Lahore.	Lahore.
	Amritsar ...	2,262	12,235	442	15,274	25	...	25	7	49	Amritsar.	
	Gurdaspur ...	808	12,835	862	14,527	2,091	272	2,363	461	424	Gurdaspur.	
	Sialkot ...	456	15,673	297	16,824	130	9	139	1,487	36	Sialkot.	
	Gujranwala ...	3,944	14,698	665	2,58,784	32,261	1,966	34,227	2,780	23,990	Gujranwala	
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	463	11,462	541	19,420	795	57	852	12	492	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
	Shahpur ...	133	40,080	264	99,032	3,334	28,027	31,361	20,957	2,106	Shahpur.	
	Jhelum ...	94	8,657	108	16,290	271	18	289	...	621	Jhelum.	
	Rawalpindi ...	204	10,117	76	10,517	4	...	4	...	11	Rawalpindi.	
	Attock ...	88	15,549	260	19,918	90	...	90	...	158	Attock.	
	Mianwali ...	58	14,093	478	31,889	2,161	...	2,161	...	47	Mianwali.	
Multan.	Montgomery ...	202	16,056	1,420	19,34,972	2,617	3,290	5,907	932	5,949	Montgomery	Multan.
	Lyallpur ...	...	35,936	464	7,42,507	202	...	202	...	164	Lyallpur.	
	Jhang ...	4	18,925	1,571	85,248	3,254	10	3,264	1	2,342	Jhang.	
	Multan ...	49	13,717	3,664	3,32,188	2,942	33	2,975	768	4,138	Multan.	
	Muzaffargarh ...	...	21,374	1,195	53,808	511	...	511	997	1,332	Muzaffargarh	
	D. G. Khan ...	430	26,152	1,000	46,194	2,054	...	2,054	...	2,805	D. G. Khan	
	TOTAL ...	23,453	4,54,318	19,210	40,32,927	58,531	33,900	92,431	29,357	51,369	TOTAL	

STATEMENT No. IX.

(*Vide* paragraph 3 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF ALLUVION, DILUVION AND DESTRUCTIVE INUNDATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1917.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph

STATEMENT OF ALLUVION, DILUVION AND DESTRUCTIVE

Division.	District.	Names of rivers or streams or marshes causing variations.	Alluvion.					
			Area newly assessed during the year (in acres).	Revenue assessed.	Area re-assessed at enhanced rates (in acres).	Additional revenue imposed on that area.	Total of columns 5 and 7.	Net increase (khalsa) collected as fluctuating revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Ambala.	Rohtak	Jumna	199	220	11	8	228	228
	Gurgaon	Do.	940	38	990	796	834	800
	Karnal	Jumna	10,997	3,031	1,583	658	3,689	3,240
		Streams	...	...	538	580	580	94
		Total ...	10,997	3,031	2,121	1,238	4,269	3,334
	Ambala	Sutlej	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jumna	..	...	...	...	...	...
		Streams	50	52	16	19	71	30
		Total ...	50	52	16	19	71	30
Jullundur.	Kangra	Beas	4	9	234	340	349	349
		Streams	56	98	4	7	105	99
		Total ...	60	107	238	347	454	448
	Hoshiarpur	Beas	839	856	282	392	1,248	618
		Sutlej	555	587	483	776	1,363	892
		Cho	930	1,024	89	59	1,083	582
		Total ...	2,324	2,467	854	1,227	3,694	2,085
	Jullundur	Sutlej	10,131	2,765	10,661	1,760	4,525	4,383
		Cho	7	17	...	...	17	17
		Total ...	10,138	2,782	10,861	1,760	4,542	4,400
	Ludhiana	Sutlej	1,106	334	1,341	1,362	1,696	1,303
	Ferozepore	Do.	2,602	1,476	2,342	1,689	3,165	846
Lahore.	Lahore	Ravi	1,138	1,107	7,788	5,613	6,720	5,478
		Sutlej	3,599	2,230	2,064	639	2,869	1,509
		Total ...	4,737	3,337	9,852	6,252	9,589	6,987
	Amritsar	Beas	400	473	28	13	486	89
		Ravi	587	593	225	187	780	492
		Total ...	987	1,066	253	200	1,266	581

No. IX.

3 of the text.)

INUNDATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1917.

Diluvion.						Net increase (*plus*) or decrease (*minus*) to be added to or deducted from fixed land revenue roll of 1917-18.	District.	Division.
Area removed from assessment (in acres).	Reduction of revenue.	Area re-assessed at reduced rates (in acres).	Reduction of assessment on area shown in last column.	Total of columns 11 and 13.	Net decrease (khalsa) remitted.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	2	1
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
120	117	12	24	141	141	+87	Rohtak.	Ambala.
928	341	276	196	537	505	+295	Gurgaon.	
8,805	302	687	441	743	327	+2,913	Karnal.	
...	...	414	338	338	39	+55		
8,805	302	1,101	779	1,081	366	+2,968		
37	92	...	...	92	...	...	Ambala.	
2	2	...	...	2	2	−2		
78	111	6	9	120	56	−26		
117	205	6	9	214	58	−28		
65	40	79	69	109	107	+242	Kangra.	Jullundur.
35	64	...	...	64	36	+63		
100	104	79	69	173	143	+305		
613	987	51	53	1,040	403	+208	Hoshiarpur.	
1,117	627	23	15	642	228	+664		
1,362	1,137	73	72	1,209	638	−56		
3,092	2,751	147	140	2,891	1,269	+816		
7,126	744	8,893	379	1,123	1,041	+3,342	Jullundur.	
...	...	9	10	10	10	+7		
7,126	744	8,902	389	1,133	1,051	+3,349		
1,151	998	26	30	1,028	675	+628	Ludhiana.	
1,076	709	2,186	1,595	2,304	496	+350	Ferozepore.	
1,546	1,149	410	229	1,378	277	+5,201	Lahore.	Lahore.
3,996	2,037	965	3 1	2,358	1,088	+421		
5,542	3,186	1,375	550	3,736	1,365	+5,622		
393	445	...	...	445	97	−8	Amritsar.	
509	607	3	3	610	285	+207		
902	1,052	3	3	1,055	382	+199		

STATEMENT

Division.	District.	Names of rivers or streams or marshes causing variations.	Alluvion. Area newly assessed during the year (in acres).	Revenue assessed.	Area re-assessed at enhanced rates (in acres).	Additional revenue imposed on that area.	Total of columns 5 and 7.	Net increase (khalsa) collected as fluctuating revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Lahore—*concluded.*	Gurdaspur	Ravi	897	1,656	311	374	2,030	1,523
		Beas	565	929	409	476	1,405	848
		Streams	695	1,192	151	158	1,350	837
		Total	2,157	3,777	871	1,031	4,785	3,208
	Sialkot	Chenab	891	473	1,009	554	1,027	1,018
		Ravi	432	407	484	414	821	820
		Streams	436	808	8	6	814	812
		Total	1,259	1,688	1,501	974	2,662	2,650
	Gujranwala	Chenab	123	74	290	251	325	325
		Ravi	1	2	2	2	4	4
		Total	124	76	292	253	329	329
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	Chenab	2,401	1,554	851	1,002	2,556	1,667
		Jhelum	1,150	1,129	231	183	1,312	660
		Streams	209	227	113	96	323	118
		Total	3,760	2,910	1,195	1,281	4,191	2,440
	Shahpur	Jhelum	3,683	2,398	1,574	2,640	5,033	1,727
		Streams	77	27	4	5	32	3
		Total	3,760	2,425	1,578	2,645	5,070	1,730
	Jhelum	Jhelum	1,364	885	1,128	668	1,553	664
		Streams	46	42	...	...	42	39
		Total	1,410	927	1,128	668	1,595	703
	Rawalpindi	Streams	2	3	...	...	3	...
	Attock	Do.	76	79	5	3	82	82
Multan.	Montgomery	Sutlej	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jhang	Chenab	814	771	133	103	874	621
		Jhelum	1,901	2,498	410	310	2,808	1,943
		Jhelum and Chenab Joint	2,132	2,135	549	404	2,539	1,615
		Total	4,937	5,404	1,122	817	6,221	4,179
	Multan	Sutlej	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dera Ghazi Khan	Indus	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Minor Streams	...	...	17	17	17	17
		Total	...	...	17	17	17	17
	Grand Total	Rivers	49,041	28,630	35,643	21,614	50,244	33,655
		Chos	937	1,041	89	59	1,100	599
		Minor Streams	1,647	2,528	856	891	3,419	2,126
		Total	51,625	32,199	36,588	22,564	54,763	36,380

No. IX—CONCLUDED.

Diluvion.						Net increase (*plus*) or decrease (*minus*) to be added to or deducted from fixed land revenue roll of 1917-18.	District.	Division.
Area removed from assessment (in acres).	Reduction of revenue.	Area re-assessed at reduced rates (in acres).	Reduction of assessment on area shown in last column.	Total of columns 11 and 13.	Net decrease (khalsa) remitted.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	2	1
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
518	1,136	88	84	1,220	771	+752	Gurdaspur.	Lahore—*concluded*.
400	583	...	...	583	189	+659		
805	1,590	7	12	1,602	1,058	—221		
1,718	3,309	45	96	3,405	2,018	+1,190		
371	298	39	7	305	298	+720	Sialkot.	
264	342	23	25	367	359	+461		
221	428	...	...	428	402	+410		
856	1,068	62	32	1,100	1,059	+1,591		
101	64	...	...	64	64	+231	Gujranwala.	
2	2	...	...	2	2	+2		
103	66	...	...	66	66	+263		
997	1,134	624	383	1,517	650	+1,017	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
919	1,209	22	7	1,216	576	+84		
301	364	115	99	463	190	—77		
2,217	2,707	761	489	3,196	1,416	+1,024		
5,662	4,861	...	...	4,861	1,349	+378	Shahpur.	
114	94	...	...	94	65	—62		
5,776	4,955	...	...	4,955	1,414	+316		
1,531	1,794	...	...	1,794	822	—158	Jhelum.	
173	167	...	...	167	163	—124		
1,704	1,961	...	...	1,961	985	—282		
3	6	...	...	6	3	—3	Rawalpindi.	
123	163	...	...	163	163	—81	Attock.	
613	226	...	...	226	226	—226	Montgomery.	Multan.
520	514	157	131	645	386	+235	Jhang.	
609	1,151	...	...	1,151	317	+1,626		
832	1,372	...	...	1,372	443	+1,172		
1,961	3,037	157	131	3,168	1,143	+3,033		
...	20	...	...	20	20	—20	Multan.	
600	277	...	...	277	255	—255		
30	9	...	...	9	9	+8	Dera Ghazi Khan.	
630	286	...	...	286	264	—247		
41,415	24,180	14,514	3,992	28,172	12,399	+21,256	Grand Total.	
1,362	1,137	82	82	1,219	648	—49		
1,883	2,996	542	458	3,454	2,184	—58		
44,663	28,313	15,133	4,532	32, 45	15,231	+21,149		

STATEMENT No. X.

(*Vide* paragraph 6 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF LAND REVENUE ASSIGNMENTS FOR THE AGRICULTURAL YEAR ENDING RABI 1917.

Division.	District.	Total land revenue assessable and assessed.	Total area and revenue assigned.					Percentage of column 8 on column 3.	Distribution of area and jama shown in columns 4 and 8.					
			Area.	Jama.					*In perpetuity.*		*For life or lives.*		*For term of settlement.*	
				Assigned for the maintenance of public servants.	Assigned for other public or *quasi*-public purposes.	Assigned for private benefit.	Total of columns 5, 6 and 7.		Area.	Jama.	Area.	Jama.	Area.	Jama.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	10,75,372	60,359	13,500	846	26,561	40,907	3·8	51,111	36,256	9,248	4,651	...	...
	Rohtak	16,40,761	10,392	23,606	1,768	10,867	36,241	2·2	7,561	32,469	2,812	3,695	19	77
	Gurgaon	16,02,641	26,874	23,509	8,010	24,320	55,839	3·5	26,754	54,402	58	1,302	62	135
	Karnal	13,53,554	484,158	15,460	2,322	2,91,180	3,28,962	24·3	482,213	3,27,138	1,334	841	611	983
	Ambala	11,47,403	545,469	6,930	15,629	4,72,770	4,95,329	43·2	540,565	4,89,933	2,294	2,404	2,620	2,992
	Simla	20,613	1,613	...	...	1,540	1,540	7·5	1,607	1,535	...	...	6	5
Jullundur.	Kangra	9,86,550	371,921	11,510	78,569	1,32,144	2,22,223	22·5	363,879	2,08,105	8,206	13,406	836	712
	Hoshiarpur	17,77,364	14,572	21,035	21,442	83,072	1,25,549	7·1	11,796	1,02,318	2,314	21,888	462	1,343
	Jullundur	18,63,212	53,190	19,017	56,764	22,523	97,704	5·2	47,114	88,180	2,216	2,136	3,860	7,388
	Ludhiana	13,63,281	168,916	15,455	15,188	2,19,822	2,50,465	18·4	166,067	2,41,526	698	4,971	2,151	3,968
	Ferozepore	15,04,501	535,471	23,560	17,997	2,63,103	3,04,660	20·2	529,130	2,99,103	4,929	3,965	1,412	1,592
Lahore.	Lahore	12,70,551	150,304	20,176	49,485	61,310	1,30,971	10·3	136,039	1,23,019	12,453	6,824	1,782	1,128
	Amritsar	15,18,454	123,336	20,752	35,885	1,60,833	2,17,470	14·04	115,847	1,91,800	2,458	15,896	5,031	9,774
	Gurdaspur	18,44,814	42,043	28,958	36,083	46,737	1,11,778	6·05	36,864	72,821	3,718	34,969	1,461	3,988
	Sialkot	17,49,786	35,424	33,064	23,793	22,712	79,569	4·5	30,960	73,562	4,464	6,007	...	...
	Gujranwala	29,33,401	306,184	22,500	28,637	2,04,673	2,55,810	8·7	296,719	2,23,439	9,230	31,772	235	599
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	11,87,371	62,005	20,268	40,223	12,985	73,476	6·2	55,180	63,060	5,983	9,063	902	1,353
	Shahpur	22,14,430	132,004	17,460	7,983	32,695	58,138	2·6	87,388	51,198	44,580	6,921	36	19
	Jhelum	7,56,628	15,680	13,947	3,777	20,500	38,224	5·05	14,896	32,381	765	5,813	19	30
	Rawalpindi	6,73,972	31,523	9,475	4,420	23,102	36,997	5·5	27,566	21,184	3,759	15,497	198	316
	Attock	6,73,860	360,183	12,421	4,469	31,582	48,473	7·2	343,282	30,837	16,885	17,520	16	115
	Mianwali	4,60,203	104,615	9,164	1,211	20,510	30,885	6·7	104,428	20,275	168	1,332	19	9,278
Multan.	Montgomery	10,93,222	56,937	5,474	5,333	14,416	25,223	2·3	49,920	15,957	7,010	3,789	7	5,477
	Lyallpur	51,33,539	3,327	17,270	1,187	3,716	22,173	·4	1,171	18,523	2,156	3,650	...	...
	Jhang	13,23,395	11,545	12,193	5,145	5,523	22,861	1·7	11,037	6,578	319	2,264	189	14,019
	Multan	18,67,384	26,461	15,200	10,320	12,952	38,472	2·6	22,800	16,301	3,575	6,861	86	15,310
	Muzaffargarh	9,17,430	4,718	13,695	1,376	3,480	18,551	2·02	4,340	18,107	28	151	350	293
	D. G. Khan	5,51,753	891,255	7,003	82,761	10,914	1,00,678	18·2	45,224	15,417	13,489	7,692	832,542	77,569
	Total ...	4,05,35,445	4,630,539	4,52,602	5,80,023	22,36,542	32,69,167	8·06	3,610,478	28,75,424	165,149	2,35,280	854,912	1,58,463

STATEMENT No. XI.

(*Vide* paragraph 7 of the text.)

COERCIVE PROCESSES FOR THE COLLECTION OF LAND REVENUE (*i*) AGAINST, (*ii*) FOR, LAMBARDARS.

District.		NUMBER OF PROCESSES.														Amount of arrears for the realization of which processes issued.	Amount of arrears actually realized through issue of processes.
		Writs, Section 68.	For arrest, Section 69 (2).		For imprisonment, Section 69 (3).		Moveable property.				For direct management, farm or transfer, Sections 71 and 72.		For attachment of immoveables, Sections 75 and 77.		Total number of processes.		
							For distress, Section 70.		For sale, Section 70.								
			Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
																Rs.	Rs.
Hissar	Against lambardars	32	58	4	...	...	35	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	125	41,100	39,245
	For lambardars ...	194	118	39	...	...	47	35	1	...	...	...	...	...	360	4,650	4,119
Rohtak	Against lambardars	14	33	11	...	...	2	6	3	1	...	...	...	...	52	17,974	17,792
	For lambardars ...	173	87	32	...	...	16	19	8	2	...	...	...	...	284	8,173	7,846
Gurgaon	Against lambardars	84	117	14	...	...	17	4	5	...	...		...	...	223	47,470	45,416
	For lambardars ...	145	54	2	...	...	24	5	3	2	...	...	...	...	226	5,133	4,696
Karnal	Against lambardars	68	115	...	..	...	2	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	185	25,916	23,239
	For lambardars ...	158	2	...	...	...	11	...	1	...	...	...	-	...	172	6,346	4,396
Ambala	Against lambardars	43	122	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	166	30,920	28,910
	For lambardars ...	198	23	...	...	...	39	12	7	1	...	...	...	...	267	2,776	2,718
Simla	Against lambardars	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For lambardars ...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	19	19
Kangra	Against lambardars	12	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	2,926	2,918
	For lambardars ...	24	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	253	154
Hoshiarpur	Against lambardars	24	27	...	...	...	5	5	5	2	...	...	...	...	61	13,562	13,562
	For lambardars ...	132	18	...	...	...	20	20	20	10	...	...	...	...	190	6,590	5,492
Jullundur	Against lambardars	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	699	699
	For lambardars ...	214	31	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	259	3,061	2,999
Ludhiana	Against lambardars	22	6	...	...	...	6	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	35	2,470	1,857
	For lambardars ...	55	14	5	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	1,390	691
Ferozepore	Against lambardars	263	78	46	...	...	3	2	..	...	...	...	...	...	344	30,127	27,012
	For lambardars ...	199	69	60	...	...	16	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	284	3,682	3,586
Lahore	Against lambardars	1	30	24	...	...	19	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	7,193	6,317
	For lambardars ...	113	60	48	...	...	37	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	210	14,110	13,514
Amritsar	Against lambardars	5	50	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	20,044	20,005
	For lambardars ...	15	7	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	673	621
Gurdaspur	Against lambardars	2	71	71	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	14,772	14,543
	For lambardars ...	202	104	104	...	...	54	54	...	...	...	...	1	1	361	6,123	5,553

STATEMENT No. XI—CONCLUDED.

District.		NUMBER OF PROCESSES.														Amount of arrears, for the realization of which processes issued.	Amount of arrears actually realized through issue of processes.
		Writs, Section 68.	For arrest, Section 69 (3).		For imprisonment, Section 69 (3).		Movable property				For direct management of farm, Sections 71 and 72.		For attachment of immovable, Sections 75 and 77.		Total number of processes.		
			For distress, Section 70.		For sale, Section 70.												
			Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
																Rs.	Rs.
Sialkot	Against lambardars	3	16	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	5,384	5,188
	For lambardars ...	31	3	...	...	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	1,455	1,455
Gujranwala	Against lambardars	53	98	86	...	...	29	23	1	1	...	...	...	...	181	80,212	72,733
	For lambardars ...	209	101	80	...	...	166	136	1	1	...	...	...	...	477	29,824	22,596
Gujrat	Against lambardars	38	49	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	89	25,316	6,489
	For lambardars ...	149	19	1	...	...	14	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	182	3,468	2,159
Shahpur	Against lambardars	25	42	13	...	...	9	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	14,586	9,463
	For lambardars ...	106	44	7	...	...	31	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	183	10,634	10,457
Jhelum	Against lambardars	25	9	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	3,556	3,556
	For lambardars ...	25	6	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	617	475
Rawalpindi	Against lambardars	10	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	1,483	1,483
	For lambardars ...	26	7	7	...	...	9	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	59	59
Attock	Against lambardars	97	24	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	126	22,019	21,894
	For lambardars ...	115	13	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	140	2,922	2,537
Mianwali	Against lambardars	16	79	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	97	25,415	25,415
	For lambardars ...	185	221	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	408	2,140	2,080
Montgomery	Against lambardars	228	47	3	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	291	24,952	24,364
	For lambardars ...	279	80	3	...	...	17	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	376	5,187	4,551
Lyallpur	Against lambardars	35	20	17	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	58	31,461	31,289
	For lambardars ...	195	43	6	...	...	31	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	269	21,536	16,604
Jhang	Against lambardars	160	137	101	...	...	36	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	333	64,802	61,197
	For lambardars ...	829	292	188	...	...	109	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,230	38,002	36,403
Multan	Against lambardars	22	85	80	...	...	8	5	1	1	...	...	...	...	116	10,340	10,325
	For lambardars ...	1,701	458	409	...	...	68	38	2	2	...	...	...	...	2,229	45,795	41,856
Muzaffargarh	Against lambardars	65	88	45	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	158	9,280	8,400
	For lambardars ...	170	77	43	...	...	10	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	257	2,475	2,232
D. G. Khan	Against lambardars	90	85	85	...	...	16	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	191	44,423	42,743
	For lambardars ...	475	107	107	...	...	14	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	596	5,347	5,237
Total	Against lambardars	1,442	1,495	611	...	...	230	144	16	5	...	...	...	...	3,183	6,18,352	5,65,554
	For lambardars ...	6,829	2,059	1,141	...	...	813	501	45	18	...	...	1	1	9,247	2,32,440	2,05,105
	Total ...	7,771	3,554	1,752	...	...	1,043	645	61	23	...	...	1	1	12,430	8,50,792	7,70,659

STATEMENT No. XII.

(*Vide* paragraph 9 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN RE-MEASUREMENT AND ATTESTATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1917.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7
Detail.		Ambala.	Simla.	Kangra.	Jullundur.	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Total.
Total number of villages under settlement ...		1,799	227	8,027	1,315	457	6,825
Total area under settlement, acres		1,198,684	38,231	888,036	858,268	1,613,089	4,596,308
Area re-measured	In previous years, acres ...	456,425	37,641	387,720	858,268	...	1,740,054
	During the year, acres ...	740,410	590	239,748	...	1,382,562	2,363,310
	Total to date, acres ...	1,196,835	38,231	627,468	858,268	1,382,562	4,103,364
Villages of which the maps have been completed.	In previous years, No. ...	781	192	1,716	1,315	...	4,004
	During the year, No. ...	983	35	716	...	252	1,986
	Total to date, No. ...	1,764	227	2,432	1,315	252	5,990
Villages of which the records have been completed and finally attested.	In previous years, No. ...	470	189	1,623	1,315	...	3,597
	During the year, No. ...	730	38	622	...	194	1,584
	Total to date, No. ...	1,200	227	2,245	1,315	194	5,181

STATEMENT No. XIII.

(*Vide* paragraphs 9 and 11 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN RE-ASSESSMENT DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1917.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7
Details.		Ambala.	Simla.	Kangra.	Jullundur.	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Total.
Area under assessment.	Total area ... ... Acres.	1,198,684	15,419	888,036	858,268	1,613,089	4,573,496
	Area of which assessments have been sanctioned in previous years ... „	...	7,624	277,122	858,268	...	1,143,014
	Area of which assessments have been sanctioned during the year ... „	...	7,795	...	...	...	7,795
	Area still to be assessed... „	1,198,684	...	610,914	...	1,613,089	3,422,687
Assessment sanctioned during the year.	Previous assessment ... Rs.	...	12,288	...	14,77,734	...	14,89,987
	New assessment as sanctioned ... „	...	13,912	...	...	...	13,912
	Total increase of assessment ... „	...	1,679	...	...	...	1,679
	Increase ...Per cent.	...	14	...	...	...	14
Villages of which the assessment has been announced.	During the year—						
	Number of villages ... No.	...	132	...	...	...	132
	Total area ... Acres.	...	7,795	...	...	...	7,795
	Total new assessment ... Rs.	...	13,912	...	...	...	13,912
	Total to date—						
	Number of villages ... No.	...	226	1,151	1,315	...	2,692
	Total area ... Acres.	...	15,419	277,122	858,268	...	1,150,809
	Total new assessment ... Rs.	...	20,587	1,99,639	19,65,836	...	21,86,062
Assessment Reports.	Total due ... No.	5	4	8	4	4	20
	Previously submitted by Settlement Officer ... „	...	3	2	4	...	9
	Submitted by Settlement Officer during the year „	2	1	1	...	...	4
	Sanctioned by Government ... „	...	3	2	4	...	9
	Still due to Government „	3	...	...	...	4	7
Result of re-assessment operations.	Increase of assessment as announced to date ... Rs.	...	3,077	27,901	4,88,102	...	5,19,080
	Percentage of increase ... „	...	17	16	33	...	31
	Increase of assessment for the whole area under settlement—						
	As now estimated ... Rs.	...	3,077	63,647	4,88,102	...	5,54,826
	As estimated in the forecast report ... „	3,47,431	5,031	30,074	4,88,000	1,29,000	9,99,536

STATEMENT No. XIV.

(*Vide* paragraph 11 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING DURATION AND COST OF SETTLEMENT OPERATIONS.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7
Detail.		Ambala.	Simla.	Kangra.	Jullundur.	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Total.
Date on which settlement operations commenced		October 1915 ...	October 1914 ...	December 1913 ...	October 1913 ...	October 1916 ...	...
Probable or actual date of completion of—	Measurements	December 1917 ...	March 1917 ...	August 1918 ...	March 1916 ...	September 1919	...
	Revision of records	March 1918 ...	March 1917 ...	October 1918 ...	September 1916 ...	March 1920 ...	...
	Re-assessment	September 1919 ...	April 1917 ...	October 1918 ...	September 1916 ...	March 1920 ...	...
	Settlement operations	March 1920 ...	June 1917 ...	December 1918 ...	March 1917 ...	September 1920 ...	...
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total cost of settlement operations, deducting expenditure on ordinary district staff.	During the year	1,28,268	8,084	1,14,280	28,933	78,160	3,57,725
	Total to date	1,64,777	24,017	3,79,713	6,25,709	78,160	11,72,376
	Now estimated for whole operations of settlement ...	5,11,269	26,711	4,62,805	5,25,709	4,19,755	19,46,249
	As estimated in the forecast report	5,11,269	26,166	3,48,294	4,31,743	4,19,755	17,37,227

STATEMENT No. XV.

(*Vide* paragraph 18 of the text.)

ENHANCEMENT OR REDUCTION OF CASH RENTS OF TENANTS WITH A RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1917.

1	2	3	4	5	6
		Number of decided suits under section 24 of Punjab Tenancy Act, 1887.			
Division.	District.	In which enhancement of rent was asked for.	In which enhancement of rent was granted.	In which reduction of rent was asked for.	In which reduction of rent was granted.
Ambala.	Hissar	32	27	...	...
	Rohtak	23	11	...	...
	Gurgaon	37	11	...	...
	Ambala	18	11	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra	8	8	...	...
	Hoshiarpur	161	139	...	...
	Jullundur	84	80	4	...
	Ludhiana	3	...	...	...
	Ferozepore	31	27	...	...
Lahore.	Lahore	14	14	5	5
	Amritsar	21	5	...	...
	Gurdaspur	177	147	...	...
	Sialkot	34	34	...	...
	Gujranwala	10	1	2	...
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	730	728	...	...
	Jhelum	7	4	...	...
	Rawalpindi	12	7	...	...
	Attock	18	13	1	...
	Mianwali	...	...	1	...
Multan.	Muzaffargarh	1	...	...	...
	Total	1,421	1,267	13	5

STATEMENT No. XVI.

(*Vide* Paragraph 19 of the text).

STATEMENT SHOWING EJECTMENT PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE TENANCY ACT DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1917.

Division.	District.	Tenants with right of occupancy.					Tenants without right of occupancy.					
		Number of decrees for ejectment under section 39.	Number of applications under sections 43 and 42 (a).	Number of notices served under section 44 (1).	Number of ejectments ordered under section 44 (2).	*Ejectments actually made under order or process of a Revenue Court or Officer.* — Number of cases.	*Number of decrees for ejectment.* — Under sections 40 and 45 (6).	Number of applications under sections 43 and 42 (b).	Number of notices issued under section 45 (4).	Number of ejectments ordered under section 45 (5).	*Ejectments actually made under order or process of a Revenue Court or Officer.* — Number of cases.	Number of suits to contest liability to ejectment decided in tenants' favour.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Ambala.	Hissar ...	...	10	13	2	2	290	2,088	4,512	1,312	1,199	31
	Rohtak ...	...	...	...	...	...	89	1,273	2,530	743	726	36
	Gurgaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	104	653	1,494	458	367	37
	Karnal ...	...	...	...	...	...	19	466	782	287	244	19
	Ambala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	481	1,066	256	205	46
	Simla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	19	7	1	3
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	...	2	...	1	...	56	238	522	191	146	30
	Hoshiarpur ...	65	3	3	...	65	...	108	1,536	654	60	62
	Jullundur ...	2	11	14	1	6	44	926	1,459	424	44	162
	Ludhiana ...	...	...	...	...	...	23	199	346	65	52	15
	Ferozepore ...	1	...	...	...	...	245	1,166	2,745	552	1,117	110
Lahore.	Lahore ...	7	...	...	...	7	71	681	2,196	266	280	41
	Amritsar ...	1	2	...	...	2	102	681	2,222	423	361	62
	Gurdaspur ...	...	5	5	...	3	161	791	1,626	473	100	47
	Sialkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	61	730	1,631	297	291	64
	Gujranwala ...	...	...	...	...	...	78	571	1,079	238	256	17
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	...	...	...	...	...	162	398	997	398	170	10
	Shahpur ...	35	6	...	5	40	174	18	211	120	42	6
	Jhelum ...	1	7	23	1	...	19	172	212	78	89	31
	Rawalpindi ...	...	...	...	...	...	52	201	187	89	57	7
	Attock ...	4	6	...	...	2	61	100	201	63	41	7
	Mianwali ...	...	...	...	...	...	174	189	872	228	222	10
Multan.	Montgomery ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	71	9	9	1
	Lyallpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	8	80	115	45	6	4
	Jhang ...	...	2	...	...	1	...	29	56	7	...	8
	Multan ...	...	2	...	...	2	24	399	1,121	159	155	...
	Muzaffargarh ...	4	...	...	...	1	20	505	766	295	301	11
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	212	789	140	51	...
	Total ...	120	56	58	10	131	2,037	13,148	31,363	8,227	6,592	877

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 24

STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENTS, COLLECTIONS AND OUTSTANDINGS

Division.	District.	State of Loans account Principal.					Recovery of Principal.					
		Balance outstanding on 1st October = column 6 of last year's statement.	Amount advanced during the year.	Amount collected or written off during the year = columns 11 + 12.	Balance outstanding at the close of year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount falling due during the year out of columns 3 and 4, principal only.	Demand on account of arrears of principal, column 1.	Total demand, principal only.	Total collections, principal only.	Amount of principal written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Arrears of principal overdue on September 30th.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar ...	15,711	200	2,072	13,839	44	2,115	...	2,115	2,071	...	44
	Rohtak ...	12,035	1,700	1,851	11,934	...	1,842	9	1,851	1,851	...	...
	Gurgaon ...	1,35,498	24,110	16,440	1,43,158	...	15,923	517	16,440	16,440	...	...
	Karnal ...	10,140	1,525	2,155	9,510	...	2,155	...	2,155	2,155	...	...
	Ambala ...	3,741	...	684	3,057	...	684	...	684	684	...	...
Jullundur.	Hoshiarpur ...	730	400	134	946	...	184	...	184	184	...	...
	Jullundur ...	82,038	14,400	11,333	85,105	...	11,333	...	11,333	11,333	...	...
	Ludhiana ...	9,552	...	1,764	7,788	...	1,764	...	1,764	1,764	...	...
	Ferozepore ...	2,30,606	...	28,133	2,02,473	...	28,171	...	28,171	28,133	...	38
Lahore.	Lahore ...	12,254	5,420	4,869	12,805	...	4,947	54	5,001	4,869	...	132
	Amritsar ...	23,630	2,600	3,881	22,349	...	3,881	...	3,881	3,881	...	...
	Gurdaspur ...	41,502	570	8,105	33,967	...	7,700	585	8,285	8,105	...	180
	Sialkot ...	73,343	16,550	11,703	78,190	...	11,750	24	11,774	11,702	...	72
	Gujranwala ...	25,385	1,300	7,383	19,302	...	5,642	1,799	7,441	7,383	...	58
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	30,250	1,800	4,195	27,855	...	4,153	116	4,269	4,195	...	74
	Shahpur ...	13,837	6,610	2,159	18,288	...	2,310	115	2,425	2,159	...	266
	Jhelum ...	28,103	2,330	3,130	27,303	...	3,102	57	3,159	3,130	...	29
	Rawalpindi ...	27,120	150	5,763	21,507	...	5,931	162	6,093	5,599	164	330
	Attock ...	1,14,127	3,850	30,150	87,827	...	29,369	1,503	30,872	30,150	...	722
	Mianwali ...	48,097	28,950	5,192	71,855	...	5,653	7	5,660	5,192	...	468
Multan.	Montgomery ...	72,178	3,690	10,760	65,108	...	10,989	77	11,066	10,760	...	306
	Lyallpur ...	1,006	...	210	796	...	210	...	210	210	...	...
	Jhang ...	1,717	500	611	1,606	...	611	...	611	611	...	...
	Multan ...	2,95,714	19,350	50,279	2,64,785	...	48,686	9,045	57,731	50,279	...	7,452
	Muzaffargarh ...	99,667	6,550	20,859	85,358	...	21,058	78	21,136	20,859	...	277
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	16,642	750	3,404	13,988	...	3,117	287	3,404	3,404	...	...
	Total ...	14,24,663	1,43,305	2,37,269	13,30,699	44	2,33,280	14,435	2,47,715	2,37,103	164	10,448

No. XVII.

of the text.)

ON ACCOUNT OF THE LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT (XIX OF 1883).

Recovery of interest.									
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Total collections, interest only.	Amount of interest written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at end of the year.	Rate of interest recovered on mean of loans outstanding at commencement and close of year, *i.e.*, columns 17 × 100 ÷ column 3 + column 6.	District.	Division.
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.		
...	817	817	745	...	...	72	5 0 8	Hissar	Ambala.
3	530	533	533	...	...	...	4 7 0	Rohtak	
358	8,212	8,570	8,520	...	50	...	6 1 10	Gurgaon	
...	645	645	645	...	...	...	6 9 0	Karnal	
...	294	294	294	...	...	...	8 10 5	Ambala	
...	33	33	33	...	...	...	3 15 0	Hoshiarpur	Jullundur.
...	4,549	4,549	4,549	...	...	...	5 7 1	Jullundur	
...	527	527	527	...	...	...	6 1 3	Ludhiana	
...	14,951	14,951	14,833	...	...	118	6 13 7	Ferozepore	
10	649	649	610	...	...	49	4 13 11	Lahore	Lahore.
...	1,294	1,294	1,294	...	...	...	5 10 1	Amritsar	
170	2,698	2,868	2,829	...	...	39	7 8 0	Gurdaspur	
8	4,469	4,477	4,422	...	...	55	5 13 5	Sialkot	
477	1,377	1,854	1,822	...	...	32	8 2 6	Gujranwala	
36	2,351	2,387	2,334	...	...	53	8 0 0	Gujrat	Rawalpindi.
56	697	753	645	...	...	108	4 0 0	Shahpur	
45	1,470	1,515	1,486	...	...	29	5 5 10	Jhelum	
38	1,891	1,929	1,854	6	...	69	7 10 0	Rawalpindi	
285	7,934	8,219	8,080	...	...	139	8 0 0	Attock	
...	1,569	1,569	1,426	...	...	143	2 6 0	Mianwali	
144	4,405	4,549	4,346	...	...	203	6 5 2	Montgomery	Multan.
...	61	61	61	...	...	...	6 12 4	Lyallpur	
...	102	102	102	...	...	...	6 2 2	Jhang	
3,568	19,602	23,170	19,466	...	...	3,704	6 15 2	Multan	
418	6,591	7,009	6,945	...	...	64	7 8 1	Muzaffargarh	
47	1,272	1,319	1,319	...	...	...	8 9 10	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	
5,663	88,990	94,650	89,720	6	50	4,877	6 8 2	Total ...	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 25

STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENT, COLLECTION AND OUTSTANDING

Division.	District.	State of loans account, principal.					Recovery of principal.			
		Balance outstanding on 1st October (column 6 of last year's statement).	Amount advanced during the year.	Amount collected or written off during the year (columns 11 and 12).	Balance outstanding at close of year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount falling due during the year out of columns 3 and 4, principal only.	Demand on account of arrears of principal (column 13 of last year's statement).	Total demand, principal, only.	Total collections, principal only.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	1,37,137	9,030	1,25,593	20,574	1,683	1,25,342	2,851	1,28,193	1,25,593
	Rohtak	1,39,821	30	1,14,929	24,922	1,011	1,11,429	5,473	1,16,902	1,14,929
	Gurgaon	92,623	12,000	62,984	41,639	...	58,404	4,592	62,996	62,984
	Karnal	14,457	700	5,577	9,580	...	5,566	17	5,583	5,577
	Ambala	1,062	100	503	659	...	503	...	503	503
Jullundur.	Hoshiarpur ...	402	...	402	...	...	345	57	402	402
	Ludhiana ...	1,195	275	765	705	...	765	...	765	765
Lahore.	Lahore	17,271	3,440	9,845	10,866	...	10,774	70	10,844	9,845
	Amritsar	19,027	880	12,626	7,281	...	12,729	100	12,829	12,626
	Gurdaspur ...	39,339	...	14,183	25,156	...	13,182	2,957	16,139	14,183
	Sialkot	2,532	...	1,948	584	...	1,936	12	1,948	1,948
	Gujranwala ...	8,393	1,200	6,241	3,352	...	2,582	4,337	6,919	6,241
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	25,061	3,240	24,518	3,783	...	5,043	21,968	27,011	24,518
	Shahpur	13,192	5,465	14,815	3,842	...	17,427	144	17,571	14,815
	Jhelum	21,443	6,919	18,621	9,741	...	6,939	13,266	20,205	18,621
	Rawalpindi ...	872	...	724	148	...	725	13	738	724
	Attock	36,049	13,720	33,413	16,356	...	33,526	23	33,549	33,413
	Mianwali ...	83,764	22,955	41,409	65,310	...	44,464	66	44,530	41,409
Multan.	Montgomery ...	70,197	24,835	39,395	55,637	...	40,657	1,523	42,180	39,395
	Jhang	2,592	200	1,442	1,350	...	1,442	...	1,442	1,442
	Multan	6,441	2,100	4,186	4,355	...	3,253	1,715	4,968	4,186
	Muzaffargarh ...	37,397	20,505	36,107	21,795	...	26,854	10,108	36,962	36,107
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	59,654	21,705	38,929	42,430	...	19,005	21,412	40,417	38,929
	Total ...	8,29,921	1,49,299	6,09,155	3,70,065	2,694	5,42,892	90,704	6,33,596	6,09,155

No. XVIII.

of the text.)

ON ACCOUNT OF THE AGRICULTURISTS' LOANS ACT, XII OF 1884.

Recovery of Interest.										District.	Division.
Amount of principal written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Arrears of principal over due on September 30th.	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Total collections, interest only.	Amount of interest written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at end of the year.	Rate of interest recovered on mean of loans outstanding at commencement and close of year, i.e., columns 17 × 100 + column 3 + column 6 / 2		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.		
...	2,600	131	4,458	4,589	4,477	...	82	30	5 10 10	Hissar	Ambala.
...	1,973	295	4,317	4,612	4,464	...	33	115	5 6 9	Rohtak	
...	12	825	3,932	4,757	4,146	...	610	1	6 2 9	Gurgaon	
...	6	1	514	515	515	...	...	...	4 4 6	Karnal	
...	...	...	36	36	36	...	...	...	4 2 11	Ambala	
...	...	4	21	25	21	...	4	...	5 3 7	Hoshiarpur	Jullundur.
...	...	...	69	69	69	...	...	...	7 4 3	Ludhiana	
...	999	5	766	771	705	...	...	66	5 0 2	Lahore	Lahore.
...	203	9	976	985	972	...	...	13	7 6 3	Amritsar	
...	1,956	535	1,697	2,232	1,936	...	...	296	6 0 0	Gurdaspur	
...	...	...	174	174	174	...	...	...	11 2 8	Sialkot	
...	678	217	206	423	378	...	...	45	6 7 0	Gujranwala	
...	2,493	716	612	1,328	1,325	...	...	3	9 3 1	Gujrat	Rawalpindi.
...	2,756	7	595	602	519	...	...	83	6 1 8	Shahpur	
...	1,584	407	896	1,303	1,263	...	...	40	8 1 7	Jhelum	
...	14	3	31	34	33	...	...	1	6 7 6	Rawalpindi ...	
...	136	...	1,655	1,655	1,654	...	...	1	6 5 0	Attock	
...	3,121	4	3,818	3,822	3,533	...	...	289	4 11 10	Mianwali	
...	2,785	302	3,523	3,825	3,509	...	...	316	5 9 3	Montgomery ...	Multan.
...	...	...	132	132	132	...	...	...	6 11 2	Jhang	
...	782	138	323	461	431	...	...	30	7 15 9	Multan	
...	855	416	1,685	2,101	2,072	...	...	29	7 0 0	Muzaffargarh ...	
...	1,488	1,260	1,518	2,778	2,686	...	22	70	5 4 2	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	
...	24,441	5,275	31,954	37,229	35,050	...	751	1,428	5 13 6	Total.	

STATEMENT No. XIX.

(*Vide* paragraph 24 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF REMISSION ORDERS AND CERTIFICATES OF EXEMPTION GRANTED FOR IRRIGATION WORKS FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1917.

Division.	District.	Number of wells fallen out of use for which remissions have been granted during the year.	Number of certificates granted during the year.	Number of Irrigation Works constructed during the year.						Remarks.
				New wells.		*Old wells repaired.*		*Dams, reservoirs and cuts from rivers and marshes.*		
				At private expense.	From takavi advances.	At private expense.	From takavi advances.	At private expense.	From takavi advances.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Ambala.	Rohtak	78	24	54	6	19	...	...	...	
	Gurgaon	5	2	47	27	21	3	...	...	
	Karnal	3	1	55	1	34	3	...	...	
	Ambala	...	...	15	1	11	...	...	...	
Jullundur.	Hoshiarpur	...	...	127	1	239	...	...	...	
	Jullundur	1	1,273	432	33	5	1	...	...	
	Ludhiana	...	...	243	...	41	...	...	...	
	Ferozepore	1	8	323	16	20	3	...	...	
Lahore.	Lahore	...	...	82	2	68	...	...	...	
	Amritsar	9	1	68	17	30	...	...	...	
	Gurdaspur	...	...	53	1	65	...	...	...	
	Sialkot	...	10	304	54	52	1	...	...	
	Gujranwala	62	77	176	3	5	...	...	...	
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	1	1	222	5	...	...	...	...	
	Shahpur	...	4	164	7	8	...	...	...	
	Jhelum	...	...	58	4	17	...	...	...	
	Rawalpindi	...	...	29	8	...	1	...	15	
	Attock	1	1	103	11	2	...	10	3	
	Mianwali	...	36	52	47	9	16	...	...	
Multan.	Montgomery	53	110	122	10	5	3	...	...	
	Lyallpur	...	16	15	...	1	...	...	...	
	Jhang	...	179	155	...	24	...	...	...	
	Multan	485	541	489	24	28	...	...	...	
	Muzaffargarh	...	165	212	16	22	1	...	...	
	Dera Ghazi Khan	...	...	85	...	30	...	24	...	
	Total	699	2,449	3,735	289	756	32	34	18	

STATEMENT No. XX.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 & 25 of the text.)

ACCOUNT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT WITH AGRICULTURIST BORROWERS.

—	—	Land Improvement Loans Act, XIX of 1883.	Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884.	Total both Acts.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
PRINCIPAL	Outstanding at the commencement of the year	14,24,663	8,29,921	22,54,584
	Advanced during the year	1,43,205	1,49,299	2,92,604
	Total advanced	15,67,968	9,79,220	25,47,188
	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears).	2,47,715	6,33,596	8,81,317
	Remitted during the year	164	...	164
	Collected during the year	2,37,103	6,09,155	8,46,258
	Total remitted and collected	2,37,267	6,09,155	8,46,422
	Balance outstanding at the end of the year	13,30,701	3,70,065	17,00,766
	Amount suspended by competent authority	44	2,694	2,738
	Amount overdue	10,448	24,441	34,889
INTEREST	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at the commencement of the year.	5,663	5,275	10,938
	Interest falling due within the year	88,990	31,954	1,20,944
	Total interest for collection within the year	94,653	37,229	1,31,882
	Remitted during the year	6	...	6
	Collected during the year	89,720	35,050	1,24,770
	Total remitted and collected	89,726	35,050	1,24,776
	Suspended by competent authority	50	751	801
	Arrears of interest overdue at end of the year.	4,877	1,428	6,305
TOTAL PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST.	Remitted during the year	170	...	170
	Collected during the year	3,26,823	6,44,205	9,71,023
	Under suspension at the end of the year	94	3,445	3,539
	Overdue at the end of the year	15,325	25,869	41,194

STATEMENT No. XXI.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 & 25 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF LOANS MADE UNDER THE LAND IMPROVEMENT AND AGRICULTURISTS' LOANS ACTS FOR THE YEAR 1916-17.

Account of Local Government with Government of India.

Heads.	Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year.	Mean outstanding	Interest payable for the year by Local Government to Government of India at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Improvement Act, XIX of 1883	14,28,218	13,34,578	13,81,398	50,330
Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884	8,50,215	3,66,907	6,08,561	23,931
Total	22,78,433	17,01,485	19,89,959	74,367

STATEMENT No. XXII.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 & 25 of the text.)

PROVINCIAL RESULT OF LOAN OPERATION TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR 1916-17.

Particulars.	Land Improvement Act, XIX of 1883.	Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884.	Total both Acts.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Interest payable for the year by the Local Government to Government of India	50,386	23,961	74,367
2. Interest collected during the year	90,285	34,328	1,24,613
3. Balance of interest accruing to Local Government, *i. e.*, difference between 1 and 2.	+39,899	+ 10,347	+50,246
4. Remission of principal during the year 1916-17	390	32	422
5. Net result (profit or loss) for the year 1916-17	+39,509	10,315	+49,824
6. Net result for previous years 1915-16	+44,779	−816	+43,963
1914-15	+33,869	+7,637	+41,506
1913-14	+33,856	+10,464	+44,320
1912-13	+79,899	+12,973	+92,872
1911-12	+50,309	+1,503	+5181 2
7. Expenditure on free grants-in-aid towards the construction of private protective works or on establishment for well boring or other outlay incurred from current revenue in connection with takavi transactions.	...	...	...

STATEMENT No. XXIII.

(*Vide* paragraph 26 of text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE AREA AND INCOME OF UNCLASSED FORESTS AND OF THE OTHER GOVERNMENT LANDS UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL OF THE COLLECTOR FOR 1916-17.

Division.	District.	Area of unclassed forests and Government waste lands under the control of the Deputy Commissioner.	Area of nazul lands leased for agricultural purposes and consequently subject to the waste land lease rules.	Area included in columns 3 and 4 let out for cultivation.		Area of unclassed forest under the Forest Department let out for cultivation.		Area of Government land held by Government tenants under Act III of 1893, or under any colonization scheme.	Total of columns 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9.	Income for the year ending 30th September 1917.				Remarks.
				Cultivated in the year.	Uncultivated.	Cultivated in the year.	Uncultivated.			Land revenue on lands included in columns 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.	Malikana on lands included in columns 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.	Other income.	Total income.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Ambala ...	Hissar	3,970	...	788	1,369	...	...	...	3,970	9,608	...	4,733	14,341	
	Rohtak	2,480	2,008	1,911	105	...	...	...	4,488	1,371	1,997	4,398	7,766	
	Gurgaon	755	528	288	995	...	...	...	1,283	862	3	1,262	2,127	
	Karnal	11,335	477	345	171	...	...	5,010	16,822	5,098	1,633	1,643	8,374	
	Ambala	410	4	50	364	...	...	...	414	102	26	...	128	
	Simla	12,968	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,968	...	...	571	571	
Jullundur ...	Kangra	2,807	...	...	...	107	...	...	2,914	...	...	1,433	1,433	
	Hoshiarpur	24,647	156	135	21	...	...	...	24,803	651	...	335	986	
	Jullundur	515	110	208	417	...	...	...	625	2,487	...	257	2,744	
	Ludhiana	...	398	147	251	...	197	...	595	...	...	4,862	4,862	
	Ferozepore	3,966	535	1,960	2,641	...	...	...	4,501	2,906	1,863	13,380	17,649	
Lahore ...	Lahore	32,342	5,894	12,108	1,825	...	...	48,177	86,913	64,817	78,028	1,14,157	2,57,002	
	Amritsar	121	129	115	135	...	...	...	250	354	96	1,470	1,920	
	Gurdaspur	7,704	123	48	8	...	...	...	7,827	35	...	2,562	2,597	
	Sialkot	4,930	2	1,922	3,010	...	...	...	4,932	596	...	65	661	
	Gujranwala	3,347	240	919	200	...	...	120,965	124,552	4,21,527	1,04,109	6,782	5,32,418	
Rawalpindi ...	Gujrat	10,923	...	840	1,178	...	...	34,797	45,720	2,754	1,253	144	4,150	
	Shahpur	117,368	...	767	3,454	857	101	455,290	573,616	5,98,535	84,386	14,777	7,97,698	
	Jhelum	27,320	...	6	1	...	...	1,610	28,930	1,824	701	7,484	10,009	
	Rawalpindi	2,345	271	92	179	...	...	...	2,616	...	...	1,086	1,086	
	Attock	87,742	19	1,247	3,126	8	1	51	87,821	1,118	272	5,473	6,863	
	Mianwali	594,643	29	1,248	1,277	...	...	...	594,672	496	206	14,152	14,854	
Multan ...	Montgomery	1,088,839	...	89,302	93,480	281	1,375	365,696	1,456,191	2,00,118	33,546	17,52,996	19,86,660	
	Lyallpur	380,678	...	9,080	8,167	...	...	385,385	766,063	10,20,654	2,01,814	1,806	12,24,274	
	Jhang	134,260	54	830	40	...	...	111,993	246,307	2,45,702	79,605	74,093	3,99,400	
	Multan	1,344,956	84	60,713	6,166	...	...	220,846	1,565,886	1,88,008	90,799	3,12,415	5,91,212	
	Muzaffargarh	467,635	15	719	1,162	...	...	...	467,650	1,482	589	31,978	34,049	
	D. G. Khan	364,826	...	47,110	86,086	...	...	...	364,826	15,051	10,281	1,16,285	1,41,617	
	Grand Total ...	4,734,332	11,076	232,898	215,823	1,253	1,674	1,749,820	6,498,155	28,86,156	6,90,696	24,90,604	60,67,456	

STATEMENT No. XXIV.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.)

TOTAL OF SALES, MORTGAGES AND REDEMPTIONS AND OTHER TRANSFERS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1917.

District.	Nature of rights transferred.	Gifts.		Exchanges.		Mortgages with possession, including transfer for debt by order of Court.				Redemption of mortgages with possession.					Sales and permanent transfers for value.					
							Area transferred.					Area redeemed.					Area transferred.				
		Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of mortgages.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue, in rupees.	Mortgage-money, in rupees.	Number of releases.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue, in rupees.	Mortgage-money discharged, in rupees.	Number of transfers.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue, in rupees.	Price, in rupees.	Multiple of revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Acres.		Acres.		Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.			
Hissar ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	203	4,978	285	625	1,909	15,989	14,372	5,688	4,01,090	1,383	13,742	11,896	4,894	1,72,548	831	14,111	10,667	4,479	3,77,644	84
	Right of occupancy ...	74	692	23	305	1,207	6,671	6,390	...	2,48,600	659	3,478	3,393	...	89,084	157	1,380	1,275	...	63,719	...
Rohtak ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	246	1,974	212	365	3,888	9,708	9,268	13,551	10,35,385	3,415	9,974	9,533	13,128	4,89,405	815	3,414	2,834	4,112	3,88,493	94
	Right of occupancy ...	12	65	4	5	233	495	489	...	38,887	187	420	405	...	17,301	10	26	26	...	2,659	...
Gurgaon ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	217	2,234	214	416	7,893	13,015	12,623	19,350	8,13,780	3,955	8,426	7,898	11,722	2,97,685	552	2,999	2,315	3,383	2,28,255	67
	Right of occupancy ...	46	217	22	22	1,318	1,958	1,935	...	1,17,501	616	1,103	1,040	...	42,574	45	166	136	...	12,878	...
Karnal ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	8	12	200	...
	Ownership ...	1	727	...	...	2,362	7,901	6,485	8,549	4,94,176	1,714	5,578	4,730	6,712	2,40,345	701	5,508	2,650	3,769	3,34,245	89
	Right of occupancy ...	236	2,143	288	834	170	303	296	...	29,869	98	208	204	...	11,337	22	65	63	...	7,165	...
		4	2	7	3																
Ambala ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	2	6	1	3	2	2	2	3	199	6	88	73	13	182	15	237	173	14	818	...
	Ownership ...	416	2,004	877	635	4,523	7,408	6,407	9,894	10,03,672	3,804	7,202	6,432	9,885	5,37,010	1,624	4,054	2,872	4,429	5,23,904	118
	Right of occupancy ...	52	113	49	26	503	590	579	...	78,356	374	524	509	...	37,354	71	99	91	...	11,283	...

SIMLA ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	69	57	96	28	176	123	78	143	19,822	214	205	96	186	20,404	205	141	61	161	2,34,888	1,645
	Right of occupancy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
KANGRA ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	1	2	2	...	...	5	54	21	4	56	2	1	1	1	20	...
	Ownership ...	882	1,906	876	455	2,972	4,699	3,529	5,989	4,57,390	3,150	6,362	4,751	7,829	3,14,191	2,012	3,247	2,299	3,554	4,06,817	114
	Right of occupancy ...	50	50	20	10	198	121	128	...	13,947	125	122	97	...	6,491	80	81	74	...	8,685	...
HOSHIARPUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	3	254	191	47	480	7	1	1	100	933	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Owne ship ...	339	1,155	1,380	771	7,315	6,164	4,570	11,603	16,15,501	3,946	6,776	4,482	10,463	7,80,378	2,450	4,298	1,807	4,014	7,94,005	196
	Right of occupancy ...	80	62	78	39	1,499	1,199	1,237	...	3,16,268	1,190	1,014	921	...	1,40,903	253	188	158	...	48,195	...
JULLUNDUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	434	1,718	6,118	5,393	6,528	6,172	5,869	16,528	18,48,128	3,569	4,563	4,177	11,496	9,15,098	3,035	2,491	2,151	5,182	13,30,530	257
	Right of occupancy ...	31	43	295	1,038	625	469	467	...	1,37,303	361	365	361	...	61,466	130	98	96	...	33,722	...
LUDHIANA...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	150	...
	Ownership ...	253	1,405	1,577	1,716	4,321	7,664	7,274	12,768	15,59,070	3,538	7,450	6,801	13,163	9,16,103	1,187	1,852	1,467	2,761	5,14,066	186
	Right of occupancy ...	8	23	20	22	151	262	253	...	43,977	114	228	201	...	19,312	12	29	29	...	3,305	...
FEROZEPORE	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	3	4	4	2	600	...	...	...	...	...	4	97	97	2	60	...
	Ownership ...	263	3,381	1,036	1,354	7,908	24,037	22,869	17,321	32,07,374	4,974	15,714	14,783	12,013	14,79,350	2,365	8,005	6,683	4,470	15,89,675	356
	Right of occupancy ...	39	189	99	219	2,228	6,391	6,316	...	6,72,929	1,457	4,070	3,994	...	3,09,651	378	1,417	1,328	...	2,12,235	...
LAHORE ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	160	2,180	425	1,492	4,203	12,777	11,152	11,408	19,75,085	3,071	11,625	9,646	9,807	9,62,046	1,405	3,746	2,338	3,964	28,84,464	728
	Right of occupancy ...	7	45	17	25	574	1,334	1,264	...	1,69,368	366	1,007	950	...	67,107	521	186	165	...	31,978	...
AMRITSAR ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	200	1,263	600	806	6,178	9,598	9,122	19,464	21,53,648	4,053	6,959	6,566	14,371	10,36,813	934	1,612	1,409	3,348	8,06,201	181
	Right of occupancy ...	10	21	12	12	685	732	720	...	1,26,764	450	507	495	...	49,296	54	41	34	...	15,596	...
GURDASPUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	4	3	3	5	400	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	180	...
	Ownership ...	241	1,645	610	793	8,952	11,908	11,005	24,616	16,93,173	6,470	10,137	9,006	21,914	10,98,224	919	2,850	2,243	5,063	7,28,296	144
	Right of occupancy ...	5	16	38	45	884	811	795	...	1,12,336	477	510	501	...	44,189	43	90	86	...	18,363	...

STATEMENT No. XXIV—CONCLUDED.

District.	Nature of rights transferred.	Gifts.		Exchanges.		Mortgages with possession, including transfer for debt by order of Court.					Redemption of mortgages with possession.					Sales and permanent transfers for value.					
		Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of mortgages.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue, in rupees.	Mortgage-money, in rupees.	Number of releases.	Area redeemed. Total.	Area redeemed. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money discharged in rupees.	Number of transfers.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue, in rupees.	Price, in rupees.	Multiple of revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Acres.		Acres.		Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.			
Sialkot	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	176	86	15	150	2	148	78	13	400	...
	Ownership ...	380	1,981	620	813	12,316	17,998	16,499	33,094	24,80,209	9,147	16,744	14,886	29,286	14,13,283	1,643	6,302	4,127	8,216	8,73,616	106
	Right of occupancy ...	38	43	20	19	948	897	867	...	1,26,428	699	727	695	...	59,381	70	81	79	...	14,173	...
Gujranwala	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	32	10	74	2,000	...
	Ownership ...	239	8,298	365	3,572	2,126	12,526	9,129	16,293	7,02,891	1,570	13,033	9,439	15,534	3,91,373	1,367	10,744	6,014	12,072	11,88,752	93
	Right of occupancy ...	4	46	8	70	58	528	493	...	24,781	42	219	203	...	4,639	36	58	46	...	9,992	...
Gujrat	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	429	2,591	694	2,158	8,788	10,353	9,356	12,126	13,59,859	5,955	8,948	8,012	10,545	6,41,767	3,319	5,748	3,641	4,783	8,32,155	174
	Right of occupancy ...	16	43	19	20	1,039	909	896	...	1,53,217	692	722	680	...	77,218	112	104	101	...	30,067	...
Shahpur	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	197	2,465	429	2,304	1,726	7,032	4,538	6,630	3,98,902	1,374	7,687	5,276	6,803	2,05,107	1,354	5,569	2,165	3,161	6,75,499	214
	Right of occupancy ...	11	459	117	5,887	26	228	190	...	13,250	38	112	93	...	5,348	71	2,180	2,017	...	3,52,271	...
Jhelum	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	248	2,724	393	846	2,522	3,574	3,163	3,653	3,49,738	2,666	4,260	3,732	4,249	3,17,400	3,250	4,954	3,154	3,353	7,58,863	226
	Right of occupancy ...	39	53	22	50	314	418	407	...	54,507	343	460	441	...	36,035	301	386	356	...	72,175	...
Rawalpindi	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	338	1,506	725	922	2,075	2,234	2,002	2,339	2,54,931	2,363	2,779	2,421	2,856	2,11,018	5,079	6,018	4,396	5,138	10,20,945	199
	Right of occupancy ...	42	69	79	81	470	379	364	...	46,512	434	414	381	...	34,605	600	516	456	...	1,39,028	...

ATTOCK ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	250	3,491	408	1,339	2,224	8,439	6,293	4,273	5,37,093	1,675	6,425	4,386	3,271	2,27,335	2,762	7,552	4,120	2,590	6,58,837	254
	Right of occupancy ...	42	136	58	75	844	1,022	941	...	1,46,994	675	1,022	903	...	82,567	506	854	709	...	1,19,219	...
MIANWALI ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	19	1,108	3	118	4	556	223	166	1,609	8	1,465	1,017	154	8,903	54	1,983	611	93	17,830	...
	Ownership ...	129	1,252	197	936	2,406	9,674	6,543	4,472	5,39,263	2,694	9,582	6,491	4,688	3,07,158	2,004	6,576	3,470	2,324	6,30 490	271
	Right of occupancy ...	15	142	25	39	318	1,147	758	...	43,384	229	932	636	...	26,439	211	495	268	...	26,403	...
MONTGOMERY	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	15	6	5	60	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	64	1,575	52	1,199	219	4,581	2,743	1,789	1,41,340	208	4,297	2,586	1,809	79,969	281	5,386	3,422	3,917	8,41,967	215
	Right of occupancy ...	8	72	6	14	18	85	44	...	3,532	12	21	17	...	231	3	18	9	...	1,194	...
LYALLPUR ...	Superior ownership or Talukidari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	373	6,095	69	1,231	707	9,320	8,810	32,539	10,54,659	328	4,343	4,137	15,040	3,27,334	576	9,670	8,435	31,422	22,15,433	71
	Right of occupancy ...	33	549	20	349	12	184	179	...	8,151	4	58	55	...	1,383	...	...	...	...	...	...
JHANG... ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	2	33	...	...	4	24	16	...	429	16	69	49	...	1,106	5	9	7	...	600	...
	Ownership ...	100	1,285	138	863	654	7,945	4,669	6,592	3,67,607	839	9,707	4,809	6,052	2,18,549	997	9,033	5,719	10,652	8,11,619	76
	Right of occupancy ...	...	...	1	1	9	25	19	...	615	6	36	19	...	978	8	93	18	...	3,039	...
MULTAN ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	13	274	6	532	10	212	176	282	3,984	14	1,410	1,001	1,037	1,955	35	1,220	904	1,002	20,937	...
	Ownership ...	223	7,599	280	4,751	898	12,601	8,645	19,780	6,89,964	932	13,943	7,663	10,676	3,35,388	1,717	12,401	5,514	7,263	14,02,296	193
	Right of occupancy ...	4	79	10	261	8	25	17	...	1,370	20	68	59	...	1,700	22	77	67	...	2,512	...
MUZAFFAR-GARH.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	22	1,609	8	33	27	787	203	5	3,062	29	5,703	1,822	32	3,708	110	8,161	1,992	69	11,962	...
	Ownership ...	349	6,410	380	2,959	2,171	12,681	5,973	7,249	6,73,239	1,854	23,642	4,609	5,753	2,74,081	2,635	56,360	4,451	4,131	8,43,875	204
	Right of occupancy ...	20	96	10	38	79	215	183	...	7,880	61	202	150	...	6,985	127	309	156	...	11,553	...
DERA GHAZI KHAN.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	5	11	...	...	51	70	56	11	1,450	34	1,339	1,033	17	653	113	82	76	11	2,35	...
	Ownership ...	624	10,691	524	3,002	3,300	10,436	6,626	3,777	4,70,923	3,604	15,031	8,163	4,290	3,23,578	4,428	14,900	6,803	3,210	6,17,539	192
	Right of occupancy ...		39	14	101	173	543	481	...	16,499	128	538	391	...	17,002	129	832	304	...	18,924	...
PROVINCIAL TOTAL.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	67	3,768	18	686	109	1,914	876	524	12,213	123	10,318	5,159	1,377	17,706	347	11,978	3,957	1,292	58,002	...
	Ownership ...	8,102	86,006	19,868	43 078	111,260	266,557	219,712	331,478	2 83,02,912	81,865	255,134	187,407	268,435	1 45,32,940	50,447	219,541	107,227	154,921	2,43,43,872	157
	Right of occupancy ...	703	3,364	1,098	8,776	14,586	27,951	26,708	...	27,52,615	9,857	19,082	17,794	...	12,50,626	3,972	9,869	8,147	...	12,69,834	...
	GRAND TOTAL ...	872	93,138	20,984	52,540	125,955	296,422	247,296	...	3,10,67,740	91,845	284,534	210,360	...	1,58,01,272	54,766	241,388	119,331	...	2,56,71,208	...

STATEMENT No. XXV.

(*Vide* paragraphs 29 and 31 of the text.)

ABSTRACT OF MORTGAGES, SALES AND REDEMPTIONS BY DISTRICTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1917.

Division.	District.	Mortgages by		Mortgages to		Sales by		Sales to		Redemptions by		Redemptions from	
		Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Ambala.	Hissar ...	17,589	5,071	18,138	4,522	12,613	2,875	13,285	2,206	13,209	4,011	13,471	3,749
	Rohtak ...	9,306	897	9,284	919	2,556	884	3,055	385	8,517	1,877	9,548	846
	Gurgaon ...	13,924	1,049	13,012	1,961	2,777	383	2,800	365	7,802	1,727	8,667	862
	Karnal ...	7,297	907	5,401	2,803	3,818	1,763	4,672	909	3,974	1,812	4,937	849
	Ambala ...	6,661	1,339	5,548	2,452	3,156	1,234	3,180	1,210	5,219	2,593	5,415	2,397
	Simla ...	...	123	...	123	...	141	...	141	...	205	...	205
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	4,066	753	4,266	556	2,549	780	2,864	465	4,543	1,995	5,604	934
	Hoshiarpur ...	6,025	1,592	5,940	1,677	3,458	1,028	3,502	984	5,568	2,223	5,137	2,654
	Juilundur ...	6,015	626	5,998	643	2,008	581	2,060	529	3,694	1,234	4,229	699
	Ludhiana ...	7,198	728	7,271	655	1,259	622	1,615	266	6,070	1,603	6,855	818
	Ferozepore ...	22,480	7,952	23,962	6,470	7,092	2,427	7,808	1,711	14,516	5,268	14,684	5,100
Lahore.	Lahore ...	12,186	1,925	12,530	1,581	2,999	933	3,271	661	9,886	2,746	11,181	1,451
	Amritsar ...	9,148	1,182	9,172	1,158	1,203	450	1,270	383	6,382	1,084	6,150	1,316
	Gurdaspur ...	10,516	2,206	10,515	2,207	2,322	618	2,421	519	7,482	3,165	9,193	1,454
	Sialkot ...	17,221	1,674	17,159	1,736	3,890	2,641	3,559	2,972	16,079	1,568	13,625	4,022
	Gujranwala ...	10,857	2,197	10,129	2,925	8,093	2,741	7,840	2,994	11,426	1,826	8,152	5,100
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	10,032	1,230	8,996	2,266	5,275	577	5,194	658	5,873	3,797	8,579	1,091
	Shahpur ...	6,196	1,064	3,931	3,329	6,671	1,078	6,773	976	5,288	2,511	5,141	2,658
	Jhelum ...	3,570	422	3,274	718	4,557	783	4,446	894	3,976	744	3,286	1,434
	Rawalpindi ...	2,188	425	1,970	643	5,579	955	5,701	833	2,281	912	2,536	657
	Attock ...	8,639	782	7,523	1,948	7,900	506	8,005	401	6,333	1,114	5,378	2,069
	Mianwali ...	10,376	1,001	10,146	1,231	8,036	1,018	7,671	1,383	10,754	1,225	9,618	2,361
Multan.	Montgomery ...	3,304	1,362	2,213	2,453	1,134	4,270	4,020	1,384	2,169	2,164	2,829	1,504
	Lyallpur ...	9,154	350	6,146	3,358	8,820	850	9,134	536	3,389	1,012	3,456	945
	Jhang ...	6,520	1,474	2,941	5,053	3,927	5,208	6,742	2,393	4,825	4,987	5,022	4,790
	Multan ...	9,390	3,448	2,957	9,881	8,417	5,281	9,614	4,084	3,512	11,909	10,567	4,854
	Muzaffargarh ...	7,829	5,854	4,185	9,498	49,722	15,108	59,421	5,409	16,290	13,257	23,155	6,392
	D. G. Khan ...	8,439	2,610	7,665	3,384	12,884	2,930	13,523	2,286	10,398	6,510	12,494	4,414
	Grand Total ...	246,176	50,246	220,272	76,150	182,718	58,670	203,451	37,937	199,455	85,079	218,909	65,625

STATEMENT No. XXVI.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.)

SALES OF LAND IN THE PUNJAB.

Year.	Number of transfers.	Area transferred.		Price in rupees.	Price per acre.		Revenue in rupees.	Price per rupee of land revenue.	Sale by agricultural tribes.	Sales to agricultural tribes.	Sales by others.	Sales to others.
		Total.	Of which cultivated.		Total.	Cultivated.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1896-97	45,691	266,767	148,535	1,15,35,853	43	78	1,74,819	66	...	...	...	...
1897-98	49,343	305,362	168,018	1,35,49,377	44	81	1,82 854	74	...	...	...	...
1898-99	46,462	277,931	155,408	1,29,01,236	46	83	1,70,600	76	...	...	...	...
1899-1900	48,685	275,413	159,943	1,29,49,047	47	81	1,55,133	83	...	...	...	...
1900-01	55,298	323,353	180,963	1,50,08,486	46	83	1,58,662	95	...	...	...	...
Average of 5 years ending 1901	49,096	289,765	162,573	1,31,88,800	46	81	1,68 414	78	...	...	...	...
1901-02	42,135	248,701	142,982	1,01,18,814	41	71	1,35,604	75	...	...	...	...
1902-03	36,322	232,839	138,870	96,63,775	41	71	1,23,052	79	132,310	138,290	59,606	58,705
1903-04	38,804	224,285	132,324	1,12,94,774	50	85	1,16 923	97	153,396	141,722	54,476	66,087
1904-05	38,644	201,603	123,287	1,06,46,967	53	86	1,14,949	93	151,041	152,061	58,387	55,142
1905-06	42,507	232,383	142,386	1,20,34,917	52	85	1,14,036	106	163,209	163,699	70,207	58,561
Average of 5 years ending 1906	39,682	227,752	135,570	1,07,51,849	47	79	1,20,913	89	149,989*	148,948	60,938	59,624
1906-07	37,809	202,232	114,003	1,17,98 959	58	103	1,13,694	104	152,445	156,445	67,819	63,819
1907-08	41,717	209,622	120,635	1,21,53,089	58	101	1,10,248	110	156,492	168,562	75,282	63,215
1908-09	45,996	231,163	123 463	1,40,66,608	61	114	1,13,483	124	181,499	187,280	74,852	69,071
1909-10	47,537	228,633	126,191	1,52,83,910	67	121	1,15,420	132	193,083	198,927	63,703	57,859
1910-11	44,093	211,376	123,237	1,58,56,592	75	129	1,28,905	123	166,785	181,005	64,267	50,047
Average of 5 years ending 1911	43,480	216,605	121,506	1,38,31,832	64	114	1,16,350	119	170,061	178,444	69,185	60,802
1911-12	50,747	245,203	151,664	1,86,99,137	76	123	1,67,944	111	183,901	214,438	88,977	53,440
1912-13	53,074	279,222	184,755	1,96,94,495	71	107	2,12,429	93	182,941	253,556	123,757	53,142
1913-14	53,913	209,605	121,809	3,02,81,206	144	249	1,48,314	202	193,082	207,097	57,159	43,144
1914-15	52,027	220,623	133,933	2,41,36,887	109	180	1,79,668	134	173,300	181,798	89,486	60,988
1915-16	50,627	233,499	106,799	2,30,15,279	99	216	1,52,570	151	206,529	226,228	62,452	42,755
Average of 5 years ending 1916	52,078	237,630	139,792	2,31,64,201	97	166	1,72,185	135	187.951	216,623	79,366	50,694
1916-17	50,447	219,541	107,227	2,43,43,372	111	227	154,921	157	192,718	203,451	58,670	37,937

*This and the following averages are for four years only.

STATEMENT No. XXVII.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.)

MORTGAGE OF LAND IN THE PUNJAB.

Year.	Total cultivated area under usufructuary mortgage.	Percentage of cultivated area under usufructuary mortgage.	Cultivated area released.	Cultivated area mortgaged.	Mortgage money per rupee of revenue of area mortgaged.	Total area redeemed by agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged by agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged to agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged to others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1896-97	...	...	218,181	351,612	49	...	...	...	...
1897-98	...	...	293,655	411,805	53	...	...	...	...
1898-99	...	...	24,842	349,971	56	...	...	...	...
1899-1900	...	...	189,352	312,724	55	...	...	...	...
1900-01	...	...	176,595	270,880	55	...	...	...	...
Average of 5 years ...	...	...	233,925	339,398	...	...	...	...	...
1901-02	3,287,387	12·8	167,422	184,263	55	...	...	...	...
1902-03	3,231,253	12·1	146,982	175,532	57	124,679	169,858	132,569	73,345
1903-04	3,528,477	12·9	164,885	180,170	61	162,829	193,640	158,192	80,759
1904-05	3,328,610	12·1	194,232	173,042	62	199,179	194,149	176,675	60,187
1905-06	3,402,688	12·3	220,596	186,203	67	235,118	201,595	186,113	60,680
Average of 5 years ...	3,357,683	...	178,773	179,842	...	177,951*	189,810	162,142	68,743
1906-07	3,375,573	12·1	279,762	199,983	75	301,073	216,954	206,629	59,047
1907-08	3,235,287	10·4	282,255	213,596	80	293,256	232,065	213,178	63,615
1908-09	3,183,358	11·1	282,192	223,728	86	310,782	254,076	230,662	81,452
1909-10	3,352,635	12·4	278,919	224,841	85	291,878	258,437	233,608	77,103
1910-11	3,351,862	11·9	248,003	194,930	87	284,085	236,510	210,686	68,438
Average of 5 years ...	3,299,743	...	274,226	211,415	...	296,205	239,608	218,953	70,931
1911-12	3,366,456	12·0	252,886	206,387	89	242,794	237,446	214,460	68,571
1912-13	3,266,781	11·7	268,698	219,672	74	307,045	257,822	230,605	74,162
1913-14	3,202,707	11·5	282,290	245,631	89	304,397	283,315	254,507	83,745
1914-15	3,176,497	11·6	239,644	228,688	88	272,264	266,383	238,113	73,952
1915-16	3,183,980	11·5	210,067	227,396	88	225,344	276,405	251,188	77,768
Average of 5 years ...	3,239,284	...	250,717	225,551	...	270,369	264,274	237,775	75,640
1916-17	3,200,040	11·5	187,407	219,712	85	199,455	246,176	220,272	76,150

* This and the following averages are for four years only.

STATEMENT No. XXVIII

(*Vide* paragraph 32 of the text.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE WORK DONE BY REVENUE OFFICERS (ORIGINAL CASES ONLY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1917.

Division.	District.	Number of Revenue Officers employed.	Revenue cases (including execution of decrees).							
			Revenue Court cases under the Tenancy Act.	Revenue Officer's cases under the Tenancy Act.	Revenue Officer's cases under the Land Revenue Act.	Revenue Officer's cases under the Land Alienation Act.	Cases under the Redemption of Mortgages Act.	Miscellaneous Revenue Officer's cases.	Total Revenue cases.	Number of cases pending.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Ambala.	Hissar	35	1,977	3,279	1,927	29	64	199	7,475	1,166
	Rohtak	28	1,263	2,024	3,009	51	207	312	6,866	686
	Gurgaon	35	903	602	3,620	36	270	4,063	9,494	1,250
	Karnal	16	595	703	3,146	52	...	260	4,756	472
	Ambala	95	905	738	4,619	154	194	1,505	8,115	940
	Simla	4	9	12	5	...	6	313	345	46
Jullundur.	Kangra	57	1,014	476	4,878	70	128	1,547	7,913	1,065
	Hoshiarpur ...	21	2,333	1,557	2,671	305	109	2,587	9,561	1,744
	Jullundur ...	28	1,387	1,105	2,888	725	131	318	6,554	786
	Ludhiana	18	568	231	2,368	335	100	779	4,371	821
	Ferozepore ...	42	1,630	1,904	2,364	343	166	1,143	7,550	984
Lahore.	Lahore	28	1,046	915	7,282	22	97	2,674	12,036	2,080
	Amritsar	25	2,423	237	2,154	63	134	1,913	6,924	576
	Gurdaspur... ...	13	1,110	328	3,933	164	149	1,778	7,462	794
	Sialkot	31	2,075	1,027	4,215	201	231	1,030	8,779	1,508
	Gujranwala ...	35	1,245	790	3,294	45	95	2,083	7,552	960
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	31	1,747	175	3,808	124	206	3,926	9,486	992
	Shahpur	16	579	104	2,843	67	29	2,071	5,693	1,227
	Jhelum	24	713	294	2,474	295	154	985	4,915	449
	Rawalpindi ...	13	422	88	824	311	42	1,059	2,746	207
	Attock	24	1,039	193	1,644	337	142	359	3,714	589
	Mianwali	25	873	734	1,507	57	82	1,467	4,720	631
Multan.	Montgomery ...	13	371	28	1,230	18	19	4,741	6,407	447
	Lyallpur	13	229	199	1,193	...	12	854	2,487	602
	Jhang	29	610	77	2,397	40	49	906	4,079	908
	Multan	44	890	676	6,027	60	25	1,900	9,578	1,720
	Muzaffargraph ...	16	945	738	3,868	3	57	2,044	7,655	656
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	35	607	295	2,568	49	35	1,283	4,837	311
	TOTAL ...	784	29,508	19,519	82,056	3,956	2,932	44,099	182,070	24,512

STATEMENT No. XXIX.

(*Vide* paragraph 32 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING APPELLATE AND REVISIONAL WORK OF COMMISSIONERS AND FINANCIAL COMMISSIONERS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1917.

Names of officers.	Division or office.	Revenue Judicial Appeals.										Revenue Executive Appeals.								Remarks.
		Old cases.	New institutions.	Decided.					Transferred.	Pending.	Pending more than three months.	Old cases.	New institutions.	Decided.			Transferred.	Pending.	Pending more than three months.	
				Rejected at first hearing.	Remanded for retrial.	Decreed for appellant.	Decreed for respondent.	Total decided.						Accepted.	Rejected.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Atkins, I.C.S. ...	Ambala	35	162	33	...	12	70	115	14	68	5	73	298	43	220	263	14	94	19	
C. J. Hallifax, Esquire, I.C.S.	Juljundur	44	259	118	...	15	44	177	...	126	76	80	537	30	375	405	4	208	104	
H. A. Casson, Esquire, C.S.I., I.C.S. ...	Lahore	34	161	...	5	15	147	167	...	28	...	98	601	108	544	652	...	47	5	
C. M. King, Esquire, I.C.S., C.I.E. ...																				
Lieut.-Col. F. Popham Young, C.I.E. ...																				
Lieut.-Col. F. S. M. Burlton	Rawalpindi	45	170	31	2	13	145	191	2	22	8	161	583	104	563	667	4	73	29	
Lieut.-Col. A. E. Barton ...																				
Lieut.-Col. C. Powney Thompson, I. A. ...	Multan	1	63	42	...	7	1	51	2	11	...	18	554	65	486	551	...	21	...	
The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I., I.C.S.	Financial Commissioners. Revision ...	31	212	172	8	21	19	220	7	16	1	42	311	28	303	331	6	16	2	
The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, C.S.I., I.C.S....	Financial Commissioners. Appeals ...	1	22	11	...	1	5	17	...	6	...	23	55	9	60	69	5	4	1	
	Total ...	191	1,049	408	15	84	431	938	25	277	90	495	2,939	387	2,551	2,938	33	463	160	

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REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

PUNJAB

FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1918.

Lahore:
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REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

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FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1918.

Lahore:
PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRINTING, PUNJAB.
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IX.—Alluvion, diluvion and destructive inundation.

X.—Land revenue assignments.

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XXVII.—Mortgages of land.

XXVIII.—Work done by Revenue Officers.

XXIX.—Appellate and revisional work of Commissioners and Financial Commissioners.

Proceedings of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture—(Revenue), No. 9363, dated 5th April 1919.

READ—

The Annual Report on the Land Revenue Administration of the Punjab for the year ending 30th September 1918, forwarded with letter No. 491—53-I-3, dated 26th February 1919, from the Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab.

REMARKS.—The agricultural conditions of the year ending with the Rabi harvest of 1918 were on the whole favourable for the cultivator. The monsoon rains were abundant but in many places excessive, and the sown area in both harvests exceeded the normal, in the kharif by five per cent. and by no less than twenty-five per cent. in the rabi. Over much of the province and especially in the Gurgaon district, damage was done to the kharif crops by floods, and excessive rain at the end of October reduced the outturn of cotton and most food grains and made timely sowings for the rabi difficult. There was a partial failure of the winter rains. The failed area in both harvests fell little short of the normal and amounted to 19 per cent. in the kharif and 11 per cent. in the rabi. It is noteworthy that the sown area of unirrigated land showed an increase of 37 per cent. on the normal. The total matured area for the year was 28,253,017 acres—20 per cent. above the normal of 23,784,946 acres. To this result not only climatic conditions but also special efforts made to stimulate the production of food grains, by the grant of temporary leases of crown waste, etc., contributed. The agriculturist benefited not only by increased production but by a rise in the average price of wheat from Rs. 3-10-0 to Rs. 3-15-0 a maund, while the average price of cotton rose from Rs. 8-10-0 to Rs. 12-1-0 a maund.

2. The fixed land revenue demand rose from 231·52 to 235·07 lakhs, mainly owing to progressive assessments. Of this sum, 98·4 per cent. was collected. The sum outstanding at the close of the year, apart from that remaining under suspension or written off as irrecoverable, was Rs. 18,000 as against Rs. 8,000 in the two previous years. The amount of revenue suspended during the year was swollen by the Gurgaon figure, where owing to the destructive floods in addition to a remission of Rs. 19,000 suspension of 1·75 lakhs was found necessary. Another half lakh was suspended in Rohtak and Gurdaspur.

Collections of fluctuating land revenue amounted to 144·26 lakhs or nearly 6 lakhs more than in the previous year, while the outstanding balance rose slightly from Rs. 28,000 to Rs. 30,500. Most of the increase is accounted for by extensions of canal irrigation in the new colonies, but good rain in the dry tracts such as Mianwali and Hissar also contributed appreciably to the result.

Collections of " other land revenue " show a net increase from 40·33 to 46·53 lakhs. Sales of Government land and temporary leases alone account for more than this difference. During the year sanction was accorded to a maximum of 80,000 acres out of the area reserved for military grantees on the Lower Bari Doab Canal being given out for temporary cultivation for two or four harvests, and it is to be hoped that this measure has in some degree mitigated the unsatisfactory features attaching to cultivation on single harvest leases.

3. The number of coercive processes issued on behalf of lambardars decreased by 15 per cent. while those issued against lambardars increased by 12 per cent. In all, 11,434 processes or about 1,000 less than in the previous year were issued. These included four cases of imprisonment but none in which direct management of land was undertaken or distress or sale of immoveable property ordered. In the Lyallpur District an increase in the number of processes is ascribed to the refusal of zamindars to realize their grain in the expectation of rising prices, while in Lahore their reluctance to be in evidence during the stress of recruiting is said to explain the very large increase in the number of processes against lambardars. As usual the Multan division called for the greatest measure of coercion.

The system of serving revenue processes through the post has continued to be utilized and met with varying degrees of success in different districts. The reports from Ambala and Dera Ghazi Khan indicate that this method, like that which it replaces, cannot always surmount the reluctance of a party or a witness to accept service. Only in Karnal has the adoption of the system yet resulted in any reduction of the establishment of tahsil peons, while in Gujranwala Government recently found it necessary to sanction the temporary re-entertainment of twenty peons who had been dispensed with in the preceding year. On the whole, however, the system of service through the post may be said to promise satisfactory results, and the Lieutenant-Governor hopes that efforts will be made to extend its use wherever conditions are favourable to it.

4. The number of districts in which settlement operations were in progress was four. Of these, the settlement of the Multan District was begun during the year, and operations were brought to a close in the Rupar and Kharar Tahsils of Ambala. Re-measurement and record work were completed in Kangra and all tahsils of Ambala. In connection with the Sind Sagar Canal Colonization Project a beginning was made with triangulation operations carried out by a party of the Northern Circle, Survey of India, and an area of about 7,430 square miles was triangulated preliminary to the location of the corners of the 4,000 acre blocks into which the tract will be divided.

5. The practice of remitting land revenue by money order is increasing in popularity and nearly 18 lakhs were thus paid during the year. In some districts, such as Gujranwala, the lambardar has learnt that for sums exceeding Rs. 15 remittances of currency notes are cheaper than remittances by money order. Notes are not always, however, readily available in the villages and their remittance is in some parts distrusted by the people as attended with a certain amount of risk. The lambardars of Lyallpur were able to profit by the fact that currency notes were offered in the bazar at a discount, with the result that the whole of the rabi instalment of land revenue found its way to the treasury in notes.

6. The working of the canals under departmental management was satisfactory, but the demand for water diminished with the ample rainfall, in some districts, for instance Multan. Rules for the distribution of river supplies between the Jhelum, Chenab and Lower Bari Doab Canals have been drawn up, but will be subject to revision as irrigation extends on the newer links of the system.

An important step has been taken in the formation of a Provincial Drainage Board for the more systematic investigation of the problems of water-logging and seepage throughout the province and formulation of remedial measures. It is recognized that water-logging is not exclusively an irrigation problem and that imperfect or obstructed natural drainage is not infrequently its main cause ; but the evil is naturally most common in irrigated tracts and parts of the areas irrigated by the Upper Chenab and Upper Jhelum Canals and also by the Shahpur Inundation Canals suffered from it in a pronounced degree during the year. On the Upper Chenab Canal the modifications of the zone system which are under contemplation and which include a proposal to realign the water-courses in certain areas along natural water-sheds are likely to effect a mitigation of the evil.

7. Of canals under district management those in Gurgaon matured nearly twice the acreage of the preceding year, but the damage from floods added considerably to the cost of maintenance. Flooding impaired the working of some of the Grey Canals in Ferozepore, and the total matured area though 33 per cent. higher than in 1916-17 was still below the five-year average. The Montgomery Canals, the Rangoi Canal in Hissar, the Shah Nahr in Hoshiarpur and the Sarusti Canal in Karnal showed improved results. The Nammal lake in Mianwali recorded the highest water level it has yet attained, and in October 1917 the accumulated reserve was sufficient to provide for the needs of three succeeding harvests. It is satisfactory that the cultivators on this canal have begun to learn the disadvantages of overlavish waterings and the importance of dividing their fields into '*kiaris*.'

8. Advances under the Land Improvement Loans Act amounted to less than Rs. 77,000 compared with an average for the previous quinquennium of over two lakhs. The main cause of this large decrease lies in the prohibitive cost of materials and labour for the sinking of wells. The recent simplification of the procedure for the distribution of taccavi loans in tracts where a demand for them on a large scale is likely to be forthcoming should prove efficacious when more normal conditions recur. His Honour is glad to notice a healthy tendency to resort to co-operative societies rather than to Government for assistance in agricultural improvements such as the sinking of wells. In the Upper Chenab Colony some of the settlers are arranging to co-operate in the joint management of brick kilns and the manufacture of bricks, and there appears to be no reason why the provision of materials, if not the engagement of labour, should not be undertaken by co-operative enterprise on a more extended scale than hitherto. Advances under the Agriculturist Loans Act totalled just over 3 lakhs or double the sum advanced in the previous year, the floods in certain districts and the measures for extending the cultivation of food-grains having stimulated the demand. These taccavi loans are reported to be generally popular and to be freely resorted to when the need arises.

9. The policy of granting temporary leases for the cultivation of wheat, gram and other food-grains brought a large additional area under the plough, especially in the Mianwali, Montgomery and Jhang Districts, where extensive areas of Government waste are available and sowings were encouraged by a plentiful monsoon. The Lieutenant-Governor would be glad if the Financial Commissioner will examine the expediency of permitting in special cases temporary leases of longer duration than the maximum period now prescribed.

10. Operations under the Chos Act were not extended during the year, but proposals are now under consideration for the adoption of remedial measures throughout the Ambala district. The interests involved are numerous and the task of determining the compensation for their disturbance no light one. The outlay devolving upon Government is likely to be heavy and the share of Government in the benefits that will accrue by no means a major one. None the less the Lieutenant-Governor cannot but recognize that without a lead from Government the difficult problems involved in cho reclamation are not likely to be solved by the people themselves ; he is confident, however, that, as in Hoshiarpur, the zamindars of Ambala, once effective measures are put into operation, will not be slow to associate themselves in their successful prosecution.

11. Sales of both cultivated and uncultivated land have decreased, in the former case the area sold (100,650 acres) being less than in any year of the past two decades. The Financial Commissioners' report does not define the causes of this decrease with any certainty, but it is probable that the large profits derived from agriculture in recent years and confidence in their continuance deters owners from selling. It is noteworthy that where large areas are reported to have been sold, as in the Mianwali Thal, these were of poor quality. The total area redeemed from mortgage was 284,355 acres or practically the same as in 1916-17, though the cultivated proportion was greater, and the mortgage debt discharged was higher by some 22 per cent. There has thus been a reversal of the tendency prevalent in recent years towards a progressive decline in the area redeemed, the causes of which are no doubt to be found in the abundance of money furnished by high prices of produce and steady remittances from men in the army. On the other hand, the cultivated area mortgaged, though less than last year, is little short of the area redeemed. The sale price of cultivated land averaged Rs. 252 per acre against Rs. 227 in 1916-17, a rise being recorded in almost all districts. Land now sells on the average at 171 years' purchase of the land revenue, the rise in this respect representing no less than 14 years' purchase in a single year,—a striking proof of the rapid appreciation in the value of land. Still more remarkable are the prices realised at auctions of State land on the Lower Bari Doab Canal which have been steadily rising since 1915, and last month reached an average of Rs. 493 per acre on an area of 9,000 acres.

12. The Land Alienation Act continues to work satisfactorily. A certain number of *benami* and other dubious transactions in the guise of

legitimate mortgages continue to come to light and the occurrence of such is probably inevitable. These, however, are of minor importance when weighed against the success with which the Act as a whole is administered.

13. Revenue case work has been kept well in hand in spite of the volume of war work which has had the first call upon the time and energy of all revenue officers. Both institutions and disposals were fewer than in 1916-17 and the pending file in September 1918 was 30 per cent. lighter than twelve months earlier. The appellate work of the Financial Commissioners and of Commissioners also show largely reduced pending files, and a particularly gratifying feature of the returns is a decrease from 252 to 30 in the number of appeals pending for more than three months.

14. Some of the statistical returns attached to the report appear to require checking. The fact that the area of Montgomery district is shown in Statenent III to have more than doubled since last year cannot be due solely to a more accurate measurement by *killabandi* of the waste. The figure for the total number of villages in the province in the same statement is also wrong.

15. For the past three years Sir Michael O'Dwyer has had occasion to acknowledge year by year the untiring and self-sacrificing spirit with which revenue officials of all grades have faced the heavy additional responsibilities thrown upon them by the war and its manifold demands upon their energies. In repeating his appreciation of their valuable services, he desires to congratulate the Financial Commissioners and the body of Revenue officers serving under them on the high degree of efficiency which they have maintained throughout a difficult period in the discharge of the important, though often monotonous, duties connected with the administration of the land revenue.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the above review be forwarded to the Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab, for information and guidance, also that it be published in the *Punjab Government Gazette* and circulated with the report as usual.

By order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab,

E. JOSEPH,

Offg. Revenue Secretary to Government, Punjab.

2998 CS—267—7-4-19—SGPP Lahore.

No. 491—53-I-3.

FINANCIAL COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE:
Dated Lahore, 26th February 1919.

FROM

V. CONNOLLY, ESQUIRE, I.C.S.,

Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab,

To

E. JOSEPH, ESQUIRE, I.C.S.,

Offg. Revenue Secretary to Government, Punjab.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I., I C.S.
The Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Hallifax, C.B.E., I.C.S.

SIR,

I AM directed to submit the Annual Report on the Land Revenue Administration of the Punjab for the Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1918.

The charge of the offices of Financial Commissioner was held by the following officers for the periods noted :—

Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I.	...	1st October 1917 to 3rd May 1918.
Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, C.S.I.	...	Throughout the year.
Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Hallifax, C.B.E	...	4th May 1918 to the end of the year.

I have the honour to be,
SIR,
Your most obedient servant,
V. CONNOLLY,
Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab.

214 FC—252—1-3-19—SGPP Lahore.

Annual Report

ON THE

Land Revenue Administration

OF THE

Punjab

FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1918.

General summary of agricultural conditions.

1. The year was on the whole very favourable for agriculture. The monsoon broke in the beginning of June with abundant rain almost everywhere in the Province and it was abnormally active in August and September, the rain continuing until about 25th September in most districts while the eastern part of the province had a heavy fall in October. Although floods to some extent hampered sowings and also did damage to standing crops, the total kharif sown area amounted to 12,038,714 acres or 5 per cent. above the normal, while the failed area was 19 per cent. against a normal of 20 per cent. Failed area was high in Rohtak (28 per cent.), Lahore (35 per cent.) and Gurgaon (51 per cent.). There was abundant moisture for rabi sowings, although excessive rain in some places made ploughing and timely sowing difficult, and the total sown area amounted to 20,829,237 acres, which was 25 per cent. above normal for both irrigated and unirrigated land and 37 per cent. above normal for unirrigated land alone. The winter season was almost rainless and until March, when moderate or heavy rain fell throughout the Province. Until this rain fell the moisture in the ground was sufficient for the growing crops on unirrigated land, while the water-supply in the canals was ample for the canal-irrigated areas. The weather was favourable at harvest time. The percentage of failure was 11 for the rabi against a normal of 13. Failed area amounted to over 20 per cent. in Ambala, Ludhiana and Hoshiarpur. The increase in sown area for both kharif and rabi was of course mainly due to the favourable seasons, but a part of the increase was the result of the efforts made by Government during the year to extend the area under food-grains by leasing out all available Government lands on temporary leases at favourable rates. The total matured area for the year amounted to 28,253,017 acres against a normal of 23,784,946 acres, and high prices were realised by the zamindars for the produce they sold. The average price of wheat rose to Rs. 3-15-0 per maund and that of cotton to Rs. 12-1-0 per maund.

Fixed land revenue.
Statements V, VI and VII.

2. The total demand of the year for fixed land revenue was 235·07 lakhs. Of this 231·35 lakhs, equivalent to 98·4 per cent., was collected. 1·23 lakhs were irrecoverable including Rs. 45,000 remitted on account of calamities of the season. Only Rs. 18,000 remained outstanding without suspension. 3·84 lakhs were suspended; of this Rs. 36,000 were remitted and 1·18 lakhs collected, leaving a balance of 2·30 lakhs suspended during the year. The year opened with 5·63 lakhs under suspension; of this Rs. 95,000 were remitted and 2·32 lakhs collected, so that the year closed with 2·36 lakhs still under suspension for previous years. At the end of the year 4·66 lakhs were under suspension altogether. The demand for the previous year increased by 4·17 lakhs, of which 2·22 lakhs were due to progressive assessments mainly in Ludhiana, Ferozepore and Amritsar, and 1·08 lakhs to revised assessments, mainly in Ambala and Kangra. Of the other causes of increase the most important were alluvion, Rs. 37,500, and the assessment of waste lands, etc., Rs. 23,500. On the other hand, there was a gross decrease

of Rs. 62,000 on the demand of the previous year, of which Rs. 16,000 was due to diluvion, Rs. 6,000 to grants of land revenue free, and the rest to miscellaneous causes. There was no difficulty in collections. The feature of the year was the heavy suspension in Gurgaon This was due to floods in the kharif and amounted to 2·85 lahhs; of this over Rs. 9 ,000 was collected later and about Rs. 19,000 remitted, leaving 1·75 lakhs suspended at the end of the year. In Gurdaspur the state of the harvests necessitated the suspension of over Rs. 35,000, of which over Rs 32,000 remained outstanding. In Rohtak about Rs. 25,000 were suspended owing to floods, but all except a little over Rs. 8,000 was collected later. In Sialkot orders were issued for the suspension of Rs. 22,607, but the people voluntarily paid in a large part of this, and only Rs. 3,244 of the year's demand remained under suspension. In the 24 districts not mentioned above, suspensions amounted to only Rs. 16,000. The balance for the current and past years outstanding at the end of the year exceeded Rs. 10,000 in five districts only, of which Gurgaon accounted for Rs. 3,19,294, Gurdaspur Rs. 53,235 and Rohtak Rs. 46,441. The Province thus has a very clear balance sheet.

Alluvion and diluvion.
Statement No. IX.

3. Owing to heavy floods alluvion and diluvion operations resulted in a net loss of Rs. 22,200 in the fixed land revenue roll as compared with an increase last year of Rs. 21,149, the total assessable area of the Province being reduced by 21,395 acres. The revenue was enhanced on 12,294 acres, while it was reduced on 8,419 acres. The United Provinces lost to Karnal two whole villages and a part of a third, aggregating 3,063 acres in area. There were decreases in land revenue of Rs. 1,661 due to the action of chos and of Rs. 3,850 due to streams, the net area lost being 1,444 acres from the former, all in the Hoshiarpur District, and 2,500 from the latter, chiefly in the Gurdaspur, Hoshiarpur, Sialkot and Dera Ghazi Khan Districts.

Fluctuating land revenue.
Statement VIII.

4. The collections of true fluctuating land revenue have again risen, the increase being from 138·32 lakhs last year to 144·26 lakhs this year; the outstanding balance was Rs. 30,500 against Rs. 28,000 last year. The assessments made by Deputy Commissioners on canal-irrigated lands were 12·31 lakhs and of these 6·76 lakhs were contributed by Multan where the extension of canal irrigation led to an increase of about Rs. 50,000 on the figures of 1916-17; in the other districts of importance in this connection – Sialkot, Gujranwala, Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan—the assessments were 514 lakhs or about Rs. 99,500 less than in the previous year, the decrease being attributed to decreased canal irrigation in consequence of early monsoon rains as well as to damage by floods and the partial failure of the winter rains. The assessments of land revenue and water advantage rate made by the Irrigation Department increased by 5·55 lakhs, due chiefly to extensions of canal irrigation in Gujrat, Montgomery and Multan, to the large areas placed under cultivation in Jhang and Lyallpur owing to the favourable start of the monsoons and also to the efforts made to increase the area under food-grains. In the case of assessments of other than canal-irrigated lands there has been an increase of about Rs. 86,000 on the previous year's figure. The principal variations were increases due to good rain, aggregating 1·22 lakhs, in Mianwali (·45), Hissar (·34), Multan (·22) and Montgomery (·21) and a decrease attributed to excessive rains and a flood of ·36 lakh in Muzaffargarh. Objections to these fluctuating assessments have been noticed only in the Mianwali and Sialkot reports. In the former district, owing to a considerable development of cultivation since settlement, the patwari and supervising staff are overworked—" or would be " as the Commissioner puts it " if work was done thoroughly "—and the great size of fields makes it difficult to work the system accurately and supervise it efficiently. In Sialkot 26 Raya riverain villages under fluctuating assessment expressed a dislike to it, but this was doubtless prompted by the exceptional circumstances of the year and cannot cancel the considered opinion which induced these villages at settlement to adopt the fluctuating system at their own option. The Chief Engineer, Irrigation Department, was addressed by the Financial Commissioner with reference to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor's remarks on paragraph 4 of last year's report as regards the delay in granting remissions for crops damaged by hail in Lyallpur and measures have been taken to obviate such delay in future.

5. Collections of other land revenue have risen from 40·33 lakhs in the previous year to 46·53 lakhs this year. There is an increase of ·94 lakh from the sale of proprietary rights in Government estates, mainly in Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang and Muzaffargarh Districts, and of 4·31 lakhs from the sale of proprietary rights in Government waste lands, mainly in the colony area in Montgomery, Lyallpur and Multan Districts, owing to extensions of canal irrigation in those districts. There has also been an increase from 2·69 lakhs to 4·09 lakhs under lands leased out for temporary cultivation, principally in Montgomery (3·28 lakhs), Multan and Lahore. The Deputy Commissioner of Montgomery remarks that the steady increase of single harvest leases is an unfortunate feature of the returns, as they discourage good cultivation and unsettle the minds of tenants so that satisfactory progress cannot be expected until the land is permanently allotted. The Commissioner dissents because for obvious reasons permanent allotment cannot be accelerated, while, apart from the desirability of cultivating last year every available acre of food-grain producing land, temporary cultivation is better than none. There has been an increase of nearly Rs. 7,000 in the receipts from royalty on Kankar in Karnal The other heads call for no remarks. In Jhelum two of the three firms engaged in the coal industry are working satisfactorily, but the two firms engaged in the oil industry have been hampered by want of the necessary machinery. The uncollected balance has risen to 1·46 lakhs against ·92 last year, the increases occurring chiefly in Gujranwala, Gujrat, Shahpur, Mianwali and Multan. The only items which need be noted here are Rs. 24,000 due in Gujranwala from auction purchasers on the Upper Chanab Canal and Rs. 23,000 referred to in last year's report as being due in Shahpur from the Jalpana estate ; Rs. 3,000 was recovered from this estate during the year, but this was credited to the interest account.

Other land revenue.
Statement VIII.

6. Fifteen new jagirs—1 of Rs. 750, 3 of Rs. 500 each, and 11 of Rs. 250 each—were granted in recognition of distinguished services rendered in connection with the war and in public life. A new revenue assignment of Rs. 400 per annum in the Jullundur District was granted under the orders of the Government of India to Khan Sahib Sheikh Ahmad, late Sub-Assistant Surgeon, attached to the Kashmir Residency Dispensary. The Sikri Jagir of Rs. 3,076 per annum in Karnal District lapsed with effect from Kharif 1918 owing to failure of heirs. Two pattidari jagirs, amounting in value to Rs. 661 per annum, were confiscated in the Karnal and Ambala Districts on account of the conviction of the Jagirdars concerned for flagrant crimes.

Land revenue assignments.
Statement No. X.

7. There has been a further decrease in the number of coercive processes from 12,430 in the last year to 11,434 in the year under report. The amount of arrears for the realization of which these processes were issued was 10·87 lakhs against 8·51 lakhs last year. 91·7 per cent. of the arrears were collected. Collections made after issue of processes amounted to 2·34 per cent. of the total collections made. Of the 11,434 processes issued, 6,837 were writs of demand, and of the remaining 4,597 processes only 2,633 were executed. Of these 2,633, 1,923 were for arrest, 4 for imprisonment, 664 for distress and 42 for sale of moveable property. As regards warrants for arrest as last year a large number of these were issued in the districts of Multan, Jhang, Dera Ghazi Khan, Gurdaspur and Gujranwala, while there has been an increase in their number in Lahore and Lyallpur. These districts also account for a large number of the executions in cases of distress. In Shahpur 24 processes for sale of moveable property were executed. There were no cases of direct management farm, or transfer or of attachment of immoveable property. Processes were issued in six districts for the recovery of canal water rates, and in six districts for the recovery of other demands not included in land revenue. The number of processes issued against lambardars for the recovery of land revenue in the four districts Dera Ghazi Khan, Ferozepore, Lahore and Gujranwala exceeded the number of the last year by 100 in each case ; and these districts with Muzaffargarh, Hoshiarpur, Lyallpur and Karnal accounted for an excess of more than one thousand such processes over those issued in 1917. But elsewhere such processes were fewer, and their provincial total of 3,565 was only 382 above that of the previous year. Processes issued at the instance of lambardars decreased by 1,378 to 7,869 ; in most, however, of the districts

Coercive processes.
Statement XI.

mentioned above, particularly Dera Ghazi Khan, Lahore and Karnal, as also in Gurdaspur there were increases. Where district totals for processes are small, variations are not of great significance ; and an increase as a rule indicates a healthy effort to remedy laxity in payments. In some cases, however, other explanations are given. Thus in Lyallpur revenue-payers held up their wheat for a rise in prices ; in Lahore lambardars absented themselves to avoid giving help in recruiting ; and in Gurdaspur there was an apprehension that the shortage of the winter rains would delay payments. The processes issued in the Multan Division as usual bulk largest in the Provincial totals, and those of the Rawalpindi Division are the least. In the Multan Division processes against lambardars have increased from 1,147 to 1,321, but there are considerable decreases in Montgomery and Jhang, and the increases elsewhere are justified by the necessity of keeping up to date lambardars who are accustomed to delay payments. The effect of this is that, in spite of an increases in Dera Ghazi Khan, the processes which lambardars themselves have found it necessary to take out against revenue-payers have been reduced from 4,957 to 3,521 in the division, the decrease being particularly marked in the Jhang and Multan Districts.

Process-serving establishment.

8. Twelve districts entertained temporary assistance for short periods for serving coercive processes at a total cost of Rs. 504. In Karnal the system of serving revenue processes through the post was introduced and the establishment of tahsil peons was in consequence reduced from 80 to 65. In Ludhiana only 10 processes were served through the post. In Lahore the scheme was tried with 45 post offices and some relief was given, but the Deputy Commissioner thinks it is too early yet to judge of its success. In Rawalpindi the system worked well throughout the year and apparently proved more reliable than service through peons. The Deputy Commissioner remarks that its real success depends much on the co-operation of the postal staff and that it is doubtful whether it will eventually result in a reduction in the number of tahsil peons, but the system will be continued and the results reported again next year. In Muzaffargarh the system was introduced towards the close of the year for 267 villages out of a total of 937 villages in the district and has proved successful so far as it has been tried. The system is working very well in Amritsar District. In Ambala no general attempt was made to serve summonses in revenue cases through the post, but the system has been usefully adopted in certain cases. In the Deputy Commissioner's opinion the system is more likely to succeed in appeals where the parties only are summoned and they are usually anxious to appear, than in original trials where the witnesses as a rule are more reluctant to attend court. In Ferozepore the system received attention and instructions were issued for the maintenance of appropriate registers by different courts, but no practical steps were generally taken for some time owing to lack of funds to meet the extra expenditure on service postage stamps. Funds were subsequently provided and the working of the scheme will be noticed next year. In Jhang a scheme was drawn up for introducing the system. For the short time it was under trial it is reported to have worked satisfactorily, but the postal service in the district is still very inadequate and there is a very large number of villages which only get a delivery once a week, while with all the miscellaneous war work no reduction of the process serving staff could be undertaken. In Dera Ghazi Khan the system was also tried in certain selected villages which had a daily postal delivery and were situated at a distance from the tahsil head-quarters, but it has not proved a marked success so far. In a few cases only was service duly made while in the majority of cases the parties concerned either declined to take delivery or evaded service. The Deputy Commissioner states that in an educationally backward district like Dera Ghazi Khan with an overwhelming majority of illiterate persons in each village the parties concerned do not consider themselves bound to attend in a court unless and until their thumb marks are obtained on the document by a process-server in token of service of the process. The success of the system is therefore doubtful, but the Deputy Commissioner thinks that, if courts show that they are prepared to accept as duly served all notices which there is reasonable ground to believe have been tendered to the persons concerned, further experience may show that the system can be put on a proper footing.

Progress in re-measurement, revision of records, etc.
Statements XII and XIII.

9. During the year there were four settlements in progress. In Kangra and Ambala Districts re-measurement and record work were completed. In Dera Ghazi Khan the work of final attestation of the record was almost completed by the close of the year in Sanghar Tahsil, was approaching completion in the Dera Ghazi Khan Tahsil and was fairly well advanced in the other two tahsils. The hill torrent record of irrigation rights has been almost completed in Sanghar. In Multan Settlement operations commenced in the Kabirwala and Mailsi Tahsils in the beginning of the year and notwithstanding a delay in obtaining a full staff and a bad outbreak of malaria progress in measurements and records work was satisfactory. The riverain survey of the Ravi was completed and maps and records prepared on the data supplied by the Survey Department. In Ambala the new assessments in the Rupar and Kharar Tahsils were announced and the bachh papers filed, The assessment reports of Ambala and Naraingarh were submitted during the year as also those of Sanghar and Dera Ghazi Khan Tahsils of Dera Ghazi Khan District. Orders were passed on all these reports except on that of the last named tahsil which is now under review.

Final settlement reports.

10. The orders of Government were received on the Final Settlement Reports of Sialkot, Jullundur and Simla Districts. In the canal-irrigated tract of Sialkot, where the conditions have not yet reached stability, the term has been fixed for 10 years while for the remainder of the district not affected by the Upper Chenab Canal the term is 30 years. For Jullundur and Simla 30 years is also the term.

Comparison of estimates and forecaste in regard to duration, cost and results.
Statement Nos. XIII and XIV.

11. No settlements were completed during the year under report. The Kangra Settlement is due to end by the end of January 1919.

Proposed future Settlement operations.

12. The Forecast reports of the Sutlej tahsils and of the portion of the Ravi tahsils outside the colonised area in the Montgomery District and of the Sirsa Tahsil of the Hissar District were considered during the year, but for various reasons it was decided to postpone re-settlement in the Sutlej Tahsils and in Sirsa Tahsil until October 1919, and in the Ravi Tahsils for another five years.

Forecast reports of the Muzaffargarh District and of the Colony villages on the Jhang Branch and on the Gugera Branch, Circle I, of the Lower Chenab Canal in the Lyallpur District have been called for.

Settlement staff.

13. Settlement operations in the Rupar and Kharar Tahsils of Ambala having been finished and measurements in the other three tahsils being completed the entire staff in the former and half the staff in the latter left the settlement, some of the staff being transferred to the Multan Settlement which began during the year. Reductions began to be made in the staff in Kangra where settlement operations will shortly come to an end. Service in Dera Ghazi Khan is said to be very unpopular and the Settlement Officer has experienced some difficulty in obtaining good kanungos.

Surveys.

14. Riverain surveys were carried out by the Punjab Riverain Detachment of the Survey Department on the Indus, Ravi and Sutlej rivers in connection with the Dera Ghazi Khan and Multan Settlements. 440 linear and 706 square miles of main circuits and 3,904 linear and 762 square miles of minor traverses were run and 780 theodolite stations of the former and 16,282 of the latter were fixed in the area under river action. Corners of 173 squares in 1,181 square miles were demarcated with permanent mark ∧ stones on both banks of the Indus and the Ravi to serve as bases for the future survey and demarcation of boundaries and fields in the beds of the rivers. 2,935 plotted and 816 boundary mapping large scale sheets and 40 four-inch sheets were traced and supplied to the Settlement Officers. Besides these 377 miscellaneous traces were prepared and all the traverse stations marked during the year were plotted on 58 four-inch sheets. Some of the Kangra computation volumes were completed. The total expenditure of the detachment during the year was Rs. 1,09,132.

Topographical survey operations were continued under No. 1 Party (Northern Circle) of the Survey of India which surveyed an area of 1,525 square miles on the scale of 1 inch =1 mile in the Hoshiarpur, Jullundur and Kangra Districts and Chamba and Simla Hill States. This party also surveyed 61 square miles on the scale of 3 inch=1 mile for the Artillery Practice Camp near Hoshiarpur.

Triangulation operations for laying out on the ground the temporary marks from which the actual corners of rectangles will be fixed in connection with Sind-Sagar Canal and Colonization Project in the Punjab were begun and completed during the year by Sind-Sagar Party of the Northern Circle, Survey of India. The area triangulated was approximately 7,430 square miles in Mianwali, Shahpur, Muzaffargarh and Jhang Districts, with a view to the location of the corners of 4,000 acre rectangles to be undertaken next season. To assist this party in its work a new series of triangles extending from Sananwan in Muzaffargarh District to Hadali in the Shahpur District was laid out, built and observed by the Survey Department and observations were also completed at all stations built in the preceding year.

Boundaries.

15. There was no important alteration in district boundaries during the year. There is some disagreement between the local officers and the State officials in regard to the location of 2 or 3 pillars on the boundary line between Sialkot and Jammu State, and the matter is now before the Settlement Commissioner of the Jammu State. It is hoped that the question will be finally settled and the new pillars erected at an early date. Some disputes exist as to the correct position of the fixed boundary laid down some years ago between the Bahawalpur State and the Multan District owing to inaccuracies in the two sets of maps in which it was incorporated. The Settlement Officer of the district and the Director of Land Records of the Bahawalpur State have drawn up a scheme for the settlement of outstanding disputes and the demarcation of the disputed line during the present cold weather. A boundary dispute between Karnal District and Jind State was decided and the boundaries between Kangra District in the Beas and Chakki riverain and the Hoshiarpur and Gurdaspur Districts were settled during the year.

Revenue record rooms.

16. In most districts of the Province the accommodation in revenue record rooms is adequate. Jhelum, however, is said to be badly in need of a new record room, while the Ambala and Kangra offices are still cramped for want of suitable accommodation. The extension sanctioned for Kangra and noticed in last year's report has not yet been carried out, with the consequence that the Settlement Records of Palampur and Kangra have not yet been brought into the head-quarters. In Ambala too the new records from two tahsils have been stored as a temporary measure in a spare room provided with temporary racks. The question of providing suitable and up-to-date iron racks both in Simla and Ambala should be taken up at an early date.

The weeding out of old records ripe for destruction received due attention in almost all districts—the only exception being in the Montgomery District where during the whole year no files or other papers were destroyed in the Sadr Kanungo's office presumably on account of the fact that no Muharrir could be found for several months to work for Rs. 10 per mensem.

The new copying rules form the subject of conflicting opinions, but the whole question is being thoroughly sifted in the light of certain observations made by the Hon'ble the Judges of the Chief Court. It appears that some minor alterations in the rules may be ultimately necessary. The misappropriation of certain sums pertaining to the copying department in the Gujranwala District, alluded to in last year's report, is still being enquired into by the Police. The inordinate delay in bringing the culprits to book is accounted for by the fact that the question of the reponsibility for certain signatures – which according to the hand-writing expert may be forged—is still involved in mystery.

The scheme of appointing a special kanungo to attend civil courts with revenue records and to prepare excerpts where necessary has been extended to most districts. The scheme is entirely of a tentative nature and will be fully examined next year. In Ferozepore the post created for the purpose has been brought on to the permanent list and the District officers of Rohtak and Sialkot describe it as useful.

It is reported from Shahpur that the staff in the Revenue record room is overworked, but there is no reason to suppose that this is generally the case as no other district has raised this question. The subordinate staff is, in view of the prevailing high prices, undoubtedly under-paid and the necessity of making Rs. 20 per mensem the minimum pay for all Muharrirs is apparent.

On the whole the outturn of work and the supervision have been entirely satisfactory.

Other matters.

17. Nearly 18 lakhs of land and other revenue were paid by money order during the year against nearly 15 lakhs last year. Advantage was taken of this system in twenty-three districts. The system is becoming popular particularly with those who live at a distance from the tahsil head-quarters or have only small sums to remit. More than 3½ lakhs of revenue were paid by currency notes through the post in 12 districts. Currency note remittances have been adopted especially in Gujranwala, where they markedly displaced money order remittances. The amount paid in currency notes in this district was Rs. 1,36,059. Other districts with considerable currency note payments were Jhang, Rs. 45,668, Attock, 44,300, Jhelum, Rs. 30,503, Gujrat, Rs. 31,470 and Lyallpur, Rs. 28,414. But these payments are as yet curiously localised. Thus they were not used at all in the Rawalpindi District; in the Ambala Division they were used only in the Jhajjar and Gohana Tahsils of Rohtak; while in the Jullundur Division less than Rs. 2,800 were paid in currency notes. In Jhang their use is attributed to a shortage of coins and a distrust of notes, but this is not a reason of general application. Elsewhere the shortage of notes in villages has probably more accurately been put forward as a reason for failure to use them as a means of paying in revenue. Payment in notes has advantages similar to those of payment by money order, and it is cheaper for considerable sums, though dearer when the payment to be made is Rs. 15 or less. In some districts, however, it is distrusted as risky; and that a risk is involved was proved by the theft of a remittance of Rs. 1,420 by a Sub-Postmaster in the Gujranwala District, who was subsequently on conviction sentenced to two years' imprisonment and fine. Remittances in currency notes cause a certain amount of inconvenience to the Accountant staff, but this is outweighed by the convenience which the system will afford to the people as soon as its adoption becomes more general. In Lyallpur the whole of the rabi land revenue was paid into the treasury by the lambardars in notes, the reason for this being that as notes were selling at a discount the lambardars changed their cash for notes in the bazar.

The practice adopted in certain districts by which the Revenue Accountant of the head-quarters tahsil attends the district treasury during the payment of revenue instalments continues to save time and trouble to the revenue-payers. The system of collection of land revenue on successive fixed dates for each village on a regular roster which has been introduced in certain districts continues to work satisfactorily.

Abstract village note-books are completed in the manner suggested in paragraph 110 of the Clerical Establishment Committee's Report by the Sadr Kanungo and his assistant during their visits to the tahsils after the rabi jinswars have been filed in Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan. The Deputy Commissioner, Ludhiana, points out a difficulty which has arisen in adopting this suggestion owing to the fact that the figures relating to cultivated area and area under mortgage cannot be ascertained in the case of villages of which the quadrennial jamabandis have to be prepared until the 7th September.

Enhancement of rent. Statement XV.

18. The numbers of suits brought for enhancement of rent (1,035) and of successful suits of that class (920) continue to decrease. The large decrease in the figures in Gujrat District is due to the disposal in the preceding year of cases which arose from the new settlement. On the other hand there has been an increase in the number of suits in the Hoshiarpur, Jullundur and Gurdaspur Districts. In Jullundur the rise is mainly due to the enhancement of land revenue in the recent settlement. The increase in Gurdaspur follows a similar one in the previous year. No explanation has been offered, and enquiries will be made. There has been an increase in the number of suits for reduction of rent from 13 last year to 28 this year. The

Deputy Commissioner of Ambala writes that the majority of the occupancy tenants in the district paying cash rents pay at revenue rates with a malikana; the maximum rate allowed by law is so low that there can be no hesitation in enhancing on suit rents which are less than those rates even after an increase in the demand upon re-assessment. The Commissioner does not agree. It is better he thinks where there has been a considerable rise of revenue not to enhance the malikana for five years or so after settlement and then the rise should be gradual. Tenants he thinks can of course pay at full rates, but being occupancy tenants they have rights and deserve considerate treatment and a share in the growing prosperity of the country. As regards this the Financial Commissioner would observe that the maximum cash rents which can be decreed legally against occupancy tenants are in themselves favourable rents, and more especially so in view of the general lightness of our revenue assessments He agrees, however, that it is not generally desirable to decree the maximum rate of malikana where this course would involve a heavy proportional enhancement on the rate previously payable. The matter is, however, more properly one for judicial ruling. Section 24 (3) (*a*) of the Tenancy Act appears to place difficulties in the way of the Commissioner's suggestion for postponing enhancement for a period of five years subsequent to settlement.

Ejectment. Statement XVI.

19. There were 111 decrees for ejectment of occupancy tenants under Section 39 of the Tenancy Act as against 120 last year, the largest number being again in the same two districts, *viz.*, Hoshiarpur and Shahpur. The total number of ejectments of occupancy tenants actually made during the year was only 48 against 131 last year. There has been a large decrease in the total number of applications for service of notice of ejectment and of notices of ejectment of tenants-at-will and in consequence the ejectments only total 3,992 against 6,592 last year. This may possibly be attributable to a scarcity of tenants owing to large enlistments in the Army.

Decent of Jagirs Act.

20. Four Jagirs—two held by members of the Bhai family in the Lahore District and two by members of the Mandal family in the Karnal District—were notified during the year under the Descent of Jagirs Act. This brings the total number of jagirs notified under the Act to 149.

Canals under departmental management.

21. All these canals worked well during the year as the result of the heavy monsoon rainfall and of good cold weather supplies in the rivers. The copious rainfall, however, naturally led to a decrease in the demand for canal water. Thus there was a considerable decrease in the area irrigated by the Western Jumna and Sirhind Canals in Karnal, Ferozepore, Ludhiana and Hissar Districts and by the Agra Canal in the Gurgaon District. In the Amritsar District there was a decrease of 42,716 acres or 12·3 per cent. in the total area irrigated by the Upper Bari Doab Canal. Unauthorised irrigation continued to be a constant source of trouble in the Upper Chenab Canal area in Sialkot. On April 30th and May 1st, 1918, a Conference of Revenue, Irrigation and Agricultural Officers was held at the Financial Commissioners' Office to consider whether any and, if so, what modifications were necessary in the Zonal system in force on this canal and also whether the rules regarding irrigation to well areas on the same canal should be modified. Certain modifications in the Zonal system and irrigation rules in force were proposed by this Conference and are now under consideration. There was an increase of 52,356 acres or 7 per cent. in the cultivated canal-irrigated area in the Gujranwala District owing to extensions of the Upper Chenab Canal. Excessive rains increased by 1,081 acres the water-logged area in Wazirabad and Hafizabad Tahsils, where, however, the opening of new and the deepening of old drainages continue to prove beneficial in checking water-logging. Some villages in the Gujrat District have also suffered from water-logging caused by the Upper Jhelum Canal. The villages affected are partly in the Bet Jhelum where there is a sandy slope to the river, and partly in the Gujrat Tahsil where the canal crosses an old drainage. Government passed orders during the year on the recommendations of the Conference on water-logging held in April 1917. His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor decided that the question should be taken up for the Province as a whole by a Drainage Board

consisting of officers of the Revenue, Engineering and Agricultural Departments with power to co-opt the Sanitary Commissioner or Sanitary Engineer as members in the disposal of cases in which questions of public health are important, and also with power to co-opt local civil officers, representatives of the Railway Administration and one or two representatives of the local body concerned when necessary. Except in respect of the sanitation of large village sites this Board will take the place of the present Sanitary Board in rural areas and its functions will be —

(1) to investigate the causes and effects of all cases of water-logging on a large scale that affect the health and prosperity of the rural population or the Government revenue;

(2) to propose remedies, which would generally take the form of the opening up of natural drainages, surface or sub-soil drainage schemes, or contraction of irrigation where its excessive use is undoubtedly the cause of deterioration, etc. etc.;

(3) to prepare the measures necessary to give effect to (2);

(4) to decide on the agency for carrying out those measures, which would usually be the Irrigation Branch in canal tracts, the Roads and Buildings Branch or the railway or local bodies concerned in other cases; and

(5) to advise Government as to the equitable distribution of the cost.

Rotational closure of outlets on the Mungi and Nasrana Rajbahas of the Lower Chenab Canal had to be resorted to in August and September 1918. It was ascertained that the closure on the Nasrana was due to the outlets being of an old type; supplies passing through these outlets are subject to variation both from silt movement in the rajbaha and from the action of the cultivators in clearing their water-courses; except by the rotational closure of outlets the action of these causes could not be controlled promptly enough to secure that supplies reached the tail of the rajbaha in time to save existing crops. On the Mungi Distributary Kennedy Gauge Outlets had been fixed, but the need for closure was caused by silt movements resulting from the channel being in a state of transition while adjusting itself to a recent remodelling. The Lower Bari Doab Canal and the Lower Jhelum Canal worked well. The opinion of the Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners concerned was obtained as to the suitability of the rules which govern the distribution of river supplies as between the five linked canals and it was found that the rules laid down by the Irrigation Department were suitable for the present, but they will require reconsideration in two years' time when irrigation from the Lower Bari Doab Canal and the Upper Jhelum Canal has further developed.

Nearly the whole area irrigated by the Shahpur Inundation Canals became a swamp from floods in the autumn and was unfit for sowing until the spring. The Upper Sutlej Canals worked much better in the Montgomery District than in the preceding year and matured area amounted to 317,029 acres as against 219,375 acres in 1916-17. All the Inundation Canals in the Multan District worked well and gave an abundant supply of water. But on account of copious rains, the demand for water was of course not so keen as usual. Owing to excessive rainfall and the frequent occurrence of floods the canals of the Sidhnai series had to be closed for a time. The remodelling of the channels in the Mailsi Sub-Division is nearly completed. The Diwanwah and Muhammadwah Canals have been widened to carry a larger supply of water, and work on the Luddan Division of the Mailsi Canal is in hand. In Muzaffargarh heavy rains reduced the demand for canal water and abnormal floods and "soma" damaged the crops. Steady progress continues to be made in this district in replacing kacha outlets with iron pipes to the great advantage of the cultivators at the tail of the channels. The Inundation Canals in Dera Ghazi Khan opened very late, but subsequently heavy rains and hill torrent floods rendered irrigation from the canals almost unnecessary.

The total area irrigated in 1917-18 by all the canals in the province under departmental control amounted to 9,063,901 acres including 463,743 acres in Native States. The total area matured by them in the same year was 8,437,724 acres including 461,639 acres in Native States.

Canals under district management.

22. Owing to heavy rainfall during the month of September 1917, the Gurgaon bunds matured 10,441 acres as compared with 5,592 acres last year, and the income from them rose in consequence from Rs. 6,808 to Rs. 14,989. The cost of maintenance was Rs. 11,456 as compared with Rs. 8,284 in the preceding year as it was necessary to repair the damage done to certain bunds by heavy rains, and that caused by the bursting of bunds in the Alwar State. A special grant of Rs. 20,000 was sanctioned by Government for these repairs. The Rangoi Canal in Hissar irrigated 576 acres in kharif and 13,908 acres in rabi as compared with 520 and 4,042 acres, respectively, in the preceding year. The area irrigated by the Sarusti Canal in Karnal was 35,835 acres as compared with 32,569 acres last year. In both of these cases the increase was due to good rains in September and October 1917. The water channels or kuhls in Kangra continued to supply valuable irrigation and no difficulty occurred in their management. The Shah Nahr Canal in Hoshiarpur worked well and irrigated 15,687 acres as against 15,804 acres in the previous year; the matured area was 15,540 as against 15,444 acres; the expenditure was Rs. 14,100 less than in 1916-17, but the higher expenditure of the former year is accounted for by an investment of Rs. 11,000 in the War Loan.

On the Grey Canals in the Ferozepore District the area sown exceeded that of the previous year, but the matured area—110,793 acres—was below the average of the previous five years. One reason for the decrease is difficulty in providing suitable heads for two canals—the Jalalwah and the Bachherewah. On the former an expenditure of Rs. 29,411 was incurred during the year, but the ultimate result was not altogether satisfactory. On these two canals 18,444 acres were sown and 13,748 matured—the sown area being 17 per cent. less than that of the previous year and the matured area 29 per cent. less. A further reason for the unsatisfactory working of the canals as a whole was the damage done by floods in the lower lying parts of a number of the canals. This flooding not only restricted sowings, but also damaged the crops when they were nearing maturity. Five canals were affected by it, and their sown and matured areas of 56,224 and 38,883 acres, respectively, amount to a decrease of 12 per cent. in the sown and nearly 36 per cent. in the matured areas as compared with the previous year. The necessity for the improvement of the drainage of the tract affected is under consideration and a scheme has been prepared. The provision of escapes for the canals is also receiving attention. The other 8 canals of the system worked well. With the assistance of contributions made by Government and the District Board considerable improvements by means of silt clearance have been affected in these canals, and they are securing a large increase in the area irrigated. The total area sown on these 8 canals was 73,930 acres and of this 58,162 acres matured. The sown area was 44 per cent. greater than that of the previous year and the matured area was 33 per cent. greater.

The canals under the management of the Deputy Commissioner of Montgomery worked very satisfactorily. The area irrigated increased from 44,971 to 60,095 acres while the increase in the area matured by them was from 31,966 to 48,794 acres. The largest of these canals is the Kitchin and Irving Canal which matured in the year under report 24,040 acres. All these canals except the Gark Garkana draw upon the Sutlej. The canal named irrigates from the Ravi and an improvement of its management is under contemplation.

Owing to good rainfall in 1917 the water in the Nammal Lake in Mianwali rose to a level never attained before. On the 1st October 1917 the reservoir contained 1,428 million cubic feet of water, which was sufficient for the rabi and kharif crops of 1918 and in spite of the almost complete failure of rains last year there is still sufficient water for the coming rabi crop. The total area irrigated during the year was 10,678 acres and the water rate collected amounted to Rs. 42,478 The cultivators are beginning to realize that careful cultivation leads to better crops and there was a marked improvement in the rabi of 1918 in the area irrigated per cusec of discharge The "duty" per cusec in rabi 1917 was 160 acres and the average depth of water over a field was 2·20 feet, while in rabi 1918 these figures were 177 acres and 1·94 feet, respectively. The Kurram Canals in Isa Khel and the Indus streams in Mianwali and Bhakkar Tahsils worked well during the year. The proposal to construct a weir in the Kurram and the Kotki Dam Scheme are still under consideration. The hill torrents in Dera Ghazi Khan at first flowed satisfactorily,

but later on they flooded the country and damaged the standing kharif crops; the flooding, however, proved very useful for rabi sowings.

Land Acquisition Act.

23. The outstanding feature of the acquisitions under the Act is that whereas in the preceding year a total area of more than four thousand acres was acquired for a little over 4 lakhs of rupees the consideration paid this year for 2,841 acres exceeds six lakhs of rupees This great rise in the amount of compensation is due to the fact that urban land was taken up in Ambala, Lahore, Amritsar and Gujranwala. In Lahore alone an area slightly less than 5 acres absorbed nearly one lakh and forty thousand rupees. Such exceptional factors render all comparison between past and present rates of compensation useless and illusory and for the same reason no accurate conclusions can be drawn from an analysis of the figures showing the price paid in terms of the number of year's purchase of the land revenue.

More than half of the total area acquired during the year was for canals, being 1,651 acres, while roads accounted for 252 acres, railways for 179 acres and buildings, etc., for 762 acres.

It has been reported from Gujranwala that on the Lower Chenab Canal land has been occupied by canal officials in many cases long before the publication of the Gazette notification. Elsewhere there is no such complaint and the provisions of the law as to the proper method of taking possession and paying compensation have been strictly followed. Everywhere the registers have been reported to be properly kept.

Altogether 780·61 acres were surrendered during the year as against 626·69 acres surrendered last year. The Hissar District alone accounts for a surrender of more than 500 acres to the owners from whom the land was acquired. Two hundred acres out lof these were surrendered free of cost as the owners had not accepted any compensation when the land was originally acquired. In Muzaffargarh too 49 acres were restored to the original owners free of cost.

Land Improvement Loans Act XIX of 1883.

Statements Nos. XVII, XIX, XX, XXI and XXII.

24. As compared with last year the amounts advanced for land improvements dropped from 1·4 lakhs to a little less than Rs. 77,000. On account of the principal of outstanding loans 2·09 lakhs were realised leaving Rs. 17,091 arrears. Collections on account of interest amounted to Rs. 75,843 and the corresponding arrears to Rs. 5,750. Arrears both of principal and nterest were greater than last year. The interest collected represented 6 per cent. of the mean outstanding balance, which is the average of the last 10 years. The provincial gain on the year's working has been Rs. 28,750. Remissions of land revenue were given for 1,496 wells which fell out of use, and protective certificates for 860 new wells.

Except for the construction of embankments in a few districts, taccavi loans were taken practically for wells only. A number of causes at work during the year restricted the sinking of wells generally. In some districts these causes were of purely local operation, such as floods in parts of Gurgaon, the extension of canal irrigation in Gujrat, and the effects of settlement operations in Jullundur and Dera Ghazi Khan; but the high prices of all necessary materials and labour had a general restrictive effect. Nevertheless where the people require wells they are increasingly able to undertake their construction without the help of taccavi. The war has in many ways increased their resources, and it is noticeable that much of the large remittances lately received from men in army service has been applied in their home districts to the sound object of agricultural improvements. Moreover there is an increasing tendency to resort for assistance if necessary to co-operative societies rather than to Government. In view of the above considerations the decrease to 117 (or 60 per cent.) in the number of wells for which taccavi loans were taken when compared with the decrease to 2,4 9,, or 3? per cent., in that of other wells sunk during the year indicates that there has been no hesitation about asking for taccavi loans where necessary, and that it has been liberally granted As it is usually taken by zamindars whose credit makes it difficult for them to finance improvements otherwise, it is not unnatural that in some cases a little difficulty in realisation has been experienced; but the advances are said to be properly applied and their recovery is satisfactory. Action has lately been

taken to ensure that where there is an ascertained scope for improvements, the procedure for the distribution of taccavi loans shall be simplified. In many places it is not under existing conditions economically sound to press the sinking of wells either with or without taccavi, as for instance in Karnal where the sub-soil water is brackish or in the Mianwali Thal, where the conditions for successful well-sinking have not yet been ascertained. But in tracts in which taccavi loans can, with advantage, be encouraged it has been decided by Government that applications should be dealt with and disbursements made by officers on tour, and the limits which formerly were fixed for grants by different classes of officers have been extended. The Deputy Commissioner of Ambala suggests that taccavi loans might usefully be given with the object of arresting darar or ravine cutting, but he notes that the return on the principal sunk for this purpose is problematical and that zamindars cannot risk capital on appropriate schemes. The Commissioner of Ambala is of opinion that there should certainly be some way, *e.g.*, by purchase of the land or by a long lease, in which a district board could undertake and recover expenditure on schemes of this kind and on soil improvement.

Loans under the Agriculturists Loans Act XII of 1884.
Statements Nos. XVIII, XX, XXI and XXII.

25. The amount advanced under the Agriculturists Loans Act rose from 1·5 to 3·1 lakhs. The balance outstanding at the end of the year fell from 3·7 to 3·4 lakhs. There has been an increase of arrears on account of principal from Rs. 24,441 to 42,893. Arrears of interest amount to only Rs. 1,883. The interest realized amounted to Rs. 6 per cent. on the mean balance, and there was a provincial gain for the year's working of Rs. 4,821. The average rate of interest received on the mean balances for the past 10 years is Rs. 5-3-0. In seven districts no advances were made, and in 6 districts only did the advances exceed Rs. 10,000 each. But taccavi is reported to be generally popular, and it is taken freely when necessary. It is only when conditions are exceptional that large advances are required. Thus the advances made in Gurgaon aggregate Rs 87,000, as relief was required for sufferers from floods. In the other districts where large advances were made they were due to the encouragement of the cultivation of food-grains. It does not appear that advantage was taken of the permission accorded during the year for loans for the construction of country carts intended to relieve difficulties of transport caused by the war. Taccavi, however, proved valuable in relieving distress caused in the remote Spiti tract through the failure of the local harvest in 1917 and the loss of many animals due to early snowfall in the autumn of the same year. The Assistant Commissioner of Kulu organised measures for the import of food stuffs into Spiti and its cheap sale, and he also distributed Rs. 2,500 in taccavi for the replacement of yaks and bullocks.

Forest Act and Government lands.
Statement No. XXIII.

26. The work of defining the limits of forest areas, the trees on which are the property of Government, by, reference to field numbers was completed in the five tahsils of Kangra Proper except for two tikas in the Palampur and twenty tikas in the Kangra Tahsil respectively by the close of the year. The allied work of delimiting the portions of these areas, which will in future be under the departmental control of the Forest Department and of the Deputy Commissioner, respectively, was continued by Messrs Mitchell, Assistant Commissioner, and Walters, Deputy Conservator of Forests. Their report concerning the Nurpur Tahsil has recently been submitted and except for the Jagir tracts they had completed their work in the Hamirpur and Dehra Tahsils by the close of the year. No new area of protected forest was transferred from the Forest to the Civil Department. There were 39 cases under the Forest Act and Rules in the Kangra District during the year. 37 cases were withdrawn on compensation being paid and in 2 cases the accused were tried and convicted. The management of the Shahpur Kandi Forests is reported to have been satisfactory. Income from these forests during the year rose from Rs. 2,217 to Rs. 5,937 and the expenditure from Rs 3,044 to Rs. 3,531. After deducting the debit balance of the last year the net profit from these forests comes to Rs. 1,578. Resin and tapping work continued to be profitable, and very little damage was done to the forests by fire during the year. Income from unclassed forests in the Hoshiarpur District increased from Rs. 986 to Rs. 10,696 owing to the sale of chil trees in Ban Nandhir. Grazing leases in the Lahore District realised Rs. 11,260 as against Rs. 5,525 in the preceed-

ing year, probably owing to the good monsoon. Rs. 1,763 of this amount of Rs 11,260 was, however, afterwards remitted, as part of the area leased for grazing was subsequently given out on temporary leases in order to increase the area under food-grains. In connection with the scheme for the browsing of the 53rd Camel Corps in the Shahpur District arrangements are being completed to lease parts of Rakhs Khabakki and Shin Dhakki on favourable terms to villagers who have certain rights in the area to be reserved for the Corps as compensation for these rights. In Rawalpindi some 12 forest fires occurred in the Eastern and 19 in the Western Forest Divisions and burnt areas of 1,013 acres of Reserved and 138 acres of Protected Forests. These fires are stated to have been generally accidental and they cannot be called extensive as the year was dry. The villagers afforded help in putting out the fires. Cultivation of Thal-lands in Mianwali is growing very popular among zamindars owing to extension of gram cultivation in the Thal. A portion of the Government Thal rakhs, 9,900 acres in area, in the Mianwali Tahsil was accordingly leased out for cultivation during the year on a consolidated rate of Re. 0-4-0 per kanal (=Re. 1-8-0 acre) matured, and an assessment of Rs. 17,876 was made. The Bhakhar Thal rakhs did not attract any cultivators in the year under report owing mainly to the extensive private shamilat areas there available for cultivation. The Deputy Commissioner states also that the term of 2 years which is now allowed for a temporary lease of Government waste land is not sufficiently attractive to induce people to come forward. In the Mianwali Tahsil the Deputy Commissioner is giving such leases as rewards for recruiting work. In Montgomery there are several scattered patches of forest reserved for a period of 10 years. It is stated that these have proved troublesome in many ways. They attract graziers from all parts of the Sandal and Ganji Bars and form a rendezvous for stolen cattle. It thus seems to be possible that they cause more harm than good and an enquiry will be made into the matter. The area let out in this district for cultivation increased considerably owing to good rainfall and on account of the temporary leases given for the cultivation of wheat and other food crops in order to increase the exportable surplus of the Province. A large proportion of the increase in total income is due to this cause. An area of 10,877 acres was leased out on temporary leases in Jhang District in order to increase the area under food-grains and of this 7,760 acres were cultivated in Rabi 1918. There was a decrease of Rs. 40,266 in income in Dera Ghazi Khan District owing to the failure of kharif crops on the Dhundi Estate as the result of floods and excessive rainfall. 97 temporary leases of Government land were granted in the Multan District in pursuance of measures taken for the expansion of food-grain areas. The total income from all unclassed forests and from other Government lands under the control of the Collectors amounted to Rs. 75,10,170 as against Rs. 60,67,456 in the preceding year.

Punjab Land Preservation (Chos) Act.

27. Financial conditions prevented the extension of operations under the Chos Act in the Ambala District during the year under report. In reviewing last year's report the Lieutenant-Governor observed that further action should be no longer delayed and that proposals for extending these operations both in Ambala and Hoshiarpur districts should be formulated and provision made for giving effect to them as early as possible. A sum of Rs. 1,50,000 has accordingly been entered in the schedule of new expenditure for the financial year 1919-20 and proposals for the assessment and payment of compensation for restrictions under section 5 of the Chos Act in the Rupar and Kharar Tahsils, which are estimated to cost approximately Rs. 1,28,000, are now before Government. The Financial Commissioner has also recommended that a forest officer should be put on special duty to report in consultation with the local officers on the whole question of remedial measures against Cho action in the Morni ilaqa and in the hills and plains of the Naraingarh, Jagadhri and Ambala Tahsils. A grant of Rs. 2,000 was placed at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioner, Ambala, for the reclamation and training of Cho beds in the district. In Hoshiarpur experiments on a fairly large scale were made in the Maili Cho with a view to confining the Cho water to its proper course. These experiments were carried out by the zamindars themselves, acting under directions, and they have proved most valuable. The afforestation of the Siwaliks in that district is proceeding satisfactorily. Shisham and bamboos have been sown to certain extent while the grass crop was abundant. Grazing of

camels is now permanently prohibited in the Hoshiarpur Siwaliks and Rs. 3,488 were paid during the year as compensation on this account.

General statement of owned and mortgaged area. Statement III.

28. The total area of the Province, as entered in the revenue records is now a little over 56¼ million acres. Of this nearly 34½ million acres are owned by agricultural tribes, 5¼ million acres by others and a little over 16½ million acres consist of common lands, village sites and Government property. There has been a gross increase of a little over one-and-a-half million acres compared with that shown in Statement III last year and an increase of a little over three-quarters of a million acres in the cultivated area. The increase in the former is due mainly to the correct measurement of waste areas of shamilat and Government estates in the course of killabandi operations in the Montgomery Colony; it is also to some extent due to similar operations in Gujrat, to remeasurement in Kangra District and to a large area transferred from the United Provinces to Karnal by alluvion. The increase in the cultivated area is due to good rainfall, to the efforts made to increase the area under food-grains and to the extension of canal irrigation. The cultivated area under mortgage shows a slight decrease as compared with last year and the percentage of this to the total cultivated area is now 10·9 against 11·5 last year.

Transfers. Statements XXIV to XXVII.

29. The cultivated area (ownership) sold during the year was 100,650 acres or about 6,500 acres less than in the previous year. This is the lowest figure for 22 years Sales of uncultivated land (ownership) have also fallen from 112,314 to 71,803 acres Muzaffargarh was again the district in which the largest area was sold, but even in that district the area sold, owing, it is reported, to the prevailing financial stringency, bad seasons and possibly also to feelings of uneasiness owing to the war, was considerably less than last year. In Mianwali a large area of shamilat land of very poor quality was sold owing to the extension of gram cultivation. The total cultivated area (ownership) redeemed during the year was 200,855 acres against 187,407 acres last year and the mortgage debt discharged was Rs. 1,77,00,000 against Rs. 1,45,00,000. The increase in redemption is marked in the districts of the Ambala Division and is ascribed to a good rabi harvest, to high prices of produce and to remittances from men in the Army. The reason for the progressive decrease in the area redeemed last year and in previous years has been under enquiry and a report on the subject will be submitted shortly. There has been a slight drop in the number of cases under the Redemption of Mortgages Act, from 2,932 cases last year to 2,464 cases this year, but notwithstanding this the Act is said to be gaining in popularity. The cultivated area (ownership) mortgaged during the year was 199,779 acres against 219,712 acres last year, this being a drop of nearly 20,000 acres and 1,000 acres less than that redeemed. In the previous year mortgages had exceeded redemptions by 32,000 acres. The area transferred by gifts has also fallen from 86,000 to 75,000 acres during the year, these gifts being mainly as usual transfers for religious and charitable purposes and transfers to relations. The area transferred by exchanges was 31,600 acres against 43,000 acres last year and was mostly due to consolidation of holdings.

Value of land. Statement XXVI.

30. The average recorded price of cultivated land has again risen, the price for 1917-18 averaging Rs 252 per acre as compared with Rs. 227 for 1916-17. The rise continues to be almost general throughout the Province, and as remarked last year it is due to the general rise in prices of agricultural produce and to the large sums of money available owing to large remittances by men in the Army. The few districts which report a fall in the price of land attribute this fall variously to diminishing popularity of land as an investment for money, to the War loan, to the sale of land of inferior quality as in the Mianwali Thal and to the sale of their holdings in colonised areas to Government tenants at rates much below the market value. The sale price for the Province as a whole this year represents 171 years' purchase of the land revenue assessed as against 157 years' last year. The mortgage value of land, the ownership of which was mortgaged during the year, was 329·86 lakhs against 283·03 lakhs last year and represents 91 times the land revenue assessment of the land against 85 times in the previous year. The average mortgage money per acre on the whole area mortgaged was Rs. 140 against Rs. 106 last year.

Land Alienation Act
Statement XXV.

31. No new tribe was notified under the Land Alienation Act during the year. Agricultural tribes gained by purchase a net increase of 9,000 acres against a gain of 21,000 acres in the year preceding The net loss to agricultural tribes in cultivated and uncultivated land by mortgage and redemption taken together was 28,000 acres against 45,000 acres last year. Sales by agricultural tribesmen have again fallen from 183,000 to 146,000 acres, and sales to them have fallen from 203,000 to 155,000 acres, while sales to others show a decrease from 38,000 to 31,000 acres. A few districts report the detection of cases of benami transactions, which were all set aside. These transactions appear to be on the decrease, but the Deputy Commissioner, Multan, thinks there is still a considerable amount of transfer in his district which is contrary to the provisions of the Act. The Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali states that frequent applications are received for the determination of the balance of the mortgage debt under Section 7 (3) of the Act and in the course of investigations in connection with these applications unconscionable bargains have come to light; on the other hand the procedure is being used by some zamindars in order to avoid the result of a deal that was *primâ facie* perfectly fair but has actually turned out to the considerable advantage of the mortgagees.

Business returns.
Statements XXVIII and XXIX.

32. Military service and pre-occupations reduced the number of revenue cases for disposal in districts. The time of district revenue officials was much taken up with war work, but revenue case work was kept well in hand. The pending file was 30 per cent. less than in September 1917, though disposals of court cases and Revenue Officers' cases were over 9 per cent. and 11 per cent., respectively, less than in 1917-18. Some noticeable changes in the classification of Revenue Officers' cases have occurred in a few districts, and it is doubtful whether the statistics are maintained in all districts on exactly similar lines Thus the disposal of soldiers' petitions appears to have been differently dealt with; in many districts they gave much work, but whereas in some, *e.g.*, Hoshiarpur with 2,405 disposed of, they appear to be included in the returns, in others, *e.g.*, Rawalpindi with 3,287 such petitions, they were excluded. In Gurgaon, verification rolls, which were included last year, were excluded in the present year's returns. In the courts of Commissioners and Financial Commissioners 1,157 Revenue Judicial appeals were decided in the year against 938 decided last year and the number of pending cases has been reduced from 277 to 127. 2,891 Revenue executive appeals were decided against 2,938 last year and there were only 201 cases pending against 463 last year. The number of appeals pending for more than three months has also fallen from 252 to 30.

Tour of Commissioners.

33. The following returns of touring by Commissioners refer to the year ending 31st March 1918 :—

Ambala.—The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Atkins, I.C.S., was Commissioner for 183 days, of which he spent 21 days on tour. Mr T. Millar, I.C.S., was Commissioner for 9 days and did no touring. Mr. H. A. Casson, C.S.I., I.C.S., was Commissioner for 173 days, of which he spent 69 days on tour.

Jullundur.—The Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Hallifax, C.B.E., I.C.S., was Commissioner throughout the year and remained 118 days on tour.

Lahore.—Mr. H. A. Casson, C.S.I., I.C.S., was Commissioner for 133 days of which he spent 11 days on tour. Mr. C. M. King, C.I.E., I.C.S., was Commissioner for 232 days and remained 73 days on tour.

Rawalpindi.—Lieutenant-Colonel Sir F. Popham Young, K.B.E., C.I.E., I.A., was Commissioner for 335 days, of which he spent 93 days on tour. Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. Barton, I.A., was Commissioner for 30 days and did no touring.

Multan.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. Powney Thomspon, I.A., was Commissioner throughout the year and remained 108 days on tour.

Extracts from District Reports.

LYALLPUR.

THERE are a few special points connected with this district which may be conveniently noticed here.

Temporary cultivation.—Small areas continue to be given out in addition to the areas given out last year for the production of additional food-grain stocks. It is not, however, expected that the produce of the area in the coming *rabi* season will be as great as it was in the *rabi* harvest of 1918 when a vigorous monsoon stimulated sowings.

Village sites.—A further reference has been made to the Financial Commissioner on the subject of the sale of sites in villages to proprietors. A constant demand for new sites or additional sites exists, some of the applications are speculative, but a large proportion of the applications come from owners whose families and dependents have increased or whose holdings have been sub-divided. New tenants, menials and shop-keepers are constantly arriving in this district. The district is still undermanned from the point of view of agricultural labour and the demand for sites is expected to continue.

Service grants.—Two out of the four camel corps were on service at the beginning of the year and the other two corps were mobilized during the year and are now serving at Rawalpindi. Constant attention is required to keep the corps up to strength and replacement of camels and sarwans has been and continues to be a difficult business. Sarwans become sick on service, desert, or are declared unsuitable and struck off. In nearly every case the camel-owning tenant has given the sarwan a substantial advance in order to persuade him to enrol and he feels the financial burden of having to produce another sarwan to fill the gap. The Janglis and Ravi Hitharis dislike military service and it needs a substantial advance to persuade one of this class to take service as a sarwan with a mobilized corps. Very often the camel-owning tenant failing to find a sarwan has to go off on service himself, which causes local difficulties regarding cultivation of his grant, payment of dues and recovery of takavi advances. Camels are becoming increasingly difficult to obtain. Some grantees have had to go as far as Sind to find replacements. The Camel Purchasing Officer purchased a few replacements in this district and Jhang under the Military Transport Act for camel-owning tenants, but the number was small. There have been a good many complaints connected with the administration of the corps which are still *sub judice*. Surra still causes considerable loss. Under the present law we can only advise an owner to destroy a camel cast for surra. He invariably takes back the camel to the herd of female camels in his *Jhok* where it becomes a centre of danger to the few breeding camels left in the Bar.

Mule-breeding grants.—A satisfactory effort is being made to keep up conditions and Government obtains a substantial number of mules from these grants. The number of unbound breeders is increasing : at present their stocks are largely bought by dealers, who are paying higher prices than the Army Remount Department. It would be of interest to apply the Punjab Military Transport Act to these unbound mules and purchase by prices fixed by a committee under the Act. Horse-breeding has gone down. There are several reasons. The chief reason has been that the very high prices have tempted owners to sell and many a good mare has been sold because a dealer offered a good price. The loss of some of the good Jangli mares is irreparable or will take years of care and stimulation to repair. I think also that, while the department have been most successful in promoting mule-breeding, their officers have got somewhat out of touch with the horse-breeders. Some mares were struck off the register in past years for not appearing before the Army Remount Department Officer on tour. There was rather a tendency to deal with horse owners, who are unbound by any conditions, as if they were owners of a mule-breeding bound mare or a branded bound mare of the Jhelum Canal Colony. There seems to have been an idea that the source of supply would cultivate the convenience of the department instead of the department cultivating the idiosyncracies of the source of supply. This circle has been without a Veterinary Officer for some time which has thrown additional work on the Superintendent of the Circle. When conditions make it possible to strengthen staff, it may be possible to visit and encourage the owners of unbound horse

stock in their homes and to begin to build up again that considerable promise as a horse-breeding centre which this district once possessed. Looking at matters from the broadest point of view, the inhabitants of this district are certainly the richest agricultural population of any district in the province at the present time. Horse-breeding is essentially the pastime of the well-to-do yeoman farmer and if it can be worked up in any district it can be worked up here with the maximum hope of success.

G. F. DEMONTMORENCY,

The 1st November 1918. *Deputy Commissioner, Lyallpur.*

214 CS—252—1·3·19—SGPP Lahore.

STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph "Intro

ANALYSIS BY DISTRICTS OF CHIEF STATISTICS AT DATE OF SETTLEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Districts.	Year.	Detail. (Fixed, Fluctuating and Total).	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Others.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Hissar.	Last Settlement (1909-10).	Part under fixed assessment. — Tahsils Hissar, Hansi, Bhiwani and Fatahabad.	2,187,619	1,027	291,464	125	1	2,700	...
	1901-02 ...	Part under fixed assessment. — Tahsil Sirsa ...	1,002,824	1,117	201,827	118	19	659	...
		Part under fixed assessment. — Total ...	3,190,443	2,144	493,291	243	20	3,359	...
	1909-10 ...	Part under fluctuating assessment. — Tahsil Fatahabad	81,449	...	33,470	53	6	507	...
	1901-02 ...	Part under fluctuating assessment. — Tahsil Sirsa ...	47,109	...	14,456	28	10	141	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. — Total ...	128,558	...	47,926	81	16	648	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts.	3,319,001	2,144	541,217	324	36	4,007	...
	Year of report 1916-17.	Part under fixed assessment. — All five tahsils of the district.	3,190,192	1,971	358,799	237	29	2,633	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. — Tahsils Fatahabad and Sirsa of the Hissar district.	128,469	...	51,984	65	11	569	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts.	3,318,661	1,971	410,783	302	40	3,202	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—251	—173	—134,492	—6	+9	—726	...
		Fluctuating ...	—89	...	+4,058	—16	—5	—79	...
		Total ...	—340	—173	—130,434	—22	+4	—805	...
Rohtak.	Last Settlement (1909-10).	Fixed	1,439,420	2,372	164,148	5,545	762	99,671	1,912
	Year of report 1916-17.	Fixed	1,437,022	2,511	173,151	5,583	801	86,598	756
		Fluctuating ...	894	...	130	...	5	...	...
		Total ...	1,437,916	2,511	173,281	5,583	806	86,598	756
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—2,398	+139	+9,003	+38	+39	—13,073	—1,156
		Fluctuating ...	+894	...	+130	...	+5	...	...
		Total ...	—1,504	+139	+9,133	+38	+44	—13,073	—1,156

No. I.

ductory " of the teext.)

AND FOR THE AGRICULTURAL QUINQUENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JUNE 15TH, 1917.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICTS.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs. *Initial.* *Final.*	
2,700		281,655	5,065	1,482,545	16	1,771,981	7,59,754 8,20,422	
659		27,892	3,508	743,285	...	775,344	2,05,525 2,05,530	
3,359	120 Miles.	309,547	8,573	2,225,830	16	2,547,325	9,65,279 10,25,952	
507		11,478	18,179	13,736	73	43,973	4,860	
141		13,634	15,667	578	114	30,134	39,157	
648	...	25,112	33,846	14,314	187	74,107	44,017	
4,007	120	334,659	42,419	2,240,144	203	2,621,432	*Initial.* 10,09,296	HISSAR.
2,633	120 Miles.	297,790	7,248	2,374,142	28	2,681,841	10,10,478	
569		25,682	23,771	19,858	185	70,015	64,894	
3,202	120	323,472	31,019	2,394,000	168	2,751,856	10,75,372	
—726	...	—11,757	—1,325	+148,312	+12	+134,516	+45,199	
—79	...	+570	—10,075	+5,544	—52	—4,092	+20,877	
—805	...	—11,187	—11,400	+153,856	—40	+130,424	+66,076	
101,583	357	268,322	1,185	799,680	95	1,170,865	15,62,852	
87,354	357	294,917	1,722	775,725	107	1,159,825	16,89,395	
...	...	253	...	412	...	665	... 1,366	
87,354	357	295,170	1,722	776,137	107	1,160,490	16,40,761	ROHTAK.
—14,229	...	+26,595	+537	—23,955	+12	—11,040	+76,543	
...	...	+253	...	+412	...	+665	+1,366	
—14,229	...	+26,848	+537	—23,543	+12	—10,375	+77,909	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sirkab.	Chahi-nahri including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Gurgaon.	Last setttlement (1907-08 Rewari) 1909-10 other Tahsils.	Fixed ...	1,364,280	55	106,107	6,332	2,220	142,153	...
		Fluctuating ...	50,107	...	4,621	54	106	912	...
		Total ...	1,414,387	55	110,728	6,386	2,326	143,065	...
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	1,412,171	357	151,265	6,559	2,781	138 009	...
		Fluctuating ...	7,181	...	4,124	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,419,352	357	155,389	6,559	2,781	138,009	...
	Difference + or— ...	Fixed ...	+47,941	+302	+45,158	+227	+561	−4,144	...
		Fluctuating ...	−42,926	...	−497	−54	−106	−912	...
		Total ...	+5,015	+302	+44,661	+173	+455	−5,056	...
Karnal.	Last Settlement (1909-10).	Fixed ...	2,001,180	7,500	583,644	7,897	238	148,774	...
	1916-17 ...		1,997,417	6,156	569,936	7,827	173	148,269	...
	Difference + or −		−3,763	−1,344	−13,708	−70	−65	−505	...
Ambala.	Last Settlement (1886-87).	Fixed ...	1,185,902	...	103,608	2,182	2,339	21,148	...
	1916-17 ...		1,196,105	3,597	128,419	2,026	1,480	27,301	...
	Difference + or −		+10,203	+3,597	+24,811	−156	−859	+6,153	...
Simla.	Last Settlement (1916-17).	Fixed ...	51,657	...	25,069	...	...	...	...
	1916-17 ...		51,657	...	25,069	...	...	...	...
	Difference + or —		...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kangra.	Last Settlement— Kangra, Nurpur, Palampur, 1891-92; Dehra, Hamirpur, 1913-14. Kulu, Saraj 1912-13	Fixed ...	1,703,898	681	566,839	3	72	48	...
	1916-17 ...		1,696,103	2,865	277,371	13	41	53	...
	Difference + or — ...		−7,795	+2,184	−289,468	+10	−31	+5	...
Hoshiarpur.	Last Settlement (1914-15).	Fixed ...	1,414,220	...	271,641	6,908	6,644	35,673	...
	1916-17 ...		1,414,900	1,816	253,925	7,415	5,863	33,102	...
	Difference + or—		+680	+1,816	−17,716	+507	−781	−2,571	...

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
142,153	44	99,690	34,637	789,191	7,063	1,072,734	15,60,056	
912	...	...	12,873	26,243	493	40,521	49,057	
143,065	44	99,690	47,510	815,434	7,556	1,113,255	16,09,113	
138,009	44	66,109	58,038	797,193	9,882	1,069,231	15,72,137	GURGAON.
...	...	...	2,901	138	...	3,039	2,855	
138,009	44	66,109	60,939	797,331	9,882	1,072,270	15,74,992	
− 4,144	...	− 33,581	+ 23,401	+ 8,002	+ 2,819	− 3,503	+ 12,081	
−912	...	...	— 9,972	− 26,105	−493	− 37,482	− 46,202	
− 5,056	...	− 33,581	+ 13,429	− 18,103	+ 2,326	− 40,985	− 34,121	
148,774	129	258,028	118,533	600,402	4,275	1,130,012	12,93,339	KARNAL.
148,269	129	248,100	114,610	632,477	3,628	1,147,084	13,53,554	
−505	...	− 9,928	− 3,923	+ 32,075	−647	+ 17,072	+ 60,215	
21,148	46	3,272	14,496	692,367	13,746	745,029	11,45,616	AMBALA.
27,301	46	3,415	29,875	667,173	14,585	742,349	11,47,400	
+ 6,153	...	+143	+ 15,379	− 25,194	+839	− 2,680	+ 1,784	
...	...	...	...	9,437	724	10,161	20,587	SIMLA.
...	...	...	...	9,437	724	10,161	20,587	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
48	...	116,396	...	477,939	...	594,383	9,88,384	KANGRA.
53	...	115,174	...	468,591	...	583,818	10,16,616	
+5	...	− 1,222	...	− 9,348	...	− 10,565	+ 28,232	
35,673	30	23,279	...	649,620	5,540	714,112	17,79,186	HOSHIARPUR.
33,102	30	23,650	54,036	606,915	5,662	723,365	17,77,355	
− 2,571	...	+371	+ 54,036	—42,705	+122	+ 9,253	− 1,831	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
				TOTAL AREA AVAILABLE FOR CULTIVATION NOT YET CULTIVATED.					
DISTRICT.	YEAR.	DETAIL.	Total area including forests.	Government waste.	Other.	Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi, including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
JULLUNDUR.	Last Settlement (1915-16).	Fixed ...	859,021	334	126,200	29,358	211	291,785	196
	1916-17 ...		858,966	330	123,871	28,800	268	292,280	100
	Difference + or —		—55	—4	—2,329	—558	+57	+495	—96
LUDHIANA.	Last Settlement (1911-12).	Fixed ...	892,293	254	84,713	9,647	181	133,827	3,984
	1916-17 ...		892,653	259	81,972	10,619	123	140,161	3,918
	Difference + or —		+360	+5	—2,741	+972	—58	+6,334	—71
FEROZEPORE.	Last Settlement (1910-14).	Fixed	2,537,305	723	211,197	7,061	84	90,502	32,052
		Fluctuating ...	57,915	...	18,789	319	15	4,047	3,133
		Total ...	2,595,220	723	229,986	7,380	99	94,549	35,185
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	2,537,326	679	155,941	8,534	171	97,611	37,232
		Fluctuating ...	57,942	...	12,441	362	36	4,404	4,021
		Total ...	2,595,268	679	168,382	8,896	207	102,015	41,253
	Difference + or —	Fixed	+21	—44	—55,256	+1,473	+87	+7,109	+5,180
		Fluctuating ...	+27	...	—6,348	+43	+21	+357	+888
		Total ...	+48	—44	—61,604	+1,516	+108	+7,466	+6,068
LAHORE.	Last Settlement (1914-15).	Fixed	1,691,497	8,459	297,028	9,047	324	216,749	36,068
		Fluctuating ...	60,403	853	32,689	291	8	7,767	12
		Total ...	1,751,900	9,312	329,717	9,338	332	224,516	36,080
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	1,691,475	9,636	241,366	8,920	197	219,581	36,318
		Fluctuating ...	60,425	847	22,115	290	5	7,802	30
		Total ...	1,751,900	10,483	263,481	9,210	202	227,383	36,348
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—22	+1,177	—55,662	—127	—127	+2,832	+245
		Fluctuating ...	+22	—6	—10,574	—1	—3	+35	+18
		Total ...	...	+1,171	—66,236	—128	—130	+2,867	+263
AMRITSAR.	Last Settlement (1914-15).	Fixed	998,066	1,281	105,549	10,084	231	207,401	...
	1916-17 ...		998,866	1,675	102,937	10,798	205	216,229	57
	Difference + or —		+800	+394	—2,612	+714	—26	+8,828	+57

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
291,981	...	...	40,337	335,914	902	669,134	16,31,802	JULLUNDUR.
292,380	...	...	41,231	336,624	946	671,181	18,40,092	
+399	...	...	+894	+710	+44	+2,047	+2,08,290	
137,811	233	41,861	...	552,133	9	731,814	11,57,399	LUDHIANA.
144,074	233	47,955	...	542,634	...	734,663	13,63,251	
+ 6,263	...	+ 6,094	...	− 9,499	− 9	+ 2,849	+ 2,05,852	
122,554	2,152	793,210	30,897	1,229,874	140	2,176,675	14,50,573	FEROZEPORE.
7,180		14,779	6,252	3,308	163	31,682	35,708	
129,734	2,152	807,989	37,149	1,233,182	303	2,208,357	14,85,281	
134,843	2,152	827,446	39,660	1,234,807	79	2,236,835	14,75,574	
8,425		17,037	7,123	4,706	109	37,400	28,927	
143,268	2,152	844,483	46,783	1,239,513	188	2,274,235	15,04,501	
+ 12,289	...	+ 34,236	+ 8,763	+ 4,933	− 61	+ 60,160	+ 25,001	
+ 1,245	...	+ 2,258	+ 871	+ 1,398	− 54	+ 5,718	− 6,781	
+ 13,534	...	+ 36,494	+ 9,634	+ 6,331	− 115	+ 65,878	+ 18,220	
252,617	183	661,847	52,402	198,135	409	1,165,610	12,22,070	LAHORE.
7,779		566	5,338	2,392	...	16,075	15,652	
260,596	183	662,413	57,740	200,527	409	1,181,685	12,37,722	
255,894	207	683,921	56,455	218,003	387	1,214,660	12,54,921	
7,832		4,329	9,190	5,311	...	26,662	15,674	
263,726	207	688,250	65,645	223,314	387	1,241,322	12,70,595	
+ 3,077	+24	+ 22,074	+ 4,053	+ 19,868	− 22	+ 49,050	+ 32,851	
+ 53		+ 3,763	+ 3,852	+ 2,919	...	+ 10,587	+ 22	
+ 3,130	+ 24	+ 25,837	+ 7,905	+ 22,787	− 22	+ 59,637	+ 32,873	
207,401	796	268,739	27,899	252,317	1,947	758,303	15,47,640	AMRITSAR.
216,286	796	262,960	28,951	251,388	2,099	761,684	15,49,725	
+ 8,885	...	− 5,779	+ 1,052	− 929	+ 152	+ 3,381	+ 2,085	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Gurdaspur.	Last Settlement (1910-12).	Fixed	1,158,790	220	115,108	6,394	2,594	137,589	7,022
		Fluctuating ...	10,428	...	5,126	...	...	1	...
		Total ...	1,169,218	220	120,234	6,394	2,594	137,590	7,022
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	1,158,974	711	104,320	6,949	2,603	131,050	6,726
		Fluctuating ...	10,405	...	5,764	...	...	...	
		Total ...	1,169,379	711	110,084	6,949	2,603	131,050	6,726
	Difference + or −	Fixed	+184	+491	−10,788	+555	+9	−6,589	−296
		Fluctuating ...	−23	...	+638	...	...	−1	...
		Total ...	+161	+491	−10,150	+555	+9	−6,540	−296
Sialkot.	Last Settlement (1915-16).	Fixed	1,182,345	7,508	191,815	21,033	1,403	393,706	24,620
		Fluctuating	79,927	...	25,371	968	140	29,464	3,752
		Total ...	1,262,272	7,508	217,186	22,001	1,543	423,170	28,372
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	1,169,286	6,253	158,121	21,738	1,796	390,381	26,869
		Fluctuating ...	91,270	...	25,202	975	101	25,723	6,200
		Total ...	1,260,506	6,253	183,323	22,713	1,897	416,104	33,069
	Difference + or −	Fixed	−13,109	−1,255	−33,694	+705	+393	−3,325	+2,249
		Fluctuating ...	+11,343	...	−169	+7	−89	−3,741	+2,448
		Total ...	−1,766	−1,255	−33,863	+712	+354	−7,066	+4,697
Gujranwala.	Last Settlement (1905-06 and 1912-13).	Fixed	529,238	...	74,830	8,387	896	274,002	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,956,606	47,637	785,375	5,749	922	200,305	7,788
		Total ...	2,485,844	47,637	860,205	14,136	1,318	474,307	7,788
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	439,151	...	30,561	8,125	327	252,579	...
		Fluctuating ...	2,052,804	64,805	579,655	5,022	511	167,708	20,313
		Total ...	2,491,955	64,805	610,216	13,147	838	420,287	20,313
	Difference + or −	Fixed	−90,087	...	−44,269	−262	−69	−21,423	...
		Fluctuating ...	+96,198	+17,168	−205,720	−727	−411	−32,597	+12,525
		Total ...	+6,111	+17,168	−249,989	−989	−480	−54,020	+12,525
Gujrat.	Last Settlement, Kharian Tahsil (1915-16 and Gujrat 1913-14).	Fixed	1,401,683	7,616	255,808	10,403	596	201,778	664
		Fluctuating ...	55,518	1	28,646	253	...	10,136	...
		Total ...	1,457,201	7,617	284,454	10,656	596	211,914	664
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	940,441	1,957	91,568	9,028	724	159,409	909
		Fluctuating ...	516,969	15,381	177,337	1,588	...	40,962	3,751
		Total ...	1,457,410	17,338	268,905	10,616	724	200,371	4,660
	Difference + or −	Fixed	−461,242	−5,659	−164,240	−1,375	+128	−42,369	+245
		Fluctuating ...	+461,451	+15,380	+148,691	+1,335	...	+30,826	+3,751
		Total ...	+209	+9,721	−15,549	−40	+128	−11,543	+3,996

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
144,611	54	91,251	103,088	476,959	2,917	818,826	18,14,641	
1	...	...	3,131	1	...	3,133	3,650	
144,612	54	91,251	106,219	476,960	2,917	821,959	18,18,291	
137,776	54	92,240	107,504	490,048	2,688	830,256	18,58,238	
...	...	...	2,712	...	...	2,712	5,095	
137,776	54	92,240	110,216	490,048	2,688	832,968	18,63,333	
—6,835	...	+989	+4,416	+13,089	—229	+11,430	+43,597	
—1	...	...	—419	—1	...	—421	+1,445	
—6,836	...	+989	+3,997	+13,088	—229	+11,009	+45,042	GURDASPUR.
418,326	196	8,339	70,163	345,185	17,774	859,787	16,93,338	
33,216		9,393	656	4,680	2,260	50,205	73,311	
451,542	196	17,732	70,819	349,865	20,034	909,992	17,66,649	
417,250	196	28,502	69,640	353,105	20,197	888,694	16,86,454	
31,923		13,410	5,080	4,774	2,303	57,490	95,964	
449,173	196	41,912	74,720	357,879	22,500	946,184	17,82,418	
—1,076	...	+20,163	—523	+7,920	+2,423	+28,907	—6,884	
—1,293	...	+4,017	+4,424	+94	+43	+7,285	+22,653	
—2,369	...	+24,180	+3,901	+8,014	+2,466	+36,192	+15,769	SIALKOT.
274,002	134	...	24,779	79,602	5,133	383,516	5,49,427	
208,093	...	536,160	34,554	202,637	908	982,352	16,74,239	
482,095	134	536,160	59,333	282,239	6,041	1,365,868	22,23,666	
252,579	134	...	16,594	77,775	5,546	352,494	5,28,309	
188,021	...	737,035	30,897	236,798	1,556	1,194,307	24,05,092	
440,600	134	737,035	47,491	314,573	7,102	1,546,801	29,33,401	
—21,423	...	...	—8,185	—1,8 27	+413	—31,022	—21,118	
—20,072	...	+200,875	—3,657	+34,161	+648	+211,955	+7,30,853	
—41,495	...	+200,875	—11,842	+32,334	+1,061	+180,933	+7,09,735	GUJRANWALA.
202,442	21	11,924	52,032	590,309	48	856,755	9,91,613	
10,136		...	3,122	8,980	...	22,238	8,369	
212,578	21	11,924	55,154	599,289	48	878,993	9,99,982	
160,318	21	1,710	49,531	417,398	28	628,985	8,29,794	
44,713		80,206	5,839	153,977	3	284,738	3,57,577	
205,031	21	81,916	55,370	571,375	31	913,723	11,87,371	GUJRAT.
—42,124	...	—10,214	—2,501	—172,911	—20	—227,770	—1,61,819	
+34,577	...	+80,206	+2,717	+144,997	+3	+262,500	+3,49,208	
+7,547	...	+69,992	+216	—27,914	—17	+34,730	+1,87,389	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenkiis and jhallars in use.		
				Government waste.	Other.			Chahi including chahi-sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Shahpur.	Last Settlement (1912 and 1915-16)	Fixed	1,991,154	2,206	764,764	2,616	53	89,028	24,920
		Fluctuating ...	1,080,817	101,673	191,135	905	65	22,905	716
		Total ...	3,071,971	103,879	955,899	3,521	118	111,933	25,636
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	1,990,505	2,099	727,574	5,919	125	89,786	26,583
		Fluctuating ...	1,081,863	106,312	151,219	914	30	23,467	2,240
		Total ...	3,072,368	108,411	878,793	5,933	155	113,253	28,823
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 649	— 107	— 37,190	+ 2,403	+ 72	+ 758	+ 1,663
		Fluctuating ...	+ 1,046	+ 4,639	— 39,916	+ 9	— 35	+ 562	+ 1,524
		Total ...	+ 397	+ 4,532	— 77,106	+ 2,412	+ 37	+ 1,320	+ 3,187
Jhelum.	Last Settlement (1900-1901).	Fixed	1,777,630	82,474	110,789	3,863	233	24,872	...
	1916-17 ...		1,771,815	12,906	115,153	4,220	212	23,839	...
	Difference + or —		— 5,815	— 39,568	+ 4,364	+ 357	— 21	— 1,033	...
Rawalpindi.	Last Settlement (1906-07).	Fixed	1,312,716	3,461	76,696	1,080	533	2,715	...
	1916-17 ...		1,311,824	3,487	83,637	1,290	455	2,923	...
	Difference + or —		— 892	+ 26	+ 6,941	+ 210	— 78	+ 208	...
Attock.	Last Settlement ... Talagang 1899-1900 Fatehjang and Pindigheb 1905-06 Attock ... 1902-03	Fixed	2,701,360	256	270,286	5,725	918	24,317	...
	1916-17 ...		2,701,999	67	218,446	7,735	699	28,253	62
	Difference + or —		+ 639	— 189	— 51,840	+ 2,010	— 219	+ 3,936	+ 62
Mianwali.	Last Settlement (1903-07).	Fixed	2,077,898	493,420	1,246,236	867	1	15,147	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,366,945	89,016	435,107	1,603	133	19,242	...
		Total ...	3,444,843	582,436	1,681,343	2,470	134	34,389	...
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	2,075,500	493,112	1,371,310	1,212	7	18,944	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,366,373	93,876	752,835	1,968	130	20,446	...
		Total ...	3,441,873	586,988	2,124,145	3,180	137	39,390	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 2,398	— 308	+ 125,074	+ 345	+ 6	+ 3,797	...
		Fluctuating ...	— 572	+ 4,860	+ 317,728	+ 365	— 3	+ 1,204	...
		Total ...	— 2,970	+ 4,552	+ 442,802	+ 710	+ 3	+ 5,001	...
Montgomery.	Last Settlement (1895-99).	Fixed	1,903,333	816,710	435,053	6,506	643	117,286	52,726
		Fluctuating ...	956,517	504,899	271,627	2,528	485	20,872	9,519
		Total ...	2,859,850	1,321,609	706,680	9,034	1,128	138,158	62,245
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	705,967	...	262,366	7,220	196	127,863	57,376
		Fluctuating ...	2,163,073	915,969	412,222	2,953	641	54,230	13,790
		Total ...	2,869,040	915,969	674,588	10,173	837	182,093	71,166
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—1,197,366	— 816,710	—172,687	+ 714	— 447	+ 10,577	+ 4,650
		Fluctuating ...	+ 1,206,556	+ 411,070	+ 140,595	+ 425	+ 156	+ 33,358	+ 4,271
		Total ...	+ 9,190	— 405,640	— 32,092	+ 1,139	— 291	+ 43,935	+ 8,921

No. I—CONTINUED.

11 (GCP)	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
113,948	234	106,729	52,132	289,165	1,484	563,458	4,59,564	SHAHPUR.
23,621	1,233	634,544	11,133	22,421	...	691,719	9,38,926	
137,569	1,467	741,273	63,265	311,586	1,484	1,255,177	13,98,490	
116,369	234	110,106	58,281	314,838	1,598	601,192	4,62,919	
25,707	1,233	671,221	9,108	20,840	...	726,876	15,61,874	
142,076	1,467	781,327	67,389	335,678	1,598	1,328,068	20,24,793	
+2,421	...	+3,377	+6,149	+25,673	+114	+37,734	+3,355	
+2,086	...	+36,677	−2,025	−1,581	...	+35,157	+6,22,948	
+4,507	...	+40,054	+4,124	+24,092	+114	+72,891	+6,26,303	
24,872	14	309	27,879	679,079	1,350	733,489	7,54,202	JHELUM.
23,839	14	258	31,176	688,788	1,339	745,400	7,56,628	
−1,033	...	−51	+3,297	+9,709	−11	+11,911	+2,426	
2,715	...	1,860	...	591,465	3,010	599,050	6,75,460	RAWAL-PINDI.
2,923	...	1,805	...	588,969	3,073	596,770	6,73,972	
+208	...	−55	...	−2,496	+63	−2,280	−1,488	
24,317	...	8,015	9,980	968,581	1,641	1,012,534	6,33,939	ATTOCK.
28,315	...	7,923	8,734	1,049,504	2,057	1,096,533	6,73,860	
+3,998	...	−92	−1,246	+80,923	+416	+83,999	+39,921	
15,147	6	3,735	18	99,841	61	118,802	61,527	MIANWALI.
19,242	...	13,167	228,541	208,595	362	469,907	306,718	
34,389	6	16,902	228,559	308,436	423	588,709	368,245	
18,944	6	3,669	...	188,391	74	211,078	54,879	
20,446	...	20,222	192,345	286,565	84	519,662	405,324	
39,390	6	23,891	192,345	474,956	158	730,740	460,203	
+3,797	...	−66	−18	+88,550	+13	+92,276	−6,648	
+1,204	...	+7,055	−36,196	+77,970	−278	+49,755	+98,606	
+5,001	...	+6,989	−36,214	+166,520	−265	+142,031	+91,958	
170,012	...	132,285	16,892	13,724	2,069	334,982	3,09,793	MONTGOMERY.
30,391	...	42,959	21,995	8,063	1,346	104,754	86,021	
200,403	...	175,244	38,887	21,787	3,415	439,736	3,95,814	
185,239	75	154,778	3,111	46,376	409	389,913	3,05,339	
68,020	220	349,200	88,296	54,877	7,213	567,606	7,42,588	
253,259	295	503,978	91,407	101,253	7,622	957,519	10,47,927	
+15,227	+75	+22,493	−13,781	+32,652	−1,660	+54,931	−4,454	
+37,629	+220	+306,241	+66,301	+46,814	+5,867	+462,852	+,656,567	
+52,856	+295	+328,734	+52,520	+79,466	+4,207	+517,783	+6,52,113	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi, including chahi-sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Lyallpur.	Last settlement (1904-05), 1916-17 ...	Fluctuating ...	1,980,422	400,291	111,591	104	66	1,497	4,772
			2,122,382	334,547	109,688	864	226	12,413	16,858
	Difference + or −		+141,960	−65,744	−1,903	+760	+160	+10,916	+12,086
Jhang.	Last Settlement (1906-07).	Fixed	380,958	...	101,839	4,768	182	103,695	1,543
		Fluctuating ...	1,734,024	445,916	649,319	6,820	94	152,683	1,894
		Total ...	2,114,982	445,916	751,158	11,588	276	256,378	3,437
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	370,543	124	90,874	5,232	137	98,881	157
		Fluctuating ...	1,801,183	461,591	562,776	8,828	73	151,296	2,553
		Total ...	2,171,726	461,715	653,650	14,060	210	250,177	2,710
	Difference + or −	Fixed	−10,415	+124	−10,965	+464	−45	−4,814	−1,386
		Fluctuating ...	+67,159	+15,675	−86,543	+2,008	−21	−1,387	+659
		Total ...	+56,744	+15,799	−97,508	+2,472	−66	−6,201	−727
Multan.	Last Settlement (1899-1900) and (1900-01).	Fixed	72,923	...	22,888	970	517	398	18,327
		Fluctuating ...	3,736,014	1,426,439	1,000,837	19,306	3,496	83,558	436,025
		Total ...	3,808,937	1,426,439	1,023,675	20,276	4,013	83,956	454,352
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	72,277	...	8,646	1,333	492	601	31,249
		Fluctuating ...	3,631,731	1,109,206	847,925	22,744	2,830	83,108	616,394
		Total ...	3,704,008	1,109,206	856,571	24,077	3,322	83,709	647,643
	Difference + or −	Fixed	−646	...	−14,192	+363	−25	+203	+12,922
		Fluctuating ...	−104,283	−317,233	−152,912	+3,438	−666	−150	+180,369
		Total ...	−104,929	−317,233	−167,104	+3,801	−691	−247	+193,291
Muzaffargarh.	Last Settlement (1901-02), 1902-03, 1903-04.	Fixed	634,578	103,317	247,993	7,692	656	11,214	106,464
		Fluctuating ...	2,931,746	362,012	1,736,703	9,044	3,475	128,126	34,131
		Total ...	3,566,324	465,329	1,984,696	16,736	4,131	139,340	104,595
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	634,205	46,274	221,239	9,034	410	10,666	112,628
		Fluctuating ...	2,932,709	356,246	1,730,799	12,616	2,978	141,866	44,905
		Total ...	3,566,914	402,520	1,952,038	21,650	3,388	152,532	157,533
	Difference + or −	Fixed	−373	−57,043	−26,754	+1,342	−246	−548	+6,164
		Fluctuating ...	+963	−5,766	−5,904	+3,572	−497	+13,740	+10,774
		Total ...	+590	−62,809	−32,658	+4,914	−743	+13,192	+16,938

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
6,269	947	1,340,483	375	4,664	38	1,351,829	8,60,243	LYALLPUR.
29,271	947	1,409,606	14,896	13,604	1,834	1,469,211	64,71,630	
+23,002	...	+69,123	+14,521	+8,940	+1,796	+117,382	+56,11,387	
105,238	461	288	75,132	953	2,417	184,028	2,57,930	JHANG.
154,577		333,103	39,951	11,774	300	539,705	3,85,013	
259,815	461	333,391	115,083	12,727	2,717	723,733	6,42,943	
99,038	461	119	77,514	1,673	1,591	179,935	2,40,543	
153,849		468,685	34,920	10,479	204	668,137	10,65,060	
252,887	461	468,804	112,434	12,152	1,795	848,072	13,05,603	
−6,200	...	−169	+2,382	+720	−826	−4,093	−17,387	
−728	...	+135,582	−5,031	−1,295	−96	+128,432	+6,80,047	
−6,928	...	+135,413	−2,649	−575	−922	+124,339	+6,62,660	
18,725	995	24,517	...	31	...	43,273	57,852	MULTAN.
519,583		270,420	129,246	24,748	6,589	950,586	13,53,461	
538,308	995	294,937	129,246	24,779	6,589	993,859	14,11,313	
31,850	1,342	20,273	51	28	...	52,202	58,688	
699,502		378,446	137,169	18,307	8,956	1,242,380	18,08,696	
731,352	1,342	398,719	137,220	18,335	8,956	1,294,582	18,67,384	
+13,125	+347	−4,244	+51	−3	...	+8,929	+836	
+179,919		+108,026	+7,923	−6,441	+2,367	+291,794	+4,55,235	
+193,044	+347	+103,782	+7,974	−6,444	+2,367	+300,723	+4,56,071	
117,678	1,351	87,121	2,516	...	487	207,802	3,56,505	MUZAFFARGARH.
162,257		79,739	206,837	710	27,041	476,584	4,50,418	
279,935	1,351	166,860	209,353	710	27,528	684,386	8,06,923	
123,294	1,172	107,916	3,516	93	270	235,089	3,63,874	
186,771		94,314	202,613	3,164	21,283	508,145	5,53,556	
310,065	1,172	202,230	206,129	3,257	21,553	743,234	9,17,430	
+5,616	−179	+20,795	+1,000	+93	−217	+27,287	+7,369	
+24,514		+14,575	−4,224	+2,454	−5,758	+31,561	+1,03,138	
+30,130	−179	+35,370	−3,224	+2,547	−5,975	+58,848	+1,10,507	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhalars in use.	Chahi, including chahi-sailab	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Dera Ghazi Khan	Last Settlement (1896 and 1905).	Fixed ...	2,849,787	90,163	1,170,490	7,652	1,448	40,298	179,968
		Fluctuating ...	613,608	37,951	187,592	776	427	8,724	468
		Total ...	3,463,395	128,114	1,358,082	8,428	1,875	49,022	180,436
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	2,772,499	66,185	1,318,675	8,891	1,055	26,989	229,921
		Fluctuating ...	708,526	42,731	332,593	1,129	772	13,329	10,634
		Total ...	3,481,025	108,916	1,651,268	10,020	1,827	40,318	240,555
	Difference + or −	Fixed ...	−77,288	−23,978	+148,185	+1,239	−393	−13,309	+49,953
		Fluctuating ...	+94,918	+4,780	+145,001	+353	+345	+4,605	+10,166
		Total ...	+17,630	−19,198	+293,186	+1,592	−48	−8,704	+60,119
Grand Total.	Last Settlement	Fixed ...	39,303,525	1,601,154	8,223,579	182,263	23,529	2,827,135	490,466
		Fluctuating ...	16,799,555	3,416,688	5,532,454	48,801	9,448	690,887	502,210
		Total ...	56,103,080	5,017,842	13,756,033	231,064	32,977	3,518,022	992,676
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	40,043,243	1,362,178	7,955,955	191,805	19,618	3,071,995	534,902
		Fluctuating ...	17,271,783	4,028,728	4,631,583	50,375	8,514	586,829	661,458
		Total ...	57,315,026	5,390,906	12,587,538	242,180	28,132	3,658,824	1,196,360
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	37,489,789	665,027	7,446,512	194,357	21,370	2,763,991	570,851
		Fluctuating ...	18,734,199	3,501,511	5,778,809	60,318	8,349	747,323	741,689
		Total ...	56,223,988	4,166,538	13,225,321	254,675	29,719	3,511,314	1,312,540
	Difference + or − between 1911-12 and 1916-17.	Fixed ...	−2,553,454	−697,151	−509,443	+2,552	+1,752	−308,004	+35,949
		Fluctuating ...	+1,462,416	−527,217	+1,146,926	+9,943	−165	+160,494	+80,231
		Total ...	−1,091,038	−1,224,368	+637,483	+12,495	+1,587	−147,510	+116,180

No. I—CONCLUDED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
220,266 9,192	701	163,890 12	532,112 100,334	64,908 ...	17,375 3,071	998,551 112,609	4,37,594 85,912	
229,458	701	163,902	632,44	64,908	20.446	1,111,160	5,23,506	
256,910 23,963	767	133,428 21,575	61,380 114,557	567,610 9,167	21,555 5,784	1,040,883 175,046	3.69,961 1,79,8.7	
280,873	767	155,C03	175,937	576,777	27,339	1,215,929	5,49,858	DERA GHAZI KHAN.
+ 36,344 + 14,771	+66	- 30.462 + 21,563	— 470,732 + 14,223	+ 502,702 + 9,167	+ 4,180 + 2,713	+ 42,332 + 62,437	— 67,633 + 93,985	
+ 51,415	+66	- 8,899	- 456,:09	+ 511,869	+ 6,893	+ 104,769	+ 26,352	
3,317,601 1,193,097	8,257 2,180	3,484,454 3,300,437	1,295,532 838 184	13,012,641 543,530	90,632 42,758	21,201,010 5,918,006	2,53,78,168 63, 0,715	
4,510,698	10,437	6,784,891	2,133,866	13,556,171	133,390	27,119,016	3,17.48,883	
3,606,897 1,248,287	8,701	3 445,080 3,418,378	1,255,421 828,369	13 332,234 598,563	319,965 44,496	21,959,597 6,138,093	2,39,94,175 93,86,386	
4,855,184	8,701	6,863,458	2,083,790	13,930,797	364,461	28,097,690	3,33,80,561	GRAND TOTAL.
3,334,842	8 590	3,534,164	918,858	13,699,705	98,552	21,586,121	2,58,84,543	
1,489,012	2,100	4,291,221	881,417	842,977	49,464	7,554,091	1,57,66,069	
4,823,854	10,990	7,825,385	1,800,275	14,542,682	148,016	29,140,212	4,16,50,612	
- 272,955 + 240,725	—111 +2,400	+ 89.084 + 872,843	- 336,563 + 53,048	+ 367,471 + 244,414	- 221,413 + 4,968	- 373,476 + 1,415,998	+ 18,90,368 + 63,79,683	
- 31,330	+2,289	+ 961,927	- 283,515	+ 611,885	- 216,445	+ 1,042,522	+ 82,70,051	

STATEMENT No. II.

RETURN SHOWING THE CULTIVATING OCCUPANCY OF LAND FOR THE QUINQUENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JUNE 15TH, 1917.

1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
DETAILS.			Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.
			HISSAR.		ROHTAK.		GURGAON.		KARNAL.		AMBALA.		SIMLA.	
Total cultivated area			344,407	2,651,245	383,601	1,144,517	439,118	1,040,593	355,611	1,117,402	413,999	741,324	8,610	10,161
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			100,599	1,022,503	161,173	689,767	197,060	521,111	165,573	710,276	190,579	432,588	5,813	8,284
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			18,594	37,473	21,876	16,213	19,305	19,518	9,695	5,790	21,529	7,380	836	342
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	*With right of occupancy.*	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	40,574	300,726	23,198	47,617	42,132	82,769	16,507	34,596	28,195	39,507	34	41
		Paying other cash rents	29,075	169,159	1,855	4,356	7,988	18,045	2,917	6,593	1,230	1,521	22	52
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	3,750	17,462	282	834	696	2,879	1,996	5,229	8,814	14,784	4	1
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	13,031	60,098	31,800	54,689	36,031	59,751	26,647	45,890	11,809	12,787	266	189
		Paying other cash rents	87,154	684,753	81,739	205,434	97,482	238,480	37,289	101,153	39,947	64,176	626	661
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	51,630	359,071	61,678	125,607	48,424	98,040	95,007	207,875	111,896	168,631	1,009	591
Total held by tenants paying rent			225,214	1,591,269	200,552	438,537	232,753	499,964	180,343	401,336	201,891	301,406	1,961	1,535

1			14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
			KANGRA.		HOSHIARPUR.		JULLUNDUR.		LUDHIANA.		FEROZEPORE.		LAHORE.	
Total cultivated area			446,450	588,849	716,201	716,146	524,625	670,156	339,851	731,308	485,658	2,245,402	340,813	1,187,495
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			214,362	370,883	233,966	326,857	205,034	359,622	146,095	420,091	161,206	992,727	116,318	499,538
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			14,475	4,065	46,148	11,228	44,031	8,488	11,327	5,184	29,198	25,830	32,909	21,878
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	*With right of occupancy.*	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	4,633	5,983	134,680	112,612	38,157	39,394	13,190	21,139	66,862	247,965	26,416	98,869
		Paying other cash rents	4,182	4,569	17,922	12,909	5,599	7,580	1,095	1,202	2,852	15,048	1,713	3,562
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	15,353	18,125	30,208	26,450	6,335	6,661	2,873	6,248	14,796	66,939	2,777	8,426
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	6,957	7,346	10,150	7,075	10,167	9,197	10,431	15,219	7,368	14,888	10,083	39,956
		Paying other cash rents	10,720	12,053	101,332	89,961	90,558	89,101	75,461	115,210	44,190	173,697	27,842	105,935
		Paying in kind with or without an addition in cash	175,768	165,825	141,795	129,054	124,744	150,113	79,379	147,015	154,186	708,308	122,755	409,337
Total held by tenants paying rent			217,613	213,901	486,087	378,061	275,560	302,046	182,429	306,033	290,254	1,226,845	191,586	666,079

1			26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
			AMRITSAR.		GURDASPUR.		SIALKOT.		GUJRANWALA.		GUJRAT.		SHAHPUR.	
Total cultivated area			470,542	757,542	624,690	831,095	660,460	915,562	379,502	1,461,348	490,253	891,444	259,101	1,277,323
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			156,780	341,260	207,199	379,791	211,287	409,573	112,477	558,446	208,451	521,388	95,454	574,711
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			34,006	12,559	35,661	12,969	65,006	21,729	11,091	8,520	31,443	15,626	16,154	13,724
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	41,765	50,336	45,189	53,958	53,727	54,873	14,886	36,237	49,289	54,198	8,624	52,910
		Paying other cash rents	1,598	2,703	5,098	5,324	2,502	1,968	335	775	408	521	137	448
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	241	308	5,095	6,355	3,076	2,875	506	1,349	1,941	2,095	1,023	3,286
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	22,729	22,616	32,360	33,236	30,844	36,825	38,047	82,977	19,267	25,102	18,588	69,789
		Paying other cash rents	81,523	139,470	71,870	95,605	36,447	67,004	29,794	165,589	8,472	13,986	6,254	34,703
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	131,900	188,290	222,218	243,857	257,571	320,715	172,366	607,455	170,982	258,528	112,867	527,752
Total held by tenants paying rent ...			279,756	403,723	381,830	438,335	384,167	484,260	255,934	894,382	250,359	354,430	147,493	688,888

1			38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
			JHELUM.		RAWALPINDI.		ATTOCK.		MIANWALI.		MONTGOMERY.		LYALLPUR.	
Total cultivated area			410,394	741,620	424,507	596,028	376,092	1,089,138	206,067	714,745	115,857	706,109	142,065	1,434,149
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			162,848	391,068	212,585	353,210	119,065	438,198	67,991	286,148	31,032	243,716	56,831	700,368
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			36,936	12,429	25,122	11,786	28,892	16,518	6,766	8,360	1,815	2,103	253	409
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	37,558	58,843	40,607	49,510	18,869	42,714	18,219	39,752	2,268	4,652	313	805
		Paying other cash rents	2,423	5,649	10,786	11,149	30,343	23,825	10	17	19	22	8	41
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	12,432	28,083	11,171	16,903	35,045	120,967	7,888	17,217	2,663	9,357	93	195
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	9,303	9,243	5,347	3,931	2,796	4,078	32,592	109,242	2,671	7,601	11,386	80,909
		Paying other cash rents	5,154	6,324	8,743	9,913	10,491	11,284	355	978	812	3,336	13,940	172,023
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	143,740	229,976	110,146	136,563	130,591	431,554	72,252	253,031	74,574	435,312	59,241	479,399
Total held by tenants paying rent ...			210,610	338,123	186,803	228,032	228,135	634,422	131,316	420,237	83,010	460,290	84,981	733,372

1			50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58		59	
			JHANG.		MULTAN.		MUZAFFARGARH.		DERA GHAZI KHAN.		GRAND TOTALS.			
Total cultivated area			179,145	810,938	191,216	1,184,870	296,264	748,984	191,009	1,033,613	10,211,108		28,034,186	
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			56,922	272,410	56,983	320,391	180,145	370,424	62,844	370,983	3,836,672		12,889,232	
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			4,591	4,887	553	649	7,283	4,608	729	1,705	576,218		311,970	
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	3,152	31,708	3,329	31,834	10,891	22,834	850	4,493	784,414		1,62[illegible],880	
		Paying other cash rents	114	206	29	68	9	36	130	495	130,899		297,843	
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	2,438	7,318	2,853	15,[illegible]78	7,962	18,733	10,010	38,919	1[illegible],334		463,669	
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	3,959	16,471	2,671	13,788	4,409	14,277	2,928	14,542	414,637		871,712	
		Paying other cash rents	4,201	32,128	6,493	53,146	1,53[illegible]	4,450	930	4,177	981,329		2,694,790	
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	103,768	445,540	117,995	749,816	134,035	3[illegible]8,622	112,588	595,299	3,295,105		8,883,970	
Total held by tenants paying rent ...			117,632	533,671	133,680	863,830	158,836	868,952	127,436	660,925	5,795,418		14,832,854	

STATEMENT No. III.

(*Vide* paragraph 28 of the text.)

GENERAL STATEMENT OF AREA OWNED, WITH DETAILS OF PORTION THEREOF HELD ON USUFRUCTUARY MORTGAGE, DURING THE YEAR 1917-18.

District.	Number of villages.	Detail.	For area owned (exclusive of superior ownership).					For area held under mortgage with possession.				
			Number of jamabandi holdings.	Number of owners and shareholders.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment.	Number of mortgages.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment of mortgaged land.	Percentage to total cultivated area of area held under mortgage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
Hissar	1,007	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	63,557	91,624	2,358,994	2,036,337	8,25,087	17,293	147,530	137,385	43,130	6·1
		By others	15,392	27,498	648,968	550,202	2,41.220	8,379	87,139	77,741	27,637	2·8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	4,209	...	310,694	73,804	2,535	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	83,158	119,122	3,318,656	2,710,343	10,68,842	25,672	234,669	215,126	70,767	7·9
Rohtak	773	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	121,291	140,689	1,150,134	1,044,349	15,17,529	35 4°6	102 397	98,757	1,35,794	8·6
		By others	9,178	13,982	65,951	59,563	80,729	10,538	44,515	42,002	57,798	3·6
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,287	...	222,671	47,625	34,908	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	133,756	154,671	1,438,756	1,151,537	16,33,166	46,024	146,912	140,759	1,93,592	12·2
Gurgaon	1,466	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	147,171	132,088	1,103,933	926,506	13,83,968	83,365	169,641	153,280	2,36,969	15·1
		By others	4,895	6,745	104,231	77,313	1,38,662	16,406	53,986	47,355	70,366	4·5
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,108	...	210,735	46,855	38,198	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	155,174	138,833	1,418,899	1,050,674	15,60,828	99,771	223,627	205,635	3,07,335	19 6
Karnal	1,454	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	103,175	138,201	1,256,428	940,096	11,16,691	21,694	66,335	59,221	75,894	4·8
		By others	13,399	24,459	145,244	100,578	1,24,010	10,521	55,592	41,768	57,633	3·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,570	...	609,511	98,217	1,06,880	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	123,144	162,660	2,011,183	1,138,891	13,45,581	32,215	121,927	95,989	1,33,527	8 5
Ambala	1,800	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	114,351	117,393	781,910	605,893	9,96,190	43,059	67,136	60,590	1,04,170	8·2
		By others	28,286	36,261	116,191	94,606	1,46 914	17,247	59,829	46,219	74,185	6·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	5,242	...	297,791	37,159	35,697	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	147,879	153,654	1,195,692	737,658	11,78,801	60,306	126,965	106,809	1,78,355	14·4

SIMLA	226	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	7,227	6,156	20,124	10,018	20,256	1,765	2,185	911	1,936	9
		By others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	539	67	31,460	121	331	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	7,766	6,223	51,584	10,139	20,587	1,765	2,185	911	1,936	9
KANGRA	718	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	194,100	274,350	843,560	478,813	8,76,666	32,320	77,234	41,405	89,551	8·4
		By others	...	44,822	70,954	122,901	76,760	1,54,437	12,957	33,256	20,996	40,765	3·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	14,050	...	758,953	25,294	11,904	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	252,972	345,304	1,725,414	580,867	10,43,007	45,277	110,490	69,401	1,30,316	12·1
HOSHIARPUR	2,179	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	137,443	150,070	959,712	615,864	16,04,434	61,015	88,132	61,368	1,43,479	8·5
		By others	...	20,330	30,733	98,847	58,084	1,43,316	14,086	41,382	28,499	53,387	3·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	5,297	...	356,416	43,943	61,126	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	163,070	180,803	1,414,975	717,891	18,08,876	75,101	129,514	84,867	1,96,866	11·8
JULLUNDUR	1,315	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	156,330	149,392	680,854	588,950	15,40,470	37,702	43,427	41,531	1,01,507	6
		By others...	...	21,281	107,771	84,864	72,182	1,48,680	8,167	19,165	14,821	34,605	2·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property		3,617	...	93,248	24,802	34,294	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	181,228	257,163	858,966	685,934	17,23,444	45,869	62,592	56,352	1,36,112	8·2
LUDHIANA	900	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	121,487	109,714	740,136	661,457	12,67,491	40,640	92,018	86,114	1,43,978	11·7
		By others	...	20,088	23,519	69,002	60,414	1,06,507	9,209	28,028	23,985	42,024	3·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	2,326	...	83,758	11,907	7,076	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	143,901	133,233	892,886	733,778	13,81,074	49,849	120,046	110,099	1,86,002	15·
FEROZEPORE	1,596	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	122,796	134,883	2,116,903	1,922,024	13,60,718	80,153	247,726	239,277	1,71,092	10·6
		By others	...	22,182	26,251	338,611	305,864	212,092	20,308	81,021	72,892	47,234	3·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	3,847	...	134,821	34,235	17,352	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	148,825	151,134	2,590,335	2,262,123	15,90,162	100,460	328,747	312,169	2,18,326	13·8
LAHORE	1,287	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	82,304	99,462	1,338,835	1,015,507	9,02,713	44,944	133,086	108,741	1,00,511	8·9
		By others	...	12,750	18,912	160,113	115,820	1,21,273	8,416	49,154	32,899	30,113	2·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	4,929	...	231,265	86,716	97,159	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	99,983	118,374	1,730,213	1,218,043	11,21,145	53,360	182,240	141,640	1,30,624	11·6
AMRITSAR	1,079	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	126,100	120,864	842,100	691,733	14,11,826	55,535	101,441	95,797	1,92,418	12·6
		By others	...	14,607	15,608	72,493	54,154	1,21,435	10,596	25,138	20,741	41,007	2·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	3,587	...	84,313	12,775	17,533	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	144,294	136,472	998,906	758,662	15,50,794	66,431	126,579	116,538	2,33,425	15·3
GURDASPUR	2,363	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	138,066	116,862	815,001	689,116	15,67,111	72,638	121,500	112,427	2,55,006	13·5
		By others	...	17,031	18,576	110,070	88,535	1,96,040	23,663	69,412	62,366	1,21,003	7·5
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	9,611	...	244,354	54,858	76,557	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	164,708	135,438	1,169,425	832,509	18,39,708	96,301	190,912	174,793	3,76,009	21·
SIALKOT	2,519	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	170,855	147,593	994,821	808,002	15,62,494	86,112	159,455	143,678	2,69,844	15·5
		By others...	...	14,750	16,886	84,284	68,891	1,37,696	31,001	85,628	72,874	1,37,720	7·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	6,022	...	181,564	49,297	9,999	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	191,627	164,479	1,260,669	926,190	17,10,189	117,113	245,083	216,552	4,07,564	23·4

STATEMENT No. III.—CONCLUDED.

District.	Number of village.	Detail.	For area owned (exclusive of superior ownership).					For area held under mortgage with possession.				
			Number of jamabandi holdings.	Number of owners and shareholders.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment.	Number of mortgages.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment of mortgaged land.	Percentage to total cultivated area of area held under mortgage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
Gujranwala ...	1,846	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	65,201	87,986	1,764,770	1,206,312	22,09,721	11,291	81,974	59,807	90,369	4·0
		By others	12,276	17,283	345,051	219,325	3,93,876	6,758	67,272	43,802	61,873	2·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,011	686	382,203	76,517	1,23,510	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	83,488	105,955	2,492,024	1,502,154	27,27,107	18,049	149,246	103,609	1,52,242	6·9
Gujrat	1,512	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	117,423	139,295	1,067,135	784,450	9,84,763	49,204	64,374	57,410	72,724	6·3
		By others	14,938	20,314	92,937	71,186	96,553	24,148	65,298	53,426	65,039	5·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,649	332	297,869	51,769	47,314	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	136,010	159,941	1,457,941	907,405	11,28,630	73,352	129,672	110,836	1,37,763	12·2
Shahpur	1,069	By members of notified agricultural tribes ..	56,068	64,155	1,291,028	737,736	12,43,430	8,813	38,253	25,867	28,646	2·0
		By others	8,959	14,360	135,638	93,505	1,57,899	8,144	82,052	46,182	63,441	3·6
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	9,949	13,059	1,648,093	460,481	7,76,416	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	74,976	91,574	3,074,759	1,291,722	21,77,745	16,957	120,305	72,049	92,087	5·6
Jhelum	954	By members of notified agricultural tribes	105,875	105,493	1,074,222	633,973	6,56,939	18,917	28,859	24,941	26,202	3·4
		By others	24,694	24,962	90,338	61,481	68,257	14,509	45,951	31,646	30,696	4·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,054	..	608,087	40,867	32,872	...	...	..	...	...
		Total ...	133,623	130,455	1,772,647	741,321	7,58,068	33,426	74,810	56,587	56,898	7·6
Rawalpindi	1,293	By members of notified agricultural tribes	159,670	139,017	777,873	507,094	5,74,043	13,674	17,469	14,916	16,567	2·5
		By others	31,979	33,126	77,217	55,070	84,879	10,315	20,513	16,925	21,174	2·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Gavernment property ...	3,265	...	456,775	31,591	13,874	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	194,914	172,143	1,311,865	593,755	6,72,796	23,989	37,982	31,841	37,741	5·4

ATTOCK	672	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	83,628	74,692	1,922,869	1,001,583	6,16,488	12,750	63,580	40,815	28,461	3·7
		By others	...	11,677	11,857	75,248	47,695	36,572	7,846	63,144	39,551	23,711	3·6
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	1,692	1	704,652	39,046	20,534	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	96,997	86,550	2,702,769	1,088,324	6,73,594	20,596	126,724	80,366	52,172	7·3
MIANWALI	441	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	58,481	85,271	1,282,778	539,824	3,53,035	16,251	125,274	71,440	39,074	9·6
		By others	...	15,667	24,434	154,649	68,559	49,462	8,971	61,974	32,985	24,294	4·5
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	1,320	...	2,003,594	133,346	32,989	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	75,468	109,705	3,441,021	741,729	4,35,486	25,222	187,248	104,425	63,368	14·1
MONTGOMERY	1,245	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	12,584	46,435	1,001,245	563,063	4,27,952	856	16,802	10,170	7,251	0·9
		By others	...	3,607	10,424	243,244	155,998	1,20,883	2,254	46,943	23,728	17,927	2·0
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	2,042	18	1,698,743	454,146	5,10,265	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	18,233	56,877	2,946,232	1,173,207	10,59,100	3,110	63,745	33,898	25,178	2·9
LYALLPUR	1,293	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	35,731	55,454	1,073,912	981,351	36,00,437	1,872	23,334	21,576	86,317	1·5
		By others	...	2,226	4,858	119,115	103,811	3,53,818	1,090	19,881	15,295	47,535	1·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	23,223	16,028	929,613	361,108	11,28,425	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	61,180	76,340	2,122,640	1,446,270	50,82,680	2,962	43,215	36,871	1,33,852	2·6
JHANG	1,018	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	48,777	67,360	1,261,570	617,664	9,59,217	2,418	31,297	16,152	20,868	1·9
		By others	...	16,979	29,855	281,515	123,822	1,63,730	12,331	151,951	71,414	87,048	8·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	7,837	...	629,092	82,848	1,53,595	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	73,593	97,215	2,172,177	824,334	12,76,542	14,749	183,248	87,566	1,07,916	10·6
MULTAN	1,444	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	44,565	63,630	1,481,933	800,533	11,60,069	1,810	32,262	17,942	26,807	1·5
		By others	...	22,707	34,803	574,556	311,674	4,30,502	10,112	183,103	101,949	1,36,869	8·6
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	2,380	163	1,647,484	72,640	1,13,307	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	69,652	98,596	3,703,973	1,184,847	17,09,878	11,922	215,365	119,891	1,63,676	10·1
MUZAFFARGARH ...	937	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	87,075	113,981	1,817,677	543,808	6,12,015	9,303	105,157	29,791	33,612	4·0
		By others	...	34,438	52,540	451,792	185,631	2,31,807	18,056	12,896	71,944	82,846	9·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	1,677	...	1,297,471	12,406	40,031	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	123,190	166,521	3,566,940	741,845	8,83,853	27,359	278,053	101,735	1,16,458	13·7
DERA GHAZI KHAN ...	840	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	69,310	157,158	2,620,133	885,393	3,81,086	19,892	124,481	64,971	34,496	5·6
		By others	...	21,407	41,089	360,035	200,093	1,22,221	22,636	188,908	90,877	53,038	8·0
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	1,071	...	479,272	63,334	36,689	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	91,788	198,245	3,459,440	1,148,820	5,39,996	42,528	313,389	155,848	87,534	13·6
PROVINCIAL TOTAL ...	33,646	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	2,750,641	3,119,266	34,440,580	22,891,939	2,17,32,839	880.771	2,372,359	1,903,280	25,76,673	6·6
		By others	...	480,545	758,060	5,226,105	3,480,816	43,81,470	348,964	1,903,131	1,209,882	15,50,968	4·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	143,411	30,354	16,634,302	2,527,707	35,87,370	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	3,374,597	3,907,680	56,300,987	28,900,462	3,97,01,679	1,229,735	4,275,490	3,143,162	41,27,641	10·9

STATEMENT

STATEMENT SHOWING INCIDENCE OF REVENUE

Division.	District.	Area in acres.				
		Total area by last settlement survey.	*Deduct*		*Balance.*	
			Area not fully assessed.	Area for which returns so far as required for this table are not available.	Total.	Cultivated.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Ambala.	Hissar	3,318,656	67,821	45,031	3,205,804	2,673,623
	Rohtak	1,439,420	7,813	...	1,431,607	1,127,976
	Gurgaon	1,414,337	67,759	186,682	1,159,896	951,531
	Karnal	2,010,256	65,619	8,779	1,935,858	1,046,975
	Ambala	1,195,284	118,231	22,774	1,054,279	680,503
	Simla	51,584	720	31,460	19,404	9,419
Jullundur.	Kangra	1,790,463	76,370	949,487	764,606	507,814
	Hoshiarpur	1,414,971	11,140	39,220	1,364,611	682,595
	Jullundur	858,966	9,499	...	849,467	645,038
	Ludhiana	892,293	21,378	...	870,915	748,835
	Ferozepore	2,595,220	219,844	...	2,375,376	2,076,128
Lahore.	Lahore	1,751,978	25,592	243,591	1,482,795	1,215,615
	Amritsar	998,906	12,896	4,168	981,842	722,498
	Gurdaspur	1,169,218	3,291	...	1,165,927	781,746
	Sialkot	1,260,516	6,225	136	1,254,155	879,262
	Gujranwala	2,492,024	84,037	1,023,652	1,384,335	1,288,753
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	1,458,696	6,123	75,383	1,377,190	865,998
	Shahpur	3,071,812	10,507	884,923	2,175,382	1,181,126
	Jhelum	1,777,630	14,286	246,321	1,517,023	673,570
	Rawalpindi	1,311,865	20,976	631,733	659,156	526,939
	Attock	2,701,360	360,266	225,812	2,115,282	832,480
	Mianwali	3,439,017	59,979	1,201,592	2,177,446	714,934
Multan.	Montgomery	2,946,232	27,588	861,883	2,056,761	1,071,393
	Lyallpur	2,122,674	1,548	501,460	1,619,666	1,446,992
	Jhang	2,171,756	46,792	454,806	1,670,158	808,562
	Multan	3,715,685	7,340	...	3,708,345	1,205,823
	Muzaffargarh	3,566,931	1,379	513,413	3,051,639	638,410
	Dera Ghazi Khan	3,459,446	621,612	113,512	2,724,322	1,154,911
	Total ...	56,396,696	1,977,131	8,265,818	46,153,747	27,159,449

No. IV.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1918.

Total Land Revenue and Population.					Land Revenue from land assessed on fully assessed area (column 6)	Incidence of land revenue on fully assessed area per acre.		Average percentage of remissions out of the demand during the quinquennium.	District.	Division.
Total land revenue from land of district (i.e., on area shown in column 3).			Population of district (i.e., of area shown in column 3).	Land Revenue per head of population (columns 10 and 11).		For total area (column 6).	For cultivated area only (column 7).			
Paid to Government.	Enjoyed by assignees.	Total.								
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
10,86,510	47,533	11,34,043	804,889	1 6 7	10,78,005	0 5 5	0 6 5	...	Hissar ...	Ambala.
16,27,381	37,136	16,64,517	714,834	2 5 3	16,33,122	1 2 3	1 7 2	·27	Rohtak ...	
15,61,972	66,328	16,28,300	729,167	2 3 9	15,73,789	1 5 9	1 10 6	1·0	Gurgaon ...	
10,70,702	3,10,522	13,81,224	799,787	1 11 8	12,82,333	0 10 7	1 3 7	·04	Karnal ...	
8,16,532	4,79,483	12,96,015	689,970	1 14 1	12 31,692	1 2 8	1 13 0	·03	Ambala ...	
21,164	1,544	22,708	39,320	0 9 3	20,058	1 0 7	2 2 1	...	Simla ...	
8,43,797	2,35,590	10,79,387	770,386	1 6 5	10,43,993	1 5 10	2 0 11	·003	Kangra ...	Jullundur.
17,10,830	1,25,829	18,36,659	918,769	2 0 0	17,76,345	1 4 10	2 9 8	·002	Hoshiarpur ...	
17,78,345	1,14,664	18,93,009	801,920	2 5 9	18,49,797	2 2 10	2 13 11	...	Jullundur ...	
12,39,351	2,43,822	14,83,373	517,192	2 13 11	14,21,958	1 10 1	1 14 5	...	Ludhiana ...	
14,38,735	2,66,737	17,05,472	959,657	1 12 5	15,37,036	0 10 4	0 11 10	...	Ferozepore ...	
12,30,953	1,31,402	13,62,355	1,028,860	1 5 0	12,84,759	0 13 10	1 0 11	·1	Lahore ...	Lahore.
13,65,893	2,26,650	15,92,543	880,768	1 12 11	15,54,734	1 9 4	2 2 5	·27	Amritsar ...	
17,55,582	1,11,623	18,67,205	836,771	2 3 8	18,64,181	1 9 7	2 6 2	·16	Gurdaspur ...	
17,31,864	78,862	18,10,726	979,553	1 13 7	17,84,832	1 6 9	2 0 6	·06	Sialkot ...	
27,82,638	2,68,739	30,51,377	923,419	3 4 10	24,37,296	1 12 2	1 14 4	·33	Gujranwala ...	
12,98,577	76,032	13,74,609	787,982	1 11 11	13,47,001	0 15 8	1 8 10	1·0	Gujrat ...	Rawalpindi.
21,92,972	61,107	22,54,079	645,018	3 7 11	21,66,617	0 15 11	1 13 4	·18	Shahpur ...	
7,36,124	38,734	7,74,858	511,575	1 8 3	7,49,822	0 7 11	1 1 10	·05	Jhelum ...	
6,47,133	38,469	6,85,602	547,827	1 4 0	6,73,947	1 0 4	1 4 6	...	Rawalpindi ...	
6,47,028	54,210	7,01,238	519,273	1 5 7	6,64,940	0 5 0	0 12 9	·4	Attock ...	
5,55,281	30,471	5,85,752	341,377	1 11 5	5,51,838	0 4 1	0 12 4	...	Mianwali ...	
35,15,463	29,621	35,45,084	503,976	7 0 7	35,36,106	1 11 6	3 4 10	...	Montgomery ...	Multan.
63,30,881	21,741	63,52,622	880,239	7 3 6	54,89,894	3 6 3	3 12 8	·03	Lyallpur ...	
14,96,763	35,641	15,32,404	524,603	2 14 9	14,03,991	0 13 5	1 11 9	1·62	Jhang ...	
20,09,892	38,591	20,48,483	818,042	2 8 1	19,19,108	0 8 3	1 9 6	...	Multan ...	
9,02,661	18,131	9,20,792	569,461	1 9 10	8,70,513	0 4 7	1 5 10	·01	Muzaffargarh	
4,40,104	89,081	5,29,185	499,860	1 0 11	5,23,160	0 3 1	0 7 3	·24	D. G. Khan...	
4,28,35,328	32,78,293	4,61,13,621	19,554,295	2 5 8	4,32,71,467	0 15 0	1 9 6	...	Total.	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 2

STATEMENT OF FIXED LAND REVENUE (INCLUDING SERVICE COMMUTATION)

(Collection up to the

Division.	District.	Demand.	Collections.	Percentage on demand of collections.	Collection during current year on account of previous years.	Total of columns 4 and 6.	Balance on 30th September.		
							Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	9,65,800	9,65,782	100·0	11,930	9,77,712	18	...	18
	Rohtak	16,03,336	15,76,278	98·3	54,925	16,30,598	27,063	49,354	76,417
	Gurgaon	15,07,441	13,02,253	86·3	76,427	13,78,680	2,05,188	1,66,112	3,71,300
	Karnal	10,45,817	10,42,421	99·7	11,430	10,53,851	3,396	9,022	12,418
	Ambala	7,95,005	7,94,314	99·9	865	7,95,209	661	1,0.0	1,661
	Simla	19,043	19,043	100·0	...	19,043	...	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra	8,08,403	8,07,710	99·9	2,070	8,09,780	693	171	864
	Hoshiarpur	16,51,957	16,44,919	99·6	...	16,44,919	7,038	...	7,038
	Jullundur	17,31,784	17,28,241	99·7	...	17,28,241	3,543	5	3,548
	Ludhiana	12,26,007	12,23,306	99·7	816	12,24,122	2,701	...	2,701
	Ferozepore	13,21,444	13,19,299	99·8	27	13,19,326	2,145	...	2,145
Lahore.	Lahore	10,70,350	10,53,216	98·3	1,507	10,54,723	17,134	925	18,059
	Amritsar	13,48,405	13,37,508	99·2	251	13,37,759	10,897	253	11,150
	Gurdaspur	17,27,983	16,87,325	97·6	9,044	16,96,369	40,658	22,345	63,003
	Sialkot	15,74,552	15,68,811	99·6	2,996	15 71,807	5,741	469	6,210
	Gujranwala	4,82,650	4,75,258	98·5	...	4,75,258	7,392	...	7,392
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	7,85,741	7,81,020	99·4	14,513	7,95,533	4,721	61,172	65,893
	Shahpur	4,73,900	4,66,057	98·3	25,976	4,92,033	7,843	1,049	8,892
	Jhelum	7,18,028	7,13,709	99·4	8,841	7,22,550	4,319	11,726	16,045
	Rawalpindi	6,35,478	6,34,657	99·8	2,118	6,36,775	821	...	821
	Attock	6,19,524	6,19,027	99·9	18,013	6,37,040	497	6,370	6,867
	Mianwali	46,318	46,318	100·0	...	46,318	...	...	...
Multan.	Montgomery	1,66,539	1,65,611	99·4	336	1,65,947	928	241	1,169
	Lyallpur	11,336	11,336	100·0	...	11,336	...	...	...
	Jhang	2,48 574	2,45,691	98·8	1,028	2,46,719	2,883	...	2,883
	Multan	3,00,960	2,89,138	96·0	146	2,89,284	11,822	...	11,822
	Muzaffargarh	3,58,152	3,55,611	99·0	453	3,56,064	2,541	...	2,541
	D. G. Khan	2,62,412	2,60,711	99 4	233	2,60,944	1,701	1,749	3,450
	Total ...	2,35,06,939	2,31,34,595	98·4	2,43,345	2,33,77,940	3,72,344	3,31,963	7,04,307

No V.

of the text.)

DEMANDS, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1918.

30th September 1918.)

PARTICULAR OF BALANCES.								Arrears struck off by orders passed on annual balance statements during the year.	REMISSIONS ON ACCOUNT OF CALAMITY OF SEASON SANCTIONED DURING THE YEAR.		DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
RECOVERABLE.				UNDETERMINED.		IRRECOVERABLE.						
Under suspension.		*Not under suspension.*										
Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former year.		On account of the year under report.	On account of former years.		
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	2,289	...	...	Hissar	AMBALA.
8,364	38,080	850	...	...	...	17,849	11,274	9,476	16,617	...	Rohtak	
1,75,424	1,43,870	749	166	...	...	29,015	22,076	4,871	10,007	...	Gurgaon	
1,729	9,022	537	..	...	...	1,130	...	1,147	...	...	Karnal	
500	776	...	...	..	...	161	224	277	...	...	Ambala	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Simla	
...	...	446	...	...	...	247	171	12,937	71	...	Kangra	JULLUNDUR.
...	...	...	...	...	...	7,088	...	1,821	2,485	...	Hoshiarpur	
...	...	108	...	...	...	3,435	5	1,588	...	...	Jullundur	
...	...	...	...	...	...	2,701	...	1,529	...	...	Ludhiana	
...	...	368	...	...	...	1,777	...	624	493	...	Ferozepore	
4,398	371	173	...	...	...	12,563	554	2,124	103	...	Lahore	LAHORE.
563	246	280	...	...	...	10,054	7	5,986	9,124	...	Amritsar	
32,342	20,893	1,838	43	83	83	6,395	1,326	2,434	419	...	Gurdaspur	
3,344	469	204	...	...	...	2,193	...	2,328	136	...	Sialkot	
...	...	4,074	...	...	...	3,318	...	2,009	2,087	...	Gujranwala	
319	775	336	493	1,041	...	3,025	59,904	5,272	564	..	Gujrat	RAWALPINDI.
2,187	1,041	2,574	...	...	...	3,082	8	8,679	681	...	Shahpur	
...	11,726	1,472	...	...	...	2,847	...	1,987	990	...	Jhelum	
...	...	89	...	...	...	782	...	595	...	...	Rawalpindi	
254	6,370	6	...	...	...	237	...	1,553	117	...	Attock	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	323	...	...	Mianwali	
...	169	337	52	...	...	591	20	1,310	...	...	Montgomery ...	MULTAN.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Lyallpur	
...	...	23	...	...	...	2,860	...	283	...	...	Jhang	
...	...	1,191	...	...	...	10,631	...	6,099	1,217	...	Multan	
...	...	2,275	...	...	...	266	...	...	266	...	Muzaffargarh	
708	1,749	52	...	...	...	941	...	32	...	...	D. G. Khan	
2,30,132	2,35,557	17,932	754	1,124	83	1,28,156	95,569	77,573	45,377	..	TOTAL.	

STATEMENT No. VI.

(*Vide* paragraph 2 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING FOR THE AGRICULTURAL YEAR ENDING RABI 1918 THE AMOUNT OF LAND REVENUE HELD UNDER SUSPENSION AT ITS COMMENCEMENT AND ITS CLOSE.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sums under suspension remitted during the year.	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Hissar.	Suspension more than three years old ...	2,994	...	2,994	2,994	...	...	
	1915-16	4,272	...	4,272	4,272	...	...	
	1916-17	4,280	...	4,280	4,280	...	...	
	1917-18	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	11,546	...	11,546	11,546	...	...	
Rohtak.	Suspension more than three years old ...	25,350	...	25,350	8,719	11,274	5,357	
	1915-16	74,728	...	74,728	44,947	...	29,781	
	1916-17	3,601	...	3,601	659	...	2 942	
	1917-18	...	24,981	24,981	...	16,617	8,364	
	Total ...	1,03,679	24,981	1,28,660	54,325	27,891	46,444	
Gurgaon.	Suspension more than three years old ...	46,375	...	46,375	14,849	20,002	11,524	
	1915-16	1,93,169	...	1,93,169	61,287	2,074	1,29,808	
	1916-17	2,608	...	2,608	70	...	2,538	
	1917-18	...	2,85,202	2 85,202	90,443	19,335	1,75,424	
	Total ...	2,42,152	2,85,202	5,27,354	1,66,649	41,411	3,19,294	
Karnal.	Suspension more than three years old ...	6,205	...	6,205	3,453	...	2,749	
	1915-16	13,828	...	13,828	7,974	...	5,854	
	1916-17	419	...	419	...	...	419	
	1917-18	...	3,688	3,688	1,959	...	1,729	
	Total ...	20,452	3,688	24,140	13,389	...	10,751	
Ambala.	Suspension more than three years old ...	224	...	224	...	224	...	
	1915-16	1,118	...	1,118	671	...	447	
	1916-17	523	...	523	194	...	329	
	1917-18	...	500	500	...	...	500	
	Total ...	1,865	500	2,365	865	224	1 276	
Kangra.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1916-17	1,687	...	1,687	1,687	...	...	
	1917-18	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	1,687	...	1,687	1,687	...	...	
Lahore.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1916-17	925	...	925	...	554	371	
	1917-18	...	4,599	4,599	201	...	4,398	
	Total ...	925	4,599	5,524	201	554	4,769	
Amritsar.	Suspension more than three years old ...	7	...	7	...	7	...	
	1915-16	387	...	387	213	...	174	
	1916-17	72	...	72	...	...	72	
	1917-18	...	866	866	303	...	563	
	Total ...	466	866	1,332	516	7	809	
Gurdaspur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	6,138	...	6,138	681	1,298	4,159	
	1915-16	17,178	...	17,178	3,821	18	13,339	
	1916-17	7,469	...	7,469	4,074	...	3,395	
	1917-18	...	35,272	35,272	2,930	...	32,342	
	Total ...	30,785	35,272	66,057	11,506	1,316	53,235	

STATEMENT No. VI—CONCLUDED.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sum under suspension remitted during the year.	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Sialkot.	Suspension more than three years old ...	191	...	191	179	...	12	
	1915-16	2,660	...	2,660	2,269	...	391	
	1916-17	191	...	191	125	...	66	
	1917-18	...	22,607	22,607	19,263	...	3,344	
	Total ...	3,042	22,607	25,649	21,836	...	3,813	
Gujrat.	Suspension more than three years old ...	5,460	...	5,460	423	5,037	...	
	1915-16	66,848	...	66,848	11,206	54,867	775	
	1916-17	181	...	181	181	...	...	
	1917-18	...	2,776	2,776	2,457	...	319	
	Total ...	72,489	2,776	75,265	14,267	59,904	1,094	
Sharpur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	441	...	441	441	...	...	
	1915-16	24,128	...	24,128	23,237	...	891	
	1916-17	350	...	350	200	...	150	
	1917-18	...	2,187	2,187	...	...	2,187	
	Total ...	24,919	2,187	27,106	23,878	...	3,228	
Jhelum.	Suspension more than three years old ...	5,114	...	5,114	1,802	...	3,312	
	1915-16	11,301	...	11,301	6,357	...	4,944	
	1916-17	4,150	...	4,150	680	...	3,470	
	1917-18	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	20,565	...	20,565	8,839	...	11,726	
Rawalpindi.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1915-16	955	...	955	955	...	...	
	1916-17	1,163	...	1,163	1,163	...	...	
	1917-18	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	2,118	...	2,118	2,118	...	...	
Attock.	Suspension more than three years old ...	877	...	877	832	...	45	
	1915-16	20,323	...	20,323	16,754	...	3,569	
	1916-17	3,183	...	3,183	427	...	2,756	
	1917-18	...	254	254	...	...	254	
	Total ...	24,383	254	24,637	18,013	...	6,624	
Montgomery.	Suspension more than three years old ...	20	...	20	...	20	...	
	1915-16	202	...	202	97	...	105	
	1916-17	84	...	84	20	...	64	
	1917-18	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	306	...	306	117	20	169	
Dera Ghazi Khan.	Suspension more than three years old ...	1,057	...	1,057	...	...	1,057	
	1915-16	438	...	438	...	...	438	
	1916-17	254	...	254	...	...	254	
	1917-18	...	1,041	1,041	333	...	708	
	Total ...	1,749	1,041	2,790	333	...	2,457	
Grand Total.	Suspension more than three years old ...	1,00,453	...	1,00,453	34,376	37,862	28,215	
	1915-16	4,31,535	...	4,31,535	1,84,060	56,959	1,90,516	
	1916-17	31,140	...	31,140	13,760	554	16,826	
	1917-18	...	3,83,973	3,83,973	1,17,889	35,952	2,30,132	
	Total ...	5,63,128	3,83,973	9,47,101	3,50,085	1,31,327	4,65,689	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 2

STATEMENT SHOWING ALTERATIONS IN THE FIXED LAND

Division.	District.	Demand of the previous year.	Increase.									
			By lapses and resumption of revenue freelands.	By revision of assessment from regular settlements or otherwise.	By alluvion.	By land released from occupation by Government.	*By territorial transfer.* From districts of the Punjab.	*By territorial transfer.* From Foreign States and other Provinces.	By assessment of wastes, formation of new estates, new leases of wells, etc.	By progressive jamas.	Miscellaneous.	Total increase.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar ...	9,66,204	32	...	...	33	...	...	...	...	408	473
	Rohtak ...	16,01,887	485	...	228	...	...	...	24	854	2,176	3,767
	Gurgaon ...	15,05,719	75	...	800	...	...	...	...	...	2,217	3,092
	Karnal ...	10,43,172	268	...	3,334	...	...	...	...	339	126	4,067
	Ambala ...	7,09,996	84	85,208	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	85,324
	Simla ...	18,205	...	838	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	838
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	7,86,670	423	21,708	448	...	...	...	...	...	...	22,579
	Hoshiarpur ...	16,51,213	319	...	2,085	...	...	...	...	156	...	2,560
	Jullundur ...	17,30,612	452	...	4,400	19	...	...	...	3,907	184	8,962
	Ludhiana ...	11,36,298	7	...	1,303	...	...	...	...	90,534	467	92,311
	Ferozepore ...	12,33,594	...	...	1,073	3	...	...	...	86,157	1,721	88,954
Lahore.	Lahore ...	10,60,091	104	...	9,270	...	...	...	2,517	613	5,162	17,666
	Amritsar ...	13,25,412	781	...	581	...	...	...	...	22,753	...	24,115
	Gurdaspur ...	17,24,615	596	...	3,208	96	...	...	...	1,568	10	5,478
	Sialkot ...	15,70,818	658	...	2,650	24	...	...	75	2,483	20	5,910
	Gujranwala ...	4,79 697	311	72	329	...	...	...	...	4,364	969	6,045
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	7,84,737	708	...	1,024	27	...	...	...	1,110	2,434	5,303
	Shahpur ...	4,76,271	...	...	1,730	...	...	...	...	965	1,961	4,656
	Jhelum ...	7,19,181	22	...	703	4	...	...	...	131	75	935
	Rawalpindi ...	6,34,907	370	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	202	585
	Attock ...	6,19,121	64	...	82	26	...	...	96	967	...	1,235
	Mianwali ...	46,689	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Multan.	Montgomery	1,51,669	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,082	345	895	16,322
	Lyallpur ...	10,823	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	526	526
	Jhang ...	2,45,189	...	433	4,179	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,612
	Multan ...	2,98,791	11	...	...	...	...	...	5,603	4,624	54	10,292
	Muzaffargarh	3,57,866	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	281	9	291
	D. G. Khan ...	2,62,527	46	...	17	...	...	...	173	...	18	254
	Total ...	2,31,51,974	5,817	1,08,259	37,476	245	...	...	23,570	2,22,152	19,634	4,17,153

No. VII.

of the text.)

REVENUE DEMAND FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1917-18.

Decrease.										Demand of the year under report.	District.	Division.
By grant of land revenue free.	Deductions owing to settlement operations.	Other reductions owing to reduction of assessment, calamities of season, deterioration of estates, farms, &c.	By diluvion.	By land being occupied by Government.	By territorial transfer. To districts of the Punjab.	By territorial transfer. To foreign estates and other Provinces.	By resumption of land revenue.	Miscellaneous.	Total decrease.			
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
500	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	365	877	9,65,800	Hissar	Ambala.
...	...	...	141	38	...	...	...	2,139	2,318	16,03,336	Rohtak	
600	...	...	505	89	...	...	...	176	1,370	15,07,441	Gurgaon	
34	..	...	366	10	...	...	...	1,012	1,422	10,45,817	Karnal	
...	192	...	62	54	...	...	...	7	315	7,95,005	Ambala	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,043	Simla	
600	...	...	143	3	...	...	...	100	846	8,08,403	Kangra	Jullundur.
...	...	...	1,269	547	...	...	...	...	1,816	16,51,957	Hoshiarpur ...	
500	...	170	1,051	227	...	...	...	5,842	7,790	17,31,784	Jullundur... ...	
1,500	...	...	675	5	...	...	...	422	2,602	12,26,007	Ludhiana	
...	...	...	534	2	...	...	...	538	1,104	13,21,444	Ferozepore ...	
...	...	...	3,648	66	...	...	...	3,693	7,407	10,70,350	Lahore	Lahore.
495	...	188	382	7	...	...	...	50	1,122	13,48,405	Amritsar	
...	...	...	2,018	8	...	...	...	84	2,110	17,27,983	Gurdaspur ...	
...	81	...	1,059	984	...	...	...	52	2,176	15,74,552	Sialkot	
...	...	1,763	66	480	...	...	...	783	3,092	4,82,650	Gujranwala ...	
...	...	...	...	38	...	...	...	4,261	4,299	7,85,741	Gujrat	Rawalpindi.
...	...	...	1,415	...	...	...	...	5,612	7,027	4,73,900	Shahpur	
1,100	...	...	985	3	...	...	...	...	2,088	7,18,628	Jhelum	
...	...	...	3	11	...	...	...	...	14	6,35,478	Rawalpindi ...	
600	...	69	163	...	...	...	...	...	832	6,19,524	Attock	
...	...	...	...	372	...	...	...	...	372	46,318	Mianwali	
....	...	...	226	9	...	...	...	1,217	1,452	1,66,539	Montgomery ...	Multan.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	13	11,336	Lyallpur	
....	77	...	1,146	4	...	...	...	...	1,227	2,48,574	Jhang	
...	...	...	20	87	...	...	...	8,016	8,123	3,00,960	Multan	
...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	5	3,58,152	Muzaffargarh ...	
...	...	...	264	105	...	...	...	...	369	2,62,412	D. G. Khan ...	
5,929	350	2,190	16,171	3,164	...	...	...	34,384	62,183	2,35,06,939	Total ...	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraphs 4 and 5

STATEMENT OF COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING AND

Division.	District.	FLUCTUATING SOURCES OF LAND REVENUE.												
		Temporarily excluded from the fixed Land Revenue Roll.	Permanently excluded from the fixed Land Revenue Roll.											
				Fluctuating assessment of canal irrigated lands.				*Fluctuating assessment of other lands.*						
		Total.	Collection from estates held under direct management.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Deputy Commissioners.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Irrigation Department.	Water advantage rate assessed by Irrigation Department.	Total of columns 5, 6 and 7.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Deputy Commissioners.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Irrigation Department.	Revenue on building sites in colony towns.	Total of columns 9, 10 and 11.	Other items.	Total of columns 8, 12 and 13.	Total of columns 3 and 14.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar ...	173	...	...	...	...	...	97,849	...	...	97,849	...	97,849	98,022
	Rohtak ...	1,149	...	...	...	...	...	1,622	...	...	1,622	...	1,622	2,771
	Gurgaon ...	1,360	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	20	...	20	1,380
	Karnal ...	1,827	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,827
	Ambala ...	296	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	296
	Simla ...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	537	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	537
	Hoshiarpur	1,666	...	26,853	...	...	26,858	...	...	...	...	...	26,858	28,524
	Jullundur ...	1,550	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,550
	Ludhiana	663	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	663
	Ferozepore	1,616	...	...	...	65,498	65,498	19,653	...	...	19,653	...	85,151	86,767
Lahore.	Lahore ...	5,229	...	7,736	1,090	55,957	64,783	12,387	...	...	12,387	...	77,170	82,399
	Amritsar ...	673	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	673
	Gurdaspur	2,927	...	...	...	...	...	3,411	...	...	3,411	...	3,411	6,338
	Sialkot ...	2,920	...	1,29,984	...	...	1,29,984	3,305	...	...	3,305	...	1,33,289	1,36,209
	Gujranwala	1,819	...	1,56,506	18,20,036	...	19,76,542	80,846	...	...	80,846	464	20,57,852	20,59,671
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	2,966	...	...	4,03,418	10,377	4,13,795	37,050	...	...	37,050	...	4,50,845	4,53,811
	Shahpur ...	2,956	...	...	15,71,527	30,697	16,02,224	33,165	...	...	33,165	316	16,35,705	16,38,661
	Jhelum ...	262	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	262
	Rawalpindi	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116
	Attock ...	227	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	227
	Mianwali ...	87	...	...	...	...	...	4,27,445	...	...	4,27,445	...	4,27,445	4,27,532
Multan.	Montgomery	18	...	4,048	6,55,283	2,37,789	8,97,120	1,05,694	...	...	1,05,694	121	10,02,935	10,02,953
	Lyallpur ...	9,377	...	...	53,37,415	12,928	53,50,343	15,811	72,023	...	87,834	...	54,38,177	54,47,554
	Jhang ...	2,061	...	2,201	9,64,880	...	9,67,081	1,48,588	...	...	1,48,588	32	11,15,701	11,17,762
	Multan ...	4,968	...	6,76,682	2,87,373	...	9,64,555	2,38,495	...	...	2,38,495	...	12,03,050	12,08,018
	Muzaffargarh	...	...	1,48,799	...	6,290	1,55,089	3,36,497	...	...	3,36,497	7	4,91,593	4,91,593
	D. G. Khan	1.7	...	79,054	...	...	79,054	87,143	...	...	87,143	11,191	1,77,388	1,77,515
	Total ...	47,596	...	12,31,866	1,10,41,522	4,19,536	1,26,92,926	16,48,981	72,023	...	17,21,004	12,131	1,44,26,061	1,44,73,657

No. VIII.

of the text.)

OTHER LAND REVENUE DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1918.

BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING LAND REVENUE.			OTHER LAND REVENUE.							DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
Of the year under report.	Of previous year.	Total.	Sale of Government estates which include cultivated lands.	Sale proceeds waste lands including nazrana.	Recovery of cost of settlement from assignees.	Receipts from quarries and minor mineral products in lands not under the management of the Forest Department and receipts from mines.	Recoveries on account of acreage rate for canal survey and demarcations (land revenue shares).	Rents of lands leased for a single year or harvest.	Tirni.		
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
683	...	683	...	...	...	534	...	7,686	2,148	Hissar ...	AMBALA.
73	2	75	5	...	...	6,067	...	2,500	472	Rohtak ...	
268	18	286	29,566	...	...	4,278	...	824	...	Gurgaon ...	
222	...	222	...	...	...	7,109	...	2,283	...	Karnal ...	
204	...	204	...	...	...	385	...	933	...	Ambala ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	Simla ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	1,349	Kangra ...	JULLUNDUR.
20	...	20	...	...	18	...	...	788	...	Hoshiarpur ...	
...	...	...	1,784	...	1,655	4,221	...	1,040	...	Jullundur ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	148	...	Ludhiana ...	
42	...	42	...	...	...	...	...	2,114	...	Ferozepore ...	
608	932	1,540	52,765	1,748	...	831	...	9,256	...	Lahore ...	LAHORE.
3	...	3	...	...	...	1,391	...	168	...	Amritsar ...	
127	243	370	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gurdaspur ...	
485	449	934	...	...	...	...	...	379	...	Sialkot ...	
3,293	...	3,293	59,423	80,466	11,219	3,112	...	3,275	...	Gujranwala ...	
5,964	...	5,964	841	100	612	...	...	376	...	Gujrat ...	RAWALPINDI.
5,986	144	6,130	...	15,887	1,416	...	293	2,978	...	Shahpur ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	8,850	...	8	573	Jhelum ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	128	Rawalpindi ...	
23	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,177	Attock ...	
695	...	695	...	...	...	1,659	...	...	16,575	Mianwali ...	
2,635	...	2,635	1,11,302	18,57,994	...	11	...	3,28,197	24,920	Montgomery ...	MULTAN.
159	...	159	4,11,450	4,20,549	...	...	55	...	...	Lyallpur ...	
171	...	171	64,187	379	...	92	...	1,880	10,180	Jhang ...	
2,869	798	3,667	...	4,11,638	...	...	...	31,712	30,381	Multan ...	
3,520	...	3,520	2,245	...	...	...	...	11	25,866	Muzaffargarh ...	
47	...	47	...	34	...	...	...	12,682	6,164	D. G. Khan ...	
28,097	2,586	30,683	7,33,568	27,88,243	14,920	38,075	288	4,03,448	1,22,433	TOTAL ...	

STATEMENT VIII—CONCLUDED.

(*Vide* paragraphs 4 and 5 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING AND OTHER LAND REVENUE DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1918—CONCLUDED.

Division.	District.	OTHER LAND RRVENUE—CONCLD.				BALANCES OF OTHER LAND REVENUE.			COLLECTIONS DURING CURRENT YEAR ON ACCOUNT OF PREVIOUS YEARS.		District.	Division.
		Haq-ul-talsil.	Other items.	Talbana.	Total.	Of the year under report.	Of previous year.	Total.	On account of fluctuating land revenue.	On account of other land revenue.		
1	2	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	2	1
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Ambala.	Hissar ...	279	7,175	541	18,563	722	...	722	5	193	Hissar.	Ambala.
	Rohtak ...	1	9,355	488	18,888	1,458	424	1,882	74	2,034	Rohtak.	
	Gurgaon ...	351	15,661	347	51,027	1,091	74	1,165	89	79	Gurgaon.	
	Karnal ...	2,324	8,633	1,318	21,667	278	...	278	2,840	39	Karnal.	
	Ambala ...	3,927	12,676	526	18,507	762	15	777	...	867	Ambala.	
	Simla ...	...	1,912	46	1,988	...	...	...	...	...	Simla.	
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	430	30,779	134	32,697	186	...	186	...	168	Kangra.	Jullundur.
	Hoshiarpur ...	556	24,260	449	26,071	409	2	411	...	182	Hoshiarpur.	
	Jullundur ...	342	28,322	499	37,863	2,944	77	3,021	458	630	Jullundur.	
	Ludhiana ...	368	10,738	286	11,540	103	4	107	...	246	Ludhiana.	
	Ferozepore ...	2,168	23,132	1,159	28,573	...	1	1	24	552	Ferozepore.	
Lahore.	Lahore ...	816	9,369	826	75,611	717	3	720	178	109	Lahore.	Lahore.
	Amritsar ...	2,294	11,564	454	15,871	50	...	50	15	24	Amritsar.	
	Gurdaspur ...	774	16,779	1,200	18,753	306	593	899	110	1,386	Gurdaspur.	
	Sialkot ...	466	18,084	423	19,352	63	...	63	726	138	Sialkot.	
	Gujranwala ...	3,798	30,235	634	1,92,162	41,600	12	41,612	851	29,638	Gujranwala.	
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	397	17,845	656	20,827	2,521	641	3,162	4,188	211	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
	Shahpur ...	57	30,095	253	50,369	8,439	28,034	36,473	8,222	3,208	Shahpur.	
	Jhelum ...	90	7,558	179	16,758	616	4	620	...	285	Jhelum.	
	Rawalpindi ...	201	10,068	50	10,447	4	...	4	...	4	Rawalpindi.	
	Attock ...	128	21,830	292	26,427	48	...	48	...	74	Attock.	
	Mianwali ...	64	19,565	614	38,477	40,319	9	40,328	712	2,099	Mianwali.	
Multan.	Montgomery ...	224	13,284	1,391	23,37,321	2,071	15	2,086	630	2,606	Montgomery.	Multan.
	Lyallpur ...	...	28,365	651	8,61,070	356	...	356	...	261	Lyallpur.	
	Jhang ...	...	38,197	905	1,15,770	2,126	6	2,132	428	2,961	Jhang.	
	Multan ...	50	15,313	2,626	4,91,720	5,303	50	5,353	2,835	2,925	Multan.	
	Muzaffargarh ...	1	18,920	963	47,506	1,505	...	1,505	718	510	Muzaffargarh.	
	D. G. Khan ...	396	26,280	1,510	47,066	1,679	2	1,681	105	1,987	D. G. Khan.	
	TOTAL ...	20,502	5,05,994	12,420	46,52,891	1,15,676	29,966	1,45,642	23,208	53,356	TOTAL.	

STATEMENT No. IX.

(*Vide* paragraph 3 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF ALLUVION, DILUVION AND DESTRUCTIVE INUNDATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1918.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 3

STATEMENT OF ALLUVION DILUVION AND DESTRUCTIVE

Division.	District.	Names of rivers or streams or marshes causing variations.	Alluvion.					
			Area newly assessed during the year (in acres).	Revenue assessed.	Area re-assessed at enhanced rates (in acres).	Additional revenue imposed on that area.	Total of columns 5 and 7.	Net increase (khalsa) collected as fluctuating revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Ambala.	Hissar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rohtak	Jumna	229	179	...	...	179	...
	Gurgaon	Do.	406	1	263	197	198	88
	Karnal ...	Do.	3,063	913	1,135	729	1,642	1,231
		Streams	33	54	274	82	136	78
		Total ...	3,096	967	1,409	811	1,778	1,309
	Ambala	Sutlej	403	495	162	284	779	...
		Jumna	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Streams	37	60	10	10	70	...
		Total ...	440	555	172	294	849	...
	Simla	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra	Beas	4	18	76	94	112	71
		Streams	42	83	3	6	89	77
		Total ...	46	101	79	100	201	148
	Hoshiarpur	Beas	534	611	144	179	790	388
		Sutlej	368	875	246	359	734	543
		Streams	194	64	31	61	125	43
		Cho	352	706	12	30	736	377
		Total ...	1,448	1,756	433	629	2,385	1,356
	Jullundur	Sutlej	1,057	935	792	1,321	2,256	929
	Ludhiana	Do.	585	154	252	229	383	301
	Ferozepore	Do.	3,088	853	2,661	1,488	2,341	942
Lahore.	Lahore	Ravi	364	275	738	467	742	278
		Sutlej	1,819	1,225	904	302	1,527	894
		Total ...	2,183	1,500	1,642	769	2,269	672
	Amritsar	Ravi	339	286	156	115	401	248
		Beas	24	16	1	1	17	...
		Total ...	363	302	157	116	418	248

No. IX.

of the text.)

INUNDATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1918.

Diluvion.						Net increase (*plus*) or decrease (*minus*) to be added to or deducted from fixed land revenue roll for 1918-19.	District.	Division.
Area removed from assessment (in acres).	Reduction of revenue.	Area re-assessed at reduced rates (in acres).	Reduction of assessment on area shown in last column.	Total of columns 11 and 13.	Net decrease (khalsa) remitted.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	2	1
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hissar.	Ambala.
345	466	...	...	466	287	—287	Rohtak.	
1,307	723	64	55	778	559	—471	Gurgaon.	
3,305	1,140	550	167	1,307	866	+365	Karnal.	
1	1	61	22	23	6	+72		
3,306	1,141	611	189	1,330	872	+437		
238	417	...	...	417	49	—49	Ambala.	
57	92	2	2	94	14	—14		
124	180	...	...	180	21	—21		
419	689	2	2	691	84	—84		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Simla.	
34	54	10	27	81	63	+8	Kangra.	Jullundur.
90	202	14	15	217	184	—107		
124	256	24	42	298	247	—99		
706	1,262	111	126	1,388	987	—599	Hoshiarpur.	
638	867	27	16	883	720	—177		
276	399	150	32	431	311	—263		
1,976	1,701	420	853	2,554	2,038	—1,661		
3,591	4,229	708	1,027	5,256	4,056	—2,700		
3,539	4,110	497	461	4,571	3,346	—2,417	Jullundur.	
1,893	1,383	4	5	1,388	1,276	—975	Ludhiana.	
3,258	1,514	2,194	1,105	2,619	1,084	—142	Ferozepore.	
2,342	2,226	326	283	2,509	2,024	—1,746	Lahore.	Lahore.
5,889	3,555	1,283	299	3,954	2,835	—2,441		
8,231	5,781	1,609	682	6,463	4,859	—4,187		
879	1,178	...	...	1,178	940	—692	Amritsar.	
88	83	...	...	83	66	—66		
967	1,261	...	...	1,261	1,006	—758		

STATEMENT

Division.	District.	Names of rivers or streams or marshes causing variations.	Alluvion.					
			Area newly assessed during the year (in acres).	Revenue assessed.	Area re-assessed at enhanced rates (in acres).	Additional revenue imposed on that area.	Total of columns 5 and 7.	Net increase (khalsa) collected as fluctuating revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Lahore—*concluded.*	Gurdaspur	Beas	720	1,091	140	116	1,207	631
		Ravi	552	1,069	181	164	1,233	727
		Streams	573	1,070	168	153	1,223	431
		Total ...	1,845	3,230	489	433	3,663	1,789
	Sialkot	Chenab	470	261	397	360	621	617
		Ravi	341	311	282	248	559	558
		Streams	327	556	...	...	556	547
		Total ...	1,138	1,128	679	608	1,736	1,722
	Gujranwala	Chenab	155	135	114	101	236	236
		Ravi	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	155	135	114	101	236	236
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	Chenab	1,006	702	713	749	1,451	597
		Jhelum	569	646	358	420	1,066	595
		Streams	146	179	93	91	270	67
		Total ...	1,721	1,527	1,164	1,260	2,787	1,259
	Shahpur	Jhelum	2,412	1,355	572	478	1,833	707
		Streams	94	99	36	22	121	79
		Total ...	2,506	1,454	608	500	1,954	786
	Jhelum	Jhelum	899	404	461	346	750	255
		Streams	40	41	...	...	41	5
		Total ...	939	445	461	346	791	260
	Rawalpindi	Streams	12	13	...	...	13	...
	Attock	Streams	64	43	5	5	48	48
	Mianwali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Multan.	Montgomery	Sutlej	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ravi	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lyallpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jhang	Chenab	376	359	125	72	431	188
		Jhelum	969	1,336	393	308	1,644	821
		Joint	838	922	396	289	1,211	631
		Total ...	2,183	2,617	914	669	3,286	1,640
	Multan	Sutlej	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Muzaffargarh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	Indus	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Streams	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total ...	River	21,590	14,927	11,662	9,416	24,343	11,976
		Chos	352	703	12	30	736	377
		Minor Streams	1,562	2,262	620	430	2,692	1,380
		Total ...	23,504	17,895	12,294	9,876	27,771	13,733

No IX—CONCLUDED.

Diluvion.						Net increase (*plus*) or decrease (*minus*) to be added to or deducted from fixed land revenue roll of 1918-19.	District.	Division.
Area removed from assessment (in acres).	Reduction of revenue.	Area re-assessed at reduced rates (in acres).	Reduction of assessment on area shown in last column.	Total of columns 11 and 13.	Net decrease (khalsa) remitted.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	2	1
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
514	965	35	40	1,005	552	+79		Lahore—*concluded*.
1,516	2,950	50	129	3,079	2,565	−1,838	Gurdaspur.	
1,663	3,297	...	...	3,297	2,497	−2,066		
3,693	7,212	85	169	7,381	5,614	−3,825		
694	682	40	24	706	678	−61		
286	503	3	3	506	467	+91	Sialkot.	
511	908	...	...	908	893	−346		
1,491	2,093	43	27	2,120	2,038	−316		
170	167	...	...	167	167	+69		
2	2	...	...	2	2	−2	Gujranwala.	
172	169	...	...	169	169	+67		
1,469	1,738	1,118	94	1,832	1,023	−426		Rawalpindi.
763	1,058	...	...	1,058	571	+24	Gujrat.	
506	630	259	130	760	557	−490		
2,738	3,426	1,377	224	3,650	2,151	−892		
2,292	3,193	65	90	3,283	2,024	−1,317	Shahpur.	
88	125	...	...	125	81	−2		
2,380	3,318	65	90	3,408	2,105	−1,319		
1,343	1,851	31	39	1,890	1,378	−1,123	Jhelum.	
215	347	3	2	349	313	−308		
1,558	2,198	34	41	2,239	1,691	−1,431		
64	91	...	...	91	78	−78	Rawalpindi.	
78	119	3	1	120	120	−72	Attock.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mianwali.	
218	101	...	...	101	101	−101	Montgomery.	Multan.
18	21	...	...	21	21	−21		
236	122	...	...	122	122	−122		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Lyallpur.	
1,004	1,102	...	...	1,102	852	−664		
1,094	1,401	40	32	1,433	586	+235	Jhang.	
450	536	1,059	1,359	1,895	1,299	−668		
2,548	3,039	1,099	1,391	4,430	2,737	−2,097		
...	8	...	...	8	8	−8	Multan.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Muzaffargarh.	
2,605	1,246	...	...	1,246	1,246	−1,246		
446	169	...	...	169	169	−169	Dera Ghazi Khan.	
3,051	1,415	...	...	1,415	1,415	−1,415		
38,861	36,594	7,509	4,456	41,050	28,656	−16,680		
1,796	1,701	420	853	2,554	2,038	−1,661	Grand Total.	
4,062	6,468	490	202	6,670	5,230	−3,850		
44,899	44,763	8,419	5,511	50,274	35,924	−22,191		

STATEMENT No. X.

(*Vide* paragraph 6 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF LAND REVENUE ASSIGNMENT FOR THE AGRICULTURAL YEAR ENDING RABI 1918.

Division.	District.	Total land revenue assessable and assessed.	Total area and revenue assigned.					Percentage of column 8 on column 3.	Distribution of area and jama shown in columns 4 and 8.					
			Area.	Jama.					*In perpetuity.*		*In life or lives.*		*For term of settlement.*	
				Assigned for the maintenance of public servants.	Assigned for other public or *quasi*-public purposes.	Assigned for private benefit.	Total of columns 5, 6 and 7.		Area.	Jama.	Area.	Jama.	Area.	Jama.
1.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	11,11,985	59,972	13,500	867	28,733	43,100	3·87	51,111	37,736	8,861	5,364	...	...
	Rohtak	16,42,440	10,361	22,851	1,755	12,530	37,136	2·26	7,554	32,745	2,788	4,823	19	68
	Gurgaon	15,99,237	26,863	23,244	8,786	24,241	56,271	3·5	26,754	54,092	47	2,044	62	135
	Karnal	13,56,339	483,136	15,460	25,180	2,88,436	3,29,076	24·26	481,191	3,27,151	1,334	921	611	1,004
	Ambala	12,74,693	545,064	6,930	16,802	5,20,065	5,43,797	42·66	539,909	5,38,555	2,288	2,398	2,867	2,844
	Simla	20,619	1,613	...	...	1,544	1,544	7·5	1,607	1,539	...	...	6	5
Jullundur.	Kangra	10,48,993	359,908	11,937	72,912	1,50,741	2,35,590	22·57	347,659	2,19,083	11,421	15,127	828	1,380
	Hoshiarpur	17,79,593	14,356	21,035	21,384	83,343	1,25,762	7·	9,996	97,739	2,216	19,067	2,144	8,956
	Jullundur	18,44,323	53 101	24,723	54,552	24,699	1,03,974	5·6	47,017	94,185	2,215	2,417	3,869	7,372
	Ludhiana	14,67,705	168,911	15,455	17,259	2,35,708	2 68,422	18·29	165,959	2,58,122	688	5,833	2,264	4,467
	Ferozepore	15,97,947	535,364	23,735	19,583	2,69,236	3,12,554	19·56	529,130	3,07,101	4,822	3,749	1,412	1,704
Lahore.	Lahore	12,84,063	150,753	19,993	51,197	63,651	1,34,841	10·51	136,508	1,24,219	12,458	9,501	1,787	1,121
	Amritsar	15,72,414	123,314	20,379	36,142	1,60,794	2,17,315	13·81	115,847	1,91,659	2,436	15,852	5,031	9,774
	Gurdaspur	18,39,526	43,228	28,726	36,129	46,768	1,11,623	6·06	38,103	76,100	3,756	32,370	1,369	3,153
	Sialkot	17,40,018	35,123	32,543	23,793	23,137	79,473	4·5	30,960	73,829	4,163	5,644	...	...
	Gujranwala	28,07,004	306,143	21,997	28,946	2,10,794	2,61,737	9·3	296,718	2,29,701	9,190	31,190	235	846
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	13,04,182	62,057	21,140	49,958	5,782	76,880	5·9	56,652	69,605	4,566	6,091	839	1,184
	Shahpur	21,38,085	132,004	17,460	7,988	32,695	58,138	2·7	87,388	51,198	44,580	6,921	36	19
	Jhelum	7,74,392	15,672	14,447	3,754	20,510	38,711	4·91	14,888	32,391	765	6,290	19	30
	Rawalpindi	6,73,947	30,863	9,475	4,420	22,744	36,639	5·	26,911	21,253	3,754	15,067	198	316
	Attock	6,73,863	360,266	12,255	4,487	31,799	48,541	7·	343,373	30,855	16,877	17,571	16	115
	Mianwali	5,04,618	104,640	8,438	1,203	20,830	30,471	6·03	104,221	19,915	167	1,986	252	8,570
Multan.	Montgomery	14,17,065	57,460	7,415	5,969	16,237	29,621	2·09	50,441	17,974	7,012	4,228	7	7,419
	Lyallpur	52,60,461	3,324	16,900	944	3,937	21,781	·4	1,171	17,932	2,153	3,849	...	...
	Jhang	13,87,995	11,545	12,166	5,105	5,508	22,779	1·64	11,037	6,549	319	2,334	189	13,896
	Multan	22,02,733	26,447	16,085	12,109	12,918	41,112	1·87	22,625	18,257	3,822	6,770	...	16,085
	Muzaffargarh	8,71,389	4,718	13,645	1,362	3,124	18,131	2·08	4,340	17,687	28	150	350	294
	Dera Ghazi Khan	5,30,896	902,367	7,103	71,403	10,914	89,420	16·8	44,938	26,731	13,541	8,279	843,888	54,410
	Total	4,17,21,525	4,628,573	4,59,037	5,83,984	23,31,418	33,74,439	8·08	3,594,008	29,93,936	166,267	2,35,336	868,298	1,45,167

STATEMENT No. XI.

(*Vide* paragraph 7 of the text.)

COERCIVE PROCESSES FOR THE COLLECTION OF LAND REVENUE (*i*) AGAINST, (*ii*) FOR, LAMBARDARS.

District.		NUMBER OF PROCESSES.													Total number of processes.	Amount of arrears for the realization of which processes issued.	Amount of arrears actually realized through issue of processes.
		Writs, Section 68.	For arrest, Section 69 (2).		For imprisonment, Section 69 (3).		Moveable property. For distress, Section 70.		Moveable property. For sale, Section 70.		For direct management, farm or transfer, Sections 71 and 72.		For attachment of immoveables, Sections 75 and 77.				
			Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
																Rs.	Rs.
Hissar	Against lambardars	1	27	3	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	17,648	17,516
	For lambardars ...	23	31	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61	4,221	2,711
Rohtak	Against lambardars	4	21	14	...	...	17	15	1	1	...	...	...	...	43	12,302	12,239
	For lambardars ...	151	35	12	...	...	15	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	201	3,017	2,895
Gurgaon	Against lambardars	43	50	1	...	...	9	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	102	23,899	23,658
	For lambardars ...	44	8	...	...	...	11	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	64	1,129	983
Karnal	Against lambardars	62	163	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	230	14,970	14,970
	For lambardars ...	230	20	...	...	...	19	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	270	2,446	2,234
Ambala	Against lambardars	17	61	2	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	88	18,738	18,578
	For lambardars ...	176	14	...	...	...	32	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	226	3,057	2,878
Simla	Against lambardars	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For lambardars ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kangra	Against lambardars	9	3	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	3,044	3,044
	For lambardars ...	47	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	3,115	3,115
Hoshiarpur	Against lambardars	91	37	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	129	21,206	21,206
	For lambardars ...	130	33	...	...	...	20	17	3	3	...	...	...	...	186	4,376	3,546
Jullundur	Against lambardars	47	17	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	5,168	5,060
	For lambardars ...	265	32	...	...	...	38	9	7	2	...	...	...	...	342	3,542	2,772
Ludhiana	Against lambardars	16	8	...	...	...	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	30	2,072	2,072
	For lambardars ...	53	27	...	...	...	4	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	86	920	917
Ferozepore	Against lambardars	380	114	61	...	...	10	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	505	67,391	63,430
	For lambardars ...	234	60	38	...	...	15	13	2	2	...	...	...	...	311	4,525	4,097
Lahore	Against lambardars	12	150	135	...	...	31	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	193	44,479	43,860
	For lambardars ...	170	242	128	...	...	104	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	516	21,645	20,897
Amritsar	Against lambardars	2	42	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	20,276	20,276
	For lambardars ...	21	9	2	...	...	29	13	1	...	...	...	...	...	60	1,120	958
Gurdaspur	Against lambardars	...	71	71	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	72	7,135	6,849
	For lambardars ...	439	118	118	...	...	30	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	587	10,077	9,858

STATEMENT No. XI—CONCLUDED.

District.		NUMBER OF PROCESSES.														Amount of arrears for the realisation of which processes issued.	Amount of arrears actually realised through issue of processes.
		Writs, Section 68.	For arrest, Section 69 (2).		For imprisonment, Section 69 (3).		Moveable property. For distress, Section 70.		For sale, Section 70.		For direct management, farm of transfers, Sections 71 and 72.		For attachment of immoveables, Sections 75 and 77.		Total number of processes.		
			Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
																Rs.	Rs.
Sialkot	Against lambardars	26	20	20	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	8,016	7,849
	For lambardars ...	32	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	1,381	1,095
Gujranwala...	Against lambardars	89	164	119	...	...	39	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	292	1,68,383	1,43,800
	For lambardars ...	128	72	56	...	...	103	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	303	22,145	15,325
Gujrat ...	Against lambardars	34	25	...	...	..	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	14,754	7,750
	For lambardars ...	259	18	...	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	293	6,786	4,615
Shahpur ...	Against lambardars	19	35	24	...	..	24	17	7	6	...	...	...	...	85	27,662	20,351
	For lambardars ...	63	39	23	...	...	121	71	36	18	...	...	...	...	259	13,146	10,841
Jhelum ...	Against lambardars	32	41	...	..	..	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	6,267	4,795
	For lambardars ...	30	6	...	...	..	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	539	539
Rawalpindi...	Against lambardars	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	202	202
	For lambardars ...	4	5	5	...	...	3	3	...	..	...	...	...	..	12	70	70
Attock ...	Against lambardars	35	12	3	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	9,762	9,762
	For lambardars ...	90	25	...	...	...	16	10	1	...	...	..	...	...	132	2,155	1,960
Mianwali ...	Against lambardars	29	39	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	27,502	27,502
	For lambardars ...	187	109	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	297	2,505	1,919
Montgomery	Against lambardars	116	40	3	...	...	11	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	167	30,480	26,591
	For lambardars ...	327	89	3	...	...	13	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	429	8,685	7,035
Lyallpur ...	Against lambardars	50	78	60	...	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	135	66,906	66,031
	For lambardars ...	216	33	29	...	...	42	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	291	23,949	20,730
Jhang ...	Against lambardars	26	213	205	2	2	19	17	...	...	..	...	...	...	260	1,38,467	1,37,957
	For lambardars ...	312	117	107	...	...	30	27	...	..	...	...	...	...	459	24,757	23,881
Multan ...	Against lambardars	32	100	78	...	1	11	11	4	4	...	...	...	...	147	9,417	9,067
	For lambardars ...	1,060	274	201	...	...	56	35	4	4	...	...	...	...	1,394	3 ,291	25,137
Muzaffargarh	Against lambardars	103	129	60	...	1	12	9	...	..	...	..	...	...	244	45,957	38,333
	For lambardars ...	183	49	32	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	234	3,323	2,845
D. G. Khan	Against lambardars	161	173	173	....	..	34	34	...	...	..	...	...	...	368	64,671	64,619
	For lambardars ..	527	138	134	...	...	49	48	...	...	...	...	...	..	714	6,664	6,374
Total ...	Against lambardars	1,486	1,836	1,035	2	4	275	184	16	12	...	...	...	...	3,535	8,76,774	8,17,870
	For lambardars ...	5,401	1,606	888	...	...	800	480	62	30	...	...	...	...	7,869	2,10,686	1,80,217
Total ...		6,887	3,442	1,923	2	4	1,075	664	78	42	...	...	...	...	11,434	10,87,460	9,97,587

STATEMENT NO. XII.

(*Vide* paragraph 9 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN RE-MEASUREMENT AND ATTESTATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1918.

1			2	3	4	5	6
District.			Ambala.	Kangra.	Multan.	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Total.
Total number of villages under settlement		No.	1,800	3,027	641	840	6,308
Total area under settlement		Acres	1,195,284	878,854	1,441,834	3,475,059	6,991,031
Area re-measured	In previous year	Acres	1,195,284	627,351	...	1,382,562	3,205,197
	During the year	,,	...	251,503	791,646	1,484,406	2,527,555
	Total to date	,,	1,195,284	878,854	791,646	2,866,968	5,732,752
Villages of which the maps have been completed.	In previous year	No.	1,764	2,432	...	252	4,448
	During the year	,,	36	595	386	393	1,410
	Total to date	,,	1,800	3,027	386	645	5,858
Villages of which the records have been completed and finally attested.	In previous year	No.	1,200	2,215	...	194	3,639
	During the year	,,	600	782	300	356	2,038
	Total to date	,,	1,800	3,027	300	550	5,677

STATEMENT No. XIII.

(*Vide* paragraphs 9 and 11 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN RE-ASSESSMENT DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1918.

1			2	3	4	5	6
Details.			Ambala.	Kangra.	Multan.	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Total.
Area under assessment.	Total area ...	... Acres.	1,195,284	878,354	1,441,834	3,475,059	6,991,031
	Area of which assessments have been sanctioned in previous year ...	„	...	277,005	...	...	277,005
	Area of which assessments have been sanctioned during the current year	„	456,425	270,054	...	...	726,479
	Area still to be assessed	„	788,859	331,795	1,441,834	3,475,059	5,987,547
Assessment sanctioned during the year.	Previous assessment ...	Rs.	4,87,632	3,44,851	...	...	8,32,483
	New assessment as sanctioned ...	„	6,32,500	3,98,290	...	...	10,30,790
	Total increase of assessment ...	„	1,44,868	53,439	...	...	1,98,307
	Increase	...Per cent.	29·7	15·0	...	...	23·32
Villages of which assessment has been announced.	During the year—						
	Number of villages ...	No.	782	1,029	...	...	1,811
	Total area ...	Acres.	456,425	269,686	...	...	726,111
	Total new assessment...	Rs.	6,34,276	1,98,651	...	...	8,32,927
	Total to date—						
	Number of villages ...	No.	782	2,179	...	...	2,961
	Total area ...	Acres	456,425	547,059	...	...	1,003,484
	Total new assessment...	Rs.	6,34,276	3,98,290	...	...	10,32,566
Assessment Reports	Total due ...	No.	5	3	...	4	12
	Previously submitted by Settlement Officer ...	„	2	3	...	...	5
	Submitted by Settlement Officer during the year	„	2	...	...	2	4
	Sanctioned by Government ...	„	2	3	...	...	5
	Still due to Government	„	1	...	...	2	3
Result of re-assessment operation.	Increase of assessment as announced to date ...	Rs.	1,46,644	53,439	...	...	2,00,083
	Percentage of increase ...	„	30·07	15·0	...	...	24·03
	Increase of assessment for the whole area under settlement ...	„	...	67,942	...	...	67,942
	As now estimated ...	„	...	...	...	...	...
	As estimated in the forecast report ...	„	3,47,431	30,074	...	1,29,000	5,06,505

STATEMENT No. XIV.

(*Vide* paragraph 11 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING DURATION AND COST OF SETTLEMENT OPERATIONS.

1		2	3	4	5	6
Detail.		Ambala.	Kangra.	Multan.	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Total.
Date on which settlement operations commenced		October 1915 ...	December 1913 ...	October 1917 ...	October 1916 ...	...
Probable or actual date of completion of—	Measurement	December 1917 ...	September 1918 ...	June 1920 ...	September 1919 ...	...
	Revision of record	September 1918 ...	November 1918 ...	September 1920 ...	March 1920 ...	...
	Re-assessment	September 1919 ...	October 1918 ...	March 1920 ...	March 1920 ...	...
	Settlement operations	March 1920 ...	December 1918 ...	September 1921 ...	September 1920 ...	...
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total cost of settlement operations deducting expenditure on ordinary district staff.	During the year	1,07,795	78,713	87,406	1,22,170	3,96,084
	Total to date	2,72,572	4,58,426	87,406	2,00,330	10,18,734
	Now estimated for the whole operations of settlement.	5,11,269	4,86,402	4,92,320	4,19,755	19,09,746
	As estimated in the forecast report ...	5,11,269	3,48,294	4,92,320	4,19,755	17,71,638

STATEMENT No. XV.

(*Vide* paragraph 18 of the text.)

ENHANCEMENT OR REDUCTION OF CASH RENTS OF TENANTS WITH A RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1918.

1	2	3	4	5	6
		Number of decided suits under section 24 of Punjab Tenancy Act, 1887.			
Division.	District.	In which enhancement of rent was asked for.	In which enhancement of rent was granted	In which reduction of rent was asked for.	In which reduction of rent was granted.
Ambala	Hissar	12	8	...	...
	Rohtak	18	17	...	...
	Gurgaon	68	50	...	...
	Karnal	1	1	...	...
	Ambala	8	5	20	...
Jullundur	Kangra	3	3	4	...
	Hoshiarpur...	208	203	1	1
	Jullundur	202	197	...	...
	Ludhiana	19	13	...	...
	Ferozepore	25	22	...	...
Lahore	Lahore	23	18	...	...
	Amritsar	35	24	...	...
	Gurdaspur	239	225	...	...
	Sialkot	14	8	...	...
	Gujranwala	13	5	3	...
Rawalpindi	Gujrat	124	105	...	...
	Jhelum	3	1	...	...
	Rawalpindi...	11	9	...	...
	Attock	6	4	...	...
Multan	Montgomery	1	1	...	...
	Multan	1	1	...	...
	Muzaffargarh	1	...	...	...
	Total ...	1,035	920	28	1

STATEMENT No. XVI.

(*Vide* paragraph 19 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING EJECTMENT PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE TENANCY ACT DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1918.

Division.	District.	Tenants with right of occupancy.					Tenants without right of occupancy.					
		Number of decrees for ejectment under Section 39.	Number of applications under Sections 43 and 42 (*a*).	Number of ejectments ordered under Section 44 (1).	Number of ejectments ordered under Section 44 (2).	*Ejectments actually made under order or process of a Revenue Court or officer.* — Number of cases.	*Number of decrees for ejectment.* — Under Section 40 and 45 (6).	Number of applications under Sections 43 and 42 (*b*).	Number of notices issued under Section 45 (*i*).	Number of ejectment ordered under Section 45 (5).	*Ejectments actually made under order or process of a Revenue Court or officer.* — Number of cases.	Number of suits to contest liability to ejectment decided in tenant's favour.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Ambala.	Hissar ...	...	7	18	...	...	298	1,566	3,104	878	1,124	58
	Rohtak ...	...	...	...	...	...	79	1,002	1,899	532	495	30
	Gurgaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	109	401	786	344	200	28
	Karnal ...	...	...	...	...	...	8	346	469	151	128	21
	Ambala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	267	660	138	129	12
	Simla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	1	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	...	3	...	3	...	21	...	312	502	115	52
	Hoshiarpur ...	69	8	3	...	...	...	535	1,194	317	140	56
	Jullundur ...	...	10	16	...	...	39	861	1,498	342	39	75
	Ludhiana ...	4	10	10	9	11	2	121	121	40	34	18
	Ferozepore ...	...	2	2	...	...	224	925	1,776	435	165	51
Lahore.	Lahore ...	2	...	...	...	2	43	481	1,101	106	112	42
	Amritsar ...	...	1	4	...	...	119	440	1,472	174	255	31
	Gurdaspur ...	...	1	1	...	...	87	301	1,039	324	...	28
	Sialkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	129	606	1,130	276	354	48
	Gujranwala ...	...	...	...	...	...	30	426	990	212	172	6
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	2	2	2	2	2	8	194	462	79	2	33
	Shahpur ...	30	4	...	4	30	140	12	180	95	30	2
	Jhelum ...	...	1	1	1	1	23	174	176	77	35	23
	Rawalpindi ...	...	...	...	...	...	25	7	104	69	37	1
	Attock ...	3	3	6	2	1	101	50	105	15	3	8
	Mianwali ...	...	...	...	...	...	27	125	642	60	126	40
Multan.	Montgomery ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	9	11	1	...
	Lyallpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	16	76	88	8	14	6
	Jhang ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	103	26	2	...
	Multan ...	1	...	...	...	1	15	292	668	199	77	8
	Muzaffargarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	36	302	603	175	186	5
	D. G. Khan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	99	262	28	17	...
	TOTAL ...	111	47	63	21	48	1,579	9,671	20,897	5,614	3,992	682

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 24

STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENTS, COLLECTIONS AND OUTSTANDINGS

Division.	District.	State of loans account, principal.					Recovery of principal.					
		Balance outstanding on 1st October = column 6 of last year's statement.	Amount advanced during the year.	Amount collected or written off during the year (= columns 11 + 12)	Balance outstanding at the close of year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount falling due during the year out of columns 3 and 4, principal only.	Demand on account of arrears of principal (column 13 of last year's statement).	Total demand, principal only.	Total collections, principal only.	Amount of principal written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Arrears of principal overdue on September 30th.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar ...	13,839	250	2,148	11,941	...	2,104	44	2,148	2,148	...	...
	Rohtak ...	11,934	1,400	1,808	11,526	...	1,816	...	1,816	1,808	...	8
	Gurgaon ...	1,43,158	13,500	18,390	1,38,268	92	18,704	...	18,704	18,390	...	314
	Karnal ...	9,510	...	1,459	8,051	...	1,495	...	1,495	1,459	...	36
	Ambala ...	3,057	...	749	2,308	...	765	...	765	749	...	16
	Simla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hoshiarpur ...	946	400	324	1,022	...	324	...	324	324	...	...
	Jullundur ...	85,105	800	10,682	75,223	...	10,682	...	10,682	10,682	...	...
	Ludhiana ...	7,789	...	1,606	6,183	...	1,606	...	1,606	1,606	...	...
	Ferozepore ...	2,02,473	...	26,266	1,76,207	...	25,836	38	25,874	26,266	...	478
Lahore.	Lahore ...	12,805	250	1,555	11,500	...	1,598	132	1,730	1,555	...	175
	Amritsar ...	22,349	...	5,124	17,225	...	5,167	...	5,167	5,124	...	43
	Gurdaspur ...	35,483	485	4,602	31,366	...	4,781	180	4,961	4,602	...	359
	Sialkot ...	78,190	5,000	12,824	70,366	...	12,796	72	12,868	12,824	...	44
	Gujranwala ...	19,302	20,950	3,317	36,935	...	4,700	58	4,758	3,317	...	1,441
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	27,355	1,400	4,523	24,732	...	4,547	74	4,621	4,523	...	98
	Shahpur ...	18,288	2,000	1,296	18,992	...	1,456	266	1,722	1,293	...	426
	Jhelum ...	27,303	800	3,069	25,034	...	3,056	29	3,085	3,069	...	16
	Rawalpindi ...	21,507	500	4,518	17,489	...	4,315	330	4,645	4,518	...	127
	Attock ...	87,827	1,600	24,192	65,235	...	24,795	722	25,517	24,192	...	1,325
	Mianwali ...	71,855	10,990	5,735	77,110	...	5,509	468	5,977	5,735	...	242
Multan.	Montgomery ...	65,108	5,460	10,324	60,244	...	10,855	306	11,161	10,324	...	837
	Lyallpur ...	796	...	202	594	...	215	...	215	202	...	13
	Jhang ...	1,606	1,750	454	2,902	...	454	...	454	454	...	...
	Multan ...	2,64,785	6,700	43,765	2,27,720	...	44,928	7,452	52,380	43,765	...	8,615
	Muzaffargarh ...	85,358	2,300	17,343	70,315	...	19,492	277	19,769	17,343	...	2,426
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	13,988	200	2,339	11,849	15	2,891	...	2,891	2,839	...	52
	Total ..	13,32,216	76,735	2,09,114	11,99,837	107	2,14,887	10,448	2,25,335	2,09,114	...	17,091

No. XVII.

of the text.)

ON ACCOUNT OF THE LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT (XIX OF 1883).

Recovery of interest.									
Arrears of interest suspended and overdues at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Total collections, interest only.	Amount of interest written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at end of the year.	Rate of interest recovered on mean of loans outstanding at commencement and close of the year, *i.e.*, columns 17 × 100 ÷ column 3 + column 6. / 2	District.	Division.
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.		
72	773	845	845	...	...	...	6 8 10	Hissar	Ambala.
...	775	775	775	...	...	...	6 9 8	Rohtak	
...	8,901	8,901	8,887	...	14	40	6 5 3	Gurgaon	
...	518	518	514	...	...	4	5 13 8	Karnal	
...	206	206	202	...	...	4	7 8 6	Ambala	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Simla	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kangra	Jullundur.
...	73	73	73	...	...	...	7 6 8	Hoshiarpur	
...	3,879	3,879	3,879	...	...	...	5 0 0	Jullundur	
...	514	514	514	...	...	...	7 5 9	Ludhiana	
118	12,611	12,729	12,551	...	...	178	6 10 0	Ferozepore	
49	858	907	416	...	...	491	3 6 9	Lahore	Lahore.
...	1,525	1,525	1,525	...	...	...	7 11 4	Amritsar	
39	2,163	2,202	2,089	...	...	113	6 4 0	Gurdaspur	
55	4,802	4,857	4,810	...	...	47	6 7 7	Sialkot	
32	1,199	1,231	918	...	...	313	3 4 3	Gujranwala	
53	1752	1,805	1,766	...	...	39	6 11 5	Gujrat	Rawalpindi.
108	974	1,082	966	...	...	116	5 3 0	Shahpur	
29	1,717	1,746	1,729	...	...	17	6 9 9	Jhelum	
68	1,369	1,437	1,384	...	...	53	7 1 6	Rawalpindi	
139	5,091	5,230	5,057	...	...	173	6 9 9	Attock	
143	1,824	1,967	1,839	...	...	128	2 7 6	Mianwali	
203	3,841	4,044	3,707	...	...	337	5 14 7	Montgomery	Multan.
...	49	49	48	..	...	1	6 14 6	Lyallpur	
...	98	98	98	...	...	...	4 5 7	Jhang	
3,704	15,185	18,889	15,605	...	...	3,284	6 5 4	Multan	
64	5,144	5,208	4,801	...	...	407	6 2 8	Muzaffargarh	
...	868	868	845	...	18	5	6 10 9	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	
4,876	76,709	81,585	75,843	...	32	5,750	6 0 0	Total ...	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 25

STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENTS, COLLECTIONS AND OUTSTANDINGS

Division.	District.	State of loans account principal.					Recovery of			
		Balance outstanding on 1st October (column 6 of last year's statement).	Amount advanced during the year.	Amount collected or written off during the year (columns 11+12).	Balance outstanding at the close of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount falling due during the year out of columns 3 and 4, principal only.	Demand on account of arrears of principal, (column 13 of last year's statement).	Total demands, principal only.	Total collections, principal only.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar ...	20,574	...	13,679	6,595	...	11,143	2,600	13,743	13,578
	Rohtak ...	24,922	10,230	23,990	11,162	1,011	23,586	1,973	25,559	23,990
	Gurgaon ...	41,639	87,000	49,495	79,144	3,047	55,224	12	55,236	49,495
	Karnal ...	9,580	2,500	7,448	4,632	...	7,532	6	7,538	7,448
	Ambala ...	659	100	425	334	...	425	...	425	425
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	...	2,575	...	2,575	...	...	...	...	...
	Jullundur ...	...	355	355	...	...	355	...	355	355
	Ludhiana ...	706	...	586	120	...	595	...	595	586
Lahore.	Lahore ...	10,866	15,170	10,979	15,057	...	13,047	999	14,046	10,979
	Amritsar ...	7,221	5,400	9,230	3,451	...	9,063	203	9,266	9,230
	Gurdaspur ...	23,640	3,290	16,044	10,886	160	15,726	1,956	17,682	16,044
	Sialkot ...	584	370	584	370	...	584	...	584	584
	Gujranwala ...	3,352	100	1,756	1,696	...	1,481	678	2,159	1,756
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	3,783	3,950	2,586	5,147	...	2,624	2,493	5,117	2,586
	Shahpur ...	3,842	...	3,183	659	...	655	2,756	3,411	3,183
	Jhelum ...	9,741	165	7,376	2,530	...	5,860	1,584	7,453	5,909
	Rawalpindi ...	148	...	102	46	...	88	14	102	102
	Attock ...	16,356	765	11,182	5,939	...	11,446	136	11,582	11,182
	Mianwali ...	65,310	26,260	60,077	31,493	...	59,608	3,121	62,729	60,077
Multan.	Montgomery ...	55,637	47,750	45,792	57,595	...	50,356	2,785	53,141	45,792
	Jhang ...	1,350	375	1,141	584	...	1,141	...	1,141	1,141
	Multan ...	4,355	9,680	8 352	5,683	100	9,573	782	10,355	8,312
	Muzaffargarh ...	21,795	61,825	30,620	53,000	...	36,991	855	37,846	30,620
	D. G. Khan ...	42,430	35,855	37,209	41,076	5,949	43,531	1,488	45,019	37,209
	Total ...	3,68,550	3,13,715	3,42,191	3,40,074	10,267	3,60,643	24,441	3,85,084	3,40,578

No. XVIII,

of the text).

ON ACCOUNT OF THE AGRICULTURISTS' LOANS ACT (XII OF 1884).

PRINCIPAL.		RECOVERY OF INTEREST.								DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
Amount of principal written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Arrears of principal overdue on September 30th.	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Total collections, interest only.	Amount of interest written off as irrecoverable during the year.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at end of the year.	Rate of interest recovered on mean of loans outstanding at commencement and close of year, *i.e.*, columns 17 ÷ (100 + column 3 + column 6 / 2)		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.		
106	64	112	893	1,005	1,003	...	...	2	7 4 10	Hissar	AMBALA.
...	1,569	148	1,481	1,629	1,536	...	33	60	8 8 3	Rohtak	
...	5,741	1	3,107	3,108	2,753	...	196	159	4 8 11	Gurgaon	
...	90	1	511	512	506	...	...	6	7 2 7	Karnal	
...	...	...	35	35	35	...	...	...	7 0 9	Ambala	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kangra	JULLUNDUR.
...	...	...	11	11	11	...	...	...	...	Jullundur	
...	9	...	31	31	31	...	...	...	7 8 4	Ludhiana	
...	3,067	66	961	1,027	800	...	...	227	6 2 9	Lahore	LAHORE.
...	36	13	417	430	429	...	...	1	7 15 11	Amritsar	
...	1,638	296	1,007	1,303	1,203	...	...	100	6 15 6	Gurdaspur	
...	...	...	28	28	28	...	...	...	6 0 0	Sialkot	
...	403	45	71	116	86	...	...	30	3 6 6	Gujranwala	
...	2,531	3	201	204	202	...	...	2	4 8 4	Gujrat	RAWALPINDI.
...	228	83	66	149	132	...	...	17	6 0 0	Shahpur	
1,467	77	40	436	476	431	35	...	10	7 0 5	Jhelum	
...	...	1	8	9	9	...	...	...	9 4 5	Rawalpindi	
...	400	1	914	915	911	...	...	4	8 2 9	Attock	
...	2,652	289	2,741	3,030	2,868	...	...	162	5 14 9	Mianwali	
...	7,349	316	3,610	3,926	3,407	...	...	519	6 0 3	Montgomery ...	MULTAN.
...	...	...	73	73	73	...	...	...	7 8 9	Jhang	
40	2,003	30	516	546	474	1	3	68	9 7 1	Multan	
...	7,226	29	2,592	2,621	2,224	...	...	397	5 15 2	Muzaffargarh ...	
...	7,810	92	2,945	3,037	2,425	...	493	119	5 12 11	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	
1,613	42,893	1,566	22,655	24,221	21,577	36	725	1,883	6 0 0	Total ...	

STATEMENT No. XIX.

(*Vide* paragraph 24 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF REMISSION ORDERS AND CERTIFICATES OF EXEMPTION GRANTED FOR IRRIGATION WORKS FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1918.

Division.	District.	Number of wells fallen out of use for which remissions have been granted during the year.	Number of certificates granted during the year.	Number of Irrigation works constructed during the year.						Remarks.
				New wells.		*Old wells repaired.*		*Dams, reservoirs and cuts from rivers and marshes*		
				At private expense.	From takavi advances.	At private expense.	From takavi advances.	At private expense.	From takavi advances.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Ambala.	Rohtak	21	5	55	6	5	...	...	...	
	Gurgaon	11	1	38	23	15	3	...	...	
	Karnal	2	...	25	1	50	...	...	...	
	Ambala	...	...	10	...	8	...	...	...	
Jullundur.	Hoshiarpur	...	...	230	...	43	2	...	...	
	Jullundur	...	...	326	1	15	1	...	...	
	Ludhiana	...	...	156	...	19	...	...	...	
	Ferozepore	2	4	123	1	9	...	...	...	
Lahore.	Lahore	8	7	78	...	47	...	...	...	
	Amritsar	14	...	57	1	16	...	1	...	
	Gurdaspur	...	...	58	1	34	1	...	...	
	Sialkot	...	3	205	35	13	3	...	...	
	Gujranwala	58	74	133	1	1	...	...	...	
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	...	1	113	2	2	...	...	...	
	Shahpur	...	2	49	3	31	...	...	...	
	Jhelum	2	...	26	1	...	...	...	...	
	Rawalpindi	...	...	6	...	...	...	15	...	
	Attock	1	...	75	2	5	...	10	4	
	Mianwali	...	62	30	15	12	9	...	1	
Multan.	Montgomery	17	22	22	8	1	...	...	...	
	Lyallpur	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Jhang	...	94	83	...	11	...	...	...	
	Multan	1,360	293	268	4	21	...	...	...	
	Muzaffargarh	...	138	217	11	24	2	...	...	
	Dera Ghazi Khan	...	132	106	1	...	...	...	...	
	Total	1,496	860	2,489	117	382	21	26	5	

STATEMENT No. XX.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 and 25 of the text.)

ACCOUNT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT WITH AGRICULTURIST BORROWERS.

—	—	Land Improvement Loans Act, XIX of 1883.	Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884.	Total both Acts.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Principal	Outstanding at the commencement of the year	13,32,216	3,68,550	17,00,766
	Advanced during the year	76,735	3,13,715	3,90,450
	Total advanced ...	14,08,951	6,82,265	20,91,216
	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears).	2,25,335	3,85,084	6,10,419
	Remitted during the year	...	1,613	1,613
	Collected during the year	2,09,114	3,40,578	5,49,692
	Total remitted and collected ...	2,09,114	3,42,191	5,51,305
	Balance outstanding at the end of the year ...	11,99,837	3,40,074	15,39,911
	Amount suspended by competent authority ...	107	10,267	10,374
	Amount overdue	17,091	42,893	59,984
Interest ...	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at the commencement of the year.	4,876	1,566	6,442
	Interest falling due within the year ...	76,709	22,655	99,364
	Total interest for collection within the year	81,585	24,221	1,05,806
	Remitted during the year	...	36	36
	Collected during the year	75,843	21,577	97,420
	Total remitted and collected ...	75,843	21,613	97,456
	Suspended by competent authority ...	32	725	757
	Arrears of interest overdue at end of the year.	5,750	1,883	7,633
Total Principal and Interest.	Remitted during the year	...	1,649	1,649
	Collected during the year	2,84,957	3,62,155	6,47,112
	Under suspension at the end of the year ...	139	10,992	11,131
	Overdue at the end of the year	22,841	44,776	67,617

STATEMENT No. XXI.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 and 25 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF LOANS MADE UNDER THE LAND IMPROVEMENT AND AGRICULTURISTS' LOANS ACTS FOR THE YEAR 1917-18.

(Account of Local Government with Government of India.)

Heads.	Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year	Mean outstanding.	Interest payable for the year by Local Government to Government of India at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Improvement Act, XIX of 1883	13,34,578	12,04,620	12,69,599	47,076
Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884	3,66,907	3,40,822	3,53,864	15,487
Total ...	17,01,485	15,45,442	16,23,463	62,563

STATEMENT No. XXII.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 and 25 of the text.)

PROVINCIAL RESULT OF LOAN OPERATIONS TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR 1917-18.

Particulars.		Land Improvement Act, XIX of 1883.	Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884.	Total both Acts.
1		2	3	4
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. *Interest* payable for the year by the Local Government to the Government of India.		47,076	15,487	62,563
2. Interest collected during the year		75,990	21,882	97,872
3. Balance of interest accruing to Local Government, *i. e.*, difference between 1 and 2+		28,914	6,395	35,309
4. Remission of principal during the year 1917-18		164	1,574	1,738
5. Net result (profit or loss) for the year 1917-18		+ 28,750	+ 4,821	33,571
6. Net result for previous years	1916-17	+39,509	+10,315	+49,824
	1915-16	+ 44,779	−816	+43,963
	1914-15	+33,869	+7,637	+41,506
	1913-14	+33,856	+10,464	+44,320
	1912-13	+79,399	+12,973	+92,372
7. Expenditure on free grants in aid towards the construction of private protective works or an establishment for well boring or other outlay incurred from current revenue in connection with takavi advances		...	...	...

STATEMENT No. XXIII.

(*Vide* paragraph 26 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE AREA AND INCOME OF UNCLASSED FORESTS AND OF THE OTHER GOVERMMENT LANDS UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL OF THE COLLECTOR FOR 1917-18.

Division.	District.	Area of unclassed forests and Government waste lands under the control of the Deputy Commissioner.	Area of nazul lands leased for agricultural purposes and consequently subject to the waste land lease rules.	Area included in columns 3 and 4 let out for cultivation.		Area of unclassed forest under the Forest Department let out for cultivation.		Area of Government land held by Government tenants under Act III of 1893 or under any colonization scheme.	Total of columns 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9.	Income for the year ending 30th September 1918.				Remarks.
				Cultivated in the year.	Uncultivated.	Cultivated in the year.	Uncultivated.			Land revenue on lands included in columns 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.	Malikana on lands included in columns 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.	Other income.	Total income.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Ambala	Hissar	3,997	...	792	...	...	...	...	3,997	7,978	...	2,275	10,253	
	Rohtak	2,480	2,011	1,914	105	...	...	...	4,491	1,389	1,997	4,716	8,102	
	Gurgaon	755	528	288	995	...	...	...	1,283	823	3	1,370	2,196	
	Karnal	11,331	477	650	171	...	...	4,559	16,367	5,343	1,582	812	7,737	
	Ambala	410	4	50	364	...	...	...	414	130	33	...	163	
	Simla	12,968	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,968	...	...	748	748	
Jullundur	Kangra	2,807	...	...	...	107	...	...	2,914	...	...	1,349	1,349	
	Hoshiarpur	24,647	156	135	21	...	...	...	24,803	788	...	9,908	10,696	
	Jullundur	515	110	207	403	...	...	...	625	295	599	1,485	2,379	
	Ludhiana	...	398	154	244	...	197	...	595	...	...	3,573	3,573	
	Ferozepore	3,934	567	1,773	2,728	...	...	...	4,501	2,567	1,345	10,990	14,902	
Lahore	Lahore	32,052	5,929	11,999	1,708	750	3,257	47,523	89,511	52,639	78,017	85,717	2,22,373	
	Amritsar	111	18	89	22	...	...	...	129	222	96	1,674	1,992	
	Gurdaspur	7,704	123	48	8	...	...	...	7,827	35	...	6,550	6,585	
	Sialkot	4,931	2	2,134	2,799	...	...	...	4,933	730	191	66	987	
	Gujranwala	3,347	200	919	200	...	...	76,275	79,822	84,745	1,16,625	4,651	2,06,021	
Rawalpindi	Gujrat	9,628	...	4,225	3,801	...	...	37,017	46,645	9,346	3,773	244	13,363	
	Shahpur	118,741	...	809	3,411	889	152	467,571	587,353	7,81,376	89,101	9,172	8,79,649	
	Jhelum	27,320	...	6	...	...	...	1,610	28,930	2,024	789	9,143	11,956	
	Rawalpindi	2,345	271	92	179	...	...	...	2,616	...	...	1,512	1,512	
	Attock	87,780	19	1,409	2,959	8	1	55	87,813	1,185	301	5,056	6,542	
	Mianwali	594,644	29	11,088	3,134	...	...	...	594,673	16,367	184	11,203	29,754	
Multan	Montgomery	1,095,330	...	140,735	185,539	978	678	370,599	1,467,585	4,74,502	2,04,525	19,30,705	26,09,732	
	Lyallpur	385,903	...	22,223	28,240	1,064	884	368,797	756,648	10,07,194	1,90,403	8,61,188	20,58,785	
	Jhang	134,260	54	7,814	3,117	...	...	108,904	243,218	2,57,081	82,054	88,095	4,27,230	
	Multan	1,344,956	84	6,495	9,696	...	...	215,387	1,560,427	2,65,115	1,28,794	4,42,935	8,36,844	
	Muzaffargarh	467,635	15	719	1,162	...	...	...	467,650	1,482	589	31,978	34,049	
	D. G. Khan	364,826	...	58,242	74,954	...	...	...	364,826	15,906	8,773	76,019	1,00,698	
	Total	4,745,307	10,995	275,009	325,960	3,796	5,169	1,698,297	6,468,564	29,97,262	9,09,774	36,03,134	75,10,170	

STATEMENT No. XXIV.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.)

TOTALS OF SALES, MORTGAGES AND REDEMPTIONS AND OTHER TRANSFERS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1918.

District.	Nature of rights transferred.	Gifts.		Exchanges.		Mortgages with possession, including transfer for debt by order of Court.					Redemption of mortgages with possession.					Sales and permanent transfers for value.					
		Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of mortgages.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money in rupees.	Number of releases.	Area redeemed. Total.	Area redeemed. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money discharged in rupees.	Number of transfers.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Price in rupees.	Multiple of revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Acres.		Acres.		Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.			
Hissar	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	183	3,409	73	371	1,487	12,765	11,673	4,365	4,42,115	1,657	17,475	15,587	5,973	2,80,131	628	9,503	7,268	3,058	3,30,235	108
	Right of occupancy ...	47	350	14	65	1,115	6,090	6,005	...	3,12,609	743	4,133	4,055	...	1,17,788	151	1,058	890	...	51,654	...
Rohtak ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	215	1,564	219	398	3,271	9,365	9,066	12,907	10,71,295	4,467	14,167	13,471	17,905	3,65,766	598	2,614	2,259	3,164	3,80,989	120
	Right of occupancy ...	13	46	12	12	221	479	477	...	45,869	248	488	487	...	29,894	25	73	73	...	8,946	...
Gurgaon ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	246	3,123	181	316	6,541	11,244	10,493	16,726	6,73,470	4,983	10,324	9,663	14,620	3,88,914	548	6,106	4,477	6,800	3,66,965	54
	Right of occupancy ...	17	86	11	11	1,005	1,538	1,503	...	96,697	653	1,150	1,123	...	45,178	62	147	145	...	15,171	...
Karnal ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	178	1,899	251	593	2,045	6,714	5,566	8,039	5,18,493	1,844	6,599	5,418	7,627	3,00,108	660	5,104	2,256	3,458	3,72,557	108
	Right of occupancy ...	7	24	3	1	136	289	278	...	27,067	129	254	249	...	16,283	27	85	59	...	7,582	...
Ambala ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	2	...	...	...	2	463	172	52	198	4	324	264	37	381	11	90	76	22	1,041	...
	Ownership ...	372	1,614	595	483	4,858	7,455	6,465	11,281	12,47,421	4,575	7,970	7,154	12,292	8,06,223	1,419	3,941	2,561	4,151	5,76,520	139
	Right of occupancy ...	17	30	26	10	492	549	542	...	73,356	398	504	495	...	40,427	64	93	93	...	15,928	...

SIMLA ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	36	40	36	12	184	177	85	173	21,674	185	185	86	174	18,090	232	129	85	183	57,685	315	
	Right of occupancy ...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	1	120	1	1	1	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	
KANGRA ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	1	50	17	...	104	...	...	...	...	...	3	41	25	...	198	...	
	Ownership ...	958	2,417	769	300	3,301	5,018	3,730	60,707	6,22,182	3,669	6,812	4,665	3,317	4,05,044	2,247	3,914	2,208	4,177	4,93,691	118	
	Right of occupancy ...	76	116	29	4	181	133	110	...	8,594	136	110	95	...	6,434	104	101	82	...	14,291	...	
HOSHIARPUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	2	55	...	...	16	...	...	463	1,042	3	...	...	68	1,087	2	...	...	6	286	...	
	Ownership ...	326	1,959	1,238	688	7,715	6,123	4,784	12,146	28,53,485	4,711	6,494	4,474	11,399	8,63,849	2,453	2,603	1,538	3,627	27,21,099	750	
	Right of occupancy ...	80	87	80	42	1,984	1,217	1,140	...	3,14,492	1,359	1,189	1,088	...	1,52,283	348	235	191	...	60,101	...	
JULLUNDUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	1	2	2	5	500	...	...	...	...	...	1	25	25	107	985	...	
	Ownership ...	405	1,431	4,691	4,162	5,761	5,359	5,101	15,472	19,31,832	4,036	5,318	4,577	26,056	8,94,095	2,732	2,249	1,866	4,851	12,47,696	257	
	Right of occupancy ...	18	21	228	215	581	434	428	...	1,52,095	459	412	398	...	80,716	142	80	77	...	39,667	...	
LUDHIANA ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ownership ...	310	1,593	1,614	1,633	5,152	9,770	9,225	17,701	20,55,152	4,790	9,830	9,107	18,570	13,06,293	1,584	2,275	1,908	3,603	7,46,642	207	
	Right of occupancy ...	14	38	27	21	193	307	281	...	55,762	156	238	226	...	29,711	41	59	59	...	12,302	...	
FEROZEPORE	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	775	733	43	800	...	
	Ownership ...	246	3,268	910	1,700	8,756	24,884	24,218	18,709	37,75,687	5,261	16,898	16,043	12,539	17,52,205	2,245	7,579	6,289	4,701	17,14,484	365	
	Right of occupancy ...	28	118	63	116	2,219	6,266	6,213	...	6,80,221	1,496	4,494	4,442	...	3,44,407	382	1,489	1,413	...	2,45,524	...	
LAHORE ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ownership ...	138	1,407	286	1,070	3,430	12,347	10,462	11,648	52,92,002	2,625	11,560	9,972	10,846	10,85,148	1,146	4,023	2,890	4,068	19,04,916	468	
	Right of occupancy ...	5	7	6	39	472	995	976	...	1,54,019	276	734	696	...	68,421	38	161	146	...	35,796	...	
AMRITSAR ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ownership ...	194	1,426	516	830	5,414	8,922	8,563	17,753	21,30,265	4,261	7,703	7,259	16,806	11,39,023	900	1,634	1,346	3,035	6,81,986	225	
	Right of occupancy ...	8	17	8	6	608	645	638	...	1,39,912	485	582	565	...	71,109	27	30	28	...	9,479	...	
GURDASPUR	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	3	2	2	4	346	...	...	...	...	...	2	53	44	6	...	...	
	Ownership ...	253	1,424	487	575	8,423	10,786	9,585	24,488	17,67,485	6,349	10,302	9,249	23,030	21,31,293	1,063	2,690	2,026	5,182	6,02,649	116	
	Right of occupancy ...	14	30	9	1	675	707	680	...	1,12,053	489	518	478	...	56,445	64	108	98	...	21,850	...	
SIALKOT ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Ownership ...	252	2,093	479	685	9,348	14,734	13,581	26,971	18,29,695	8,141	15,070	13,641	27,737	12,81,779	1,316	3,624	2,438	4,506	6,83,092	152	
	Right of occupancy ...	7	15	17	21	717	678	650	...	96,842	549	546	533	...	52,928	49	30	25	...	8,486	...	

STATEMENT No. XXIV—CONCLUDED.

District.	Nature of rights transferred.	Gifts.		Exchanges.		Mortgages with possession including transfer for debt by order of Court.					Redemption of mortgages with possession.					Sales and permanent transfers for value.					
		Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of mortgages.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money in rupees.	Number of releases.	Area redeemed. Total.	Area redeemed. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money discharged in rupees.	Number of transfers.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Price in rupees.	Multiple of revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Acres.		Acres.		Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.			
Gujranwala	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	152	3,408	242	2,383	1,515	8,511	6,748	12,083	5,44,745	1,095	9,603	7,040	12,939	2,77,300	969	7,212	4,864	10,224	10,37,924	102
	Right of occupancy ...	4	17	7	122	57	249	228	...	12,368	30	163	263	...	6,119	14	52	41	...	8,021	...
Gujrat ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	298	2,549	477	1,332	6,299	7,191	6,701	9,003	11,66,326	6,433	8,698	7,837	10,485	7,99,256	2,341	3,868	2,613	3,332	6,55,473	197
	Right of occupancy ...	24	48	8	14	739	742	727	...	1,44,418	727	728	714	...	58,432	70	64	59	...	14,559	...
Shahpur ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	22	11	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	148	2,010	308	1,635	1,642	5,540	3,916	4,492	4,05,899	1,585	7,002	4,700	6,408	2,29,022	1,599	4,653	1,965	3,671	10,67,361	291
	Right of occupancy ...	7	158	78	3,951	22	73	63	...	2,435	29	109	99	...	2,807	80	1,878	1,912	...	3,29,071	...
Jhelum ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	269	1,582	367	657	2,241	3,841	3,137	3,608	4,54,325	3,012	5,336	4,734	5,551	4,28,621	3,315	4,924	3,225	3,255	7,52,806	231
	Right of occupancy ...	34	23	13	19	288	410	387	...	76,160	355	505	478	...	42,627	314	367	339	...	78,376	...
Rawalpindi	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	40	...
	Ownership ...	278	1,242	463	634	1,695	2,098	1,825	2,546	2,37,289	2,456	2,817	2,448	3,037	2,20,639	4,263	6,266	4,307	5,249	11,38,431	217
	Right of occupancy ...	40	56	42	36	326	327	299	...	44,527	470	435	392	...	39,629	500	533	434	...	82,661	...
Attock ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	7	4	2	...	...
	Ownership ...	260	3,222	394	1,326	2,293	8,355	6,466	4,051	4,85,415	2,142	7,183	5,113	3,855	2,84,665	2,923	8,280	4,917	2,999	7,81,364	261
	Right of occupancy ...	49	133	65	111	1,023	1,148	1,056	...	1,89,807	1,096	1,231	1,167	...	1,39,445	641	1,073	919	...	1,35,385	...

	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	17	1,636	5	233	7	249	100	1	4,198	15	385	133	...	3,817	25	1,720	408	6	16,865	...
Mianwali ...	Ownership ..	118	1,161	152	904	1,784	7,332	5,081	3,657	3,80,812	1,592	7,127	4,597	3,282	2,27,668	1,751	11,779	3,377	2,253	4,96,522	220
	Right of occupancy ...	5	10	20	54	261	984	690	...	40,894	216	731	533	...	23,909	147	351	232	...	35,555	...
	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1,018	362	290	60	...	...	...	...	...	...
Montgomery	Ownership ...	54	1,123	35	508	159	4,021	2,622	1,982	1,07,747	228	5,153	2,660	2,145	82,744	322	8,183	5,963	8,413	7,98,182	95
	Right of occupancy ...	10	66	2	...	6	61	49	...	1,625	11	38	13	...	494	12	785	591	...	31,993	...
	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lyallpur ...	Ownership ...	312	5,437	111	2,878	791	11,010	9,977	35,497	13,03,077	556	7,637	7,094	22,620	6,23,632	689	11,454	9,951	33,245	26,85,876	81
	Right of occupancy ...	18	511	37	774	14	169	164	...	5,319	6	76	73	...	2,410	1	1	1	...	215	...
	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	1	4	2	49	24	...	336	8	28	22	...	611	9	24	13	...	1,410	...
Jhang ...	Ownership ...	70	1,476	105	450	529	6,293	3,727	6,802	2,98,807	821	9,343	5,578	7,953	1,88,841	852	5,252	3,265	4,550	5,34,220	117
	Right of occupancy ...	1	29	1	4	3	13	8	...	463	18	637	399	...	3,458	2	10	8	...	390	...
	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	4	20	3	87	6	377	218	251	1,187	9	2,045	1,746	2,752	20,895	13	238	83	95	672	...
Multan ...	Ownership ...	210	7,326	213	2,800	568	7,600	5,484	9,088	4,29,943	774	10,824	6,763	10,589	2,87,535	1,155	8,176	3,664	5,105	10,88,482	213
	Right of occupancy ...	8	18	4	66	11	58	52	...	2,251	18	131	110	...	2,019	19	557	291	...	9,692	...
	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	21	2,870	12	143	12	379	180	5	709	40	3,525	1,212	36	2,461	95	3,250	781	36	7,749	...
Muzaffargarh.	Ownership ...	237	8,767	224	1,020	1,854	8,427	4,923	6,501	5,41,054	1,406	15,252	3,729	5,056	2,25,881	2,445	20,473	3,778	4,221	7,81 365	185
	Right of occupancy ...	4	10	8	10	65	177	147	...	11,116	56	157	135	...	6,600	93	288	202	...	12,449	...
	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	1	...	2	1	50	37	33	5	801	25	131	63	9	645	70	75	60	9	2,486	...
Dera Ghazi Khan.	Ownership ...	484	6,179	303	1,290	2,533	9,851	6,575	4,321	3,98,830	3,238	13,818	8,146	4,334	23,04,441	9,501	13,845	7,346	3,494	6,90,105	198
	Right of occupancy ...	12	19	19	1,956	40	120	97	...	4,911	24	98	88	...	3,512	69	245	226	...	3,451	...
	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	47	4,581	23	468	101	1,609	748	787	20,421	109	7,478	3,813	3,216	29,957	238	6,298	2,252	332	32,532	...
Provincial Totals.	Ownership ...	7,202	74,749	15,739	31,636	93,589	235,233	199,779	362,187	3,29,86,512	86,922	256,455	200,855	3,13,140	1,76,98,205	51,899	172,453	100,650	1,48,575	2,53,89,337	171
	Right of occupancy ...	567	2,083	837	7,681	13,456	24,859	23.389	...	28,06,002	10,583	20,422	19,395	...	14,73,525	3,486	9,953	8,564	...	12,86,590	...
	Grand Total ...	7,816	81,413	16,599	39,782	113,146	261,701	224,416	...	3,58,12,935	97,614	284,355	224,063	...	1,92,01,687	55,623	188,704	111,466	...	2,67,08,459	...

STATEMENT No. XXV.

(*Vide* paragraphs 29 and 31 of the text.)

ABSTRACT OF MORTGAGES, SALES AND REDEMPTIONS BY DISTRICTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1918.

Division.	District.	Mortgages by		Mortgages to		Sales by		Sales to		Redemptions by		Redemptions from	
		Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Ambala.	Hissar ...	15,241	3,614	15,827	3,028	7,859	2,702	9,465	1,096	18,097	3,511	17,448	4,165
	Rohtak ...	9,006	838	9,126	718	1,949	738	2,055	632	11,697	2,958	13,173	1,482
	Gurgaon ...	11,925	857	11,320	1,462	4,103	2,150	5,326	927	9,477	1,997	10,398	1,076
	Karnal ...	6,200	803	5,118	1,885	3,817	1,372	4,583	606	5,218	1,635	5,446	1,407
	Ambala ...	7,179	1,288	6,537	1,930	2,815	1,309	3,077	1,047	6,034	2,764	6,943	1,855
	Simla ...	...	178	...	178	...	129	...	129	...	186	...	186
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	4,162	1,039	4,488	713	3,406	650	3,590	466	5,398	1,526	5,920	1 002
	Hoshiarpur ...	6,551	789	6,058	1,282	2,298	540	2,090	748	5,542	2,141	6,776	907
	Jullundur ...	5,246	549	5,301	494	1,969	385	2,054	300	3,931	1,799	5,174	556
	Ludhiana ...	9,003	1,074	9,243	834	2,060	374	2,164	270	8,671	1,297	8,931	1,137
	Ferozepore ...	25,822	5,328	27,232	3,818	6,971	2,872	8,075	1,768	17,558	3,831	17,650	3,742
Lahore.	Lahore ...	11,356	1,987	11,713	1,630	2,813	1,371	2,933	1,251	9,566	2,728	10,436	1,858
	Amritsar ...	8,620	947	8,695	872	1,817	347	1,338	326	7,442	843	6,929	1,356
	Gurdaspur ...	10,005	1,490	10,037	1,458	2,454	397	2,385	466	8,522	2,298	9,269	1,551
	Sialkot ...	13,582	1,430	14,046	1.366	3,044	610	2,721	933	13,546	2,070	12,759	2,857
	Gujranwala ...	7,518	1,242	6,714	2,046	5,927	1,337	5,665	1,599	8,830	941	6,726	3,045
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	7,034	899	6,690	1,243	3,407	525	3,194	738	6,252	3,174	8,159	1,267
	Shahpur ...	5,338	275	3,711	1,902	5,860	662	5,702	829	3,501	3,632	6,185	698
	Jhelum ...	3,403	348	3,098	653	4,579	712	4,686	605	5,086	755	3,884	1,957
	Rawalpindi ...	2,011	414	1,883	542	5,659	1,140	5,820	979	2,379	873	2,505	747
	Attock ...	9,015	488	7,464	2,039	8,800	560	8,590	770	7,870	494	5,527	2,837
	Mianwali ...	7,821	744	7,512	1,053	13,218	632	12,488	1,362	7,497	746	6,358	1,885
Multan.	Montgomery ...	1,711	2,371	1,244	2,838	1,333	7,635	5 382	3,586	4,406	1,803	2,354	3,855
	Lyallpur ...	10,431	748	6,551	4 628	9,993	1,462	10,195	1,260	5,217	2,496	6,030	1,683
	Jhang ...	5,296	1,059	1,559	4,796	3,277	2,009	4,135	1,151	6,360	3,648	6,415	3,593
	Multan ...	5,549	2,486	1,944	6,091	5,993	2,978	6,027	2,944	4,335	8,665	8,203	4,797
	Muzaffargarh ...	6,087	2,896	3,819	5,164	19,649	4,362	19,455	4,556	15,802	3,162	15,029	3,935
	D. G. Khan ...	8,019	1,989	7,581	2,427	11,192	2,973	11,663	2,502	8,805	5,242	11,111	2,936
	Grand Total ...	223,531	38,170	204,611	57,090	145,771	42,933	154,858	33,846	217,037	67,318	225,983	58,872

STATEMENT No. XXVI.

(*Vide* paragraphs 29 and 30 of the text.)

SALES OF LAND IN THE PUNJAB.

Year.	Number of transfers.	Area transferred.		Price in rupees.	Price per acre.		Revenue in rupees.	Price per rupee of land revenue.	Sale by agricultural tribes.	Sales to agricultural tribes.	Sales by others.	Sales to others.
		Total.	Of which cultivated.		Total.	Cultivated.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Acres.	Acres.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1896-97	45,691	266,767	148,535	1,15,35,853	43	78	1,74,819	66	...	...	...	...
1897-98	49,343	305,362	168,018	1,35,49,377	44	81	1,82,854	74	...	...	...	...
1898-99	46,462	277,931	155,408	1,29,01,236	46	83	1,70,600	76	...	...	...	...
1899-1900	48,685	275,413	159,943	1,29,49,047	47	81	1,55,133	83	...	...	...	...
1900-01	55,298	323,353	180,963	1,50,08,486	46	83	1,58,662	95	...	...	...	...
Average of 5 years ending 1901 ...	49,096	289,765	162,573	1,31,88,800	46	81	1,68,414	78	...	...	...	...
1901-02	42,135	248,701	142,982	1,01,18,814	41	71	1,35,604	75	...	...	...	...
1902-03	36,322	232,839	138,870	96,63,775	41	71	1,23,052	79	132,310	138,290	59,606	58,705
1903-04	38,804	224,285	132,324	1,12,94,774	50	85	1,16 923	97	153,396	141,722	54,476	66,087
1904-05	38,644	201,603	123,287	1,06,46,967	53	86	1,14,949	93	151,041	152,061	58,387	55,142
1905-06	42,507	232,333	142,386	1,20,34,917	52	85	1,14,036	106	163,209	163,699	70,207	58,561
Average of 5 years ending 1906 ...	39,682	227,752	135,570	1,07,51,849	47	79	1,20,913	89	149,989[a]	148,948	60,935	59,624
1906-07	37,609	202,232	114,003	1,17,98,959	58	103	1,13,694	104	152,445	156,445	67,819	63,819
1907-08	41,717	209,622	120,635	1,21,53,089	58	101	1,10,248	110	156,492	168,562	75,282	63,215
1908-09	45,996	231,163	123,463	1,40,66,608	61	114	1,13,483	124	181,499	187,280	74,852	69,071
1909-10	47,537	228,633	126,191	1,52,83,910	67	121	1,15,420	132	193,083	198,927	63,703	57,859
1910-11	44,093	211,376	123,237	1,58,56,592	75	129	1,28,905	123	166,785	181,005	64,267	50,047
Average of 5 years ending 1911 ...	43,430	216,605	121,506	1,38,31,832	64	114	1,16,350	119	170,061	178,444	69,185	60,802
1911-12	50,747	245,203	151,664	1,86,99,137	76	123	1,67,944	111	183,901	214,438	83,977	53,440
1912-13	53,074	279,222	184,755	1,96,94,495	71	107	2,12,429	93	182,941	253,556	123,757	58,142
1913-14	53,913	209,605	121,809	3,02,81,206	144	249	1.48,314	202	193,082	207,097	57,159	43,144
1914-15	52,027	220,623	133,933	2,41,30,887	109	180	1,79,368	134	173,300	181,798	89,486	60,988
1915-16	50,627	233,499	106,799	2,30,15,279	99	216	1,52,570	151	206,529	226,236	62,452	42,755
Average of 5 years ending 1916 ...	52,078	237,630	139,792	2,31,64,201	97	166	1,72,185	135	187,951	216,623	79,366	50,694
1916-17	50,447	219,541	107,227	2,43,43,372	111	227	1,54,921	157	182,718	203,451	58,670	37,927
1917-18	51,899	172,453	100,650	2,53,89,337	147	252	1,48,575	171	145,771	154,858	42,933	33,846

[a] This and the following averages are for four years only.

STATEMENT No. XXVII.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.)

MORTGAGE OF LAND IN THE PUNJAB.

Year.	Total cultivated area under usufructuary mortgage.	Percentage of cultivated area under usufructuary mortgage.	Cultivated area released.	Cultivated area mortgaged.	Mortgage-money per rupee of revenue of area mortgaged.	Total area redeemed by agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged by agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged to agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged to others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1896-97	...	...	218,181	351,612	49	...	...	...	...
1897-98	...	...	293,655	411,805	53	...	...	...	...
1898-99	...	...	24,842	349,971	56	...	...	...	...
1899-1900	...	...	189,352	312,724	55	...	...	...	...
1900-01	...	...	176,595	270,880	55	...	...	...	...
Average of 5 years ...	...	...	233,925	339,398	...	...	...	...	...
1901-02	3,287,387	12·3	167,422	184,263	55	...	...	...	...
1902-03	3,231,253	12·1	146,932	175,532	57	124,679	169,858	132,569	73,345
1903-04	3,528,477	12·9	164,885	180,170	61	162,829	193,640	153,192	80,759
1904-05	3,528,610	12·1	194,282	173,042	62	199,179	194,149	176,675	60,187
1905-06	3,402,688	12·3	220,596	186,203	67	225,118	201,595	186,113	60,680
Average of 5 years ...	3,357,683	...	178,773	179,842	...	177,951*	189,810	162,142	68,743
1906-07	3,375,573	12·1	279,762	199,983	75	301,073	216,954	206,629	59,047
1907-08	3,235,287	10·4	282,255	213,596	80	293,256	282,065	213,178	68,615
1908-09	3,183,358	11·1	282,192	223,723	86	310,732	254,076	230,662	81,452
1909-10	3,352,635	12·4	278,919	224,841	85	291,878	258,437	233,608	77,103
1910-11	3,351,862	11·9	248,003	194,930	87	284,085	236,510	210,686	68,488
Average of 5 years ...	3,299,743	...	274,226	211,415	...	296,205	239,608	218,953	70,931
1911-12	3,366,456	12·0	252,886	206,387	89	242,794	237,446	214,460	68,571
1912-13	3,266,781	11·7	268,698	219,672	74	307,045	257,822	230,605	74,162
1913-14	3,202,707	11·5	282,290	245,631	89	304,397	283,315	254,507	83,745
1914-15	3,176,497	11·6	239,644	228,683	88	272,264	266,383	238,113	73,952
1915-16	3,183,930	11·5	210,067	227,396	88	225,344	276,405	251,188	77,768
Average of 5 years ...	3,239,284	...	250,717	225,551	...	270,369	264,274	237,775	75,640
1916-17	3,200,040	11·5	187,407	219,712	85	199,455	246,173	220,272	76,150
1917-18	3,143,162	10·9	200,855	199,779	91	217,037	223,531	204,611	57,090

*This and the following averages are for four years only.

STATEMENT No. XXVIII.

(*Vide* paragraph 32 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE WORK DONE BY REVENUE OFFICERS (ORIGINAL CASES ONLY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1918.

Division.	District.	Number of Revenue Officers employed.	Revenue cases (including execution of decrees).							
			Revenue Court cases under the Tenancy Act.	Revenue Officer's cases under the Tenancy Act.	Revenue Officer's cases under the Land Revenue Act.	Revenue Officer's cases under the Land Alienation Act.	Cases under the Redemption of Mortgage Act.	Miscellaneous Revenue Officer's cases.	Total revenue cases.	Number of cases pending.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Ambala.	Hissar	43	1,973	3,152	2,025	...	117	201	7,468	474
	Rohtak	26	1,370	1,521	3,406	53	243	548	7,201	377
	Gurgaon	42	804	536	3,425	34	107	3,220	8,126	299
	Karnal	28	739	...	1,154	64	29	2,346	4,332	319
	Ambala	46	803	553	2,171	169	178	1,645	5,519	593
	Simla	4	9	8	8	...	4	276	305	4
Jullundur.	Kangra	47	841	469	3,206	16	133	1,400	6,065	1,274
	Hoshiarpur ...	20	2,232	728	1,855	322	62	4,409	9,608	1,503
	Jullundur ...	32	1,659	871	2,917	861	79	325	6,712	772
	Ludhiana ...	24	513	130	2,429	358	79	1,075	4,584	703
	Ferozepore ...	34	1,679	1,429	1,186	...	80	281	4,655	618
Lahore.	Lahore	15	1,175	585	7,878	40	93	1,604	11,375	1,271
	Amritsar	22	2,249	507	2,602	119	116	977	6,570	887
	Gurdaspur ...	14	1,845	360	3,310	146	144	1,395	7,200	1,054
	Sialkot	37	1,682	860	3,245	439	229	652	7,107	1,366
	Gujranwala ...	26	929	510	2,349	36	37	1,276	5,137	579
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	25	922	242	7,180	...	135	1,262	9,691	397
	Shahpur	19	218	52	2,437	32	35	2,156	4,930	355
	Jhelum	23	478	222	1,178	226	107	1,332	3,543	584
	Rawalpindi ...	12	321	232	106	330	46	381	1,466	131
	Attock	25	788	105	1,557	281	142	497	3,370	459
	Mianwali ...	30	643	426	2,370	48	66	1,840	5,393	452
Multan.	Montgomery ...	13	242	38	1,267	14	18	5,081	6,658	184
	Lyallpur	14	283	156	1,090	16	8	1,339	2,892	190
	Jhang	31	556	156	1,980	32	34	891	3 649	945
	Multan	45	746	398	3,024	25	22	3,775	7,990	1,018
	Muzaffargarh ...	16	785	384	3,398	6	31	2,795	7,299	445
	D. G. Khan ...	49	223	226	1,882	54	92	1,003	3,480	351
	Total ...	762	26,707	14,856	70,545	3,771	2,464	43,982	162,325	17,104

STATEMENT No. XXIX.

(*Vide* paragraph 32 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING APPELLATE AND REVISIONAL WORK OF COMMISSIONERS AND FINANCIAL COMMISSIONERS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1918.

Names of officers.	Division or office.	Revenue Judicial Appeals.										Revenue executive Appeals.								
				Decided.										Decided.						
		Old cases.	New institutions.	Rejected at first hearing.	Remanded for retrial.	Decreed for appellant.	Decreed for respondent.	Total decided.	Transferred.	Pending.	Pending more than three months.	Old cases.	New institutions.	Accepted.	Rejected.	Total.	Transferred.	Pending.	Pending more than three months.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Mr. H. A. Casson, Esquire, C.S.I., I.C.S. ...	Ambala	68	182	212	...	17	2	231	1	18	4	94	283	36	316	352	5	20	3	
The Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Hallifax, C.B.E., I.C.S.	Jullundur	126	338	219	2	88	116	420	1	43	1	208	507	95	587	682	...	33	2	
C. A. Barron, Esq.																				
C. M. King, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S. ...	Lahore	28	98	30	...	19	65	114	...	12	1	47	543	130	413	543	5	42	3	
Lieut.-Col. Sir F. Popham Young, K.B.E., C.I.E., I.A.	Rawalpindi	22	144	14	...	37	103	154	...	12	4	73	553	117	463	580	...	46	7	
Lieut.-Col. A. E. Barton, I.A. ...																				
Lieut.-Col. C. Powney Thompson, I.A. ...	Multan	11	31	18	...	13	6	37	...	5	...	21	480	65	414	479	...	22	...	
The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I., I.C.S.	Financial Commissioners. Revisions ...	16	209	132	1	31	18	182	15	28	5	16	236	17	201	218	3	31	...	
The Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Hallifax, C.B.E., I.C.S.																				
The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, C.S.I., I.C.S.	Appeals ...	6	29	6	...	4	9	19	7	9	...	4	44	6	31	37	4	7	...	
	Total ...	277	1,031	631	3	204	319	1,157	24	127	15	463	2,646	466	2,425	2,891	17	201	15	

214 FC—251—1-8-19—SGPP Lahore.

REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

PUNJAB

FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1919

Lahore :

PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRINTING, PUNJAB.

1920.

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REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

PUNJAB

FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1919.

Lahore :

PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRINTING, PUNJAB,

1920.

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Proceedings of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture—(Revenue) No. 12077, dated 17th April 1920.

READ—

The Annual Report on the Land Revenue Administration of the Punjab for the year ending 30th September 1919, forwarded with letter No. 491-52-L.-4, dated 13-18th March 1920, from the Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab.

REMARKS.—The agricultural conditions of the year were unfavourable for the cultivator. There was practically no rain in the second half of April 1918 and the whole of May, and the light showers in June were not sufficient to help the kharif sowings which were consequently restricted. Again the cessation of the monsoon in the beginning of September resulted in considerable damage to the crop that was sown, the failed area being 41 per cent. The deficient rainfall and the influenza epidemic account for the rabi sowings being late and short, but the percentage of crop failure in the rabi was fortunately only 10 as against 11 in the preceding year. The total matured area for the year was 17,104,179 acres or only 72 per cent. of the normal as compared with 28,253,017 acres last year. The outturns of wheat, barley and cotton per acre were respectively 1, 5 and 29 per cent. above normal, but in the case of all other important crops the yield was below normal. The agriculturists, however, benefited by a considerable rise in prices; the average price per maund of wheat went up from Rs. 3-15-0 to Rs. 5-9-0 and that of cotton from Rs. 12-1-0 to Rs. 14-14-0.

2. The fixed land revenue demand rose from 235·07 to 236·61 lakhs, of which 91·4 per cent. was collected. The amount of revenue suspended during the year was 22·36 lakhs, which is considerably larger than in any year since 1907-08, the districts of Gurgaon and Rohtak accounting for more than one-half of the total amount. A number of villages were during the year granted a remission of a portion of their land revenue as a reward for recruiting services. The balance of unsuspended and unremitted land revenue at the close of the year amounted to only Rs. 11,000.

Collections of fluctuating land revenue amounted to 133·38 lakhs, or 11⅛ lakhs less than in the previous year. The decrease is accounted for by the unfavourable agricultural conditions of the year and the unsatisfactory working of the inundation canals owing to the low supply in rivers.

Collections of "other land revenue" show a net increase of nearly 6 lakhs. The increase is due to the extensive sale of proprietary rights in Government estates and the enhanced realizations from sale-proceeds of waste lands. A part of the increase can be accounted for by the introduction on the Lower Bari Doab Canal of a differential scale of malikana on lands leased for temporary cultivation varying from Rs. 2 to Rs. 16 in lieu of the old flat rate of Re. 1 per acre.

3. In spite of the unfavourable agricultural conditions of the year the number of coercive processes fell from 11,434 to 9,597. This included three cases of imprisonment and only four of actual attachment of immovable property. The Multan Division, as usual, called for the greatest measure of coercion; but the district with the largest number of actual attachments in cases of distress was Gujranwala. The system of serving through the post revenue processes other than those for the recovery of land revenue was extended with success, but the system did not result in any reduction in the number of tahsil peons. In fact additional process-servers were entertained in six districts for short periods to recover land revenue at a total cost of Rs. 308. The difficulties mentioned in the Report such as the evasion of service by the addressee or collusion of postmen were only to be expected but are not insurmountable. Sir Edward Maclagan thinks that the system which reduces the opportunities for illegal exactions on the part of the tahsil chaprasis should be welcome to the people and should be given an extensive trial in the province.

4. The payment of revenue through the post in currency notes or by money order has grown in popularity. Rs. 7·9 lakhs were remitted in notes in 24 districts as against 3·5 lakhs in 12 districts in the last year. Revenue paid by money order amounted to nearly 19 lakhs in 25 districts. The remittance of revenue by currency notes is likely to be more extended if it is realized that for remittances of large amounts it is a more economical method than payment by money order and that with due safeguards any small possible risks can be avoided.

5. The system of *girdawari* by appraisement is theoretically a more satisfactory system than the existing one but it is beset with difficulties. The trained eye and deliberate judgment required to estimate the outturn with any degree of accuracy are not found in the average Patwari and the system after trial in certain selected areas has been abandoned. In the preparation of crop forecasts, which were previously purely conjectural, better use is now made of the special knowledge of the officers of the Agricultural Department.

6. An important feature of the year was the formation of the Board of Economic Enquiry for the scientific study of the economic problems of the province. Investigation will not be confined to rural economics, but will include urban problems such as the rise in wages and in the price of food, the housing of the poor, the retailer's profits in some selected trades, etc. Government has provided during the current year Rs. 20,000 for a grant to the Board so as to enable it to conduct research and publish the results of its enquiries. The institution of the Board has aroused interest outside the Punjab and some other local Governments have already applied for copies of the publications of the Board.

7. The working of the canals under departmental management was satisfactory. The demand for water which was keen owing to the failure of the monsoon in 1918 was satisfactorily met by the canals The perennial canals irrigated a larger area as compared with 1917-18, but the inundation canals owing to the river supplies being lower than usual showed poor results. The total area matured by both classes of canals under departmental control rose, however from 8·4 to 8·6 million acres (approximately). The working of the inundation canals calls for all the energy and skill of the Irrigation Department and His Honour agrees with the Financial Commissioner as to the vital need of the most expert and unremitting supervision for canals of this kind. The Punjab may well be proud of its 19,654 miles of canals and subsidiary channels which insure it against famine and were calculated to produce crops valued at 55 crores of rupees or more than 2½ times the total capital expenditure to date on the construction of the canals.

8. The decrease in area irrigated by the canals and other irrigation works under district management was attributable to deficient rainfall and low supply in the rivers. The area matured in Ferozepore from the Grey canals fell to 57,400 acres or half the area in 1917-18, but the districts of Gurgaon and Hissar were the worst sufferers. The irrigation from the Namal reservoir also decreased on account of the failure of rain over the catchment area, but even with the restricted supply of water, the crop was a very fair one. The practical results achieved by this forced economic use of water may help to convince the agriculturists of the desirability of economy in the future use of canal water.

9. The total of advances made under the Land Improvement Loans Act rose from a little less than Rs. 77,000 to Rs. 1,80,000 during the year under review. The loans were taken in practically all cases for the repair or construction of wells. Although takavi advances were made on a large and liberal scale for the sinking of wells in the Upper Chenab Colony, progress was hampered by the lack of waggons to carry coal from Bengal. His Honour is glad to notice that the increased wealth of the agricultural classes is enabling them more and more to finance their own agricultural improvements. A decrease, therefore, in the amount of loans under the Act may be due to the increased prosperity of the zamindars rather than to the diminishing popularity of the measures of assistance designed by Government. Advances under the Agriculturists Loans Act totalled just under 9 lakhs or nearly three times the sum advanced in the previous year. The increase is due to the unfavourable

character of the seasons. Large sums were advanced for the purchase of fodder of which there was great scarcity in the south-eastern districts, and for the purchase of seed or cattle when good rains in the earlier part of the monsoon of 1919 held out brighter prospects for the agriculturist after a bad kharif and a poor rabi.

10. It was decided during the year under review to extend the operations under the Chos Act to the Rupar and Kharar Tahsils in the Ambala District. Sir Edward Maclagan has expressed his agreement with the Financial Commissioner in holding that action under the Land Acquisition Act is not desirable and he trusts that early steps will be taken to revise the estimated expenditure on compensation. It is satisfactory to note that the zamindars of the Hoshiarpur District in general appreciate the advantages of conserving grass and trees and that the inhabitants of Maili village in particular by their co-operation in maintaining the embankment works have succeeded in stopping further erosion and reclaiming 50 acres of land.

11. The large area which changes hands by exchange is a notable feature which has not escaped the notice of the Financial Commissioner. It is doubtless mainly due to the desire to consolidate holdings and the Lieutenant-Governor is glad to see that the matter is being further investigated. It may be found advisable at some future date to consider the possibility of legislation to meet cases in which desirable exchanges for this purpose are frustrated by the opposition of small minorities among the proprietors concerned.

12. Sales of agricultural land and redemptions of mortgages are larger than last year. The Lieutenant-Governor notes with interest the Financial Commissioner's view that the restricted redemptions of recent years were due not so much to want of funds or to economic depression as to a desire on the part of the people during the earlier years of the war to hoard their savings for want of trust in the future political stability of the country. This conclusion has gained weight from the realisation of the Financial Commissioner's expectation that the conclusion of hostilities would see a reversion to the pre-war standard. Now that the political horizon is clearer and high prices bring large sums of money into the pockets of the agricultural classes, it may be anticipated that encumbrances will be paid off on a still larger scale.

13. The average recorded price of cultivated land for the whole province has fallen to Rs. 184 per acre but this is no true index to the value of land, as the transactions include land of every quality and also a large area of uncultivated land. The sale of a considerable area of Government land at a nominal price in the Sohag-Para and Sidhnai Colonies has also depressed the provincial average. The true value of land has continued to rise as land is widely considered to be the safest form of investment for the large amount of money that exists in the country. The average price realised from auction sales on the Lower Bari Doab Canal last month reached the unprecedented figure of Rs. 593 per acre for nearly 3,500 acres; although the land was on the whole of an inferior quality to that sold in previous years. The late Mr. Warburton's estate on the Lower Chenab Canal is understood to have been sold for 10½ lakhs of rupees and Mr. P. Broadway's farm at Sargodha also changed hands recently for a large sum of money.

14. A slight decrease in the number of revenue cases decided during the year may be attributed to the hindrances caused by the influenza epidemic and the April disturbances. The pending file was, however, lighter than at the end of the preceding year. The appellate work in the offices and courts of Commissioners and Financial Commissioners is also generally well in hand. Special mention is made in the Report of the number of petitions received from men in military service which in the case of the single district of Hoshiarpur numbered no less than 2,484. The Lieutenant-Governor is gratified to observe that these applications which are bound to throw much extra work on district officials, are as a rule, dealt with promptly and with consideration.

15. In conclusion, Sir Edward Maclagan desires to thank the Financial Commissioners for their capable administration of the Revenue Department. His acknowledgments are also due to the efficiency and success with which Revenue officers of all grades discharged their work during a particularly arduous year.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the above review be forwarded to the Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab, for information and guidance, also that it be published in the *Punjab Government Gazette*, and circulated with the report as usual.

By order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

E. JOSEPH,

Revenue Secretary to Government, Punjab.

104 CS—327—19-4-20—SGPP Lahore

No. 491—53-L-4.

FINANCIAL COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE:
Lahore, dated 13th March, 1920.

FROM

V. CONNOLLY, ESQ., I.C.S.,
Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners,
Punjab,

To

THE HON'BLE MR. E. JOSEPH, I.C.S.,
Revenue Secretary to Government, Punjab.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I., I.C.S.
The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, C.S.I., I.C.S.

SIR,

I AM directed to submit the Annual Report on the Land Revenue Administration of the Punjab for the Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1919.

The charge of the offices of Financial Commissioner was held by the following officers for the periods noted :—

The Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Hallifax, C.B.E.	...	1st October 1918 to 11th November 1918 and 31st January 1919 to 30th March 1919.
The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I.	...	12th November 1918 to 30th September 1919.
The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, C.S.I.	...	1st October 1918 to 30th January 1919, and 31st March 1919 to 30th September 1919.

I have the honour to be,
SIR,
Your most obedient servant,
V. CONNOLLY,
Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Punjab.

244 FC—276—16-3-20—SGPP Lahore.

Annual Report

ON THE

Land Revenue Administration

OF THE

Punjab

FOR THE

Agricultural year ending the 30th September 1919.

General summary of agricultural conditions.

1. Climatic conditions during the year were unfavourable for both the sowing and maturing of the Kharif crop and for the sowing of the Rabi crop. The total rainfall was very much below the average in all districts except Simla where it was slightly in excess. This led to low rivers and consequent restricted supplies in canals; inundation canals opened later and closed earlier than usual and the quantity of water brought down by hill-streams was very small. In the second half of April and in the whole of May there was practically no rain and thus the time available for the sowing of cane and cotton was shorter than usual. Light showers fell in June but were generally insufficient to help sowings or to benefit the crops already sown. The monsoon was extremely weak in July and in the first half of August but became more active in the second half of that month and gave frequent rain till the 3rd of September, chiefly in the northern and southern districts. There was scarcely any rain after this, though ordinarily the monsoon lasts till the middle of September. The total rainfall from June to September was 49 per cent. below the normal. Kharif sowings were therefore generally restricted while the crops sown suffered considerably from want of sufficient rain. The total Kharif sown area was 8,435,553 acres or 27 per cent. below the normal as against 12,038,714 acres or 5 per cent. above the normal in the previous year, while the failed area was 41 per cent. against 19 per cent. in 1917-18 and a normal of 20 per cent. Percentages of failure were high in Gurgaon (90), Hissar (86), Rohtak (84), Karnal (71), Ambala (68), Attock (55), Jhelum and Rawalpindi (49), Hoshiarpur (48), Gujrat (39), Ludhiana (35), Dera Ghazi Khan (34) and Gurdaspur (30). Sowing operations for the Rabi were considerably interfered with by the influenza epidemic of the autumn as well as by the failure of the monsoon. Climatic conditions continued unfavourable in the autumn and early winter months. There was little or no rain from the beginning of September till the second week of December when a fall was received in all districts except those in the south-east of the Province. A period of dry weather then ensued and lasted till the end of January when there was a substantial fall of rain throughout the Province which greatly benefited the standing Rabi crops. No more rain fell until the end of March when there was a light general fall which did further good to the Rabi crops and helped the extra Rabi sowings. Sowings for the Rabi were therefore small in area and were generally effected late and the winter rainfall was insufficient in the south-eastern districts for maturing the unirrigated crops. The total sown area in the Rabi was 13,417,875 acres or 36 per cent. below the area of the previous year and 19 per cent. below the normal. Sixty per cent. of the total sown area was irrigated as against 36 per cent. in the previous year and a normal percentage of 42. The total matured Rabi area declined by 34 per cent. as compared with the previous year and by 27 per cent. as compared with the normal. The percentage of crop failure was 10 as compared with 11 in the preceding year and the normal percentage of 13. Percentages of failure were high in Attock (26), Jhelum (25), Ambala (23), Hissar (19), Hoshiarpur (17), Rawalpindi and Dera Ghazi Khan (15). The total matured area for the year was only

72 per cent. of the normal and amounted to 17,104,179 acres against 28,253,017 acres last year. Outturn per acre was below normal in the case of all important crops except wheat, barley and cotton, the outturns per acre of which were respectively 1, 5 and 29 per cent. above normal. Owing to unsatisfactory total outturn, increased demand for export from the Province and restrictions on goods traffic, prices were considerably higher than in the previous year. The average prices per maund for jowar rose from Rs. 3-7-0 to Rs. 7-4-0, bajra from Rs. 3-2-0 to Rs. 6-14-0, rapeseed from Rs. 4-7-0 to Rs. 10-7-0, wheat from Rs. 3-15-0 to Rs 5-9-0, gur from Rs. 5-1-0 to Rs. 7-14-0 and cotton from Rs. 12-1-0 to Rs. 14-14 0. In the case of other food-grains the increases varied from 54 to 85 per cent. There was acute scarcity of fodder in the south-eastern districts and considerable scarcity in many other districts. It was necessary to sanction concession rates for the carriage of fodder for the districts most affected and there was considerable import into these districts from the canal colonies.

Fixed Land Revenue.
Statements V, VI and VII.

2. The total demand of the year for fixed land revenue was 236·61 lakhs. Of this 216·33 lakhs or 91·4 per cent. of the demand were collected, 2·11 lakhs were irrecoverable and Rs. 1,135 remitted on account of calamities of the season. The amount suspended was 22·36 lakhs, of which subsequently Rs. 4,400 were remitted and 4·48 lakhs collected, leaving a net balance of 17·83 lakhs for suspensions allowed during the year. The year opened with 4·66 lakhs under suspension for previous years; of this Rs. 40,000 were remitted and Rs. 27,000 collected and 3·99 lakhs were still under suspension at the end of the year. The demand as compared with figures for the previous year shows an increase under various heads, amounting to 2·28 lakhs, of which 1·64 lakhs were due to progressive assessments, Rs. 14,000 to revised assessments in the Kangra district, Rs. 14,000 to alluvion, Rs. 8,000 to lapses and resumption of revenue-free lands and Rs. 25,000 to miscellaneous causes. On the other hand, there were decreases under other heads of Rs. 74,000, of which Rs. 37,000 were due to diluvion, Rs. 9,000 to new assignments of land revenue and Rs. 26,000 to miscellaneous causes. Of the total amount of land revenue suspended Rs. 15·73 lakhs were suspended out of the kharif instalment and 6·63 out of the rabi instalment. The total amount suspended was large, considerably larger in fact than in any year since 1907-08. But, owing to the unfavourable harvests, suspensions would have been necessary on an even larger scale had not the prevailing high prices of agricultural produce aided probably to some extent by the existence in certain districts of surplus stocks from the good harvests of the previous year, enabled the zamindar in most districts to pay his moderate revenue demand without much difficulty even under unfavourable agricultural conditions. Suspensions were indeed only necessary on a considerable scale in 10 districts, namely, Gurgaon (Rs. 8,56,000), Rohtak (Rs. 4,84,000), Sialkot (Rs. 2,74,000), Jhelum (Rs. 1,19,000), Gurdaspur (Rs. 1,00,000), Ambala (Rs. 95,000), Shahpur (Rs. 86,000), Attock (Rs. 68,000), Karnal (Rs. 67,000), and Hissar (Rs. 40,000). These ten districts account for Rs. 21,90,000 out of the total suspensions of Rs. 22,36,000, while considerably more than one half is debitable to two districts alone, Gurgaon a notably insecure tract, and Rohtak. Thus the total amount suspended in all the remaining 18 districts of the province was less than half a lakh of rupees. In most districts collections of revenue are reported to have been made without any great difficulty, though payments were not so punctual as usual, and at the close of the year the balance of unsuspended and unremitted land revenue amounted to only Rs. 11,000. The irrecoverable amount of 2·11 lakhs is largely made up of sums remitted as a reward for war services, the recruiting services of a number of villages having been rewarded during the year by a remission of portion of their land revenue. The total amount of land revenue remaining under suspension at the close of the year was 21·82 lakhs. Of this amount Gurgaon and Rohtak districts account for 11·43 lakhs and 4·20 lakhs, respectively, or a total of 15·63 lakhs. The revenue administration of Gurgaon district will require great care and attention for several years to come, and the Financial Commissioner has accordingly drawn the special attention of the local officers to this matter.

Alluvion and diluvion.
Statement IX.

3. Owing to the scanty monsoon rainfall there were few destructive floods in the rivers and riverain action resulted in a net increase in the cultivated area. The

total assessable area of the Province was increased by 4,454 acres against a reduction in the same area of 21,395 acres in 1917-18. 25,900 acres of riverain land were newly assessed at a total assessment of Rs. 14,743 during the year, while on 21,400 acres the entire assessment amounting to Rs. 21,912 was reduced. The action of the Sutlej which affected six districts resulted in a net gain of 6,600 acres while the Jhelum eroded 8,173 acres and surrendered 6,374 acres with a net loss from its action of 1,800 acres. The revenue was enhanced by Rs. 8,488 on 12,284 acres owing to improvement while it was reduced by Rs. 10,516 on 9,085 acres owing to deterioration. The net loss for the year was Rs. 9,680 in the fixed land revenue roll against a net loss in the previous year of Rs. 22,200. The action of the chos in the Hoshiarpur district caused a loss of 176 acres and Rs. 143 of land revenue against a loss of 1,444 acres and Rs. 1,661 respectively in the previous year.

Fluctuating land revenue. Statement VIII.

4. The collections of true fluctuating land revenue have decreased from 144·74 lakhs last year to 133·38 lakhs this year. The total demand assessed was collected with the exception of a small balance of Rs. 22,000. The decrease in the collection is entirely due to the unfavourable agricultural conditions of the year already described in paragraph 1. Of the total decrease of nearly 11 lakhs as compared with 1917-18, the Multan Division alone accounts for over 8 lakhs, the Multan district showing a decrease of 3½ lakhs. In that district the inundation canals ran very badly, the influenza epidemic was very severe and harvests were particularly poor.

Other land revenue. Statement VIII.

5. Collections of other land revenue rose from 46·53 lakhs in 1917-18 to 52·30 lakhs. The sale of proprietary rights in Government estates brought in 9·20 lakhs, or 1·86 lakhs more than in the previous year, the increase being mainly in the Lyallpur, Jhang and Montgomery districts. The increase of nearly one lakh in Jhang district is ascribed to the extensive purchase of proprietary rights in Colony grants owing to the large profits made by the colonists as the result of the prevailing high prices of agricultural staples. Sale-proceeds of waste lands realized 30·60 lakhs, or 2·72 lakhs more than in the previous year. There was an increase of nearly one lakh in the amount realised by the sale of Government waste land in Montgomery, while sales of proprietary rights in land on the Lower Bari Doab and Sidhnai Canals in Multan district realised nearly 5½ lakhs more than in the previous year. On the other hand, there was a decrease of nearly 3 lakhs in the receipts under this head in the Lyallpur district where nearly all the colonists have now acquired full proprietary rights. Collections from rents of lands leased for temporary cultivation amounted to 5·26 lakhs, or 1·16 lakhs more than in 1917-18. The receipts were principally in the Lower Bari Doab Colony where these temporary leases were given on an extensive scale and the increase is due partly to the greater demand for temporary cultivation in the Colony chaks owing to the high prevailing market price of cotton, a crop which thrives in the Colony, and partly to a recent enhancement in the malikana rates charged for such leases. Royalties on kankar, stone and coal realised Rs. 52,000, or Rs. 14,000 more than in the previous year. In Jhelum the coal industry is continuing to progress satisfactorily and the output of coal from the mines during the year was nearly 40 000 tons. The operations of the two firms engaged in the oil industry in the same districts were still hampered by the want of necessary machinery. Under "Tirni" and "Other items" the receipts have fallen by Rs. 16,000 and Rs. 17,000, respectively as compared with the previous year. In the case of the former head the decrease is due to scanty rainfall and to extensions of cultivation. The uncollected balance for the whole province at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 73,000 after deduction of a sum of nearly Rs. 40,000. incorrectly shown as a balance in the Gujranwala district, this amount being apparently not an established demand and therefore not an uncollected balance.

Land Revenue assignment. Statement X.

6. A large number of new grants in the form of personal muafis for life varying in value from Rs. 10 to Rs. 100 per annum in each case were given during the year as rewards for good services in connection with the war. The total number of such grants and the amount of

the land revenue assigned amount to Rs. 651 and Rs. 14,910 respectively for the Ambala, Jullundur, Lahore and Multan Divisions. The figures for the Rawalpindi Division were not yet available when this report was being written. Three grants of Rs. 600 per annum each were also made to 3 Indian Mutiny veterans, while a grant of the same amount was released in favour of Rai Bahadur Lal Singh, Sub-Assistant Superintendent in the Survey of India. There is an increase of Rs. 10,324 in the total revenue assigned in the Ferozepore District mainly on account of progressive assessments. A decrease of Rs. 35,677 in assigned revenue in the Gujranwala District as compared with the figures for 1917-18 is due to a decrease owing to unfavourable agricultural conditions in the sown area of lands the fluctuating land revenue of which is assigned. No important grants lapsed during the year.

Coercive Processes. Statement XI.

7. The total number of coercive processes issued amounted to 9,597 a considerable decrease on the figures of 11,434 and of 12,430 for 1917-18 and 1916-17 respectively. The amount of arrears for the realization of which these processes issued was 7·72 lakhs against 10·87 lakhs in 1917-18 and 95 per cent. of these arrears were collected. Collections made after issue of processes amounted to 1·91 per cent. of the total collections made. Of the 9,597 processes 5,571 were writs of demand and of the remaining 4,026 only 2,442 were executed. Of these 2,442 processes 1,753 were for arrest, 3 for imprisonment, 660 for distress and 22 for sale of moveable property. The largest number of warrants for arrest were issued in the districts of Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan, Lahore, Karnal, Gurdaspur and Gujranwala. The districts with the largest number of actual attachments in cases of distress was Gujranwala where 252 such attachments were effected. Only four actual attachments of immoveable property took place during the year. There were no cases of direct management, farm or transfer. Processes were issued in 9 districts for the recovery of canal water rates, and in 10 districts for the recovery of other demands not included in land revenue. The total number of processes issued against lambardars was 3,309 against 3,535 issued last year or a decrease of 226. Processes issued at the instance of lambardars have decreased from 7,869 in 1917-18 and 9,247 in 1916-17 to 6,288 for the year under report. The general decrease in the number of processes which had to be issued shows that in spite of an unfavourable agricultural year the land-owners were able to pay their revenue without difficulty. With the high prices now prevailing the land revenue demand is now very lightly felt in all districts unless there is very extensive crop failure. Where this occurred during the year the revenue payers were relieved by the liberal grant of suspensions of land revenue.

Process Serving Establishment.

8. Six districts entertained temporary assistance for short periods for serving coercive processes for recovery of land revenue at a total cost of Rs. 308. In all other districts the processes were served by the tahsil peons. The attention of all Commissioners was drawn to the remarks made in paragraph 3 of the Government review of last year's report and they were instructed to extend the system of service of revenue processes other than those for the recovery of land revenue through the post wherever conditions were favourable to it. The system is reported to have worked well during the year in Karnal, Ambala, four tahsils of Ferozepore, Amritsar, Attock, Rawalpindi, and Muzaffargarh districts and the Kasur Sub-Division. It has been introduced in the Jullundur District. In Muzaffargarh and also apparently in Amritsar District it appears to have been used in some cases for service of writs for recovery of land revenue which is contrary to the procedure prescribed in paragraph 9 of Standing Order 29. In the Moga Sub-Division difficulty was experienced owing to the fact that some of the processes sent by post were not returned and when the persons against whom the summons were issued did not appear in court, a fresh summons had to be issued through a process-server. The Deputy Commissioner hopes that this difficulty will be overcome if sufficient time is allowed by the Courts for the service of the processes and for the return of the acknowledgment slip or of the original cover as the case may be. In cases where neither the process nor the acknowledgment slip is returned by the Post Office the Deputy Commissioner thinks

it will be easy to trace the missing cover and get a few postal peons adequately punished for their negligence. The system is not favourably reported on by the Gujranwala Courts and the Deputy Commissioner thinks this may be due to passive resistance to the introduction of the change and also to the fact that its working has been hampered by village postmen learning and adopting the methods of the process-server. In Dera Ghazi Khan the system is still under trial. As noted in the last year's report the parties concerned either decline to take delivery or they evade service. The Courts were, however, instructed to treat such cases in the absence of special circumstances as if service had been effected. The advantage in the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner of the ordinary system over that of the postal system is that in the case of the former the party to be served is told by the process-server what the contents of the notice are while in the case of the latter he has, if illiterate, to get it read to him by some one. On the whole the result of the year's working seems to the Financial Commissioners to be distinctly encouraging though it is to be regretted that the introduction of the system has as yet resulted in little or no reduction in the number of process-servers. The attention of Deputy Commissioners will again be drawn to the fact that the scheme was introduced with the object of effecting this reduction and that where it is working successfully they should endeavour to reduce the number of process-servers.

Progress in remeasurement, revision of records, etc.
Statements XII and XIII.

9. There were four settlements in progress during the year. In Ambala the new assessment was announced and distributed in both the Ambala and Naraingarh tahsils with the exception of the Morni hill tract. The new assessments have been well received and have given rise to no complaints. In Kangra the re-assessment of the Nurpur tahsil was completed and operations came to a close in that district in January 1919. The new assessments of this settlement have also been well received. In the Multan Settlement operations commenced in the Multan, Shujabad and Lodhran tahsils at the beginning of the year, but owing to the late arrival of the full staff and a serious outbreak of influenza measurement work was somewhat retarded. Leeway has however been made up and the outturn during the year was satisfactory. Measurement work has been entirely completed in the Mailsi and the Kabirwala tahsils and all the new records filed. In the other three tahsils the provisional programme has been considerably exceeded and by the end of the year the new records of 409 villages with their connected papers had been filed. The riverain survey the Chenab and Sutlej was completed and maps and records prepared on the data supplied by the Survey Department. In the Dera Ghazi Khan district measurements in the Jampur and Rajanpur tahsils were finished thus completing the re-measurement work of that district. The new records of the Sanghar and Dera tahsils were completed and filed while in the other two tahsils they were nearing completion at the close of the year. The hill torrent records of Sanghar have been completed and those of the Dera tahsils are being finally attested. In the Lyallpur district the re-measurement of 27 estates, situated in the Upper Chenab Canal Colony, the greater part of the area which had been allotted was started during the year for the purpose of preparing a record-of-rights. The work has been completed in 15 estates. In the Dipalpur and Pakpattan tahsils of the Montgomery district and in the Sirsa tahsil of the Hissar district where setttlement operations were due to begin in October, 1919, scrutiny of the current jamabandis, the writing-up of mutations and the checking of existing field maps were undertaken by an advance settlement staff during the year. The assessment reports of the Jagadhri tahsil and of the Morni tract of the Naraingarh tahsil of Ambala district, of the Kabirwala tahsil of Multan district and of the Jampur and Rajanpur tahsils of Dera Ghazi Khan district were received by the Financial Commissioner during the year. The Kabirwwala report was submitted to Government with the Financial Commissioner's review before the close of the year and the other reports were similarly submitted after the close of the year. Government orders have since been passed on all these reports except that of the Mailsi tahsil.

Final Settlement Reports.

10. The orders of Government were received on the Final Settlement Report of the tract in the Shahpur district lying outside the irrigation limits of the Lower Jhelum Canal. In the Thal and Mohar circles of the Khushab tahsil the term of

settlement has been fixed for 15 years subject to the condition that it will be open to revision in any estate on the earlier introduction of irrigation from the Sind Sagar Canal. It is anticipated that a considerable part of the Mohar Circle will come under irrigation from this canal, but should the canal not be constructed within the term of settlement now sanctioned Government has ordered that the question of the extension of that term can be reconsidered for this circle. In the rest of the tract under settlement the term will be 30 years.

Comparison of estimates and forecasts in regard to duration, cost and results. Statements XIII and XIV.

11. The Kangra Settlement was the only settlement which came to an end during the year. The Final Settlement Report of the Nurpur, Palampur and Kangra tahsils has been received and has been reviewed by the Financial Commissioner and will shortly be submitted to Government. Settlement operations began in these three tahsils in October 1913 and it was then anticipated that the work would finish in September 1916. Owing however to various causes such as the breakdown in health of the Settlement Officer first appointed, the necessity for complete remeasurement in most difficult country, the delimitation of areas containing Government trees and other intricate forest questions, it was not found possible to complete the work by the date fixed and the period was eventually, with the sanction of Government, extended up to the end of January 1919, when the operations were finally completed. In consequence of these extensions the cost of the operations was exceeded, the actual cost being 4·79 lakhs against an estimate of 3·48 lakhs in the forecast report. The cost will be recovered in seven years from the enhanced demand. The enhancement sanctioned was Rs. 69,977 or 14·5 per cent. Including the tahsils of Dera and Hamirpur the actual enhancement anticipated for all five tahsils in the forecast report was Rs. 80,000 or 9 per cent. while the enhancement actually sanctioned amounts to Rs. 1,05,077 or 12·9 per cent.

Proposed future Settlement operations.

12. The Forecast reports of the Muzaffargarh district and of the 527 villages on the Jhang Branch, Circles I, II and III and the Gugera Branch Circle I in the Lyallpur district and of the tract irrigated by the Lower Jhelum Canal in the Shahpur district have been received. The two former are under consideration. In the case of the latter further information has been called for. Partly owing to their excellent war services the term of settlement of the Jhelum and Rawalpindi districts has been extended by 10 years, while that of the Talagang tahsil has been extended so as to expire simultaneously with the settlement of the Attock tahsil in Rabi 1925.

Settlement Staff.

13. Settlement operations came to an end in the Ambala and Naraingarh tahsils during the year. The field staff in the Jagadhri tahsil was reduced. All the remaining settlement staff in Kangra was transferred by January 1919 when operations came to an end. Two naib-tahsildars and 13 kanungos were sent as advance staff to the Sirsa Tahsil during the year and three naib-tahsildars and 20 kanungos were similarly sent to the Dipalpur and Pakpattan tahsils in both of which tahsils settlement operations were due to begin on 1st October, 1919. In Dera Ghazi Khan the staff of the two northern tahsils was all transferred while that of the two southern tahsils was reduced during the year. Great difficulty was experienced in providing the requisite number of patwaris for the riverain measurements in the Rajanpur tahsil.

Surveys.

14. The Punjab Riverain Detachment of the Survey Department carried out riverain surveys on the Indus, Sutlej, Chenab and Ravi rivers in connection with the Dera Ghazi Khan, Multan and Muzaffargarh settlements. Five hundred and fifty-six linear and 611 square miles of main circuits and 3,115 linear and 611 square miles of minor traverses were executed, and 944 theodolite stations of the former and 13,003 of the latter in 179 villages were fixed in the area under river action Corners of 342 squares were demarcated in 982 square miles with permanent mark stones on both banks of the rivers Indus, Sutlej, Chenab and Ravi to serve as bases for the future survey and demarcation of boundaries and fields in the beds of the rivers. Two thousand and thirty-four plotted and 646 boundary large scale mapping sheets and 41 four-inch sheets were traced and supplied to the Settlement Officers concerned. Besides these 436 boundary large scale mapping sheets were partly compiled and 190

miscellaneous traces were prepared and all the traverse stations marked during the year were plotted on 38 four-inch sheets. Corners of 51 rectangles were demarcated with pegs in 22 square miles forming 46 blocks and 176 stations were fixed with theodolite and 34 linear miles traversed in 5 riverain villages on the Sutlej in the Mailsi tahsil of the Multan district. In the Jhelum town survey 209 stations were fixed with theodolite and were permanently marked with stones, and 23 linear miles were traversed in 1,280 acres. Two plotted sheets on the scale of 16 inches to a mile were supplied to the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum. The total expenditure of the detachment during the year was Rs. 1,17,074.

Topographical survey operations were continued under No. 1 Party (Northern Circle) of the Survey of India which surveyed an area of 1·68 square miles of Lahore City Railway Station and part of Anarkali, and 0·51 square mile of Ferozepore City and City Railway Station on the scale of 16 inches to one mile for the purpose of Town Guide Maps.

Rectangular survey operations in connection with the Sind-Sagar Canal and Colonization project were continued during the year 1918-19 by the Sind-Sagar Party, with the assistance of a revenue staff of tahsildars, naib-tahsildars, kanungos and patwaris deputed for service with the Party. From the temporary marks fixed by triangulation in field season 1917-18 and those fixed by traversing in field season 1918-19 1920 4,000-acre corners and in some cases 2,000-acre corners forming 1,342 4,000-acre rectangles (partial and complete) were located on the ground over an aproximate area of 7,863 square miles in the Mianwali, Shahpur, Muzaffargarh and Jhang districts, and 623 4,000-acre rectangles (partial and complete) were broken into 23,324 100-acre rectangles over an area of 3,644·4 square miles in the Mianwali, Shahpur, and Jhang Districts, leaving 719 4000-acre rectangles (partial and complete) for 100-acre sub-demarcation to be undertaken next field season. Traversing for laying out temporary marks near the 2,000 and 4,000 acre corners which were used subsequently in the location of these corners was also carried out by the Party in a strip of thickly wooded country along the western edge of the Thal in the Muzaffargarh district in which triangulation was impracticable to a total length of 279·9 linear miles extending over an approximate area of 405 square miles.

Revisionary precise levelling was carried out by the Survey Department for a distance of 56 miles from the Pathankot-Palampur Road to the Chambi bridge and thence by the bridle road *vid* the Kotwali and Macleod Ganj Bazaars to Dharamkot Hill (Dharamsala).

Boundaries.

15. There was no important alteration in district boundaries during the year. No boundary disputes arose except in the case of two villages of the Multan district and Bahawalpur State. It is expected that this dispute will be amicably settled. Boundary pillars between the Pathankot tahsil of the Gudaspur District and the Basohli tahsil of the Jammu State were erected during the year.

Revenue record rooms.

16. In Ambala the want of accommodation noticed in last year's report has been remedied. An adjoining Court room has been added to the land record room and iron racks are being put in. It is reported that there will now be sufficient accommodation for all records of the present settlement. The absence of iron racks in Simla is still causing inconvenience. In Kangra a new room is being built for the records of the settlement recently closed while in Jhelum on the other hand the construction of the new Record room has yet to be undertaken and the difficulty alluded to in last year's report still continues. Accommodation in Montgomery is reported to be insufficient. The reports show that the destruction work now more than keeps pace with time-expired files in practically all districts. The Financial Commissioner believes that the simplification of procedure relating to work in Record rooms introduced on the recommendation of the Clerical Establishments Committee will to a certain extent obviate the necessity of building new Record rooms for some years to come. The copying rules were altered during the year and the difficulties experienced under the old rules are disappearing. The appointment of paid examiners was sanctioned during the course of the year and it is expected that this will secure better supervision and attestation.

The scheme of appointing a special kanungo to attend Civil Courts with revenue records and to prepare excerpts where necessary is reported to have been an unqualified success practically all over the province and its extension to Revenue Courts is under consideration.

Other matters.

17. Land and other revenue paid by money order during the year amounted to nearly 19 lakhs in 25 districts against nearly 18 lakhs in 23 districts last year. The system is growing in popularity especially with those who have small sums to remit or who live either at a distance from their tahsil head-quarters or in districts where communications are bad. It is stated that in the Jhelum district it is used frequently by lambardars who have been habitually dilatory in payments and who know that they will be taken to task for this if they go to the tahsil. The districts in which the largest amounts were paid by money orders were :—Karnal Rs. 2,65,000 (21 per cent. of the total land revenue), Gujranwala, Rs. 2,20,000, Lahore, Rs. 1,36,000, Jhang, Rs. 1,34,000, Gurgaon, Rs. 1,30,000, Muzaffargarh, Rs. 1,16,000, and Montgomery, Rs. 1,10,000 Revenue amounting to 7·90 lakhs was paid by currency notes remitted through the post in 24 districts, a considerable increase on last year's figures of 3½ lakhs in 12 districts. The districts showing the largest currency note payments are Gujranwala, Rs. 1,60,000, Sialkot, Rs. 76,000, Attock, Rs. 68,000, Jhang, Rs. 65,000 and Hissar, Rs. 52,000. Three districts (Ambala, Ludhiana and Ferozepore) have given no details separately of the two kinds of payments and the total sums reported by them for remittance through the post have therefore been given under money orders. The system of payment by remittances of notes through the post is undoubtedly gaining ground and will become more popular when the advantage of it becomes more generally known. In some districts, however, it has as yet made little headway. Some districts complain that arzirsals and chaukidar's receipts are not received with the remittances or if they are received that they are not correct. In this connection appropriate instructions were issued during the year.

The system of collection of land revenue on successive fixed dates for each village on a regular roster which has been introduced in certain districts continues to work satisfactorily, and has to some extent diminished clerical work in the treasuries in the Muzaffargarh district. In the Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Gujrat, Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan districts the abstract village note-books were completed in the manner suggested in paragraph 110 of the Clerical Establishment Committee's Report by the Sadr Kanungo at the time of his visit to the tahsil office after the rabi jinswars had been filed.

In order to encourage the scientific study of the economic problems of the Province a very important step was taken by Government shortly before the close of the year. Arrangements were made for the creation of a Standing Board of Economic Enquiry. The Board as constituted is divided into two branches which are intended to deal respectively, the one with rural investigation and problems such as the size of holdings, the economic holding, the consolidation of holdings, agricultural indebtedness, the transfer and value of land and the incidents of tenancies, and the other with urban problems such as the housing of the poor, infantile mortality, prices of food and wages. The members of the Board are appointed partly *ex-officio* and partly by nomination by Government, the Financial Commissioners, the Director of Public Instruction, the Registrar, Co-operative Societies, and the Syndicate of the University. While the members will ordinarily each serve on one or other branch, the two branches will not be rigidly distinct but will work in co-ordination and when necessary hold joint sessions. Membership of the Board will be honorary, but Government has stated that it is prepared to finance the Board liberally in order to enable it to conduct research through the agency, when necessary, of paid investigators and to publish in a generally accessible form the results of its enquiries.

The appraisement system of girdawari was recently tried for four harvests in 9 districts in the circles of specially selected patwaris. The Revenue Officers of the districts concerned gave their special attention to the supervision of the experiment which was also kept under special observation by the Director of Land Records and his Assistants. The opinions of the majority of these officers based on the results of the experiments were unfavourable to the introduction of the new system and after careful consideration of the matter it was decided to discontinue the experiment and to maintain the present system. The main difficulties found in endeavouring

to work the system were the extra time required for the girdawari, the inability of many patwaris to estimate outturn with a sufficient accuracy and the absence of fully reliable standards of produce for different classes of land.

Instructions were issued during the year with a view to the improvement of the existing method of preparation of crop forecasts in accordance with the recommendations of a Conference of revenue and agricultural officers and representatives of commercial firms held at Lyallpur in 1917. In order to arrive at more accurate figures in the preliminary forecasts of area, it was decided by Government as an experimental measure that in the preliminary forecasts of wheat and cotton for the colony districts the estimate of area should be built up from estimates made by patwaris. The Conference of 1917 had further suggested that the estimates of outturn contained in the final forecasts were defective :—(1) because the original percentage estimates are framed with reference to the various ideas of what is a normal crop entertained by the numerous tahsildars employed in framing them, whereas the normals with reference to which the percentage estimates are subsequently converted into maundage estimates are fixed quantities which may be quite different from the normals assumed in the original estimates ; (2) because little or no use is made of the special knowledge of officers of the Agricultural Department. It has therefore been decided to have the original estimate made by the tahsildars in maunds and seers per acre, no standard or normal being laid down for their guidance. In order to associate the Director of Agriculture and the officers of his department more closely in the work of estimating outturns it has been decided that, as a rule, the Director of Agriculture should in future prepare the final forecasts of all crops which are at present prepared by the Director of Land Records. Steps are also being taken by which officers of the Agricultural Department when on tour will take every opportunity of testing the capacity of tahsildars and other revenue functionaries to estimate outturns in maunds and seers and of instructing these officials in the best methods of making such estimates. The Agricultural Department is at present working out a scheme for arriving at standard outturns by proper crop experiments in fields selected so as to leave as far as possible only the errors of random sampling and to minimise these. Such experiments are highly desirable both from the point of view of agricultural science and development as well as from that of revenue administration.

17-A. In order to supply figures required by the Franchise Committee constituted in connection with the Reform Scheme statistics were collected during the year from all districts of the number of land-owners in each district paying not less than Rs. 20 per annum of land revenue and also of all village headmen. Revenue-payers were divided into six grades and lambardars into three grades according to the amount of land revenue they paid. Females and minors were excluded from the figures and only adult males of not less than 21 years of age were included. Instructions were issued so as to ensure that so far as practicable no land-owner or village headman would be counted more than once in the same district. The collection of this information entailed much labour and it necessitated the assembling of all patwaris at tahsil headquarters where they worked under the direction of field and office kanungos and tahsildars or naib-tahsildars, the whole work being supervised by Revenue Assistants and the sadr kanungos. The statistics so compiled are of considerable interest and the Financial Commissioner thinks some reference to them will not be out of place in this report. As regards the number of land-owners who pay not less than Rs. 20 per annum in land revenue, the statistics show that by Divisions the figures are :—

Ambala	60,045
Jullundur	71,869
Lahore	86,312
Rawalpindi	34,421
Multan	64,891

or a total for the whole Province of 317,538 as compared with a total of 3,954,317 of all land-owners given in column 5 of statement III appended to this report. In the latter figures however both minors and females are included, while in the former they are excluded. Similarly the figures in the latter are swollen to some extent owing to some land-owners being counted

more than once whereas the figures of the former are as far as possible free from this defect. The statistics thus show that so small a proportion as somewhat less than one-tenth of the land-owners of the Province pay not less than Rs. 20 as annual land revenue on the land owned by them while somewhat more than nine-tenths or 90 per cent. pay less than that sum. This result serves to exhibit in a vivid light the extent to which the Province is one of small peasant proprietors.

As regards lambardars or headmen the statistics show that by Divisions the total figures are—

Ambala	14,731
Jullundur	12,568
Lahore	15,978
Rawalpindi	9,777
Multan	9,169

or a total for the Province of 62,223. Of this total of lambardars over one-half pay less than Rs. 25 annual land revenue for the land owned by them. Proposals for the reduction of small and unnecessary lambardaris are constantly being dealt with by the Financial Commissioner and the table appended shows the number of cases of reduction which have been decided during the last three years :—

	Cases in which the reduction of lambardaris has been sanctioned.	*Cases in which proposals for reduction have been rejected.*
1916-17	116	19
1917-18	97	27
1918-19	90	33
Total ...	303	79

It was considered desirable during the year to lay down somewhat more definitely than had hitherto been done the principles and the more important matters which should receive due consideration in framing proposals for reduction and this was accordingly done in correction slips issued to paragraphs 330—332 of the Land Administration Manual.

Enhancement of rent. Statement XV.

18. The number of suits brought for enhancement of rent was 681, of which 570 were successful. The similar figures for the previous year were 1,035 and 920. The figures are too small to call for any special explanation of the reduction and no very satisfactory reasons have been put forward in the district reports. It is perhaps sufficient to say that in the districts where cash rents paid by occupancy tenants are common a period has elapsed since the last reassessment of land revenue sufficient to exhaust or materially reduce the remaining cases in which such suits are likely to be instituted. Cash rents of tenants generally are reported to be rising in Hissar, Rohtak and Ferozepore owing to the rise in prices of agricultural staples. The number of suits for reduction of rent has fallen from 28 in 1917-18 to 5 this year.

Ejectment. Statement XVI.

19. There were only 11 decrees for ejectment of occupancy tenants under section 39 of the Tenancy Act as against 111 decrees last year. The total number of ejectments of occupancy tenants actually made was 15 against 48 in the previous year. There has again been a large decrease in the total number of applications for service of notice of ejectment and of notices of ejectment of tenants-at-will and in consequence the aggregate number of ejectments was only 2,838 against 3,992 last year. The chief reasons given for the decrease are bad seasons, the influenza epidemic, the disturbances, scarcity of tenants and enlistments in the army. No reason is given for a large decrease in Ferozepore and Amritsar districts. A marked scarcity of tenants in the non-colony portion of the Montgomery district is attributed to emigration to the Lower Bari Doab Colony.

Descent of Jagirs Act.

20. No jagir was notified during the year under the Descent of Jagirs Act. The total number of jagirs notified under the Act is 149.

Canals under departmental management.

21. Owing to the failure of the monsoon of 1918 the demand for canal water for the Kharif harvest on the perennial canals was very keen and was on the whole satisfactorily met, as the river supplies, though lower than usual, were under complete control. There was a scarcity of water, however, for rabi sowings, much of the water available in the autumn being used by the cultivators for the maturing of their kharif crops. Taking the year as a whole most of the districts receiving irrigation from perennial canals report an increase in the area irrigated as compared with 1917-18. Thus the irrigated areas in the Karnal and Ambala districts served by the Western Jumna Canal, in the Ludhiana and Ferozepore districts served by the Sirhind Canal, in the Gurgaon district served by the Agra Canal and in the Amritsar district by the Upper Bari Doab Canal, all show increases. Owing to the failure, however, of the supply in the Western Jumna Canal due to the trouble at its head the area under irrigation in Hissar decreased from 172,633 to 167,831 acres. There was an increase of 75,000 acres in the area irrigated by the Upper Chenab Canal in the Gujranwala district owing to extension of irrigation from that canal. The Lower Chenab Canal worked well in the Lyallpur district where the irrigation was on the whole satisfactory and generally no complaints of the shortage of water supply were made, but in the Jhang district the supply both in this canal and in the Lower Jhelum Canal was short and in consequence there was a decrease in nahri cultivation. There was also some decrease in the area irrigated in the Shahpur district by the latter canal owing to short supplies. The working of the Lower Bari Doab Canal in Montgomery and Multan districts has been noticed in the Colony Report. In the Gujrat district 394 villages and chaks were irrigated by the Upper and Lower Jhelum Canals. Owing to the difficulty found in practice in working the existing rule prohibiting canal irrigation to well areas in zone C of the Upper Chenab Canal area, the penal rate charged on such irrigation has been suspended temporarily pending reconsideration of the zonal system of irrigation which was originally introduced on the Upper Chenab Canal. The measures adopted by the Canal Department for checking water-logging in the Wazirabad and Hafizabad tahsils continue to afford much relief, 274 acres of water-logged land having been brought under cultivation during the year. Action has been taken by the Irrigation Department to remedy the water-logging in some villages in the Gujrat district referred to in the last year's report, but so far with little success. The problem is a large one as the damage already done is considerable and tends to increase. As a measure of relief some land has been given out on temporary cultivation to some of the villages damaged by water-logging while remissions of revenue have been allowed to five other villages owing to the same cause. The whole question is now under the consideration of the Drainage Board. Low river supplies and climatic conditions adversely affected the working of the Inundation Canals under departmental management. The area matured by the Upper Sutlej series in Montgomery district decreased from 317,029 to 165,082 acres and the amount of water advantage rate realised fell from Rs. 2,35,247 to Rs. 1,41,336. The Khanwah Branch of this series failed almost entirely owing to defects at the head. The poor results shown for the year by these canals were, however, partly due to the influenza epidemic which interfered with rabi sowings. The inundation canals in the Multan district did not run well and supplies ceased before the usual date. The Sidhnai series matured 193,474 acres on which the consolidated land revenue and water rate amounted to Rs. 5,15,031. The Chenab series matured 97,573 acres and the Sutlej series (including the Hajiwah) 145,056 acres. The head of the Mailsi Canal in this latter series has recently been changed. The Financial Commissioner has recently seen something of the Sutlej and Chenab groups of canals in the Lodhran, Shujabad and Multan tahsils in connection with the re-assessment of land revenue now in progress. Their function is one of overwhelming importance for the tracts concerned and it appears on the whole to be performed satisfactorily in spite of the natural difficulties which have to be faced. Complaints of insufficient or unpunctual supply are, as might be expected, numerous, but most

of them appear to be inevitable in view of the essential conditions of irrigation from canals of the inundation type and many of them are more or less groundless. At the same time the Financial Commissioner is more than ever impressed with the vital need for the most skilled and unremitting supervision which exists in the case of canals of this kind. In Muzaffargarh, in spite of the low state of the rivers and a dry year, the inundation canals worked fairly well. The Chenab river rose sufficiently high early in May to enable most of the canals served by it to be opened in the middle of that month. Supplies in the river were low, however, for the rest of the season and consequently some of the canals did not work satisfactorily. The Indus series began to flow on the 11th May and continued to give irrigation until the middle of October, the usual date of closure. The effect of closing the Magassan and Magi Canals, which run through *soma* lands, on the 15th October has been beneficial as it enabled the lands to dry more quickly and consequently to be fit for rabi sowing. The question of a drainage scheme for the whole district is under investigation, but so far no really sound and comprehensive scheme has been framed. The relief drainage of Sanawan village has now been working for some time and has been of benefit to the village. The inundation canals in Dera Ghazi Khan opened about the first week of May 1918, but the river remained low throughout the season and irrigation from most of the canals was consequently insufficient. The receipts from water advantage and occupiers' rates accordingly fell from Rs. 2,00,196 in 1917-18 to Rs. 1,73,207. The only canals in which the flow was satisfactory were the Chibri, Sahiban and Nur Dhundi. The Nur Dhundi ran till a late date and proved of immense help to the Dhundi Estate for the rabi crops.

The total area irrigated in 1918-19, by all the canals in the Province under departmental control, amounted to 9,015,984 acres including 600,511 acres in Native States and the total area matured by them 8,571,442 acres including 597,025 acres in Native States. The irrigated and matured areas in 1917-18 were 9,063,892 and 8,437,724, respectively, including Native States. The total value of the crops raised has been estimated by the Irrigation Department to be Rs. 55,08,14,095 as compared with Rs. 33,36,99,916 in 1917-18, the increase being mainly due to the rise in the value of agricultural produce. The average value of the produce per acre matured in the year under review has been estimated at Rs. 64 for which the cultivator had to pay only Rs. 5-3-0 for water rates. It is interesting to note that the total value of the canal irrigated crops for the year according to this estimate amounts to two-and-a-half times the total capital outlay on all the canal systems up to date. The length of canal channels in operation at the end of March 1919 was 19,654 miles, of which 4,408 miles were main and branch canals and 15,246 miles distributaries. Five miles of main and branch channels and 120 miles of distributaries were opened for irrigation for the first time during the year.

Canals under district management.

22. Owing to the failure of the rains, fewer floods and low rivers the area irrigated by the canals and other irrigation works under district management shows a decrease as compared with 1917-18. The area matured by the Gurgaon bunds decreased from 10,441 acres in 1917-18 to only 1,081 acres for the year under report and in consequence the income realized was only Rs. 2,085 as against Rs. 15,000 in the former year. Owing to the damage done by the heavy floods of 1917 expenditure on maintenance and repairs of these bunds was slightly greater this year. A special grant of Rs. 20,000 was made by Government towards the repair of this damage, but a considerable portion of this amount does not appear to have been spent. The Rangoi Canal in Hissar irrigated only one acre in the kharif and 576 in the rabi against 574 and 13,905 acres last year. This was due to low supplies in the Ghaggar river. Owing to the deepening of the bed of that river by erosion no overflow can take place into this canal until the river floods reach a height of 10 feet. There was a decrease of 21,000 acres in the irrigated area on the Sarusti Canal in Karnal, the area actually irrigated being only 15,000 acres against 36,000 acres in 1917-18, and the receipts for water rate fell from Rs. 64,399 to Rs. 22,439. The expenditure on maintenance was Rs. 18,000 against Rs. 17,000 last year. The water channels or *kuhls* in Kangra worked satisfactorily and were well managed. A new record of customs relating to each *kuhl* has recently been drawn up. The Shah Nahr Canal in Hoshiarpur irrigated 15,632 acres against 15,687 acres

in 1917-18, the area matured being 13,486 as against 15,540 acres in the latter year. The total receipts amounted to Rs. 28,616 and the expenditure to Rs. 35,000 and there was a closing balance of Rs. 37,000 in hand. Owing to the high cost of materials the programme of new works had to be curtailed and a revised programme has been drawn up.

There was a decrease in the area irrigated by the Grey Canals in Ferozepore from 149,000 acres in 1917-18 to 83,000 acres in the year under report, while the matured area fell from 111,000 acres to 57,400 acres and the income from Rs. 2,36,206 to Rs. 1,77,000. The decrease in irrigated area was due mainly to lowness of the river Sutlej and to defective working of some of the canal heads. The large proportion of crop failure is attributable to deficient rainfall and to defective supplies in the canal in the latter part of the irrigating season. The canals also suffered during the year from several changes in the post of Superintendent and this hampered their efficient management. At the same time the Financial Commissioner is satisfied that a much closer degree of control and supervision over the work of girdawari and assessment is required. He is glad to learn that there has recently been a considerable improvement in supervision. Silt clearances were carried out in 41 miles of head reaches and 140 miles of main channels and branches during the year. Out of the Government and District Board contributions special silt clearances were carried out for a length of 24 miles of the Mubarikwah Canal, and it is satisfactory to note that very good results were obtained by this clearance. Due attention is being paid to the reduction of the loans raised for the Kingwah and Ilahwal Canals.

The minor canals and irrigation works in the Montgomery district all show decreases in their flooded and matured areas owing to inadequate rain and low river supplies and partly also owing to the influenza epidemic. One irrigation work, the Mary Bund, was however washed away by river floods. The total area irrigated by all these works was 25,000 acres only against 58,000 acres in 1917-18 and the matured area 15,000 against 48,000 acres in the previous year. Owing to an almost complete failure of the monsoon rains over the Namal catchment area in Mianwali the supply in the Namal reservoir on the 1st October 1918 was only 552 million cubic feet which was barely sufficient for the rabi crop. The lake was completely dry by the 14th March 1919 and had not some rain fallen in May no zaid rabi crop could have been irrigated The total area matured was 12,897 acres, and the water rate collected Rs. 49,581 against Rs. 42,478 last year. This is a distinct advance over previous years having regard to the volume of water used. The duty per cusec in the rabi of 1919 was 258 acres and the average depth of water over the area irrigated was 1·40 feet against 177 acres and 2·20 feet respectively in the previous year. These figures would tend to show that the methods of irrigation have much improved and that the cultivators are beginning to realise that economy in the use of water leads to increased prosperity. The Deputy Commissioner however thinks that it is doubtful whether the irrigators really have learned much about economy in the use of canal water. The fact is, he states, that the lake ran dry and it was impossible to give all the water that the irrigators asked for. In spite of this the crop was a very fair one and in the civil station of Mianwali the yield on the District Board Farm was over 16 maunds to the acre. The Kurram Canal in Isa Khel and the Indus streams in Mianwali and Bhakkar tahsils worked well. The proposal to construct a weir in the Kurram and the Kotki Dam scheme are still under the consideration of the Irrigation Department. The hill torrents in Dera Ghazi Khan did not flow satisfactorily for want of rain.

Land Acquisition Act.

23. The total area acquired during the year shows a falling off from 2,844 acres to 1,073 acres. The decrease occurs under all the heads, but is most marked under the head " Canals " for which only 516 acres were acquired as against 1,651 in the previous year. It was reported last year that compensation for 2,844 acres exceeded Rs. six lakhs. The compensation for 1,073 acres this year is very nearly the same as last year. The reason for this high average is the inclusion of some very valuable land. It has been reported that in the Lahore city alone, the acquisition of 20·31 acres entailed an expenditure of Rs. 2,64,818. Speculation in land in the urban area of Lahore is very active. The provisions of the Act seem to have been observed generally all over the Province except that the Rawalpindi report shows that the military authorities have

occupied about 640 acres of land at Chak Lala without the publication of a gazette notification. The prescribed registers have been reported to be duly kept.

Altogether 559 acres were surrendered during the year. The area surrendered in Hissar alone amounted to 219 acres; and out of this 196 acres were restored to the original owners In the Multan district also, the area restored was considerable, being 125 acres. No compensation had been paid at the time of the acquisition of these 125 acres and this area was accordingly restored to the original owners free of any charge.

The work is fairly well in hand; but the district returns show some very old cases. A case of 1917 has been reported to be still pending in Sialkot, while another of 1916 is said to be pending in Montgomery. Commissioners of Divisions should pay particular attention to the prompt disposal of all claims for compensation.

Land Improvement Loans Act XIX of 1883.
Statements XVII, XIX, XX, XXI and XXII.

24. The amounts advanced for land improvements rose from a little less than Rs. 77,000 in 1917-18 to Rs. 1,80,000. Rs. 2,16,000 were realized on account of principal outstanding loans, leaving Rs. 9,407 arrears. Collections on account of interest amounted to Rs. 81,046 and the corresponding arrears to Rs. 3,662. Arrears both of principal and interest were less than last year. The interest collected represented Rs. 6-13-8 per cent. of the mean outstanding balance. The average percentage for the last 10 years has been Rs. 6-1-7. The provincial gain on the year's working has been Rs. 28,230. Remissions of land revenue were given for 970 wells which fell out of use and protective certificates for 1,326 new wells.

As was the case last year except for the construction of embankments in a few districts taccavi loans were taken practically in all cases for the repairs or construction of wells. The advances made were with few exceptions utilized for the purposes for which they were obtained and the works constructed by the help of the loans were duly inspected in the course of construction by the tahsil officers when on tour. The districts where the demand for loans was keenest were Montgomery (Rs. 36,600), Gujranwala (Rs. 28,150) principally in the chaks in the Upper Chenab Canal Colony receiving only kharif canal irrigation, Gurgaon (Rs. 20,550), Multan (Rs. 16,000), Mianwali (Rs. 11,860) and Muzaffargarh (Rs. 11,660) and Sialkot (Rs. 11,250). Few or no loans were taken in Hissar, Karnal, Lahore, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Lyallpur and Jhang districts. The recovery of advances was satisfactory. Though there has been a considerable increase in the amount advanced during the year as compared with the previous year, a number of causes, mainly occasioned by the war, such as the remittance of earnings of men on military service, the continued high prices of material and the dearness and scarcity of labour, have operated to restrict the demand for loans. The increase may therefore be considered satisfactory and it is hoped that the measures recently approved by Government for making these loans more popular will result in a still greater increase next year. There is no doubt however that the increasing prosperity of the agricultural classes makes it more and more easy for them to finance their own agricultural improvements. Out of the total number of 2,704 new wells sunk during the year, only 172 were constructed with the aid of Government loans, while advances were taken for the repairs of 5 wells only out of the total number of 592 wells repaired during the year.

Loans under the Agriculturists Loans Act XII of 1884.
Statements XVIII, XX, XXI and XXII.

25. The amount advanced under the Agriculturists Loans Act rose from 3·1 lakhs to 8·9 lakhs. The balance outstanding at the end of the year rose from 3·4 to 8·5 lakhs. There has been a decrease of arrears on account of principal from Rs. 42,893 to Rs. 34,680 which is very satisfactory in view of the unfavourable agricultural conditions of the year. Advances were recovered without much difficulty except in Multan district, where the instalments of loans were not generally paid up by the due date, this necessitating the exaction of penal rates of interest. Arrears of interest amount to Rs. 2,068. The interest realized amounted to Rs. 2-15-11 per cent. on the mean balance and there was

a provincial loss for the year's working of Rs. 14,515. This loss will however be recovered next year as it merely is due to the large amount of advances made during the year on which interest had not yet begun to accrue. The average rate of interest received on the mean balances for the past 10 years is Rs. 5-10-1.

The large amount advanced in loans during the year under report is due to the failure of the monsoon in 1918 with a consequent bad kharif and poor rabi. There was great scarcity of fodder during the year and large sums were advanced for the purchase of fodder, for the import of which from canal irrigated districts concession rates for railway freight were granted to a number of districts during the year. Further with good rains in the earlier part of the monsoon season of 1919 there arose a considerable demand for advances for seed and for purchase of cattle to replace those that died or were sold in the period of fodder scarcity, two consecutive inferior harvests having caused a heavy drain on the resources of the zamindars. The demand for loans was heaviest in the south-eastern and south-western districts, Gurgaon (Rs. 1,40,000), Muzaffargarh (Rs. 1,35,000), Multan (Rs. 1,01,000), Rohtak (Rs. 84,000), Dera Ghazi Khan (Rs. 66,000), accounting for nearly one half of the total amount advanced. Advances were also heavy in Montgomery (Rs. 61,780), the advances being made both in the area oustide the irrigation limits of the Lower Bari Doab Canal and in the Lower Bari Doab Canal Colony. The advances were in most cases utilized for the purposes for which they were obtained. In Mianwali the Deputy Commissioner reports that it is not always possible to eliminate the applicant who really wants a cheap loan for private purposes only from *bonâ fide* applicants, as gambling rife amongst the Pathans of the district, specially in the villages which suffer most in a bad year so that the problem of selecting suitable recipients is not an easy one.

Forest Act and Government Lands. Statement XXIII.

26. The work of defining the limits of forest areas the trees on which belong to Government in Kangra Proper was completed and it is hoped that disputes about the rights of ownership of such trees in future will be few. This laborious work was done with very great care and it is satisfactory to find that there are no signs of any tendency on a large scale to contest the new entries in the Civil Courts. The work of delimiting the portions of these areas which will in future be under the control of the Forest Department and of the Deputy Commissioner respectively was also completed during the year by Mr. Mitchell, Assistant Commissioner, and Mr. Walters, Deputy Conservator of Forests, and their joint report on the delimitation in the Hamirpur and Nurpur tahsils was submitted to Government by the Financial Commissioner. Orders were passed by the Government on this report shortly after the close of the year and proposals were approved for the transfer of 139,795 acres of forest land to the control of the Deputy Commissioner, 37,799 acres remaining in charge of the Forest Department. The similar report for the remaining three tahsils has recently been submitted for the orders of Government. The forests already transferred to the Deputy Commissioner's control as an experimental measure in Nurpur tahsil in 1915 are reported to be in good condition and it is very satisfactory that the naib-tahsildar in charge has been able to secure the co-operation of the people in their successful management. Messrs. Mitchell and Walters also submitted their report on the delimitation of areas to be submitted to a scheme of rotational closure in Kangra Proper and this report is now under the consideration of the Financial Commissioner in consultation with the Conservator of Forests. The management of the Shahpur Kandi forests is reported to have been satisfactory. The income from these forests during the year was Rs. 5,304 and expenditure Rs. 3,720, leaving a net profit to the right-holders of Rs. 1,584 which they have decided to deposit in the Elliott Pahari Shamlat Bank. Resin and tapping work continues to be profitable and it is hoped to extend it from 5,000 to 10,200 blazes during the current year without increasing the existing establishment. An area of 45,687 acres of the Government Thal Rakhs in the Mianwali tahsil was leased out for cultivation during the year on a consolidated rate of Rs. 2 per acre matured. Owing to the failure of the monsoon, however, only about 4,000 acres were sown; on this an assessment of Rs. 5,562 was made, a decrease as compared with the preceding year of 4,897 acres in the area sown and of Rs. 12,314 in the revenue assessed. In the Bhakkar Thal rakhs an area of 3,806 acres was leased out for cultivation but no portion of it was sown owing to

want of rain. Orders have been passed with the approval of Government of India for the disforestation of the remaining area of the Montgomery reserved forest amounting to some 4,000 acres. This reserve situated near Montgomery town formed a rendezvous for stolen animals and also offered shelter to nomad graziers whose cattle emerged at night and destroyed the crops of the neighbouring colonists. The Commissioner thinks that the sooner the remaining small reserves scattered through the colony are disforested the better as they are proving a source of trouble for the same reasons. He also thinks that in addition to other disadvantages their existence retards the process of weaning the graziers of the Bar from their pastoral habits and prevents them from settling down to an agricultural life. The area under temporary cultivation in the Montgomery district decreased from 141,713 acres in 1917-18 to 93,112 acres for the year under report owing to a severe influenza outbreak at sowing time as well as to inadequate rainfall. In the Karnal district 18 squares of waste land were allotted during the year to 10 persons for meritorious service in recruiting. The total income from the forest and waste lands in this district during the year rose from Rs. 7,737 to Rs. 12,747 owing to the sale of trees in Bir Barason, and the sale of grass from the encamping-grounds. In Hoshiarpur the income from unclassed forests and other Government land under the control of the Collector decreased during the year by Rs. 3,428, *i.e.*, from Rs. 10,696 to 7,268, the decrease being chiefly due to the fact that a considerable number of chil trees had been sold at a price of Rs. 9,380 in 1917-18. In Ludhiana the total income from Government waste lands has risen from Rs. 3,573 to Rs. 12,644 owing to larger sales of wood from the Bhattian Rakh. The decrease in the income of the Gujranwala district is due to the fact that proprietary rights in a large area were granted to tenants, and in consequence the amount recovered as malikana during the year was Rs. 22,385 as against Rs. 1,16,625 during the last year. A considerable increase in the income of the Gujrat district is due to increase in cultivation owing to the extension of canal irrigation while in the Shahpur district an increase of income is due to leases for temporary cultivation sanctioned in order to increase the production of food stuffs. The arrangements in connection with the camel-browsing scheme for the 53rd Camel Corps in this district, referred to in last year's report, have been carried into effect. No explanation has been furnished for an increase of income from Government waste lands in the Multan district from Rs. 8,36,844 to Rs. 14,47,427, but it is probably due to an extension of cultivation following on the development of irrigation from the Lower Bari Doab Canal. There is an increase of Rs. 61,342 in the income, as compared with 1917-18, from forests and other lands under the control of the Collector in the Dera Ghazi Khan district, due to the fact that the Dhundi canals flowed throughout the twinter with a consequent good rabi harvest in the Dhundi Estate. Three forest fires broke out in the eastern, and 24 in the western circle of the Rawalpindi district, and 1,169 acres of forest area were burnt. Generally the fires were accidental and the adjoining villages proved helpful in extinguishing them. An area amounting to 9,476 acres was burnt during the year in the Kangra district. The Divisional Forest Officer reports that the fires in this area were due to incendiarism, that the forests were set on fire with the object of improving the grass and the grazing, and that the villagers for the most part gave little assistance in extinguishing the fires. Proposals to close some of these areas as punitive measure are under consideration. The total income from all unclassed forests and from other Government lands under the control of the Collectors amounted to Rs. 84,70,127 as against Rs. 75,10,170 in the preceding year.

Punjab Land Preservation Chos Act.

27. Government passed orders during the year approving of a proposal that action under section 5 of the Chos Act should be taken in the Rupar and Kharar tahsils and provided a grant to meet the esitmated expenditure on compensation. As the estimate for such compensation was however framed some years ago, it was at the same time directed that restrictions under section 5 should not be notified and enforced until the estimate had been revised and the amount of compensation had been ascertained and accepted by the Financial Commissioner or Government. Delay occurred in carrying out the orders of Government because the local officers formed the opinion that proceedings for the complete acquisition of the area to be afforested under the Land Acquisition Act were preferable to action under the Chos

Act and accordingly submitted a proposal to that effect. The Financial Commissioner however is of opinion that satisfactory afforestation of the Swaliks is quite possible under the Chos Act and he does not consider that action under the Land Acquisition Act is preferable nor is it for various reasons in itself desirable. He has forwarded the proposal of the local officers with an expression of his views to Government for such instructions as it may think fit to issue and meanwhile has directed that action under the existing orders of Government should be proceeded with and the revised estimate for compensation under section 5 of the Chos Act prepared. The appointment of a naib-tahsildar to supervise the area notified under section 4 of the Chos Act in the Rupar and Kharar tahsils and the protective and reclamation work undertaken elsewhere in the Rupar sub-division has been sanctioned by Government up to April 1922, while the employment of the existing forester and 6 forest guards has been extended for the same period. The proposal of the Financial Commissioner that a forest officer should be deputed to report on remedial measures in the Morni ilaqa and the Naraingarh, Jagadhri and Ambala tahsils have been approved by Government and it is intended that a forest officer shall be placed on this special duty as soon as one is available. The States of Patiala and Nalagarh have also been addressed through their Political Agents with a view to securing co-operation in preventive and remedial measures in the areas of these States which adjoin the Ambala district. Great efforts have been made to plant grasses in the hill torrent beds in Rupar and Kharar tahsils with the object of preventing further soil erosion. Plantations made by the Canal Department in the month of March succeeded whereas a large proportion of plants planted by the district staff during the rains failed. The Commissioner thinks therefore that the spring is the right time to plant. Ten cases were instituted in this district under the Chos Act, of which 6 ended in the conviction and 4 in the acquittal of the accused. In Hoshiarpur the experiments referred to in last year's report were continued in the Maili Cho with varying success. In the Maili village, where the people co-operated wholeheartedly, excavation and embankment works were entirely successful with the result that further erosion has been stopped and some 50 acres will be reclaimed, a most satisfactory result and creditable to all concerned. It is to be hoped that it will afford encouragement to similar efforts elsewhere. As regards the hill areas in this district the improvement in the condition of villages to which the provisions of section 5 of the Chos Act were applied fifteen years ago is being maintained. The most gratifying feature is that the villagers now appreciate the financial advantage to be derived from conserving grass and trees and some villagers are of their own accord adopting restrictions on grazing. An allotment of Rs. 5,000 for grants to villages for reclamation of Cho beds in the Ambala and Hoshiarpur districts was made for the current year and Government has been asked to provide an equal amount in next year's budget for the same purpose.

General statement of owned and mortgaged area. Statement III.

28. The total area of the Province according to the entries in the latest revenue records is 56,269,000 acres or 31,600 acres less than in 1917-18. The small decrease is the net result of adjustments in district figures as previously reported rendered necessary mainly by errors brought to light in the re-measurement of certain villages. The reason for the very great increase reported last year in the area of the Montgomery district was further investigated and it was ascertained that the increase was almost entirely due to the fact that the district figures for the first time included the area of all Government waste and forest lands, this area having been erroneously excluded in the figures reported in previous years. Of the total area nearly 34½ million acres are owned by agricultural tribes, 5¼ million acres by "others" and a little over 16½ million acres consist mainly of common lands, villages sites and Government property. The figures for cultivated area show an increase of 149,000 acres over the area of nearly 29 million acres shown in statement III of the last year's report. The districts which show any considerable increase are Gujrat, Montgomery, Lyallpur, Lahore, and Dera Ghazi Khan. The increase of 13,600 acres in Gujrat, however, is merely due to a correction of previously reported figures as the result of re-measurement of certain Colony chaks in the Upper Jhelum Colony. Extensions of canal irrigation from the Lower Bari Doab Canal brought nearly 36,000 acres of waste land under the plough in Montgomery district while 13,000 acres were given out for temporary cultivation in the Lyallpur district in order to increase the area under food-grains. No satisfactory explanation is given of an increase of over 13,000 acres in the Lahore and of the large increase of 67,600

acres in the Dera Ghazi Khan district. As regards the latter further enquiries will be made from the Deputy Commissioner. The cultivated area under mortgage shows an increase of 36,060 acres as compared with last year and the percentage of this area to the total cultivated is now 10·9, exactly the same as the similar percentage in 1917-18.

Transfers. Statements XXIV, XXV, XXVI and XXVII.

29. The cultivated area (ownership) sold during the year was 142,169 acres or about 42,000 acres more than in the preceding year for which year the figures were the lowest for 22 years. Sales of uncultivated land (ownership) are almost the same in area as in 1917-18, 71,796 acres as compared with 71,803 acres. Almost the whole increase of 42,000 acres in the cultivated area sold is accounted for by the figures for Montgomery and Multan districts, in which districts 51,035 acres cultivated were sold in 1918-19 as compared with 9,627 acres in 1917-18, the increase being due to sales of proprietary rights in Government land to Colonists and Crown tenants. The total cultivated (ownership) area reported as redeemed (including areas redeemed but remortgaged) during the year was 261,920 acres against 200,855 acres in the preceding year and the mortgage debt discharged was Rs. 2,16,03,780 against Rs. 1,77,00,000 in 1917-18 or an increase of 39 lakhs. Nearly every district shares in the increase which, however, is most marked in the case of the Multan, Hissar, Rohtak and Mianwali districts. In the last three districts the increase is ascribed to the general rise in the money value of agricultural land which enabled mortgagors to redeem old mortgages of their land by re-mortgaging a small portion of that land to a third party. No reason is assigned by the Deputy Commissioner for the increase in Multan. In the other districts the increase is the result either of profits due to the prevailing high prices of agricultural staples or of the savings of men on military service. A report was submitted by the Financial Commissioners to Government during the year showing the results of the enquiry referred to in the two previous years' reports regarding the continued decrease in the area reported as redeemed during the period from the year 1912-13 to the year 1916-17. The conclusion which the Financial Commissioners arrived at was that the decline was temporary and that war conditions furnished the cause which had operated in various ways to discourage redemption. These conditions they held were not due to want of funds resulting from economic depression but to a certain degree of distrust in the future political stability of the country which was felt during the first three years of the war and which was itself due to the impression that the British Empire was not certain to be victorious. Funds therefore otherwise available for expenditure on redemption of mortgaged land were, it seemed to them, probably put into hoard pending the clearance of the political horizon. Another contributory factor was the great Punjab crisis of 1913-14 which adversely affected the money market and made money tight all round. This tightness continued throughout the war as the rate of interest sufficiently demonstrated. In any case the redemption and mortgage figures for the seven years ending 1918-19 when considered in combination did not, in the Financial Commissioners' opinion afford any ground for apprehending any general deterioration in the economic position of the land-owner of the Province. The figures for 1917-18 showed a tendency to a reversion to the pre-war standard of redemption and it was anticipated by Mr. Fagan that the results of the agricultural year now under report would tend to show further progress back to this standard. This anticipation has been justified by the figures noted above in this paragraph. The Redemption of Mortgages Act is reported to be working well and to be a valuable and popular enactment. The cultivated area (ownership) mortgaged during the year was 210,543 acres against 199,779 acres in the previous year. It was less by 51,000 acres round than the area reported as redeemed during the year, but as noted above the latter area always includes the area of lands redeemed but re-mortgaged and at the end of the year the total area under mortgage was 36,000 acres greater than the total area under mortgage at the close of 1917-18. Though we have no figures available for the total subsisting mortgage debt for the whole province, a comparison of the figures for redemptions and new mortgages shows that that debt has considerably increased in the course of the year under report. The mortgage debt redeemed during the year amounted to Rs. 216 lakhs, whereas the mortgage debt freshly incurred by new mortgages or by re-mortgages of redeemed areas amounted to nearly 311 lakhs of rupees. This great increase in the total mortgage debt is no doubt largely due to the great progressive rise in the value of land, the new mortgages and re-mortgages having been made on the basis of the high land values now prevailing

while the redemptions have been largely of areas mortgaged for considerably less values. This conclusion is borne out by the fact that the mortgage money of the new mortgages and re-mortgages averages Rs. 148 per acre mortgaged, while the mortgage money discharged by redemptions averages only Rs. 82 per acre redeemed. It is scarcely practicable to deal fully with the economic bearings of an increase such as the above. It indicates scope for detailed enquiries such as those to be undertaken by the recently constituted Economic Board. It may, however, be pointed out that a large portion of the funds involved in the increase have been supplied by mortgagees who are themselves members of the agricultural tribes, while in so far as other mortgages are concerned the mortgages are, under the provisions of the Alienation of Land Act, subject to a process of automatic redemption in the cases in which the mortgagors are members of these tribes. Such considerations combined with the lowered value of money tend to dispel any such conclusion as that the large increase in mortgage debt necessarily and of itself indicates a deterioration in agricultural prosperity, a phenomenon which is shown by many other signs not to be a fact. The area transferred by gifts has increased from 75,000 acres last year to nearly 80,000 acres in the year under report. These gifts are as usual mainly transfers for religious and charitable purposes and transfers to relations. The area transferred by exchanges was nearly 35,000 acres against 32,000 acres in 1917-18 These exchanges were mostly effected in order to consolidate holdings and thus facilitate their efficient cultivation. It is highly desirable in the interest of efficient and economic agriculture to encourage exchanges for this purpose and the Financial Commissioner is at present, in conjunction with the newly-constituted Economic Board, making inquiries in order to ascertain what difficulties in practice prevent these exchanges from being more generally resorted to.

Value of land.
Statements XXVI and XXVII.

30. The average recorded price of cultivated land has fallen from Rs. 252 per acre in 1917-18 to Rs. 184 only in the year under report and is the lowest figure reached since 1913-14, except in 1914-15 when it was Rs. 180. The provincial average price shown in statement XXVI is never however a satisfactory guide to the actual selling price of land as it is arrived at by applying the total price paid to the area of cultivated land sold and this tends to show a lower price per acre than is actually the case. Moreover a considerable amount of Government land was sold during the year to Crown tenants in the Sohag Para and Sidhnai Colonies at merely nominal rates which depressed the provincial average sale price. Further it is obvious that an average price for the whole province can have little real meaning. The majority of the districts report a rise in the value of land owing to the continued high prices of agricultural produce. In the Lower Bari Doab Colony the prices realised at the auction sale of agricultural land were unexpectedly high, an area of nearly 8,868 acres being sold at an average price of Rs. 493 per acre, while the highest price realised was Rs. 1,018 per acre for a lot of 25 acres in a village one mile from Khanewal Railway station. The sale price for the Province as a whole represents 127 years' purchase of the land revenue assessed as against 171 years' last year. The mortgage value of land, the ownership of which was mortgaged during the year, was 310·76 lakhs against 329·86 lakhs in 1917-18 and represents 97 times the land revenue assessment of the land against 91 times in the previous year. The average mortgage money per acre on the whole area mortgaged was Rs. 124 against Rs. 140 last year.

The large and continuous rise in land values which has occurred during recent years in this province is an economic phenomenon which deserves careful consideration. A full discussion of the subject is not possible in, nor indeed appropriate to, an annual report. It is hoped that it will in due course receive adequate treatment at the hands of the newly constituted Economic Board. It is obvious, however, that the rise is in fact at any rate due to the increase in the cash value of the net rental of agricultural land which has resulted from the largely increased prices of agricultural staples. Another important contributory factor lies in the fact that the acquisition of land is, in the present backward industrial and commercial state of the province, the main channel for the investment of the fund of capital which it is so rapidly accumulating.

Land Alienation Act.
Statements XXV and XXVI.

31. During the year the provisions of the Act other than those of section 10 were extended to the Kotgarh Ilaqa of the Kot Khai tahsil of the Simla district and 11 agricultural tribes were notified under sec-

tion 4 in one local group in that ilaqa. The Arain tribe was added to the local groups in Kangra proper and in Kulu Agricultural tribes gained by purchase a net increase of 41,000 acres against a gain of 9,000 acres in 1917-18 and 21,000 acres in 1916-17, but lost by mortgage and redemption taken together 49,600 acres against a loss of 28,000 acres in the previous year and of 45,000 acres in 1916-17. Sales by agricultural tribesmen show an increase this year of 8,000 acres from 146,000 acres to 154,000 acres as compared with the year previous and sales to them have increased from 155,000 acres to 195,000 acres. Sales to "others" show an increase from 34,000 acres to 37,400 acres. A small number of benami transactions have been detected in some districts and other attempts continue to be made to evade the provisions of the Act but to no very serious extent. The Act continues to be widely appreciated by those whom it was intended to protect.

Business Returns. Statements XXVIII and XXIX.

32. The total number of revenue cases disposed of during the year was 148,573 or a decrease of 13,752 cases as compared with the figures for 1917-18. This decrease is mainly due to fewer institutions in every class of case, except in those under the Alienation of Land Act and under the Redemption of Mortgages Act. Decrease is especially marked in cases under the Tenancy Act. The main auses which led to fewer institutions were the influenza epidemic, bad harvests, which rendered landlords unwilling to eject tenants whom they might not be able to replace and the disturbances of April. Cases under the Alienation of Land Act increased from 3,771 to 4,503, the principal districts which show an increase in disposals under this head being Ferozepore, Sialkot, Shahpur and Rawalpindi. The reports of none of these districts contain any explanation of this increase. Cases under the Redemption of Mortgages Act increased from 2,464 to 4,498, the increase in the cases disposed of under this Act in the Ferozepore, Sialkot, Shahpur and Gujrat districts together amounting to 1,336 as compared with the figures for these districts for the preceding year. The causes of the increase appear to be the prosperity of the zamindar class owing to the high prices they now obtain for their surplus produce and the large amounts remitted by men in military service for the redemption of their mortgaged holdings. The number of pending cases fell from 17,104 to 14,906. Disposal of Revenue Court and Revenue Officers' cases were respectively 13 and 7 per cent, less than in 1917-18, but this result is not unsatisfactory when the hindrance to work caused by the influenza epidemic and the April disturbances is taken into account. The disposal of petitions from men on military service still throws much extra work on district officials, but generally received careful attention. In the Hoshiarpur district alone 2,484 soldiers' petitions were received and of this number nearly 2,200 were disposed of; while 331 applications relating to pensions were also received in the District Office. In the Courts of Commissioners and Financial Commissioners 729 Revenue Judicial appeals were decided during the year against 1,157 in 1,917-18, and the number of pending cases has been reduced from 127 to 92. Four thousand seven hundred and twenty-six Revenue Executive appeals were decided as compared with 2,891 in the preceding year and there were 414 cases pending at the close of the year against 201 cases last year. The number of appeals pending for more than three months was 44 against 30 at the end of 1917-18.

Tour of Commissioners.

33. *Ambala.*—Mr. H. A. Casson, C.S.I., I.C.S., was Commissioner throughout the year, out of which he spent 110 days on tour.

Jullundur.—The Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Hallifax, C.B.E., I.C.S., was Commissioner for 33 days and spent 9 days on tour. Mr. C. A. Barron, I.C.S., was Commissioner for 187 days, spending 9 days on tour. Mr. H. D. Watson, I.C.S., was Commissioner for 15 days and did no touring. Lieutenant-Colonel P.S.M Burlton, I.A., was Commissioner for 130 days, out of which he remained 41 days on tour.

Lahore.—Mr. C. M. King, C.I.E., I.C.S., was Commissioner for 662 days, spending 21 days on tour. The Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Hallifax, C.B.E., I.C.S., was Commissioner for 38 days and did no touring. Mr. A. J. W. Kitchin, I.C.S., was Commissioner for 61 days and remained 21 days on tour.

Rawalpindi.—Lieutenant-Colonel Sir F. Popham Young, K.B E., C.I.E., I.A., was Commissioner for 359 days and spent 59 days on tour. Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. Barton, I.A., was Commissioner for 6 days and did no touring.

Multan.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. Powney Thompson, I.A., was Commissioner throughout the year, and remained 111 days on tour.

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STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph "Intro

ANALYSIS BY DISTRICTS OF CHIEF STATISTICS AT DATE OF SETTLEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail. (Fixed, Fluctuating and Total).	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.		
				Government waste.	Others.			Chahi.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Hissar.	Last Settlement (1909-10).	Part under fixed assessment. Tahsils Hissar, Hansi, Bhiwani and Fatahabad.	2,187,619	1,027	291,464	125	1	2,700	...
	1901-02 ...	Tahsil Sirsa ...	1,002,824	1,117	201,827	118	19	659	...
		Total ...	3,190,443	2,144	493,291	243	20	3,359	...
	1909-10 ...	Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsil Fatahabad	81,449	...	33,470	53	6	507	...
	1901-02 ...	Tahsil Sirsa ...	47,109	...	14,456	28	10	141	...
		Total ...	128,558	...	47,926	81	16	648	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts.	3,319,001	2,144	541,217	324	36	4,007	...
	Year of report 1916-17.	Part under fixed assessment. All five tahsils of the district.	3,190,192	1,971	358,799	237	29	2,633	...
		Part under fluctuating assessment. Tahsils Fatahabad and Sirsa of the Hissar district.	128,469	...	51,984	65	11	569	...
		Total of fixed and fluctuating parts.	3,318,661	1,971	410,783	302	40	3,202	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—251	—173	—184,492	—6	+9	—726	...
		Fluctuating ...	—89	...	+4,058	—16	—5	—79	...
		Total ...	—340	—173	—180,434	—22	+4	—805	...
Rohtak.	Last Settlement (1909-10).	Fixed	1,439,420	2,372	164,148	5,545	762	99,671	1,912
	Year of report 1916-17.	Fixed	1,437,022	2,511	173,151	5,588	801	86,598	756
		Fluctuating ...	894	...	130	...	5	...	...
		Total ...	1,437,916	2,511	173,281	5,583	806	86,598	756
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—2,398	+139	+9,003	+38	+39	—13,073	—1,156
		Fluctuating ...	+894	...	+130	...	+5	...	...
		Total ...	—1,504	+139	+9,133	+38	+44	—13,073	—1,156

No. I.

ductory " of the teext.)

AND FOR THE AGRICULTURAL QUINQUENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JUNE 15TH, 1917.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs. *Initial.* *Final.*	
2,700		281,655	5,065	1,482,545	16	1,771,981	7,59,754 8,20,422	
659		27,892	3,508	743,285	..	775,344	2,05,525 2,05,530	
3,359	120 Miles.	309,547	8,573	2,225,830	16	2,547,325	9,65,279 10,25,952	
507		11,478	18,179	13,786	73	43,973	4,860	
141		13,634	15,667	578	114	30,134	39,157	
648	...	25,112	33,846	14,814	187	74,107	44,017	
4,007	120	334,659	42,419	2,240,144	203	2,621,432	*Initial.* 10,09,296	HISSAR.
2,633	120 Miles.	297,790	7,248	2,374,142	28	2,681,841	10,10,478	
569		25,682	23,771	19,858	135	70,015	64,894	
3,202	120	323,472	31,019	2,394,000	163	2,751,856	10,75,372	
—726	...	—11,757	—1,325	+148,312	+12	+134,516	+45,199	
—79	...	+570	—10,075	+5,544	—52	—4,092	+20,877	
—805	...	—11,187	—11,400	+153,856	—40	+130,424	+66,076	
101,583	357	268,322	1,185	799,680	95	1,170,865	15,62,852	
87,354	357	294,917	1,722	775,725	107	1,159,825	16,39,395	
...	...	253	...	412	...	665	1,366	
87,354	357	295,170	1,722	776,137	107	1,160,490	16,40,761	ROHTAK.
—14,229	...	+26,595	+537	—23,955	+12	—11,040	+76,543	
...	...	+253	...	+412	...	+665	+1,366	
—14,229	...	+26,848	+537	—23,543	+12	—10,375	+77,909	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
				Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.					
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Government waste.	Other.	Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, chenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sialab.	Chahi-nahri including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Gurgaon.	Last setttlement (1907-08 Rewari) 1909-10 other Tahsils.	Fixed ...	1,364,230	55	106,107	6,332	2,220	142,153	...
		Fluctuating ...	50,107	...	4,621	54	106	912	...
		Total ...	1,414,337	55	110,728	6,386	2,326	143,065	
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	1,412,171	357	151,265	6,559	2,781	138 009	...
		Fluctuating ...	7,181	...	4,124	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,419,352	357	155,389	6,559	2,781	138,009	...
	Difference + or — ...	Fixed ...	+47,941	+302	+45,158	+227	+561	−4,144	...
		Fluctuating ...	−42,926	...	−497	−54	−106	−912	...
		Total ...	+5,015	+302	+44,661	+173	+455	−5,056	...
Karnal.	Last Settlement (1909-10).								
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	2,001,180	7,500	583,644	7,897	238	148,774	...
	Difference + or —		1,997,417	6,156	569,936	7,827	173	148,269	...
			−3,763	−1,344	−13,708	−70	−65	−505	...
Ambala.	Last Settlement (1886-87).								
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	1,185,902	...	103,608	2,182	2,369	21,148	...
	Difference + or —		1,196,105	3,597	128,419	2,026	1,480	27,301	...
			+10,203	+3,597	+24,811	−156	−889	+6,153	...
Simla.	Last Settlement (1916-17).								
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	51,657	...	25,069	...	...	...	...
	Difference + or —		51,657	...	25,069	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kangra.	Last Settlement— Kangra, Nurpur, Palampur, 1891-92; Dehra, Hamirpur, 1913-14. Kulu, Saraj 1912-13	Fixed ...	1,703,898	681	566,839	3	72	48	...
	1916-17 ...		1,696,103	2,865	277,371	13	41	53	...
	Difference + or — ...		−7,795	+2,184	−289,468	+10	−31	+5	...
Hoshiarpur.	Last Settlement (1914-15).								
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	1,414,220	...	271,641	6,908	6,644	35,673	...
	Difference + or —		1,414,900	1,816	253,925	7,415	5,863	33,102	...
			+680	+1,816	−17,716	+507	−781	−2,571	...

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
142,153	44	99,690	34,637	789,191	7,063	1,072,734	15,60,056	
912	...	...	12,873	26,243	493	40,521	49,057	
143,065	44	99,690	47,510	815,434	7,556	1,113,255	16,09,113	
138,009	44	66,109	58,038	797,193	9,882	1,069,231	15,72,137	GURGAON.
...	...	...	2,901	138	...	3,039	2,855	
138,009	44	66,109	60,939	797,331	9,882	1,072,270	15,74,992	
− 4,144	...	− 33,581	+ 23,401	+ 8,002	+ 2,819	− 3,503	+ 12,081	
−912	...	...	− 9,972	− 26,105	−493	− 37,482	− 46,202	
− 5,056	...	− 33,581	+ 13,429	− 18,103	+ 2,326	− 40,985	− 34,121	
148,774	129	258,028	118,533	600,402	4,275	1,130,012	12,93,339	
148,269	129	248,100	114,610	632,477	3,628	1,147,084	13,53,554	KARNAL.
−505	...	− 9,928	− 3,923	+ 32,075	−647	+ 17,072	+ 60,215	
21,148	46	3,272	14,496	692,367	13,746	745,029	11,45,616	
27,301	46	3,415	29,875	667,173	14,585	742,349	11,47,400	AMBALA.
+ 6,153	...	+143	+ 15,379	− 25,194	+839	− 2,680	+ 1,784	
...	...	...	...	9,437	724	10,161	20,587	
...	...	...	...	9,437	724	10,161	20,587	SIMLA.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
48	...	116,396	...	477,939	...	594,383	9,88,384	
53	...	115,174	...	468,591	...	583,818	10,16,616	KANGRA.
+5	...	− 1,222	...	− 9,348	...	− 10,565	+ 28,232	
35,673	30	23,279	...	649,620	5,540	714,112	17,79,186	
33,102	30	23,650	54,036	606,915	5,662	723,365	17,77,355	HOSHIARPUR.
− 2,571	...	+371	+ 54,036	−42,705	+122	+ 9,253	− 1,831	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi, including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Jullundur.	Last Settlement (1915-16).		859,021	334	126,200	29,358	211	291,785	196
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	858,966	330	123,871	28,800	268	292,280	100
	Difference + or —		—55	—4	—2,329	—558	+57	+495	—96
Ludhiana.	Last Settlement (1911-12).		892,293	254	84,713	9,647	181	133,827	3,984
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	892,653	259	81,972	10,619	123	140,161	3,913
	Difference + or —		+360	+5	—2,741	+972	—58	+6,334	—71
Ferozepore.	Last Settlement (1910-14).	Fixed	2,537,305	723	211,197	7,061	84	90,502	32,052
		Fluctuating ...	57,915	...	18,789	319	15	4,047	3,133
		Total ...	2,595,220	723	229,986	7,380	99	94,549	35,185
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	2,537,326	679	155,941	8,534	171	97,611	37,232
		Fluctuating ...	57,942	...	12,441	362	36	4,404	4,021
		Total ...	2,595,268	679	168,382	8,896	207	102,015	41,253
	Difference + or —	Fixed	+21	—44	—55,256	+1,473	+87	+7,109	+5,180
		Fluctuating ...	+27	...	—6,348	+43	+21	+357	+888
		Total ...	+48	—44	—61,604	+1,516	+108	+7,466	+6,068
Lahore.	Last Settlement (1914-15).	Fixed	1,691,497	8,459	297,028	9,047	324	216,749	36,068
		Fluctuating ...	60,403	853	32,689	291	8	7,767	12
		Total ...	1,751,900	9,312	329,717	9,338	332	224,516	36,080
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	1,691,475	9,636	241,366	8,920	197	219,581	36,313
		Fluctuating ...	60,425	847	22,115	290	5	7,802	30
		Total ...	1,751,900	10,483	263,481	9,210	202	227,383	36,343
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—22	+1,177	—55,662	—127	—127	+2,832	+245
		Fluctuating ...	+22	—6	—10,574	—1	—3	+35	+18
		Total ...	...	+1,171	—66,236	—128	—130	+2,867	+263
Amritsar.	Last Settlement (1914-15).		998,066	1,281	105,549	10,084	231	207,401	...
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	998,866	1,675	102,937	10,798	205	216,229	57
	Difference + or —		+800	+394	—2,612	+714	—26	+8,828	+57

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
291,981	...	...	40,337	335,914	902	669,134	16,31,802	JULLUNDUR.
292,380	...	...	41,231	336,624	946	671,181	18,40,092	
+399	...	...	+894	+710	+44	+2,047	+2,08,290	
137,811	233	41,861	...	552,133	9	731,814	11,57,399	LUDHIANA.
144,074	233	47,955	...	542,634	...	734,663	13,63,251	
+ 6,263	...	+ 6,094	...	− 9,499	− 9	+ 2,849	+ 2,05,852	
122,554	2,152	793,210	30,897	1,229,874	140	2,176,675	14,50,573	FEROZEPORE.
7,180		14,779	6,252	3,308	163	31,682	35,708	
129,734	2,152	807,989	37,149	1,233,182	303	2,208,357	14,86,281	
134,843	2,152	827,446	39,660	1,234,807	79	2,236,835	14,75,574	
8,425		17,037	7,123	4,706	109	37,400	28,927	
143,268	2,152	844,483	46,783	1,239,513	188	2,274,235	15,04,501	
+ 12,289	...	+ 34,236	+ 8,763	+ 4,933	− 61	+ 60,160	+ 25,001	
+ 1,245	...	+ 2,258	+ 871	+ 1,398	− 54	+ 5,718	− 6,781	
+ 13,534	...	+ 36,494	+ 9,634	+ 6,331	− 115	+ 65,878	+ 18,220	
252,817	183	661,847	52,402	198,135	409	1,165,610	12,22,070	LAHORE.
7,779		566	5,338	2,392	...	16,075	15,652	
260,596	183	662,413	57,740	200,527	409	1,181,685	12,37,722	
255,894	207	683,921	56,455	218,003	387	1,214,660	12,54,921	
7,832		4,329	9,190	5,311	...	26,662	15,674	
263,726	207	688,250	65,645	223,314	387	1,241,322	12,70,595	
+ 3,077	+24	+ 22,074	+ 4,053	+ 19,868	− 22	+ 49,050	+ 32,851	
+ 53		+ 3,763	+ 3,852	+ 2,919	...	+ 10,587	+ 22	
+ 3,130	+ 24	+ 25,837	+ 7,905	+ 22,787	− 22	+ 59,637	+ 32,873	
207,401	796	268,739	27,899	252,317	1,947	758,303	15,47,640	AMRITSAR.
216,286	796	262,960	28,951	251,388	2,099	761,684	15,49,725	
+ 8,885	...	− 5,779	+ 1,052	− 929	+ 152	+ 3,381	+ 2,085	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi including chahi sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Gurdaspur.	Last Sett'lement (1910-12).	Fixed	1,158,790	220	115,108	6,394	2,594	137,589	7,022
		Fluctuating ...	10,428	...	5,126	...	...	1	...
		Total ...	1,169,218	220	120,234	6,394	2,594	137,590	7,022
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	1,158,974	711	104,320	6,949	2,603	131,050	6,726
		Fluctuating ...	10,405	...	5,764	...	...	...	
		Total ...	1,169,379	711	110,084	6,949	2,603	131,050	6,726
	Difference + or —	Fixed	+184	+491	−10,788	+555	+9	−6,589	−296
		Fluctuating ...	−23	...	+638	...	...	−1	...
		Total ...	+161	+491	−10,150	+555	+9	−6,540	−296
Sialkot.	Last Settlement (1915-16).	Fixed	1,182,345	7,508	191,815	21,033	1,403	393,706	24,620
		Fluctuating	79,927	...	25,371	968	140	29,464	3,752
		Total ...	1,262,272	7,508	217,186	22,001	1,543	423,170	28,372
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	1,169,236	6,253	158,121	21,738	1,796	390,381	26,869
		Fluctuating ...	91,270	...	25,202	975	101	25,723	6,200
		Total ...	1,260,506	6,253	183,323	22,713	1,897	416,104	33,069
	Difference + or —	Fixed	−13,109	−1,255	−33,694	+705	+393	−3,325	+2,249
		Fluctuating ...	+11,343	...	−169	+7	−89	−3,741	+2,448
		Total ...	−1,766	−1,255	−33,863	+712	+354	−7,066	+4,697
Gujranwala.	Last Settlement (1905-06 and 1912-13).	Fixed	529,238	...	74,830	8,387	896	274,002	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,956,606	47,637	785,375	5,749	922	200,305	7,788
		Total ...	2,485,844	47,637	860,205	14,136	1,818	474,307	7,788
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	439,151	...	30,561	8,125	327	252,579	...
		Fluctuating ...	2,052,804	64,805	579,655	5,022	511	167,708	20,313
		Total ...	2,491,955	64,805	610,216	13,147	838	420,287	20,313
	Difference + or —	Fixed	−90,087	...	−44,269	−262	−69	−21,423	...
		Fluctuating ...	+96,198	+17,168	−205,720	−727	−411	−32,597	+12,525
		Total ...	+6,111	+17,168	−249,989	−989	−480	−54,020	+12,525
Gujrat.	Last Settlement, Kharian Tahsil (1915-16 and Gujrat 1913-14).	Fixed	1,401,683	7,616	255,808	10,403	596	201,778	664
		Fluctuating ...	55,518	1	28,646	253	...	10,136	...
		Total ...	1,457,201	7,617	284,454	10,656	596	211,914	664
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	940,441	1,957	91,568	9,028	724	159,409	909
		Fluctuating ...	516,969	15,381	177,337	1,588	...	40,962	3,751
		Total ...	1,457,410	17,338	268,905	10,616	724	200,371	4,660
	Difference + or —	Fixed	−461,242	−5,659	−164,240	−1,375	+128	−42,369	+245
		Fluctuating ...	+461,451	+15,380	+148,691	+1,335	...	+30,826	+3,751
		Total ...	+209	+9,721	−15,549	−40	+128	−11,543	+3,996

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
144,611	54	91,251	103,088	476,959	2,917	818,826	18,14,641	
1	...	...	3,131	1	...	3,133	3,650	
144,612	54	91,251	106,219	476,960	2,917	821,959	18,18,291	
137,776	54	92,240	107,504	490,048	2,688	830,256	18,58,238	GURDASPUR.
...	...	...	2,712	...	...	2,712	5,095	
137,776	54	92,240	110,216	490,048	2,688	832,968	18,63,333	
—6,835	...	+989	+4,416	+13,089	—229	+11,430	+43,597	
—1	...	...	—419	—1	...	—421	+1,445	
—6,836	...	+989	+3,997	+13,088	—229	+11,009	+45,042	
418,326	196	8,339	70,163	345,185	17,774	859,787	16,93,338	
33,216	196	9,393	656	4,680	2,260	50,205	73,311	
451,542	196	17,732	70,819	349,865	20,034	909,992	17,66,649	
417,250	196	28,502	69,640	353,105	20,197	888,694	16,86,454	SIALKOT.
31,923	196	13,410	5,080	4,774	2,303	57,490	95,964	
449,173	196	41,912	74,720	357,879	22,500	946,184	17,82,418	
—1,076	...	+20,163	—523	+7,920	+2,423	+28,907	—6,884	
—1,293	...	+4,017	+4,424	+94	+43	+7,285	+22,653	
—2,369	...	+24,180	+3,901	+8,014	+2,466	+36,192	+15,769	
274,002	134	...	24,779	79,602	5,133	383,516	5,49,427	
208,093	...	536,160	34,554	202,637	908	982,352	16,74,239	
482,095	134	536,160	59,333	282,239	6,041	1,365,868	22,23,666	
252,579	134	...	16,594	77,775	5,546	352,494	5,28,309	GUJRANWALA.
188,021	...	737,035	30,897	236,798	1,556	1,194,307	24,05,092	
440,600	134	737,035	47,491	314,573	7,102	1,546,801	29,33,401	
—21,423	...	...	—3,185	—1,8 27	+413	—31,022	—21,118	
—20,072	...	+200,875	—3,657	+34,161	+648	+211,955	+7,30,853	
—41,495	...	+200,875	—11,842	+32,334	+1,061	+180,933	+7,09,735	
202,442	21	11,924	52,032	590,309	48	856,755	9,91,613	
10,136	21	...	3,122	8,980	...	22,238	8,369	
212,578	21	11,924	55,154	599,289	48	878,993	9,99,982	
160,318	21	1,710	49,531	417,398	28	628,985	8,29,794	GUJRAT.
44,713	21	80,206	5,839	153,977	3	284,738	3,57,577	
205,031	21	81,916	55,370	571,375	31	913,723	11,87,371	
—42,124	...	—10,214	—2,561	—172,911	—20	—227,770	—1,61,819	
+34,577	...	+80,206	+2,717	+144,997	+3	+262,500	+3,49,208	
7,547	...	+69,992	+216	—27,914	—17	+34,730	+1,87,389	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.		
				Government waste.	Other.			Chahi including chahi-sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Sheikhupura.	Last Settlement (1912 and 1915-16)	Fixed	1,991,154	2,206	764,764	2,616	53	89,028	24,920
		Fluctuating ...	1,080,817	101,673	191,135	905	65	22,905	716
		Total ...	3,071,971	103,879	955,899	3,521	118	111,933	25,636
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	1,990,505	2,099	727,574	5,019	125	89,756	26,583
		Fluctuating ...	1,081,863	106,312	151,219	914	30	23,467	2,240
		Total ...	3,072,368	108,411	878,793	5,933	155	113,253	28,823
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 649	— 107	— 37,190	+ 2,403	+ 72	+ 758	+ 1,663
		Fluctuating ...	+ 1,046	+ 4,639	— 39,916	+ 9	— 35	+ 562	+ 1,524
		Total ...	+ 397	+ 4,532	— 77,106	+ 2,412	+ 37	+ 1,320	+ 3,187
Jhelum.	Last Settlement (1900-1901).	Fixed	1,777,630	52,474	110,789	3,863	233	24,872	...
	1916-17 ...		1,771,815	12,906	115,153	4,220	212	23,839	...
	Difference + or —		— 5,815	— 39,568	+ 4,364	+ 357	— 21	— 1,033	...
Rawalpindi.	Last Settlement (1906-07).	Fixed	1,312,716	3,461	76,696	1,080	533	2,715	...
	1916-17 ...		1,311,824	3,487	83,637	1,290	455	2,923	...
	Difference + or —		— 892	+ 26	+ 6,941	+ 210	— 78	+ 208	...
Attock.	Last Settlement ... Talagang 1899-1900 Fatehjang and Pindigheb 1905-06 Attock ... 1902-03	Fixed	2,701,360	256	270,286	5,725	918	24,317	...
	1916-17 ...		2,701,999	67	218,446	7,735	699	28,253	62
	Difference + or —		+ 639	— 189	— 51,840	+ 2,010	— 219	+ 3,936	+ 62
Mianwali.	Last Settlement (1903-07).	Fixed	2,077,898	493,420	1,246,236	867	1	15,147	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,366,945	89,016	435,107	1,603	133	19,242	...
		Total ...	3,444,843	582,436	1,681,343	2,470	134	34,389	...
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	2,075,500	493,112	1,371,310	1,212	7	18,944	...
		Fluctuating ...	1,366,373	93,876	752,835	1,968	130	20,446	...
		Total ...	3,441,873	586,988	2,124,145	3,180	137	39,390	...
	Difference + or —	Fixed	— 2,398	— 308	+ 125,074	+ 345	+ 6	+ 3,797	...
		Fluctuating ...	— 572	+ 4,860	+ 317,728	+ 365	— 3	+ 1,204	...
		Total ...	— 2,970	+ 4,552	+ 442,802	+ 710	+ 3	+ 5,001	...
Montgomery.	Last Settlement (1895-99).	Fixed	1,903,333	816,710	435,053	6,506	643	117,286	52,726
		Fluctuating ...	956,517	504,899	271,627	2,528	485	20,872	9,519
		Total ...	2,859,850	1,321,609	706,680	9,034	1,128	138,158	62,245
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	705,967	...	262,366	7,220	196	127,863	57,376
		Fluctuating ...	2,163,073	915,969	412,222	2,953	641	54,230	13,790
		Total ...	2,869,040	915,969	674,588	10,173	837	182,093	71,166
	Difference + or —	Fixed	—1,197,366	— 816,710	— 172,687	+ 714	— 447	+ 10,577	+ 4,650
		Fluctuating ...	+1,206,556	+ 411,070	+ 140,595	+ 425	+ 156	+ 33,358	+ 4,271
		Total ...	+ 9,190	— 405,640	— 32,092	+ 1,139	— 291	+ 43,935	+ 8,921

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds	Canal mileage.	Nehri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
113,948	234	106,729	52,132	259,165	1,484	563,458	4,59,564	
23,621	1,233	634,544	11,133	22,421	...	691,719	9,38,926	
137,569	1,467	741,273	63,265	311,586	1,484	1,255,177	13,98,490	
116,369	234	110,106	58,281	314,838	1,598	601,192	4,62,919	
25,707	1,233	671,221	9,108	20,840	...	726,876	15,61,874	SHAHPUR.
142,076	1,467	781,327	67,389	335,678	1,598	1,328,068	20,24,793	
+ 2,421	...	+ 3,377	+ 6,149	+ 25,673	+ 114	+ 37,734	+ 3,355	
+ 2,086	...	+ 36,677	− 2,025	− 1,581	...	+ 35,157	+ 6,22,948	
+ 4,507	...	+ 40,054	+ 4,124	+ 24,092	+ 114	+ 72,891	+ 6,26,303	
24,872	14	309	27,879	679,079	1,350	733,489	7,54,202	
23,339	14	258	31,176	688,788	1,339	745,400	7,56,628	JHELUM.
− 1,033	...	− 51	+ 3,297	+ 9,709	− 11	+ 11,911	+ 2,426	
2,715	...	1,860	...	591,465	3,010	599,050	6,75,460	
2,923	...	1,805	...	588,969	3,073	596,770	6,73,972	RAWAL-PINDI.
+ 208	...	− 55	...	− 2,496	+ 63	− 2,280	− 1,488	
24,317	...	8,015	9,980	968,581	1,641	1,012,534	6,33,939	
28,315	...	7,923	8,734	1,049,504	2,057	1,096,533	6,73,860	ATTOCK.
+ 3,998	...	− 92	− 1,246	+ 80,923	+ 416	+ 83,999	+ 39,921	
15,147	6	3,735	18	99,841	61	118,802	61,527	
19,242	...	13,167	228,541	208,595	362	469,907	306,718	
34,389	6	16,902	228,559	308,436	423	588,709	368,245	
18,944	6	3,669	...	188,391	74	211,078	54,879	
20,446	...	20,222	192,345	286,565	84	519,662	405,324	MIANWALI.
39,390	6	23,891	192,345	474,956	158	730,740	460,203	
+ 3,797	...	− 66	− 18	+ 88,550	+ 13	+ 92,276	− 6,648	
+ 1,204	...	+ 7,055	− 36,196	+ 77,970	− 278	+ 49,755	+ 98,606	
+ 5,001	..	+ 6,989	− 36,214	+ 166,520	− 265	+ 142,031	+ 91,958	
170,012	...	132,285	16,892	13,724	2,069	334,982	3,09,793	
30,391	...	42,959	21,995	8,063	1,346	104,754	86,021	
200,403	..	175,244	38,887	21,787	3,415	439,736	3,95,814	
185,289	75	154,778	3,111	46,376	409	389,913	3,05,339	
68,020	220	349,200	88,296	54,877	7,213	567,606	7,42,588	MONTGOMERY.
253,259	295	503,978	91,407	101,253	7,622	957,519	10,47,927	
+ 15,227	+ 75	+ 22,493	− 13,781	+ 32,652	− 1,660	+ 54,931	− 4,454	
+ 37,629	+ 220	+ 306,241	+ 66,801	+ 46,814	+ 5,867	+ 462,852	+ 656,567	
+ 52,856	+ 295	+ 328,734	+ 52,520	+ 79,466	+ 4,207	+ 517,783	+ 6,52,113	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhallars in use.	Chahi, including chahi-sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Lyallpur.	Last settlement (1904-05).	Fluctuating ...	1,980,422	400,291	111,591	104	66	1,497	4,772
	1916-17 ...		2,122,382	334,547	109,688	864	226	12,413	16,858
	Difference + or −		+141,960	−65,744	−1,903	+760	+160	+10,916	+12,086
Jhang.	Last Settlement (1906-07).	Fixed	380,958	...	101,839	4,768	182	103,695	1,543
		Fluctuating ...	1,784,024	445,916	649,319	6,820	94	152,683	1,894
		Total ...	2,114,982	445,916	751,158	11,588	276	256,378	3,437
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	370,543	124	90,874	5,232	137	98,881	157
		Fluctuating ...	1,801,183	461,591	562,776	8,828	73	151,296	2,553
		Total ...	2,171,726	461,715	653,650	14,060	210	250,177	2,710
	Difference + or −	Fixed	−10,415	+124	−10,965	+464	−45	−4,814	−1,386
		Fluctuating ...	+67,159	+15,675	−86,543	+2,008	−21	−1,387	+659
		Total ...	+56,744	+15,799	−97,508	+2,472	−66	−6,201	−727
Multan.	Last Settlement (1899-1900) and (1900-01).	Fixed	72,923	...	22,838	970	517	398	18,327
		Fluctuating ...	3,736,014	1,426,439	1,000,837	19,306	3,496	83,558	436,025
		Total ...	3,808,937	1,426,439	1,023,675	20,276	4,013	83,956	454,352
	1916-17 ...	Fixed	72,277	...	8,646	1,333	492	601	31,249
		Fluctuating ...	3,631,731	1,109,206	847,925	22,744	2,830	83,108	616,394
		Total ...	3,704,008	1,109,206	856,571	24,077	3,322	83,709	647,643
	Differenee + or −	Fixed	−646	...	−14,192	+363	−25	+203	+12,922
		Fluctuating ...	−104,283	−317,233	−152,912	+3,438	−666	−150	+180,369
		Total ...	−104,929	−317,233	−167,104	+3,801	−691	−247	+193,291
Muzaffargarh.	Last Settlement (1901-02), 1902-03, 1903-04.	Fixed	634,578	103,317	247,993	7,692	656	11,214	106,464
		Fluctuating ...	2,931,746	362,012	1,736,703	9,044	3,475	128,126	34,131
		Total ...	3,566,324	465,329	1,984,696	16,736	4,131	139,340	104,595
	1916-17 ..	Fixed	634,205	46,274	221,239	9,034	410	10,666	112,628
		Fluctuating ...	2,932,709	356,246	1,730,799	12,616	2,978	141,866	44,905
		Total ...	3,566,914	402,520	1,952,038	21,650	3,388	152,532	157,533
	Difference + or −	Fixed	−373	−57,043	−26,754	+1,342	−246	−548	+6,164
		Fluctuating ...	+963	−5,766	−5,904	+3,572	−497	+13,740	+10,774
		Total ...	+590	−62,809	−32,658	+4,914	−743	+13,192	+16,938

No. I—CONTINUED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Cultivation.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment, including that of muafis and jagirs.	District.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
6,269	947	1,340,483	375	4,664	38	1,351,829	8,60,243	Lyallpur.
29,271	947	1,409,606	14,896	13,604	1,834	1,469,211	64,71,630	
+23,002	...	+69,123	+14,521	+8,940	+1,796	+117,382	+53,11,387	
105,288	461	288	75,132	953	2,417	184,028	2,57,930	
154,577		333,103	39,951	11,774	300	539,705	3,85,013	
259,815	461	333,391	115,083	12,727	2,717	723,733	6,42,943	
99,088	461	119	77,514	1,673	1,591	179,935	2,40,543	Jhang.
153,849		468,685	34,920	10,479	204	668,137	10,65,060	
252,887	461	468,804	112,434	12,152	1,795	848,072	13,05,603	
−6,200	...	−169	+2,382	+720	−826	−4,093	−17,387	
−728	...	+135,582	−5,031	−1,295	−96	+128,432	+6,80,047	
−6,928	...	+135,413	−2,649	−575	−922	+124,339	+6,62,660	
18,725	995	24,517	...	31	...	43,273	57,852	Multan.
519,583		270,420	129,246	24,748	6,589	950,586	13,53,461	
538,308	995	294,937	129,246	24,779	6,589	993,859	14,11,313	
31,850	1,342	20,273	51	28	...	52,203	58,688	
699,502		378,446	137,169	18,307	8,956	1,242,380	18,08,6 96	
731,352	1,342	398,719	137,220	18,335	8,956	1,294,582	18,67,384	
+13,125	+347	−4,244	+51	−3	...	+8,929	+836	
+179,919		+108,026	+7,923	−6,441	+2,867	+291,794	+4,55,235	
+193,044	+347	+103,782	+7,974	−6,444	+2,867	+300,723	+4,56,071	
117,678	1,351	87,121	2,516	...	487	207,802	3,56,505	Muzaffargarh.
162,257		79,739	206,837	710	27,041	476,584	4,50,418	
279,935	1,351	166,860	209,353	710	27,528	684,386	8,06,923	
123,294	1,172	107,916	3,516	93	270	235,089	3,63,874	
186,771		94,314	202,613	3,164	21,283	508,145	5,53,556	
310,065	1,172	202,230	206,129	3,257	21,553	743,234	9,17,430	
+5,616	−179	+20,795	+1,000	+93	−217	+27,287	+7,369	
+24,514		+14,575	−4,224	+2,454	−5,758	+31,561	+1,03,188	
+30,130	−179	+35,370	−3,224	+2,547	−5,975	+58,848	+1,10,507	

STATEMENT

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
District.	Year.	Detail.	Total area, including forests.	Total area available for cultivation not yet cultivated.		Number of masonry wells in use.	Number of unlined wells, dhenklis and jhalars in use.	Chahi, including chahi-sailab.	Chahi-nahri, including jhallari.
				Government waste.	Other.				
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Acres.	Acres.
Dera Ghazi Khan	Last Settlement (1896 and 1905).	Fixed ...	2,849,787	90,163	1,170,490	7,652	1,448	40,298	179,968
		Fluctuating ...	613,608	37,951	187,592	776	427	8,724	468
		Total ...	3,463,395	128,114	1,358,082	8,428	1,875	49,022	180,436
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	2,772,499	66,185	1,318,675	8,891	1,055	26,989	229,921
		Fluctuating ...	708,526	42,731	332,593	1,129	772	13,329	10,634
		Total ...	3,481,025	108,916	1,651,268	10,020	1,827	40,318	240,555
	Difference + or −	Fixed ...	−77,288	−23,978	+148,185	+1,239	−393	−13,309	+49,953
		Fluctuating ...	+94,918	+4,780	+145,001	+353	+345	+4,605	+10,166
		Total ...	+17,630	−19,198	+293,186	+1,592	−48	−8,704	+60,119
Grand Total.	Last Settlement	Fixed ...	39,303,525	1,601,154	8,223,579	182,263	23,529	2,827,135	490,466
		Fluctuating ...	16,799,555	3,416,688	5,532,454	48,801	9,448	690,887	502,210
		Total ...	56,103,080	5,017,842	13,756,033	231,064	32,977	3,518,023	992,676
	1911-12 ...	Fixed ...	40,043,243	1,362,178	7,955,955	191,805	19,618	3,071,995	534,902
		Fluctuating ...	17,271,783	4,028,728	4,631,883	50,375	8,514	586,829	661,458
		Total ...	57,315,026	5,390,906	12,587,838	242,180	28,132	3,658,824	1,196,360
	1916-17 ...	Fixed ...	37,489,789	665,027	7,446,512	194,357	21,370	2,763,991	570,851
		Fluctuating ...	18,734,199	3,501,511	5,778,809	60,318	8,349	747,323	741,689
		Total ...	56,223,988	4,166,538	13,225,321	254,675	29,719	3,511,314	1,312,540
	Difference + or − between 1911-12 and 1916-17.	Fixed ...	−2,553,454	−697,151	−509,443	+2,552	+1,752	−308,004	+35,949
		Fluctuating ...	+1,462,416	−527,217	+1,146,926	+9,943	−165	+160,494	+80,231
		Total ...	−1,091,038	−1,224,368	+637,483	+12,495	+1,587	−147,510	+116,180

No. I—CONCLUDED.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
CULTIVATION.								
Total chahi of all kinds.	Canal mileage.	Nahri.	Sailab.	Barani.	Abi.	Total cultivated area.	Total assessment including that of muafis and jagirs.	DISTRICT.
Acres.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
220,266 9,192	701	163,890 12	532,112 100,334	64,908 ...	17,375 3,071	998,551 112,609	4,37,594 *35,912	
229,458	701	163,902	632,446	64,908	20,446	1,111,160	5,23,506	
256,910 23,968	767	133,428 21,575	61,380 114,557	567,610 9,167	21,555 5,784	1,040,883 175,046	3,69,961 1,79,897	
280,878	767	155,003	175,937	576,777	27,339	1,215,929	5,49,858	DERA GHAZI KHAN.
+ 36,344 + 14,771	+66	— 30,462 + 21,563	— 470,732 + 14,223	+ 502,702 + 9,167	+ 4,180 + 2,713	+ 42,832 + 62,437	— 67,633 + 93,985	
+ 51,415	+66	— 8,899	— 456,509	+ 511,869	+ 6,893	+ 104,769	+ 26,352	
3,317,601 1,193,097	8,257 2,180	3,484,454 3,300,437	1,295,682 838,184	13,012,641 543,530	90,632 42,758	21,201,010 5,918,006	2,53,78,168 63,40,715	
4,510,698	10,437	6,784,891	2,133,866	13,556,171	133,390	27,119,016	3,17,48,883	
3,606,897 1,248,287	8,701	3,445,080 3,418,378	1,255,421 828,369	13 332,234 598,563	319,965 44,496	21,959,597 6,138,093	2,39,94,175 93,66,386	
4,855,184	8,701	6,863,458	2,083,790	13,930,797	364,461	28,097,690	3,33,80,561	GRAND TOTAL.
3,334,842 1,489,012	8,590 2,400	3,534,164 4,291,221	918,858 881,417	13,699,705 842,977	98,552 49,464	21,586,121 7,554,091	2,58,84,543 1,57,66,069	
4,823,854	10,990	7,825,385	1,800,275	14,542,682	148,016	29,140,212	4,16,50,612	
— 272,055 + 240,725	—111 +2,400	+ 69,084 + 872,843	— 336,563 + 53,048	+ 367,471 + 244,414	— 221,413 + 4,968	— 373,476 + 1,415,998	+ 18,90,368 + 63,79,683	
— 31,330	+2,289	+ 961,927	— 283,515	+ 611,885	— 216,445	+ 1,042,522	+ 82,70,051	

STATEMENT No. II.

RETURN SHOWING THE CULTIVATING OCCUPANCY OF LAND FOR THE QUINQUENNIAL PERIOD ENDING JUNE 15TH, 1917.

1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Details.			Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.	Number of holdings.	Area in acres.
			HISSAR.		ROHTAK.		GURGAON.		KARNAL.		AMBALA.		SIMLA.	
Total cultivated area			344,407	2,651,245	383,601	1,144,517	439,118	1,040,593	355,611	1,117,402	413,999	741,324	8,610	10,161
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			100,599	1,022,503	161,173	689,767	187,060	521,111	165,573	710,276	190,579	432,538	5,813	8,284
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			18,594	37,473	21,876	16,213	19,305	19,518	9,695	5,790	21,529	7,380	836	342
Area cultivated by tenants paying rent.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	40,574	300,726	23,198	47,617	42,132	82,769	16,507	34,596	28,195	39,507	34	41
		Paying other cash rents	29,075	169,159	1,855	4,356	7,988	18,045	2,917	6,593	1,230	1,521	22	52
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	3,750	17,462	282	834	696	2,879	1,996	5,229	8,814	14,784	4	1
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	13,031	60,096	31,800	54,689	36,031	59,751	26,647	45,890	11,809	12,787	266	189
		Paying other cash rents	87,154	684,753	81,739	205,434	97,482	238,480	37,269	101,153	39,947	64,176	626	661
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	51,630	359,071	61,678	125,607	48,424	98,040	95,007	207,875	111,896	168,631	1,009	591
Total held by tenants paying rent			225,214	1,591,269	200,552	488,537	232,753	499,964	180,343	401,336	201,891	301,406	1,961	1,535

1			14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
			KANGRA.		HOSHIARPUR.		JULLUNDUR.		LUDHIANA.		FEROZEPORE.		LAHORE.	
Total cultivated area			446,450	588,849	716,201	716,146	524,625	670,156	339,851	731,308	480,658	2,245,402	340,813	1,187,495
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			214,362	370,883	233,966	326,857	205,034	359,622	146,095	420,091	161,206	992,727	116,318	499,538
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			14,475	4,065	46,148	11,228	44,031	8,488	11,327	5,184	29,198	25,830	32,909	21,878
Area cultivated by tenants paying rent.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	4,633	5,983	134,680	112,612	38,157	39,394	13,190	21,139	66,862	247,965	26,416	98,869
		Paying other cash rents	4,182	4,569	17,922	12,909	5,599	7,580	1,095	1,202	2,852	15,048	1,713	3,562
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	15,353	18,125	30,268	26,450	6,335	6,661	2,873	6,248	14,796	66,939	2,777	8,426
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	6,957	7,346	10,150	7,075	10,167	9,197	10,431	15,219	7,368	14,888	10,083	39,956
		Paying other cash rents	10,720	12,053	101,332	89,961	90,558	89,101	75,461	115,210	44,190	173,697	27,842	105,935
		Paying in kind with or without an addition in cash	175,768	165,825	141,795	129,054	124,744	150,113	79,379	147,015	154,186	708,308	122,755	409,337
Total held by tenants paying rent			217,613	213,901	436,087	378,061	275,560	302,046	182,429	306,033	290,254	1,226,845	191,586	666,079

1			26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
			AMRITSAR.		GURDASPUR.		SIALKOT.		GUJRANWALA.		GUJRAT.		SHAHPUR.	
Total cultivated area			470,542	757,542	624,690	831,095	660,460	915,562	379,502	1,461,348	490,253	891,444	259,101	1,277,323
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			156,780	341,260	207,199	379,791	211,287	409,573	112,477	558,446	208,451	521,388	95,454	574,711
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			34,006	12,559	35,661	12,969	65,006	21,729	11,091	8,520	31,443	15,626	16,154	13,724
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	41,765	50,336	45,189	53,958	53,727	54,873	14,886	36,237	49,289	54,198	8,624	52,910
		Paying other cash rents	1,598	2,703	5,098	5,324	2,502	1,968	335	775	408	521	137	448
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	241	308	5,095	6,355	3,076	2,875	506	1,349	1,941	2,095	1,023	3,286
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	22,729	22,616	32,360	33,236	30,844	36,825	38,047	82,977	19,267	25,102	18,588	69,769
		Paying other cash rents	81,523	139,470	71,870	95,605	36,447	67,004	29,794	165,589	8,472	13,986	6,254	34,703
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	131,900	188,290	222,218	243,857	257,571	320,715	172,366	607,455	170,982	258,528	112,867	527,752
Total held by tenants paying rent ...			279,756	403,723	381,830	438,335	384,167	484,260	255,934	894,382	250,359	354,430	147,493	688,888

1			38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
			JHELUM.		RAWALPINDI.		ATTOCK.		MIANWALI.		MONTGOMERY.		LYALLPUR.	
Total cultivated area			410,394	741,620	424,507	596,028	376,092	1,089,138	206,067	714,745	115,857	706,109	142,065	1,434,149
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			162,848	391,068	212,585	356,210	119,065	438,198	67,991	286,148	31,032	243,716	56,831	700,368
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			36,936	12,429	25,122	11,786	28,892	16,518	6,760	8,360	1,815	2,103	253	409
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	37,558	58,848	40,607	49,510	18,869	42,714	18,219	39,752	2,268	4,652	313	805
		Paying other cash rents	2,423	5,649	10,786	11,149	30,343	23,825	10	17	19	22	8	41
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	12,432	28,083	11,171	16,906	35,045	120,967	7,888	17,217	2,666	9,337	93	195
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	9,303	9,243	5,347	3,931	2,796	4,078	32,592	109,242	2,671	7,601	11,386	80,909
		Paying other cash rents	5,154	6,324	8,743	9,913	10,491	11,284	355	978	812	3,336	13,940	172,023
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	143,740	229,976	110,146	136,563	130,591	431,554	72,252	253,031	74,574	435,312	59,241	479,399
Total held by tenants paying rent ...			210,610	338,123	186,800	228,032	228,135	634,422	131,316	420,237	83,010	460,290	84,981	733,372

1			50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58		59	
			JHANG.		MULTAN.		MUZAFFARGARH.		DERA GHAZI KHAN.		GRAND TOTALS.			
Total cultivated area			179,145	810,938	191,216	1,184,870	296,264	743,984	191,009	1,033,613	10,211,108		28,034,136	
Area cultivated by owners and tenants or lessees holding directly from Government in a colony.			56,922	272,410	56,983	320,391	130,145	370,424	62,844	370,983	3,836,672		12,889,232	
Area cultivated by tenants free of rent or at nominal rent			4,591	4,887	553	649	7,283	4,608	729	1,705	576,218		311,970	
AREA CULTIVATED BY TENANTS PAYING RENT.	With right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	3,152	31,708	3,629	31,834	10,891	22,834	850	4,493	784,414		1,620,880	
		Paying other cash rents	114	206	29	68	9	36	130	495	130,399		297,843	
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	2,438	7,918	2,863	15,178	7,962	18,733	10,010	38,919	192,334		463,689	
	Without right of occupancy.	Paying at revenue rates, with or without malikana	3,959	16,471	2,671	13,788	4,409	14,277	2,928	14,542	414,637		871,712	
		Paying other cash rents	4,201	32,128	6,493	53,146	1,530	4,450	930	4,177	981,329		2,694,790	
		Paying in kind, with or without an addition in cash	103,768	445,340	117,995	749,816	134,035	3 8,622	112,588	598,299	3,295,105		8,888,970	
Total held by tenants paying rent ...			117,632	533,671	133,680	863,830	158,836	868,952	127,436	660,925	5,796,218		14,832,854	

STATEMENT No. III.

(*Vide* paragraph 28 of the text.)

GENERAL STATEMENT OF AREA OWNED, WITH DETAILS OF PORTION THEREOF HELD ON USUFRUCTUARY MORTGAGE, DURING THE YEAR 1918-19.

District.	Number of villages.	Detail.	For area owned (exclusive of superior ownership).					For area held under mortgage with possession.				
			Number of jamabandi holdings.	Number of owners and shareholders.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment.	Number of mortgages.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment of mortgaged land.	Percentage to total cultivated area of area held under mortgage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
Hissar	1,007	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	62,821	92,667	2,385,221	2,108,806	8,33,707	12,148	114,914	105,077	42,585	3·9
		By others	15,278	27,791	626,336	533,539	2,25,285	5,128	65,540	57,298	25,228	2·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	4,242	...	307,077	71,592	2,343	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	82,341	120,458	3,318,634	2,713,937	10,61,335	17,276	180,454	162,375	67,813	6·0
Rohtak	773	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	120,645	140,875	1,143,029	1,044,668	15,22,815	37,287	104,845	101,303	1,34,092	8·4
		By others	9,244	14,412	65,201	59,274	80,504	10,648	42,726	40,275	53,985	3·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,539	...	230,691	49,805	33,225	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	133,428	155,287	1,438,921	1,153,747	16,36,544	47,935	147,571	141,578	1,88,077	11·8
Gurgaon	1,466	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	149,145	132,247	1,106,006	928,754	13,86,012	85,560	172,547	160,221	2,41,327	15·2
		By others	4,902	6,842	102,808	76,226	1,36,200	16,476	53,130	46,316	69,616	4·4
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,198	...	210,266	42,258	38,000	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	157,245	139,089	1,419,080	1,053,238	15,60,212	102,036	225,677	206,537	3,10,943	19·6
Karnal	1,458	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	103,197	187,586	1,259,010	942,538	11,19,067	22,885	71,285	57,715	79,279	5·1
		By others	13,681	25,261	147,207	102,641	1,22,447	11,042	58,958	43,514	59,444	3·8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,632	...	604,275	95,723	1,02,875	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	123,510	162,847	2,010,492	1,140,902	13,44,389	33,927	130,243	101,229	1,38,723	8·9
Ambala	1,800	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	114,725	118,230	789,403	609,931	10,15,821	47,186	72,433	65,809	107,136	8·3
		By others	28,130	35,821	113,061	91,710	1,42,923	18,671	59,725	46,782	71,395	5·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	5,068	..	292,787	35,503	34,438	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	147,923	154,051	1,195,251	737,144	11,93,182	65,857	132,158	112,591	1,78,531	14·2

SIMLA	231	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	7,318	6,374	20,166	9,941	20,212	1,796	1,955	913	1,943	9·1
		By others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	543	...	31,468	127	332	...	...	...	..	...
		Total ...	7,858	6,374	51,634	10,068	20,544	1,796	1,955	913	1,943	9·1
KANGRA	718	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	195,153	279,864	833,098	479,070	8,88,536	34,122	74,324	47,494	88,231	8·2
		By others	45,144	73,084	118,903	76,904	1,56,115	12,741	30,208	19,545	38,351	3·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	14,051		764,084	25,769	11,632	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	254,348	352,948	1,721,085	581,743	10,56,283	46,863	104,532	67,039	1,26,582	11·5
HOSHIARPUR	2,179	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	138,720	151,257	950,860	616,828	1,570,688	83,711	103,919	76,853	1,54,402	10·7
		By others	20,158	30,726	89,521	56,710	1,41,837	21,014	47,320	29,241	51,265	4·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	5,341	48	374,632	44,169	62,082	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	164,219	182,031	1,415,013	717,707	17,74,607	104,725	151,239	106,094	2,05,667	14·8
JULLUNDUR	1,815	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	160,476	150,034	679,888	576,747	16,26,723	122,204	48,824	46,592	1,11,242	7·0
		By others	21,615	108,182	84,643	71,995	1,56,218	9,217	20,736	15,575	34,292	2·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,767	...	94,469	34,730	37,776	...	...	..	...	...
		Total ...	185,858	258,216	859,000	683,472	18,20,717	131,421	69,560	62,157	1,45,534	9·3
LUDHIANA	900	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	120,175	110,358	741,252	661,540	12,98,339	41,934	93,982	88,049	1,51,211	12·0
		By others	19,942	24,030	68,948	59,486	1,08,754	9,009	26,718	22,837	40,547	3·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,257	...	83,674	11,895	6,560	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	142,374	134 378	892,974	733,221	14,13,653	50,943	120,695	110,886	1,91,758	15·1
FEROZEPORE	1,596	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	124,636	126,988	2,119,909	1,926,805	13,76,833	83,185	254,463	246,123	1,73,351	10·9
		By others	22,550	26,491	336,918	304,333	2,11,666	20,607	81,435	73,695	45,703	3·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,810	2	133,515	32,465	15,655	...	...	...	...	..
		Total ...	150,996	153,431	2,590,342	2,263,603	16,04,155	103,792	335,898	319,818	2,19,054	14·1
LAHORE	1,287	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	78,494	101,271	1,346,487	1,028,446	9,46,018	58,251	140,840	117,312	1,14,495	9·5
		By others	12,345	19,244	158,474	117,300	1,25,683	9,478	49,413	35,198	28,901	2·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	4,940	...	245,946	85,801	1,01,136	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	95,779	120,515	1,750,907	1,231,547	11,72,837	67,729	190,253	152,510	1,43,396	12·4
AMRITSAR	1,079	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	117,421	121,734	843,776	686,829	14,23,208	61,892	109,294	101,908	1,97,940	13·1
		By others	13,911	16,210	72,712	53,583	1,32,142	13,775	27,890	23,244	39,402	3·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,241	...	82,442	12,088	16,860	...	...	..	...	...
		Total ...	134,573	137,944	998,930	752,500	15,72,210	75,667	137,184	125,152	2,37,342	16·2
GURDASPUR	2,363	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	138,671	117,235	818,850	689,477	15,62,889	73,254	122,785	113,746	2,57,682	13·7
		By others	18,039	19,443	115,767	90,731	2,03.768	23,290	68,180	64,555	1,18,721	7·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	9,655	...	234,825	49,544	74,910	...	..	..	..	..
		Total ...	166,365	136,678	1,169,442	8,29,752	18,41,567	96,544	190,965	178,301	3,76,403	21·4
SIALKOT	2,519	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	168,875	149,841	996,409	811,957	16,00,953	93,442	167,978	150,132	2,81,170	16·1
		By others	15,326	18,266	87,015	70,674	1,41,413	32,052	83,999	71,645	1,33,677	7·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	5,939	...	176,879	47,666	9,991	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	190,140	168,107	1,260,303	930,297	17,52,357	125,494	251,977	221,777	4,14,847	23·8

STATEMENT No. III—CONCLUDED.

District.	Number of villages.	Detail.	For area owned (exclusive of superior ownership).					For area held under mortgage with possession.				
			Number of jamabandi holdings.	Number of owners and share-holders.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment.	Number of mortgages.	Area. Total.	Area. Of which cultivated.	Revenue assessment of mortgaged land.	Percentage to total cultivated area of area held under mortgage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	
Gujranwala ...	1,846	By members of agricultural tribes	65,201	87,986	1,764,770	1,206,812	22,09,721	11,291	81,974	59,867	90,369	4·0
		By others	12,276	17,283	345,051	219,325	3,93,876	6,758	67,272	43,802	61,873	2·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	6,011	686	382,203	76,517	1,23,510	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	83,488	105,955	2,492,024	1,502,154	27,27,107	18,049	149,246	103,609	1,52,242	6·9
Gujrat	1,512	By members of notified agricultural tribes	121,517	141,581	1,071,252	789,976	10,34,411	50,613	65,528	58,441	76,683	6·4
		By others	14,945	20,880	92,706	70,310	99,130	23,467	65,099	51,591	64,030	5·6
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,639	832	292,868	60,225	76,617	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	140,101	163,293	1,456,826	921,011	12,10,158	74,080	130,627	110,032	140,713	12·0
Shahpur	1,107	By members of notified agricultural tribes	56,484	65,346	1,328,021	729,241	10,94,972	9,052	38,705	25,915	37,950	2·0
		By others	9,301	15,111	149,719	99,463	1,51,312	8,047	82,119	45,494	66,953	3·5
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	9,789	13,043	1,596,682	468,183	7,04,105	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	75,574	93,500	3,074,422	1,296,887	19,50,389	17,099	120,824	71,409	104,903	5·5
Jhelum	954	By members of notified agricultural tribes	106,262	105,843	1,081,406	635,852	6,58,002	19,249	29,801	25,318	26,308	3·4
		By others	23,515	25,385	85,919	58,837	66,045	13,747	43,739	29,320	28,920	4·0
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	2,463	...	605,297	40,329	32,944	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	132,240	131,228	1,772,622	735,018	7,56,991	32,996	73,540	54,638	55,228	7·4
Rawalpindi	1,293	By members of notified agricultural tribes	161,623	140,851	779,515	504,019	5,74,538	13,443	17,342	14,815	16,380	2·5
		By others	32,365	33,226	76,696	54,318	84,417	9,880	19,995	16,246	20,637	2·7
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property ...	3,295	...	455,515	31,046	13,541	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	197,283	174,077	1,311,726	589,378	6,72,493	23,323	37,337	31,061	37,017	5·2

ATTOCK	672	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	84,724	75,214	1,925,989	998,236	6,16,178	13,209	65,145	42,340	28,950	3·9
		By others	...	11,892	12,202	76,125	47,803	37,020	7,802	62,796	38,465	20,247	3·5
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	1,705	2	700,575	38,006	20,202	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	98,321	87,418	2,702,689	1,084,045	6,73,400	21,011	127,941	80,805	49,197	7·4
MIANWALI	441	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	59,083	87,844	1,281,166	537,544	3,20,438	18,891	131,979	73,700	35,450	10·5
		By others	...	15,537	24,436	159,495	65,741	45,811	10,658	68,196	35,925	22,182	4·8
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	1,396	..	2,010,149	146,599	34,042	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	76,016	112,280	3,441,810	749,884	3,99,791	29,549	200,175	114,625	57,632	15·3
MONTGOMERY	1,248	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	12,048	45,098	927,026	523,650	3,72,422	892	17,273	10,549	6,988	·9
		By others	...	4,377	12,904	322,365	193,070	1,30,258	2,213	45,004	22,749	15,397	1·9
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	2,040	14	1,696,877	492,381	9,67,375	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	18,465	58,016	2,946,268	1,209,101	14,70,055	3,105	62,277	33,298	22,385	2·8
LYALLPUR	1,298	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	35,299	57,543	1,089,586	996,762	36,14,183	2,155	26,477	23,983	95,959	1·6
		By others	...	2,351	4,928	118,933	104,258	360,833	1,129	19,884	15,584	46,044	1·1
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	24,027	14,826	862,466	358,404	10,87,438	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	61,677	77,297	2,070,985	1,459,424	50,62,454	3,284	46,311	39,567	1,42,003	2·7
JHANG	1,018	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	49,410	68,933	1,262,242	620,356	9,64,791	2,479	29,821	15,336	19,762	1·9
		By others	...	16,943	30,280	279,708	121,941	1,62,081	12,192	150,057	70,455	86,704	8·5
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	7,808	...	630,318	84,172	1,49,820	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	74,161	99,213	2,172,268	826,469	12,76,692	14,671	179,878	85,791	1,06,466	10·4
MULTAN	1,440	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	44,464	63,454	1,476,696	801,018	11,39,813	1,815	32,603	18,133	26,876	1·5
		By others	...	22,528	35,024	575,430	314,683	4,31,795	10,129	182,610	102,398	1,36,342	8·6
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	2,407	236	1,644,121	73,431	1,37,995	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	69,399	98,714	3,696,247	1,189,132	17,09,603	11,944	214,613	120,531	1,63,218	10·1
MUZAFFARGARH ...	937	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	87,706	115,998	1,808,570	540,509	5,94,471	10,070	98,015	31,032	32,810	4·2
		By others	...	35,522	53,511	471,670	186,783	2,28,561	19,757	180,309	76,048	83,194	10·3
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	1,383	...	1,286,690	10,578	31,374	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	124,611	169,509	3,566,930	737,870	8,52,406	29,827	278,324	107,080	1,16,004	14·5
DERA GHAZI KHAN ...	841	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	68,991	159,902	2,630,686	960,916	3,63,202	20,805	125,913	67,355	34,538	5·5
		By others	...	21,733	41,561	353,591	189,905	1,14,156	22,044	180,609	90,469	51,029	7·5
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	1,056	...	488,283	65,564	35,845	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	91,780	201,463	3,472,560	1,216,385	5,13,203	42,849	306,522	157,824	85,567	13·0
PROVINCIAL TOTAL ...	35,283	By members of notified agricultural tribes ...	...	2,753,274	3,152,104	34,465,289	22,967,028	3,17,46,963	1,032,821	2,414,964	1,950,956	26,65,109	6·7
		By others	...	433,550	772,524	5,285,022	3,492,138	43,89,750	360,971	1,883,012	1,228,266	15,14,079	4·2
		Shamilat, village *abadi* and Government property	...	143,249	29,689	16,519,074	2,590,570	39,62,624	...	...	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	...	3,380,073	3,954,317	56,269,385	29,049,736	4,00,99,337	1,393,792	4,297,976	3,179,222	41,79,188	10·9

STATEMENT

STATEMENT SHOWING INCIDENCE OF REVENUE

Division.	District.	Area in acres.				
		Total area by last settlement survey.	*Deduct.*		*Balance.*	
			Area not fully assessed.	Area for which returns so far as required for this table are not available.	Total.	Cultivated.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Ambala.	Hissar	3,318,634	67,299	45,031	3,206,304	2,141,256
	Rohtak	1,439,420	6,748	...	1,432,672	633,455
	Gurgaon	1,414,237	65,784	186,508	1,161,945	559,827
	Karnal	2,013,425	63,092	7,732	1,942,601	639,671
	Ambala	1,195,161	113,634	22,812	1,058,715	591,963
	Simla	51,611	1,607	31,468	18,536	9,348
Jullundur.	Kangra	1,721,133	80,512	891,664	748,957	504,257
	Hoshiarpur	1,414,850	11,262	37,374	1,366,214	614,472
	Jullundur	859,000	7,702	1,797	849,501	455,032
	Ludhiana	892,293	21,382	...	870,911	748,872
	Ferozepore	2,595,220	220,266	—5	2,374,959	1,123,821
Lahore.	Lahore	1,756,013	19,044	249,026	1,487,943	1,143,808
	Amritsar	998,930	11,102	4,168	983,660	560,856
	Gurdaspur	1,169,327	3,710	...	1,165,617	703,392
	Sialkot	1,260,516	6,225	213	1,254,078	739,867
	Gujranwala	2,492,024	86,096	1,131,096	1,274,832	1,143,718
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	1,457,912	6,123	75,025	1,376,764	944,464
	Shahpur	3,071,454	10,569	886,566	2,174,319	994,136
	Jhelum	1,777,630	14,286	246,321	1,517,023	517,201
	Rawalpindi	1,311,726	20,927	631,994	658,805	504,971
	Attock	2,701,360	352,018	226,042	2,123,300	695,298
	Mianwali	3,439,017	59,979	1,205,392	2,173,646	407,313
Multan.	Montgomery	2,946,268	27,588	901,382	2,017,298	765,123
	Lyallpur	2,122,670	527	498,497	1,623,646	1,347,372
	Jhang	2,171,769	50,029	454,827	1,666,913	755,873
	Multan	3,715,685	6,061	...	3,709,624	1,221,355
	Muzaffargarh	3,566,929	1,738	513,395	3,051,796	503,200
	Dera Ghazi Khan	3,477,599	621,636	112,087	2,743,876	781,998
	Total ...	56,351,813	1,956,946	8,360,412	46,034,455	21,804,919

No. IV.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1919.

Total Land Revenue and Population.						Incidence of land revenue on fully assessed area per acre.				
Total land revenue from land of district (i.e., on area shown in column 3.)			Population of district (i.e., of area shown in column 3).	Land Revenue per head of population (columns 10 and 11).	Land Revenue from land assessed on fully assessed area (column 6).	For total area (column 6).	For cultivated area only (column 7).	Average percentage of remissions out of the demand during the quinquennium.	District.	Division.
Paid to Government.	Enjoyed by assignees.	Total.								
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
9,96,131	45,577	10,41,708	804,889	1 4 8	9,90,545	0 4 11	0 7 5	·25	Hissar ...	Ambala.
16,31,392	36,688	16,68,080	714,834	2 5 4	16,34,605	1 2 3	2 6 3	·27	Rohtak ...	
15,65,653	65,483	16,31,136	729,167	2 3 9	15,32,100	1 5 1	2 11 9	1·0	Gurgaon ...	
10,77,957	3,07,747	13,85,704	799,787	1 11 9	12,34,235	0 10 7	2 0 1	·004	Karnal ...	
8,29,022	4,79,573	13,08,595	689,970	1 14 4	12,09,744	1 2 3	2 0 8	·09	Ambala ...	
21,230	1,544	22,774	39,320	0 9 3	20,619	1 1 9	2 3 3	...	Simla ...	
8,71,072	2,33,583	11,04,655	770,386	1 6 11	9,48,715	1 4 3	1 14 1	·003	Kangra ...	Jullundur.
17,01,889	1,26,028	18,27,917	918,569	1 15 10	17,74,953	1 4 9	2 14 3	·003	Hoshiarpur ...	
17,65,923	1,17,985	18,83,908	801,920	2 5 7	18,52,121	2 2 11	4 1 1	...	Jullundur ...	
12,45,528	2,68,897	15,14,425	517,192	2 14 10	14,93,561	1 11 5	1 15 10	...	Ludhiana ...	
14,43,286	2,72,366	17,15,652	959,657	1 12 7	15,45,734	1 10 5	1 6 0	...	Ferozepore ...	
12,72,854	1,33,738	14,06,592	1,038,860	1 5 8	13,15,708	0 14 2	1 2 5	·5	Lahore ...	Lahore.
18,72,803	2,26,530	15,98,333	880,768	1 13 1	15,57,702	1 9 4	2 12 5	·22	Amritsar ...	
17,51,335	1,11,314	18,62,649	836,771	2 3 7	18,58,890	1 9 6	2 10 3	·21	Gurdaspur ...	
17,23,283	77,501	18,00,784	979,553	1 13 5	17,78,020	1 6 8	2 6 5	·04	Sialkot ...	
26,43,715	2,82,114	28,75,829	923,419	3 1 10	26,61,448	2 1 5	2 5 3	·1	Gujranwala ...	
13,84,332	69,910	14,54,242	787,933	1 13 6	13,95,548	1 0 3	1 7 8	·1	Gujrat ...	Rawalpindi.
21,69,777	61,370	22,31,147	645,018	3 7 4	21,49,924	0 15 9	2 2 7	·46	Shahpur ...	
7,30,988	43,595	7,74,583	511,575	1 8 3	7,51,063	0 7 11	1 7 2	·04	Jhelum ...	
6,44,671	38,846	6,83,517	547,827	1 3 11	6,72,782	1 0 4	1 5 4	...	Rawalpindi ...	
6,50,199	54,652	7,04,851	519,273	1 5 8	6,68,409	0 5 0	0 15 0	·33	Attock ...	
3,60,333	29,903	3,90,236	341,377	1 2 0	3,33,288	0 2 5	0 13 1	2·8	Mianwali ...	
36,37,352	25,727	36,63,079	503,976	7 4 3	36,53,487	1 13 0	4 12 5	·09	Montgomery ...	Multan.
59,61,984	39,412	60,01,396	530,239	6 13 1	58,44,213	3 4 8	3 15 6	...	Lyallpur ...	
14,90,833	37,232	15,28,065	524,603	2 14 7	12,99,638	0 12 6	1 11 6	1·07	Jhang ...	
22,46,472	38,794	22,85,266	818,042	2 12 8	21,05,525	0 9 1	1 11 7	1·9	Multan ...	
8,15,085	17,916	8,33,001	569,461	1 7 5	7,74,722	0 4 1	1 8 6	·006	Muzaffargarh ...	
4,61,509	37,583	5,49,092	499,860	1 1 7	3,91,776	0 2 3	0 8 0	·006	D. G. Khan ...	
4,24,66,108	32,81,603	4,57,47,716	19,554,295	2 5 5	4,29,99,075	0 14 11	1 15 7	...	Total.	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 2

STATEMENT OF FIXED LAND REVENUE (INCLUDING SERVICE COMMUTATION)

Collection up to the

Division.	District.	Demand.	Collections.	Percentage on demand of collections.	Collection during current year on account of previous years.	Total of columns 4 and 6.	Balance on 30th September.		
							Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	9,64,558	9,30,713	96·5	...	9,30,713	33,845	...	33,845
	Rohtak	16,04,050	12,23,829	70·6	850	12,24,679	3,80,221	46,444	4,26,665
	Gurgaon	15,08,129	6,59,094	43·7	3,963	6,63,057	8,49,035	3,16,247	11,65,282
	Karnal	10,48,938	9,93,273	94·9	834	9,97,107	52,665	10,454	63,119
	Ambala	7,95,120	7,11,282	89·4	152	7,11,434	83,838	1,124	84,962
	Simla	19,043	19,000	99·7	..	19,000	43	...	43
Jullundur.	Kangra	8,22,378	8,07,224	98·1	446	8,07,670	15,154	...	15,154
	Hoshiarpur	16,49,153	16,23,111	98·4	...	16,23,111	26,042	...	26,042
	Jullundur	17,32,615	17,12,824	98·8	108	17,12,932	19,791	...	19,791
	Ludhiana	12,25,567	11,47,551	93·6	...	11,47,551	78,016	...	78,016
	Ferozepore	13,72,689	13,38,563	97·5	368	13,38,931	34,126	...	34,126
Lahore.	Lahore	11,36,316	11,28,068	99·2	3,752	11,31,820	8,248	1,190	9,438
	Amritsar	13,49,739	13,46,109	99·7	555	13,46,664	3,630	534	4,164
	Gurdaspur	17,25,324	16,48,664	95·5	14,347	16,63,011	76,660	40,935	1,17,595
	Sialkot	15,84,818	15,23,990	96·1	2,672	15,26,662	60,828	1,345	62,173
	Gujranwala	4,85,160	4,82,478	99·4	4,074	4,86,552	2,682	...	2,682
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	7,95,529	7,84,047	98·5	414	7,84,461	11,482	2,550	14,032
	Shahpur	4,82,370	4,05,360	84·0	4,465	4,09,825	77,010	1,338	78,348
	Jhelum	7,16,672	5,99,057	83·5	3,188	6,02,245	1,17,615	10,010	1,27,625
	Rawalpindi	6,34,315	6,34,239	99·9	39	6,34,278	76	...	76
	Attock	6,20,444	5,51,228	88·8	6	5,51,234	69,216	6,624	75,840
	Mianwali	46,330	44,967	97·0	...	44,967	1,363	...	1,363
Multan.	Montgomery	1,65,796	1,65,115	99·5	389	1,65,504	681	169	850
	Lyallpur	11,376	11,376	100·0	...	11,376	...	...	...
	Jhang	2,48,036	2,45,755	99·1	23	2,45,778	2,281	...	2,281
	Multan	2,98,316	2,87,410	96·3	1,191	2,88,601	10,906	...	10,906
	Muzaffargarh	3,57,477	3,51,161	98·2	2,275	3,53,436	6,316	...	6,316
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	2,60,811	2,54,013	97·3	386	2,54,399	6,798	2,123	8,921
	Total ...	2,36,61,069	2,16,32,501	91·4	44,497	2,16,76,998	20,28,568	4,41,087	24,69,655

No. V.

of the text.)

DEMANDS, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1919.

30th September 1919.

PARTICULAR OF BALANCES.								Arrears struck off by orders passed on annual balance statements during the year.	REMISSIONS ON ACCOUNT OF CALAMITY OF SEASON SANCTIONED DURING THE YEAR.		DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
RECOVERABLE.				UNDETERMINED.		IRRECOVERABLE.						
Under suspension.		*Not under suspension.*										
Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.	Of the year under report.	Of former years.		On account of the year under report.	On account of former years.		
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	?	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
33,843	...	...		...	...	2	...	18	...	...	Hissar	AMBALA.
3,79,365	41,087	631	...	...	...	225	5,357	29,128	...	...	Rohtak	
8,48,301	2,94,351	163	144	...	...	571	21,752	51,090	...	...	Gurgaon	
51,255	10,285	506	219	...	...	904	...	1,130	...	...	Karnal	
71,703	960	...		15	...	12,120	164	385	...	...	Ambala	
...	...	...	...	...	...	43	...	...	...		Simla	
...	...	454	...	...	...	14,700	...	418	54	...	Kangra	JULLUNDUR.
...	...	863	...	22,442		2,787	...	7,088	977	...	Hoshiarpur	
5,760	...	...	...	...	...	14,031	...	3,440	...	...	Jullundur	
...	...	840	...	...	...	77,176	...	2,701	...	...	Ludhiana	
...	...	...	...	...	...	34,126	...	1,777	...	...	Ferozepore	
...	1,178	8	12	...	...	8,240	...	13,117	...	...	Lahore	LAHORE.
2,760	534	...	...	...	...	870	...	10,061	...	...	Amritsar	
74,305	32,229	66	49	74	148	2,215	8,449	7,721	...	...	Gurdaspur	
59,753	1,338	...	...	...	...	1,075	12	2,193	54	...	Sialkot	
...	...	168	...		...	2,519	...	3,318	...	...	Gujranwala	
5,904	417	1,678	426	116	...	3,784	1,707	62,929	...	...	Gujrat	RAWALPINDI.
74,485	253	106	194	...	...	2,419	891	3,089	...	...	Shahpur	
1,03,273	8,953	801	...	...	...	13,541	1,057	2,847	...	...	Jhelum	
...	...	...	...	...	...	76	...	782	50	...	Rawalpindi	
67,370	6,624	12	...	...	...	1,834	...	237	...	...	Attock	
1,363	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mianwali	
52	144	165	...	...	...	464	25	611	...	...	Montgomery	MULTAN.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Lyallpur	
...	...	3	...	...	...	2,278	...	2,860	...	...	Jhang	
...	...	773	...	...	...	10,133	...	10,631	...	...	Multan	
...	...	3,979	...	...	...	2,337	...	266	...	...	Muzaffargarh	
3,722	...	...	...	...	...	3,076	2,123	941	...	...	D. G. Khan	
17,83,214	3,98,358	11,211	1,044	22,647	148	2,11,496	41,537	2,18,723	1,185	...	Total.	

STATEMENT No. VI.

(*Vide* paragraph 2 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING FOR THE AGRICULTURAL YEAR ENDING RABI 1919, THE AMOUNT OF LAND REVENUE HELD UNDER SUSPENSION AT ITS COMMENCEMENT AND ITS CLOSE.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sums under suspension remitted during the year.	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Hissar.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1916-17	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1917-18	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1918 19	...	39,630	39,630	5,787	...	33,843	
	Total ...	...	39,630	39,630	5,787	...	33,843	
Rohtak.	Suspension more than three years old ...	35,138	...	35,138	...	5,357	29,781	
	1916-17	2,942	...	2,942	...	...	2,942	
	1917-18	8,364	...	8,364	...	...	8,364	
	1918 19	...	4,84,256	4,84,256	1,04,891	...	3,79,365	
	Total ...	46,444	4,84,256	5,30,700	1,04,891	5,357	4,20,452	
Gurgaon.	Suspension more than three years old ...	1,41,332	...	1,41,332	499	21,750	1,19,083	
	1916-17	2,538	...	2,538	...	...	2,538	
	1917-18	1,75,424	...	1,75,424	2,692	2	1,72,730	
	1918-19	...	8,56,067	8,56,067	7,590	176	8,48,301	
	Total ...	3,19,294	8,56,067	11,75,331	10,781	21,928	11,42,652	
Karnal.	Suspension more than three years old ...	8,603	...	8,603	250	...	8,353	
	1916-17	419	...	419	...	...	419	
	1917-18	1,729	...	1,729	266	...	1,463	
	1918-19	...	66,511	66,511	15,256	...	51,255	
	Total ...	10,751	66,511	77,262	15,772	...	61,490	
Ambala.	Suspension more than three years old ...	447	...	447	...	164	283	
	1916-17	329	...	329	...	...	329	
	1917-18	500	...	500	152	...	348	
	1918-19	...	95,351	95,351	20,635	3,013	71,703	
	Total ...	1,276	95,351	96,627	20,787	3,177	72,663	
Jullundur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...		...	...	...	...	
	1916-17	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1917-18	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1918-19	...	5,760	5,760	...	...	5,760	
	Total ...	...	5,760	5,760	...		5,760	
Lahore.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1916-17	371	...	371	371	...	...	
	1917-18	4,398		4,398	3,220	...	1,178	
	1918-19		850	850	850	...	...	
	Total ...	4,769	850	5,619	4,441	...	1,178	
Amritsar.	Suspension more than three years old ...	174	...	174	98	...	76	
	1916-17	72	...	72	...	...	72	
	1917-18	563	...	563	177	...	386	
	1918-19	...	21,479	21,479	18,719	...	2,760	
	Total ...	809	21,479	22,288	18,994	...	3,294	
Gurdaspur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	17,498	...	17,498	3,113	8,283	6,102	
	1916-17	3,395	...	3,395	784	157	2,454	
	1917-18	32,342	...	32,342	8,609	...	23,733	
	1918-19		1,00,536	1,00,536	26,231	...	74,305	
	Total ...	53,235	1,00,536	1,53,771	38,737	8 440	1,06,594	

STATEMENT No. VI—CONCLUDED.

District.	Year.	Under suspension at the beginning of the year.	Suspended during the year.	Total suspended.	Collected during the year.	Sums under suspension remitted during the year.	Balance under suspension at the close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Sialkot.	Suspension more than three years old ...	403	..	403	47	12	344	
	1916-17	66	...	66	66	...	...	
	1917-18	3,344	...	3,344	2,355	...	989	
	1918-19	...	2,74,261	2,74,261	2,14,508	...	59,753	
	Total ...	3,813	2,74,261	2,78,074	2,16,976	12	61,086	
Gujrat.	Suspension more than three years old ...	775	...	775	78	516	181	
	1916-17	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1917-18	319	..	319	83	...	236	
	1918-19	...	12,102	12,102	6,005	193	5,904	
	Total ...	1,094	12,102	13,196	6,166	709	6,321	
Shahpur.	Suspension more than three years old ...	891	...	891	...	891	...	
	1916-17	150	...	150	150	...	...	
	1917-18	2,187	...	2,187	1,934	...	253	
	1918-19	...	85,973	85,973	11,488	...	74,485	
	Total ...	3,228	85,973	89,201	13,572	891	74,738	
Jhelum.	Suspension more than three years old ...	8,256	...	8,256	1,453	1,057	5,746	
	1916-17	3,470	...	3,470	263	...	3,207	
	1917-18	...	...	...	...	..	...	
	1918-19	...	1,18,894	1,18,894	15,487	134	1,03,273	
	Total ...	11,726	1,18,894	1,30,620	17,203	1,191	1,12,226	
Attock.	Suspension more than three years old ...	3614	...	3,614	...	...	3,614	
	1916-17	2756	...	2,756	...	...	2,756	
	1917-18	254	...	254	...	...	254	
	1918-19	...	67,783	67,783	400	13	67,370	
	Total ...	6,624	67,783	74,407	400	13	73,994	
Mianwali.	Suspension more than three years old ...	...	...		...	..	...	
	1916-17	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1917-18	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1918-19	...	1,363	1,363	...	...	1,363	
	Total ...	...	1,363	1,363	...	...	1,363	
Montgomery.	Suspension more than three years old ...	105	...	105	...	25	80	
	1916-17	64	...	64	...	...	64	
	1917-18	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1918-19	...	85	85	33	...	52	
	Total ...	169	85	254	33	25	196	
D. G. Khan.	Suspension more than three years old ...	1,495	..	1,495	...	1,495	...	
	1916-17	254	...	254	...	254	...	
	1917-18	708	...	708	334	374	...	
	1918-19	...	4,667	4,667	...	945	3,722	
	Total ...	2,457	4,667	7,124	334	3,068	3,722	
Grand Total.	Suspension more than three years old ...	2,18,731	...	2,18,731	5,538	39,550	1,73,643	
	1916-17	16,826	...	16,826	1,634	411	14,781	
	1917-18	2,30,132	...	2,30,132	19,822	376	2,09,934	
	1918-19	...	22,35,568	22,35,568	4,47,880	4,474	17,83,214	
	Total ...	4,65,689	22,35,568	27,01,257	4,74,874	44,811	21,81,572	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 2

STATEMENT SHOWING ALTERATIONS IN THE FIXED LAND

Division.	District.	Demand of the previous year.	Increase.									
			By lapses and resumptions of revenue free lands.	By revision of assessment from regular settlements or otherwise.	By alluvion.	By land released from occupation by Government.	*By territorial transfer.* From districts of the Punjab.	*By territorial transfer.* From foreign states and other Provinces.	By assessment of wastes, formation of new estates, new leases of wells, etc.	By progressive jamas.	Miscellaneous.	Total increase.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar ...	9,65,800	103	...	...	112	...	...	...	...	584	799
	Rohtak ...	16,03,336	429	...	179	...	...	...	58	1,258	1,362	3,286
	Gurgaon ...	15,07,441	77	...	192	...	...	...	...	...	2,661	2,930
	Karnal ...	10,45,817	3,288	...	1,309	...	...	...	...	231	188	5,016
	Ambala ...	7,95,005	45	...	59	20	...	...	...	175	..	299
	Simla ...	19,043	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	8,08,403	30	14,297	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,397
	Hoshiarpur...	16,51,957	57	...	1,356	...	...	...	..	566	16	1,995
	Jullundur ...	17,31,784	331	...	929	67	...	...	...	3,451	...	4,778
	Ludhiana ...	12,26,007	18	...	301	16	...	...	...	1,783	366	2,484
	Ferozepore ...	13,21,444	98	...	938	...	...	..	...	51,060	2,066	54,162
Lahore.	Lahore ...	10,70,350	544	...	2,147	32	...	...	1,508	72,073	594	76,898
	Amritsar ...	13,48,405	325	...	248	...	...	...	...	1,847	1,029	3,449
	Gurdaspur ...	17,27,983	236	...	1,789	9	...	..	...	1,115	118	3,267
	Sialkot ...	15,74,552	1,074	...	1,723	...	...	...	...	9,561	450	12,807
	Gujranwala ...	4,82,650	337	...	67	...	...	...	...	3,824	...	4,228
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	7,85,741	256	...	32	1	...	...	...	10,409	303	11,001
	Shahpur ...	4,73,900	...	...	786	...	...	...	...	1,352	9,067	11,205
	Jhelum ...	7,18,028	11	...	260	...	...	...	...	81	...	352
	Rawalpindi ...	6,35,478	32	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	165	199
	Attock ...	6,19,524	507	...	48	...	...	...	247	992	...	1,794
	Mianwali ...	46,318	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	12
Multan.	Montgomery...	1,66,539	...	...	...	...	...	..	18	4	1	
	Lyallpur ...	11,386	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	
	Jhang ...	2,48,574	40	...	1,640	...	...	...	...	...	553	2,233
	Multan ...	3,00,960	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,014	5,858	9,872
	Muzaffargarh	3,58,152	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	185	...	186
	D. G. Khan...	2,62,412	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	2,35,06,939	7,889	14,297	14,074	257	...	...	1,831	1,63,993	25,433	2,27,724

No. VII.

of the text.)

REVENUE DEMAND FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1918-19.

Decrease.									Total decrease.	Demand of the year under report.	District.	Division.
By grant of land revenue free.	Deductions owing to settlement operations.	Other reductions owing to reduction of assessment, calamities of season, deterioration of estates, farms, etc.	By diluvion.	By land being occupied by the Government.	*By territorial transfer.* To districts of the Punjab.	*By territorial transfer.* To foreign estates and other Provinces.	By redemption of land revenue.	Miscellaneous.				
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
750	...	...	..	19	...	...	...	1,272	2,041	9,64,558	Hissar	Ambala.
1,000	...	...	466	...	...	...	...	1,106	2,572	16,04,050	Rohtak	
750	...	...	663	5	...	...	...	824	2,242	15,08,129	Gurgaon	
...	...	...	872	17	...	...	...	1,006	1,895	10,48,938	Karnal	
...	...	...	126	42	...	...	...	16	184	7,95,120	Ambala	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,043	Simla	
250	...	...	149	2	...	...	...	21	422	8,22,378	Kangra	Jullundur.
742	...	.	4,056	1	...	...	...	...	4,799	16,49,153	Hoshiarpur ...	
475	...	...	3,346	12	...	...	...	114	3,947	17,32,615	Jullundur ...	
250	...	...	1,276	...	...	...	...	1,398	2,924	12,25,567	Ludhiana... ...	
500	...	...	1,080	4	...	...	...	1,333	2,917	13,72,689	Ferozepore ...	
1,750	...	...	6,384	18	...	...	...	2,830	10,932	11,36,316	Lahore	Lahore.
...	...	...	1,006	14	...	...	...	1,095	2,115	13,49,739	Amritsar	
...	...	...	5,614	128	...	...	...	184	5,926	17,25,324	Gurdaspur ...	
...	...	...	2,038	66	...	...	...	437	2,541	15,84,818	Sialkot	
480	...	1,134	...	154	...	...	...	...	1,718	4,85,160	Gujranwala ...	
...	...	...	867	96	...	...	...	250	1,213	7,95,529	Gujrat	Rawalpindi.
...	...	...	2,105	6	...	...	...	624	2,735	4,82,370	Shahpur	
...	...	...	1,691	...	...	...	...	17	1,708	7,16,672	Jhelum	
500	...	...	80	778	...	...	...	4	1,362	6,34,315	Rawalpindi ...	
754	...	...	120	...	...	...	...	...	874	6,20,444	Attock	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46,330	Mianwali ...	
...	...	...	122	7	...	...	...	637	766	1,65,796	Montgomery ...	Multan.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	12	11,376	Lyallpur... ..	
...	...	...	2,737	1	...	...	...	33	2,771	2,48,036	Jhang	
...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	12,508	12,516	2,98,316	Multan	
500	...	2	359	...	...	...	...	...	861	3,57,477	Muzaffargarh ...	
46	...	...	1,415	40	...	...	...	100	1,601	2,60,811	D. G. Khan ...	
8,697	...	1,136	36,530	1,410	...	...	...	25,821	73,594	2,36,61,069	Total.	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraphs 4 and 5

STATEMENT OF COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING AND

Division.	District.	FLUCTUATING SOURCES OF LAND REVENUE.												
		Temporarily excluded from the fixed Land Revenue Roll.	Permanently excluded from the fixed Land Revenue Roll.											
				Fluctuating assessment of canal irrigated lands.				*Fluctuating assessment of other lands.*						
		Total.	Collection from estates held under direct management.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Deputy Commissioners.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by irrigation department.	Water advantage rate assessed by irrigation department.	Total of columns 5, 6 and 7.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by Deputy Commissioners.	Land revenue and malikana assessed by irrigation department.	Revenue on building sites in colony towns.	Total of columns 9, 10 and 11.	Other items.	Total of columns 8, 12 and 13.	Total of columns 3 and 14.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar ...	930	...	...	...	...	...	11,498	...	...	11,498	...	11,498	12,428
	Rohtak ...	1,011	...	...	...	...	...	292	...	...	292	...	292	1,303
	Gurgaon ...	920	...	...	...	...	...	2,870	...	..	2,870	...	2,870	3,790
	Karnal ...	1,002	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,002
	Ambala ...	1,731	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,731
	Simla ...	32	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	446	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	446
	Hoshiarpur	1,248		22,884	...	...	22,884	...	...	...	...	...	22,884	24,132
	Jullundur...	1,600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,600
	Ludhiana ...	2,039	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,039
	Ferozepore	872	...	...	...	36,299	36,299	9,278	..	...	9,278	...	45,577	46,449
Lahore.	Lahore ...	1,977	..	8,424	688	26,294	35,406	8,002	...	...	8,002	...	43,408	45,385
	Amritsar ...	1,831	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,831
	Gurdaspur	2,879	...	...	...	...	...	2,960	...	...	2,960	...	2,960	5,839
	Sialkot ...	5,565	...	1,11,357	...	...	1,11,357	4,320	...	..	4,320	...	1,15,677	1,21,242
	Gujranwala	909	...	1,21,930	17,33,552	...	18,55,482	60,913	1,22,520	...	1,83,433	124	20,39,039	20,39,948
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	1,717	...	...	5,06,616	13,432	5,20,048	11,990	...	...	11,990	...	5,32,038	5,33,755
	Shahpur ...	1,990	...	15,644	15,56,530	...	15,72,174	17,160	...	...	17,160	1,398	15,90,732	15,92,722
	Jhelum ...	800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800
	Rawalpindi	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	123
	Attock ...	306	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	306
	Mianwali ...	224	...	...	...	...	...	2,56,808	...	...	2,56,808	...	2,56,808	2,57,032
Multan.	Montgomery	3,146	...	1,335	7,35,607	1,41,336	8,78,278	38,140	...	...	38,140	139	9,16,557	9,19,703
	Lyallpur ...	8,662	...	...	52,65,242	7,281	52,72,523	6,508	15,278	...	21,786	..	52,94,309	53,02,971
	Jhang ...	1,927	...	1,901	8,98,359	...	9,00,260	1,16,459	...	...	1,16,459	567	10,17,286	10,19,213
	Multan ...	9,075	...	3,27,828	4,00,038	...	7,27,866	1,14,383	...	...	1,14,383	...	8,42,249	8,51,324
	Muzaffargarh	1	...	1,29,197	...	4,843	1,34,040	2,60,708	...	...	2,60,708	29	3,94,777	3,94,778
	D. G. Khan	206	...	64,418	...	...	64,418	66,547	...	...	66,547	24,519	1,55,484	1,55,690
	Total ...	53,169	...	8,04,918	1,10,96,632	2,29,485	1,21,31,035	9,88,836	1,37,798	...	11,26,634	26,776	1,32,84,445	1,33,37,614

No. VIII.

of the text.)

OTHER LAND REVENUE DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1919.

BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING LAND REVENUE			OTHER LAND REVENUE.							DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
Of the year under report.	Of previous year.	Total.	Sale of Government estates which include cultivated lands.	Sale proceeds of waste lands including nazrana.	Recovery of cost of settlement from assignees.	Receipts from quarries and minor mineral products in lands not under the management of the Forest Department and receipts from mines.	Recoveries on account of acreage rate for canal survey and demarcations (land revenue shares).	Rents of lands leased for a single year or harvest.	Tirni		
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.		
59	...	59	...	...	...	2,276	...	7,534	1,588	Hissar ...	AMBALA.
221	2	223	...	...	...	9,227	...	1,728	1,575	Rohtak ...	
721	188	909	28,929	...	...	4,056	...	914	...	Gurgaon ...	
35	178	213	...	...	...	7,578	...	2,992	...	Karnal ..	
407	...	407	515	...	...	458	...	1,583	...	Ambala ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Simla ...	
...	...	...	...	...	10,000	5	...	...	1,095	Kangra ...	JULLUNDUR.
442	...	442	...	...	8	...	...	635	...	Hoshiarpur ...	
...	...	...	1,800	...	2,846	8,086	...	506	...	Jullundur ...	
75	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	110	...	Ludhiana ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1,607	...	Ferozepore ...	
269	175	444	50,863	2,729	...	329	...	7,080	...	Lahore ...	LAHORE.
...	...	...	...	...	...	5,923	...	91	...	Amritsar ...	
64	198	262	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gurdaspur ...	
17	...	17	863	...	...	...	...	335	...	Sialkot ...	
2,254	377	2,631	47,061	7,040	...	4,273	...	1,872	...	Gujranwala ...	
1,283	1,629	2,912	853	4,698	2,366	...	...	363	...	Gujrat ..	RAWALPINDI.
9,370	466	9,836	...	27,131	1,201	2,630	9,840	1,867	...	Shahpur ...	
33	...	33	...	...	...	4,605	...	12	645	Jhelum ...	
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	251	Rawalpindi ...	
37	...	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,627	Attock ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	2,876	...	...	14,463	Mianwali ...	
2,131	...	2,131	1,53,690	19,50,314	...	10	...	4,01,817	16,290	Montgomery...	MULTAN.
...	...	...	4,70,699	1,15,740	...	...	7	...	...	Lyallpur ...	
1	...	1	1,64,281	1,044	...	85	...	1,212	6,668	Jhang ...	
1,720	413	2,133	...	9,51,088	...	56	...	83,785	30,276	Multan ...	
2,600	...	2,600	...	...	...	...	...	25	23,532	Muzaffargarh	
...	...	...	...	33	...	...	...	9,772	6,189	D. G. Khan ...	
21,740	3,626	25,366	9,19,554	30,59,812	17,321	52,478	9,850	5,25,840	1,06,549	TOTAL.	

STATEMENT VIII—CONCLUDED.

(*Vide* paragraphs 4 and 5 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES OF FLUCTUATING AND OTHER LAND REVENUE DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1919—CONCLUDED.

Division.	District.	OTHER LAND REVENUE—CONCLD.				BALANCES OF OTHER LAND REVENUE.			COLLECTIONS DURING CURRENT YEAR ON ACCOUNT OF PREVIOUS YEARS.		District.	Division.
		Haq-ul-Tahsil.	Other items.	Tafsana.	Total.	Of the year under report.	Of previous year.	Total.	On account of fluctuating revenue.	On account of other land revenue.		
1	2	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	2	1
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Ambala.	Hissar ...	432	5,619	301	18,050	104	...	104	683	721	Hissar.	Ambala.
	Rohtak ...	2	8,438	322	21,292	3,552	700	4,252	73	420	Rohtak.	
	Gurgaon ...	116	3,118	13,767	50,900	1,203	264	1,467	98	837	Gurgaon.	
	Karnal ...	2,497	12,903	892	26,862	213	7	220	44	269	Karnal.	
	Ambala ...	4,032	20,351	562	27,501	991	...	991	33	762	Ambala.	
	Simla ...	...	1,726	16	1,742	...	...	...	...	...	Simla.	
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	510	32,370	141	45,021	411	...	411	...	33	Kangra.	Jullundur.
	Hoshiarpur ...	585	23,654	497	25,379	181	...	181	20	411	Hoshiarpur.	
	Jullundur ...	367	16,670	409	30,684	117	56	173	...	2,663	Jullundur.	
	Ludhiana ...	658	15,676	186	16,630	255	...	255	...	80	Ludhiana.	
	Ferozepore ...	2,268	17,619	685	22,182	94	...	94	42	1	Ferozepore.	
Lahore.	Lahore ...	788	21,842	901	84,532	5,132	17	5,149	1,365	563	Lahore.	Lahore.
	Amritsar ...	2,307	10,804	355	19,485	27	1	28	3	48	Amritsar.	
	Gurdaspur ...	716	17,092	801	18,609	308	163	471	140	727	Gurdaspur.	
	Sialkot ...	453	14,008	341	16,000	110	3	113	485	27	Sialkot.	
	Gujranwala ...	3,188	9,854	900	74,188	41,389	848	42,237	2,911	43,545	Gujranwala.	
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	371	13,085	672	22,403	949	326	1,275	1,441	2,836	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
	Shahpur ...	233	32,270	206	75,378	8,035	28,564	36,599	5,520	7,804	Shahpur.	
	Jhelum ...	76	7,236	141	12,715	305	9	314	...	611	Jhelum.	
	Rawalpindi ...	200	8,389	46	8,886	234	...	234	...	4	Rawalpindi.	
	Attock ...	124	24,972	117	28,840	1	...	1	23	48	Attock.	
	Mianwali ...	76	12,019	306	29,740	4,184	17	4,201	695	9,780	Mianwali.	
Multan.	Montgomery ...	197	14,757	716	25,37,791	6,216	61	6,277	2,581	2,022	Montgomery.	Multan.
	Lyallpur ...	20	28,940	384	6,15,790	14	...	14	...	356	Lyallpur.	
	Jhang ...	2	37,202	809	2,11,303	779	20	799	171	2,112	Jhang.	
	Multan ...	49	22,860	2,402	10,90,516	3,099	366	3,465	3,546	4,908	Multan.	
	Muzaffargarh ...	2	30,743	775	55,127	2,198	111	2,309	3,520	1,222	Muzaffargarh.	
	D. G. Khan ...	376	24,979	1,346	42,695	552	5	557	47	1,649	D. G. Khan.	
	TOTAL ...	20,645	4,89,196	28,996	52,30,241	80,653	31,538	1,12,191	28,441	84,459	TOTAL.	

STATEMENT No. IX.

(*Vide* paragraph 3 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF ALLUVION, DILUVION AND DESTRUCTIVE INUNDATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1919.

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 3

STATEMENT OF ALLUVION, DILUVION AND DESTRUCTIVE

Division.	District.	Names of rivers or streams or marshes causing variations.	Alluvion.					
			Area newly assessed during the year (in acres).	Revenue assessed.	Area re-assessed at enhanced rates (in acres).	Additional revenue imposed on that area.	Total of columns 5 and 7.	Net increase (khalsa) collected as fluctuating revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Ambala.	Hissar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rohtak	Jumna	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Gurgaon	Do.	38	7	14	18	25	25
	Karnal	Do.	3,451	245	124	215	460	241
		Streams	148	136	14	14	150	71
		Total ...	3,599	381	138	229	610	312
	Ambala.	Sutlej	540	422	176	224	646	128
		Jumna	1	1	...	...	1	1
		Streams	18	22	...	...	22	3
		Total	559	445	176	224	669	132
	Simla	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra	Beas	4	6	3	4	10	9
		Streams	76	106	...	...	106	45
		Total ..	80	112	3	4	116	54
	Hoshiarpur	Beas	217	319	127	121	440	167
		Sutlej	411	327	230	281	608	508
		Streams	197	16	1	1	17	8
		Cho	284	674	42	97	771	473
		Total ...	1,109	1,336	400	500	1,836	1,156
	Jullundur	Sutlej	1,244	962	624	824	1,786	1,014
	Ludhiana	Do	640	303	1,319	1,476	1,779	1,462
	Ferozepore	Do.	4,643	1,301	1,409	844	2,145	564
Lahore.	Lahore	Ravi	585	397	657	308	705	96
		Sutlej	3,933	1,552	3,156	541	2,093	983
		Total ...	4,518	1,949	3,813	849	2,798	1,079
	Amritsar	Ravi	171	183	119	89	272	165
		Beas	172	137	21	15	152	63
		Total ...	343	320	140	104	424	228
	Gurdaspur	Beas	149	337	2	2	339	173
		Ravi	201	505	107	117	622	280
		Streams	257	575	126	138	713	499
		Total ...	607	1,417	235	257	1,674	952

No. IX.

of the text.)

INUNDATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1919.

Diluvion.						Net increase (*plus*) or decrease (*minus*) to be added to or deducted from fixed land revenue roll for 1919-20.	District.	Division.
Area removed from assessment (in acres).	Reduction of revenue.	Area re-assessed at reduced rates (in acres).	Reduction of assessment on area shown in last column.	Total of columns 11 and 13.	Net decrease (khalsa) remitted.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	2	1
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	Hissar.	Ambala.
10	15	...	...	15	15	−15	Rohtak.	
3	3	...	...	3	3	+22	Gurgaon.	
1,549	201	128	67	268	178	+63	Karnal.	
121	126	98	76	202	125	−54		
1,670	327	226	143	470	303	+9		
109	107	1	2	109	28	+100	Ambala.	
27	31	1	1	32	12	−11		
147	277	...	...	277	200	−197		
283	415	2	3	418	240	−108		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Simla.	
13	21	...	...	21	21	−12	Kangra.	Jullundur.
25	37	...	...	37	9	+36		
38	58	...	...	58	30	+24		
173	340	286	342	682	408	−241	Hoshiarpur.	
298	301	169	106	407	339	+169		
7	8	14	7	15	5	+3		
460	934	31	39	973	616	−143		
938	1,583	500	494	2,077	1,368	−212		
1,016	1,276	379	516	1,792	1,123	−109	Jullundur.	
631	646	...	...	646	333	+1,129	Ludhiana.	
1,208	855	1,576	1,453	2,308	902	−388	Ferozepore.	
360	337	4,199	5,633	5,970	5,209	−5,113	Lahore.	Lahore.
1,551	589	1,710	1,596	2,185	1,070	−87		
1,911	926	5,909	7,229	8,155	6,279	−5,200		
254	397	...	...	397	287	−122	Amritsar.	
129	149	...	...	149	19	+44		
383	546	...	...	546	306	−78		
262	553	47	57	610	485	−312	Gurdaspur.	
768	1,498	8	9	1,507	1,202	−922		
280	689	...	...	689	478	+21		
1,310	2,740	55	66	2,806	2,165	−1,213		

STATEMENT

Division.	District.	Names of rivers or streams or marshes causing variations.	Alluvion.					
			Area newly assessed during the year (in acres).	Revenue assessed.	Area re-assessed at enhanced rates (in acres).	Additional revenue imposed on that area.	Total of columns 5 and 7.	Net increase (khalsa) collected as fluctuating revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Lahore—*concluded.*	Sialkot	Chenab	209	114	188	168	282	282
		Ravi	123	76	143	125	201	201
		Streams	264	479	...		479	477
		Total ...	596	669	281	293	962	960
	Gujranwala	Ravi	...	...	1	2	2	2
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	Jhelum	480	600	204	231	831	344
		Chenab	287	218	862	339	557	322
		Streams	58	85	54	24	109	31
		Total ...	825	903	1,120	594	1,497	697
	Shahpur	Jhelum.	2,587	1,393	994	1,108	2,506	929
		Streams	17	15	5	2	17	15
		Total ...	2,604	1,413	999	1,110	2,523	944
	Jhelum	Jhelum	774	785	969	730	1,515	705
		Streams	46	48	8	7	55	17
		Total ...	820	833	977	737	1,570	722
	Rawalpindi	Streams	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Attock	Do.	37	46	...	1	47	47
	Mianwali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Multan.	Montgomery	Sutlej	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lyallpur	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jhang	Chenab	193	145	78	49	194	141
		Jhelum	2,533	1,360	322	192	1,552	681
		Joint	909	841	285	181	1,022	608
		Total ...	3,635	2,346	635	422	2,768	1,630
	Multan	Ravi	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Muzaffargarh	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dera Ghazi Khan... ...	Indus	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total ...	River	24,495	12,541	12,034	8,204	20,745	10,294
		Chos	284	674	42	97	771	473
		Minor streams	1,118	1,528	208	187	1,715	1,213
		Total ...	25,897	14,743	12,284	8,488	23,231	11,980

No. IX—CONCLUDED.

Diluvion.						Net increase (*plus*) or decrease (*minus*) to be added to or deducted from fixed land revenue roll for 1919-20.	District.	Division.
Area removed from assessment (in acres).	Reduction of revenue.	Area re-assessed at reduced rates (in acres).	Reduction of assessment on area shown in last column.	Total of columns 11 and 13.	Net decrease (khalsa) remitted.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	2	1
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
118	107	...	...	107	103	+179	Sialkot.	Lahore—*concluded.*
200	78	4	8	86	85	+116		
542	834	...	...	834	833	−356		
860	1,019	4	8	1,027	1,021	−61	Total.	
2	2	...	..	2	2	...	Gujranwala.	
1,277	1,637	...	...	1,637	1,140	−796	Gujrat.	Rawalpindi.
862	452	108	165	617	389	−67		
329	386	39	61	447	338	−337		
2,468	2,475	147	226	2,701	1,897	−1,200	Total.	
3,032	3,083	206	296	3,379	1,670	−741	Shahpur.	
13	4	...	...	4	2	+13		
3,045	3,087	206	296	3,383	1,672	−728		
1,473	2,023	...	...	2,023	1,198	−493	Jhelum.	
113	122	...	..	122	84	−67		
1,586	2,145	...	..	2,145	1,282	−560	Total.	
7	10	...	...	10	10	−10	Rawalpindi.	
338	530	...	...	530	530	−483	Attock.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mianwali.	
65	38	...	...	38	38	−38	Montgomery.	Multan.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Lyallpur.	
205	145	81	82	227	169	−28	Jhang.	
2,391	1,954	...	...	1,954	1,279	−398		
879	1,105	...	...	1,105	681	−73		
3,475	3,204	81	82	3,286	2,129	−499	Total.	
...	6	...	...	6	6	−6	Multan.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Muzaffargarh.	
196	6	...		6	6	−6	Dera Ghazi Khan.	
19,061	17,955	8,903	10,333	28,288	18,400	−8,106	Grand Total.	
460	934	31	39	973	616	−143		
1,922	3,023	151	144	3,167	2,644	−1,431		
21,443	21,912	9,085	10,516	32,428	21,660	−9,680		

STATEMENT No. X.

(*Vide* paragraph 6 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF LAND REVENUE ASSIGNMENTS FOR THE AGRICULTURAL YEAR ENDING RABI 1919.

Division.	District.	Total land revenue assessable and assessed.	Total area and revenue assigned.					Percentage of column 8 over column 3.	Distribution of area and jama shown in columns 4 and 8.					
			Area.	Jama.					*In perpetuity.*		*In life or lives.*		*For term of settlement.*	
				Assigned for the maintenance of public servants.	Assigned for other public or *quasi* public purposes.	Assigned for private benefit.	Total of columns 5, 6 and 7.		Area.	Jama.	Area.	Jama.	Area.	Jama.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	10,21,165	59,513	13,500	842	27,129	41,471	4·06	51,111	36,561	8,402	4,910	...	...
	Rohtak	16,42,287	10,318	22,338	1,755	12,595	36,688	2·2	7,554	32,224	2,745	4,396	19	68
	Gurgaon	16,02,183	26,863	23,244	8,786	24,241	56,271	·3·5	26,754	54,092	47	2,044	62	135
	Karnal	13,53,483	480,918	15,460	22,538	2,88,559	3,26,557	24·07	478,973	3,24,091	1,334	1,462	611	1,004
	Ambala	12,75,110	544,708	6,930	17,379	5,19,892	5,44,201	42·68	539,573	5,38,381	2,268	2,978	2,867	2,842
	Simla	20,576	1,607	...	...	1,544	1,544	7·5	1,601	1,539	...	...	6	5
Jullundur.	Kangra	10,56,685	359,811	12,145	72,875	1,51,484	2,36,504	22·38	347,681	2,19,254	11,302	15,870	828	1,380
	Hoshiarpur	17,40,874	14,543	21,021	21,369	83,525	1,25,915	7·2	11,890	99,323	2,248	25,885	405	707
	Jullundur	13,43,170	58,650	24,763	54,561	24,671	1,03,995	5·6	53,139	90,604	1,630	5,799	3,881	7,592
	Ludhiana	14,71,166	168,891	15,455	17,263	2,35,955	2,68,673	18·2	165,950	2,58,276	677	5,930	2,264	4,467
	Ferozepore	16,18,437	535,379	23,665	19,935	2,79,278	322,878	19·95	529,130	3,16,982	4,835	4,146	1,414	1,750
Lahore.	Lahore	13,13,858	146,418	19,967	51,221	63,289	1,34,477	10·23	131,492	1,12,359	13,186	17,409	1,740	4,709
	Amritsar	15,69,613	123,313	19,896	35,894	1,59,575	2,15,365	13·7	115,847	1,91,389	2,435	14,202	5,031	9,774
	Gurdaspur	18,43,896	43,236	28,545	36,153	46,616	1,11,314	6·03	38,167	76,184	3,700	32,143	1,369	2,987
	Sialkot	19,73,098	35,095	32,347	24,375	22,287	79,009	4	30,960	73,260	4,135	5,749	...	...
	Gujranwala	27,55,460	306,105	21,501	23,633	1,80,926	2,26,060	8·2	296,715	1,94,024	9,155	31,283	235	753
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	13,91,630	62,037	19,703	44,795	6,097	70,595	5·1	56,651	62,704	4,547	6,518	839	1,373
	Shahpur	21,43,639	132,006	20,367	6,737	32,315	59,419	2·7	87,390	51,312	44,580	8,097	36	10
	Jhelum	7,54,817	16,315	12,960	3,716	26,919	43,595	5·78	15,126	34,195	1,150	9,342	39	58
	Rawalpindi	6,72,782	31,471	9,445	4,358	22,617	36,420	5	27,568	21,063	3,705	15,041	198	316
	Attock	6,73,562	352,018	13,285	5,292	32,209	50,786	7·3	343,372	31,656	8,630	19,015	16	115
	Mianwali	3,32,565	104,655	8,920	1,142	19,805	29,867	8·9	104,236	20,072	167	798	252	8,997
Multan.	Montgomery	36,60,958	57,460	7,525	4,288	13,914	25,727	·7	50,441	15,225	7,012	2,974	7	7,528
	Lyallpur	52,10,634	2,254	16,940	743	21,729	39,412	·7	1,171	14,139	1,083	25,273	...	...
	Jhang	12,89,769	11,514	11,614	4,777	5,489	21,880	1·69	11,070	6,216	314	2,339	130	13,325
	Multan	16,19,736	25,128	16,085	11,087	14,142	41,314	2·55	22,625	15,464	2,503	9,765	...	16,085
	Muzaffargarh	7,75,348	4,697	13,628	1,971	2,317	17,916	2·30	4,336	16,911	10	722	351	283
	Dera Ghazi Khan	4,86,716	902,941	7,103	69,566	10,914	87,583	18	44,944	24,907	14,147	7,096	843,850	55,580
	Total ...	4,31,16,267	4,617,834	4,58,352	5,67,051	23,30,033	33,55,436	7·78	3,595,467	29,32,407	155,947	2,81,186	866,450	1,41,843

STATEMENT No. XI.

(*Vide* paragraph 7 of the text.)

COERCIVE PROCESSES FOR THE COLLECTION OF LAND REVENUE I AGAINST, II FOR LAMBARDARS.

District.		Writs, Section 69.	NUMBER OF PROCESSES.													Amount of arrears for the realization of which processes issued.	Amount of arrears actually realized through issue of processes.
			For arrest, Section 69 (2).		For imprisonment, Section 69 (3).		Movable property.				For direct management, farm or transfer, Sections 71 and 72.		For attachment of immovables, Sections 75 and 77.		Total number of processes.		
							For distress, Section 70.		For sale, Section 70.								
		Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
																Rs.	Rs.
Hissar ..	Against lambardars	1	15	2	..	..	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	12,372	8,253
	For lambardars ...	64	6	.	...	...	10	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	80	2,044	1,681
Rohtak ..	Against lambardars	8	15	15	...	...	2	..	...	...	....	...	.	..	25	6,433	6,043
	For lambardars ...	123	16	13	...	...	23	9	2	2	...	...	...	...	164	2,410	2,202
Gurgaon ..	Against lambardars	54	83	5	...	...	24	5	7	1	...	...	...	...	168	30,705	30,144
	For lambardars	58	25	2	.	..	11	1	2	...	..	...	...	...	96	1,702	1,400
Karnal ...	Against lambardars	45	221	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	271	48,975	48,607
	For lambardars ...	123	10	...	...	...	20	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	154	1,515	1,402
Ambala ...	Against lambardars	51	47	5	...	...	7	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	108	14,023	14,023
	For lambardars ...	214	18	2	...	...	45	8	3	1	...	...	...	...	280	3,654	3,567
Simla ..	Against lambardars	...	...	...	...		...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For lambardars ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	....	...	.	...	...	...	...
Kangra ..	Against lambardars	13	3	...	...	...	3	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	19	2,753	2,753
	For lambardars ...	83	4	...	...	...	6	...	...		.	...	..	...	93	1,214	1,214
Hoshiarpur...	Against lambardars	124	17	...	...	..	3	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	144	32,283	32,283
	For lambardars ...	126	8	...	...	...	10	5	5	3	...	...	...	...	149	2,398	2,051
Jullundur .	Against lambardars	1	15	...	...	...	3	...	.	..	...	...	...	...	19	3,402	3,402
	For lambardars ...	162	21	.	...	...	36	12	7	...	...	...	...	...	226	3,013	2,947
Ludhiana ...	Against lambardars	24	7	...	...	...	5	3	1	1	..	..	2	2	39	5,745	5,513
	For lambardars ...	17	4	..	...		9	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	30	3,334	3,182
Ferozepore ...	Against lambardars	60	20	12	...	...	10	9	2	2	...	...	1	1	93	6,597	6,569
	For lambardars ...	202	74	26	.	...	24	4	2	...	...	..	...	...	302	4,782	4,260
Lahore ...	Against lambardars	56	143	142	...	..	10	10	...	..	...	...	...	...	209	48,878	48,789
	For lambardars ...	265	127	110	...	...	35	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	427	11,073	10,285
Amritsar ...	Against lambardars	4	40	...	...	.	5	..	...	...	...	...	...	....	49	14,521	14,521
	For lambardars ...	9	15	..	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	3,247	3,233
Gurdaspur ...	Against lambardars	5	50	50	...	...	9	9	...	...	...	...	.	...	64	14,245	13,656
	For lambardars ...	298	106	106	...	...	40	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	444	9,788	9,239

STATEMENT No. XI—CONCLUDED.

DISTRICT.		NUMBER OF PROCESSES.													Amount of arrears for the realization of which processes issued.	Amount of arrears actually realized through issue of processes.
		Writs, Section 68.	*For arrest, Section 69 (2).*		*For imprisonment, Section 69 (3).*		MOVEABLE PROPERTY. *For distress, Section 70.*		MOVEABLE PROPERTY. *For sale, Section 7.*		*For direct management, farm or transfer, Sections 71 and 72.*		*For attachment of immovables, Sections 75 and 77.*		Total number of processes.		
			Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.	Issued.	Executed.			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	16
																Rs.	Rs.
Sialkot ...	Against lambardars	5	36	36	..	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	..	...	44	18,223	18,223
	For lambardars ...	28	3	3		...	16	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	1,519	677
Gujranwala...	Against lambardars	93	126	84	...	...	72	68	...	...	...	...	1	1	292	53,012	51,142
	For lambardars ...	117	66	65	...	...	188	184	...	...	...	...	...	...	371	25,534	24,601
Gujrat ...	Against lambardars	48	38	...	...	...	13	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	99	10,951	10,327
	For lambardars ...	236	7	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	262	3,477	2,729
Shahpur ...	Against lambardars	16	25	16	...	...	20	15	1	..	...	...		...	62	9,255	8,739
	For lambardars ...	68	36	22	..		67	50	11	3	...	...	...	...	182	18,171	9,966
Jhelum ...	Against lambardars	9	13	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	..	...	25	5,652	5,652
	For lambardars ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	16	16
Rawalpindi ...	Against lambardars	...	8	8	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	514	514
	For lambardars ...	25	6	5	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	83	76
Attock ...	Against lambardars	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	15	4,030	4,030
	For lambardars ...	32	6	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	546	546
Mianwali ...	Against lambardars	8	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	62	18,246	18,246
	For lambardars ...	76	63	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	144	1,372	933
Montgomery	Against lambardars	106	21	1	...	...	10	2	...	...	...	...	...	..	137	14,230	13,092
	For lambardars ...	231	49	...	...	..	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	286	8,609	7,594
Lyallpur ...	Against lambardars	17	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	29,225	29,225
	For lambardars ...	120	14	10	...	...	46	43	...	...	..	...	...	...	180	8,015	5,863
Jhang ...	Against lambardars	196	142	142	...	...	15	8	3	2	...	...	...	...	356	72,066	72,001
	For lambardars ...	225	108	108	...	...	21	3	...	...	...	...	..	...	354	26,822	26,717
Multan ...	Against lambardars	81	123	118	...	...	14	13	3	3	...	...	..	...	221	14,254	11,674
	For lambardars ...	888	287	261		...	50	35	5	3	...	...	...	...	1,230	20,278	18,856
Muzaffargarh	Against lambardars	37	264	212	..	...	22	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	323	59,749	49,159
	For lambardars	105	57	30	...	...	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	167	2,280	2,268
D. G. Khan	Against lambardars	233	156	73	...	3	24	23	2	...	...	...	...	...	413	56,626	56,626
	For lambardars ...	373	81	63	...	...	40	28	3	...	...	...	...	...	497	2,760	2,668
Total ...	Against lambardars	1,302	1,695	927	...	3	285	178	23	10		..	4	4	3,809	8,06,975	5,93,216
	For lambardars ...	4,269	1,217	826	5	...	756	482	41	12	...	...	...	...	6,288	1,64,646	1,50,168
TOTAL ...		5,571	2,912	1,753	5	3	1,041	660	64	22	...	...	4	4	9,597	7,71,621	7,33,384

STATEMENT No. XII.

(*Vide* paragraph 9 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN RE-MEASUREMENT AND ATTESTATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1919.

1			2	3	4	5	6
Details.			Ambala.	Lyallpur.	Multan.	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Total.
Total number of villages under settlement ...		No.	1,800	27	1,362	841	4,030
Total area under settlement		Acres.	1,195,284	30,743	3,075,288	3,475,059	7,776,374
Area remeasured ...	In previous years ...	,,	1,195,284	...	791,646	2,866,968	4,853,898
	During the year ...	,,	...	15,100	1,210,215	548,925	1,774,240
	Total to date ...	,,	1,195,284	15,100	2,001,861	3,415,893	6,628,138
Villages of which the maps have been completed.	In previous years ...	No.	1,800	...	886	645	2,831
	During the year ...	,,	...	15	670	183	868
	Total to date ...	,,	1,800	15	1,056	828	3,699
Villages of which the records have been completed and finally attested.	In previous years ...	,,	1,800	...	300	550	2,650
	During the year ...	,,	...	...	725	252	977
	Total to date ...	,,	1,800	...	1,025	802	3,627

STATEMENT No. XIII.

(*Vide* paragraphs 9 and 11 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING PROGRESS MADE IN RE-ASSESSMENT DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1919.

1			2	3	4	5	6
Details.			Ambala.	Kangra.	Multan.	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Total.
Area under assessment.	Total area	Acres	1,195,284	878,854	3,075,288	3,475,059	8,624,485
	Area of which assessments have been sanctioned in previous years	„	456,425	547,059	...	...	1,003,484
	Area of which assessments have been sanctioned during the current year	„	442,692	331,795	...	1,613,089	2,387,576
	Area still to be assessed	„	296,167	...	3,075,288	1,861,970	5,233,425
Assessment sanctioned during the year.	Previous assessments	Rs.	4,15,104	1,36,691	...	3,07,958	8,59,753
	New assessments as sanctioned	„	5,15,731	1,51,002	...	4,09,265	10,75,998
	Total increase of assessment	„	1,00,627	14,311	....	1,01,307	2,16,245
	Increase per cent.	„	24·24	10·4	...	33·	25
Villages of which assessment has been announced.	During the year—						
	Number of villages	No.	618	847	...	409	1,874
	Total area	Acres.	442,692	331,795	...	1,519,419	2,293,906
	Total new assessments	Rs.	5,15,731	1,51,002	...	4,09,263	10,75,996
	Total to date—						
	No. of villages	No.	1,400	3,027	...	409	4,836
	Total area	Acres.	899,117	878,854	...	1,519,419	3,297,390
	Total new assessment	Rs.	11,50,007	5,49,292	...	4,09,263	21,08,562
Assessment Reports.	Total due	No.	5	3	5	4	17
	Previously submitted by Settlement Officer	„	4	...	...	2	6
	Submitted by Settlement Officer during the year	„	1	...	2	2	5
	Sanctioned by Government	„	4	3	...	2	9
	Still due to Government	„	1	...	5	...	6
Result of re-assessment operations.	Increase of assessment as announced to date	Rs.	2,47,271	67,750	...	1,01,305	4,16,326
	Percentage of increase	„	27·39	14·	...	33·	24
	Increase of assessment for the whole area under settlement	„	...	...	...	...	...
	As now estimated	„	...	67,750	...	1,75,132	2,42,882
	As estimated in the forecast report	„	3,47,431	30,074	5,03,000	1,29,000	10,09,505

STATEMENT No. XIV.

(*Vide* paragraph 11 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING DURATION AND COST OF SETTLEMENT OPERATIONS.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7
Details.		Ambala.	Kangra.	Lyallpur.	Multan.	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Total.
Date on which settlement operations commenced ...		October 1915	December 1913	June 1919	October 1917	October 1916	...
Probable or actual date of completion of—	Measurement ...	December 1917	September 1918	...	June 1920	June 1919	..
	Revision of records ...	September 1918	November 1918	...	September 1920	March 1920	...
	Re-assessment ...	September 1919	October 1918	...	March 1921	March 1920	...
	Settlement operations ...	March 1920	December 1918	...	September 1921	September 1920	...
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total cost of settlement operations deducting expenditure on ordinary district staff.	During the year ...	72,511	20,078	1,277	1,56,606	90,953	3,41,425
	Total to date ...	3,45,083	4,78,504	1,277	2,44,012	2,91,283	13,60,159
	Now estimated for the whole operation of the settlement.	3,76,000	...	...	4,92,320	4,19,755	12,88,075
	As estimated in the forecast report.	5,11,269	3,48,294	...	4,92,320	4,19,755	17,71,638

STATEMENT No. XV.

(*Vide* paragraph 18 of the text.)

ENHANCEMENT OR REDUCTION OF CASH RENTS OF TENANTS WITH A RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1919.

1	2	3	4	5	6
		Number of decided suits under section 24 of Punjab Tenancy Act, 1887			
Division.	District.	In which enhancement of rent was asked for.	In which enhancement of rent was granted	In which reduction of rent was asked for.	In which reduction of rent was granted.
Ambala	Hissar	1	1	3	...
	Rohtak	71	63	...	...
	Gurgaon	10	7	...	...
	Karnal	...	...	...	...
	Ambala	35	21	...	...
	Simla	...	...	...	...
Jullundur	Kangra	6	2	1	
	Hoshiarpur	135	110	1	...
	Jullundur	149	143	...	...
	Ludhiana	3	1	...	...
	Ferozepore	47	38	...	...
Lahore	Lahore	27	26	...	...
	Amritsar	9	5	...	...
	Gurdaspur	74	68	1	
	Sialkot	28	28	...	...
	Gujranwala	11	6	...	...
Rawalpindi	Gujrat	51	42	...	...
	Shahpur	1	1	...	...
	Jhelum	10	5	...	...
	Rawalpindi	1	...	...	...
	Attock	11	3	...	...
	Mianwali	1	...	...	...
	Total ...	681	570	6	2

STATEMENT No. XVI.

(*Vide* paragraph 19 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING EJECTMENT PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE TENANCY ACT DURING THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1919.

Division.	District.	Tenants with right of occupancy.					Tenants without right of occupancy.					
		Number of decrees for ejectment under section 39.	Number of applications under sections 43 and 42 (a).	Number of ejectments ordered under section 44 (1).	Number of ejectments ordered under section 44 (2).	*Ejectments actually made under order or process of a Revenue Court or officer.* Number of cases.	*Number of decrees for ejectment.* Under sections 40 and 45 (6).	Number of applications under sections 43 and 42 (b).	Number of notices issued under section 45 (4).	Number of ejectment ordered under section 45 (5).	*Ejectments actually made under order or process of a Revenue Court or officer.* Number of cases.	Number of suits to contest liability to ejectment decided in tenant's favour.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Ambala.	Hissar	...	6	21	...	...	288	1,037	3,075	641	337	31
	Rohtak	...	...	...	...	..	80	155	294	60	57	8
	Gurgaon	...	2	1	1	1	52	270	731	251	320	8
	Karnal	...	...	...	...	...	16	142	288	67	83	8
	Ambala	...	...	...	...	...	...	111	259	74	48	10
	Simla	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...
Jullundur.	Kangra	1	4	7	...	1	30	399	502	178	62	59
	Hoshiarpur	...	11	11	...	...	69	334	701	162	147	18
	Jullundur	...	16	27	12	12	13	124	384	94	40	11
	Ludhiana	2	...	...	...	...	1	83	143	26	32	4
	Ferozepore	...	2	2	2	...	161	162	458	285	125	30
Lahore.	Lahore	...	...	...	...	...	59	312	603	111	77	24
	Amritsar		1	4	...	...	92	270	501	112	134	8
	Gurdaspur	...	...	1	1	...	94	436	1,050	106	1	42
	Sialkot	...	...	...	...	...	226	300	523	100	326	11
	Gujranwala	...	...	...	...	...	16	229	580	116	60	...
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	...	...	..	...	...	16	142	375	81	2	16
	Shahpur	...	...	...	...	...	29	46	147	36	29	...
	Jhelum	...	...	1	...	...	35	107	188	66	79	6
	Rawalpindi	...	...	...	...	...	75	50	121	8	67	21
	Attock	...	1	...	...	...	71	154	206	30	30	4
	Mianwali	...	...	...	...	...	69	133	295	32	11	5
Multan.	Montgomery	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	11	...	...	...
	Lyallpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	47	9	11	...
	Jhang	...	...	...	...	...	7	103	215	5	5	2
	Multan	...	2	1	1	1	...	264	500	70	31	...
	Muzaffargarh	...	...	...	...	...	42	267	528	156	115	14
	D. G. Khan	...	...	...	...	...	25	164	675	119	29	18
	TOTAL	11	45	76	17	15	1,566	5,844	13,461	2,946	2,838	358

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 24

STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENTS, COLLECTIONS AND OUTSTANDINGS

Division.	District.	State of Loans account, principal.					Recovery of principal.					
		Balance outstanding on 1st October=column 6 of last year's statement.	Amount advanced during the year.	Amount collected or written-off during the year (= column 11 + 12).	Balance outstanding at the close of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount falling due during the year out of columns 3 and 4, principal only.	Demand on account of arrears of principal (column 13 of last year's statement).	Total demand, principal only.	Total collections, principal only.	Amount of principal written-off as irrecoverable during the year.	Arrears of principal overdue on September 30th.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar ...	11,941	500	1,574	10,867	...	1,614	...	1,614	1,574	...	40
	Rohtak ...	11,526	6,695	988	17,233	...	1,737	8	1,745	988	...	757
	Gurgaon ...	1,38,268	20,550	15,263	1,43,555	269	15,256	222	15,478	15,263	...	215
	Karnal ...	8,051	1,100	1,390	7,761	...	1,406	36	1,442	1,390	...	52
	Ambala ...	2,308	1,450	700	3,058	...	684	16	700	700	...	...
Jullundur.	Hoshiarpur ...	1,022	2,950	415	3,557	...	415	...	415	415	...	...
	Jullundur ...	75,223	7,000	11,319	70,904	...	11,368	...	11,368	11,319	...	49
	Ludhiana ...	6,183	2,100	2,112	6,171	...	2,112	...	2,112	2,112	...	...
	Ferozepore ...	1,76,207	2,900	27,479	1,51,628	...	27,001	478	27,479	27,479	...	...
Lahore.	Lahore ...	11,307	1,250	2,108	10,449	...	1,976	175	2,151	2,108	...	43
	Amritsar ...	17,225	3,850	5,062	16,013	...	5,019	43	5,062	5,062	...	...
	Gurdaspur ...	31,366	3,700	5,008	30,058	...	4,669	359	5,028	5,008	...	20
	Sialkot ...	70,366	11,250	15,389	66,227	...	15,369	44	15,413	15,389	...	24
	Gujranwala ...	36,935	28,150	4,777	60,308	...	3,365	1,441	4,806	4,777	...	29
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	24,732	1,900	3,676	22,956	...	3,871	98	3,969	3,328	348	293
	Shahpur ...	18,992	3,800	4,012	18,780	...	3,876	283	4,159	4,012	...	147
	Jhelum ...	25,034	1,250	2,696	23,588	...	2,723	16	2,739	2,696		43
	Rawalpindi ...	17,489	...	3,759	13,730	...	3,747	127	3,874	3,759	...	115
	Attock ...	65,235	1,950	19,875	47,310	586	18,550	1,325	19,875	19,875	...	...
	Mianwali ...	77,110	11,860	7,085	81,885	48	8,781	242	9,023	7,085	...	1,933
Multan.	Montgomery ...	60,602	36,600	11,361	85,841	25	10,262	1,197	11,459	11,361	...	98
	Lyallpur ...	594	...	124	470	...	124	...	124	124	...	...
	Jhang ...	2,902	...	766	2,136	...	766	...	766	766	...	...
	Multan ...	2,27,720	16,050	48,948	1,94,822	...	43,120	8,615	51,735	48,948	...	2,787
	Muzaffargarh ...	70,315	11,660	17,594	64,381	...	17,906	2,426	20,332	17,594	...	2,738
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	11,349	3,280	2,836	11,793	...	2,803	52	2,855	2 836	...	19
	Total ...	12,00,002	1,81,795	2,16,316	11,65,481	928	2,0[illegible]520	17,203	2,25,723	2,15,[illegible]68	348	9,407

No. XVII.

of the text.)

ON ACCOUNT OF THE LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT (XIX OF 1883).

Recovery of interest.									
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at the commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Total collections, interest only.	Amount of interest written-off as irrecoverable during the year.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Rate of interest recovered on mean of loans outstanding at commencement and close of the year, i.e., columns 17 × 10 / column 6 + column 8 + column 6 / 2	District.	Division.
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Re. A. P.		
...	753	753	734	...	...	19	6 7 0	Hissar	Ambala.
...	683	683	508	..	...	175	3 8 0	Rohtak	
40	7,482	7,522	7,447	...	28	47	5 4 7	Gurgaon	
4	556	560	560	...	...	2	7 1 4	Karnal	
4	136	140	140	...	...	..	5 3 6	Ambala	
...	35	35	35	...	...	...	1 8 5	Hoshiarpur	Jullundur.
...	5,618	5,618	5,602		...	16	7 10 8	Jullundur	
...	417	417	417	...	...	...	6 12 0	Ludhiana	
178	10,900	11,078	11,078	...	...	...	6 12 2	Ferozepore	
491	958	1,449	1,368	...	...	81	12 7 5	Lahore	Lahore.
...	1,316	1,316	1,316	...	...	...	7 14 8	Amritsar	
113	2,122	2,235	2,234		...	1	7 4 4	Gurdaspur	
47	9,620	9,667	9,666	...	...	1	14 2 5	Sialkot	
313	78	391	388	...	...	3	0 12 9	Gujranwala	
39	1,643	1,682	1,588	...	...	94	6 10 7	Gujrat	Rawalpindi.
116	1,360	1,476	1,448	...	...	28	7 10 8	Shahpur	
17	1,777	1,794	1,773	...	...	21	7 4 8	Jhelum	
58	1,079	1,132	1,101	...	...	31	7 0 10	Rawalpindi	
173	4,077	4,250	4,250	...	...	...	7 8 10	Attock	
128	4,503	4,631	3,140	...	81	1,410	3 15 2	Mianwali	
337	3,710	4,047	3,977	...	40	30	5 6 10	Montgomery	Multan.
...	38	38	38	...	...	...	7 2 5	Lyallpur	
...	149	149	149	...	...	...	5 14 9	Jhang	
3,284	15,164	18,448	17,475	...	...	973	8 4 0	Multan	
407	4,167	4,574	3,847	...	...	727	5 11 5	Muzaffargarh	
23	747	770	767	...	...	3	6 10 0	D. G. Khan	
5,767	79,088	84,855	81,046	...	149	3,662	6 13 8	Total ...	

STATEMENT

(*Vide* paragraph 25

STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENTS, COLLECTIONS AND OUTSTANDINGS

Division.	District.	State of Loans Account.					Recovery of			
		Balance outstanding on 1st October (column 6 of last year's statement).	Amount advanced during the year.	Amount collected or written-off during the year (columns 11 + 12).	Balance outstanding at the close of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount falling due during the year out of columns 3 and 4, principal only.	Demand on account of arrears of principal (column 13 of last year's statement).	Total demands, principal only.	Total collections, principal only.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ambala.	Hissar	6,595	54,310	6,511	54,694	...	6,498	64	6,562	6,511
	Rohtak	11,162	84,250	24,999	70,413	1,011	23,609	1,569	25,178	24,999
	Gurgaon	79,144	1,40,000	63,259	1,55,885	36,789	68,116	2,694	70,810	63,259
	Karnal	4,632	10,948	5,077	10,503	...	4,987	90	5,077	5,077
	Ambala	334	1,200	342	1,192	...	342	...	342	342
Jullundur.	Kangra	2,575	90	758	1,907	...	758	...	758	758
	Hoshiarpur ...	...	797	797	..	...	797	...	797	797
	Ludhiana... ...	120	5,500	5,239	381	...	5,230	9	5,239	5,239
	Ferozepore ..	...	2,000	102	1,898	...	102	...	102	102
Lahore.	Lahore	15,057	850	11,920	3,987	...	8,882	3,067	11,949	11,920
	Amritsar	3,451	10,160	2,614	10,997	...	2,614	36	2,650	2,614
	Gurdaspur ..	10,886	22,626	10,384	23,128	286	9,219	1,638	10,857	10,384
	Sialkot	370	45,060	31,070	14,360	...	31,100	...	31,100	31,070
	Gujranwala ...	1,696	200	1,064	832	...	704	403	1,107	1,064
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	5,147	13,560	10,962	7,745	2,180	8,754	2,531	11,285	8,504
	Shahpur	659	19,630	3,081	17,208	...	2,853	228	3,081	3,081
	Jhelum	2,530	36,212	12,667	26,075	...	12,662	77	12,739	12,667
	Rawalpindi ...	46	...	46	...	...	46	...	46	46
	Attock	5,939	43,345	8,528	40,756	230	8,128	400	8,528	8,528
	Mianwali	31,493	41,195	30,958	41,730	325	31,893	2,652	34,545	30,958
Multan.	Montgomery ...	58,255	61,730	52,686	67,299	...	47,891	6,990	54,881	52,636
	Jhang	584	200	638	146	...	658	...	658	638
	Multan	5,683	1,00,780	14,820	91,643	...	13,367	2,003	15,370	14,820
	Muzaffargarh ...	53,000	1,35,240	51,266	1,36,974	...	53,246	7,226	60,472	51,266
	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	41,076	65,810	29,600	77,286	8,866	32,125	7,810	39,935	29,600
	Total ...	3,40,734	8,95,693	3,79,388	8,57,039	49,687	3,74,581	39,487	4,14,068	3,76,390

No. XVIII.

of the text).

ON ACCOUNT OF THE AGRICULTUISTS' LOANS ACT (XII OF 1884).

Principal.			Recovery of Interest.							District.	Division
Amount of principal written-off as irrecoverable during the year.	Arrears of principal overdue on September 30th.	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Total collections, interest only.	Amount of interest written-off as irrecoverable during the year.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at end of the year.	Rate of interest recovered on mean of loans outstanding at commencement and close of the year, *i.e.* columns 17 × 10 / column 3 + column 2		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A P.		
...	51	2	248	250	247	...	...	3	0 12 10	Hisar	Ambala.
...	179	93	324	417	269	..	33	115	0 10 6	Rohtak	
...	7,551	159	3,661	3,820	1,912	...	1,518	390	1 10 0	Gurgaon ...	
...	...	6	242	248	248	...	...	...	3 4 5	Karnal	
...	...	...	22	22	22	...	...	..	2 14 2	Ambala	
...	...	...	71	71	71	...	...	...	3 2 8	Kangra	Jullundur.
...	...	...	25	25	25	...	...	...	...	Hoshiarpur	
...	...	...	60	60	60	...	...	...	23 14 8	Ludhiana	
...	...	...	50	50	50	...	...	...	5 4 3	Ferozepore	
...	29	227	667	894	893	...	...	1	9 6 6	Lahore	Lahore.
...	36	1	196	197	192	...	...	5	2 10 6	Amritsar	
...	473	100	453	553	502	...	...	51	2 15 2	Gurdaspur	
...	30	...	561	561	527	...	..	34	7 2 6	Sialkot ...	
...	43	30	50	80	78	...	...	2	6 4 0	Gujranwala ...	
2,458	323	2	423	425	337	...	20	68	5 3 8	Gujrat	Rawalpindi.
...	...	17	19	36	36	...	...	...	...	Shahpur	
...	72	10	99	109	106	...	...	3	0 11 10	Jhelum	
...	...	...	2	2	2	...			8 11 2	Rawalpindi	
...	...	4	277	281	281	...	...	...	1 3 3	Attock	
...	3,587	162	3,055	3,217	2,882	...	33	302	7 15 8	Mianwali	
...	2,195	519	3,101	3,620	3,440			180	5 7 8	Montgomery ...	Multan.
...	20	...	38	38	36	...	..	2	9 3 9	Jhang	
...	550	68	490	558	536	...	...	23	1 10 0	Multan ...	
...	9,206	397	3,792	4,189	3,384	...	...	805	3 9 0	Muzaffargarh ...	
...	10,335	612	1,916	2,528	1,791	...	652	85	3 0 5	Dera Ghazi Khan ...	
2,458	34,680	2,409	19,842	22,251	17,927	...	2,256	2,068	2 15 11		

STATEMENT No. XIX.

(*Vide* paragraph 24 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF REMISSION ORDERS AND CERTIFICATES OF EXEMPTION GRANTED FOR IRRIGATION WORKS FOR THE YEAR ENDING RABI 1919.

Division.	District.	Number of wells fallen out of use for which remissions have been granted during the year.	Number of certificates granted during the year.	Number of Irrigation Works constructed during the year.						Remarks.
				New wells.		*Old wells repaired.*		*Dams, reservoirs and cuts from rivers and marshes*		
				At private expense.	From takavi advances.	At private expense.	From takavi advances.	At private expense.	From takavi advances.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Ambala.	Rohtak	17	2	79	5	2	...	...	...	
	Gurgaon	8		55	21	7	2	8	...	
	Karnal	...	...	39	...	62	...	...	...	
	Ambala	...	...	23	...	99	...	...	...	
Jullundur.	Hoshiarpur	...	...	262	6	94	...	...	...	
	Jullundur	...	...	312	5	29	...	...	...	
	Ludhiana	...	...	135	3	12	...	...	...	
	Ferozepore	...	...	113	1	3	...	...	...	
Lahore.	Lahore	4	4	94	1	56	...	...	...	
	Amritsar	15	..	37	8	27	..	1	...	
	Gurdaspur	...	...	64	5	45	...	...	...	
	Sialkot	1	1	312	31	16	...	...	...	
	Gujranwala	71	70	151	11	2	...	...	...	
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	...	1	124	2	...	...	...	...	
	Shahpur	3	3	43	2	9	...	...	...	
	Jhelum	...	...	59	...	7	...	...	...	
	Rawalpindi	...	...	18	...	1	...	...	...	
	Attock	...	...	67	5	...	...	6	2	
	Mianwali	...	47	50	29	7	..	...	2	
Multan.	Montgomery	18	25	19	5	1	...	...	...	
	Lyallpur	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Jhang	5	101	90	...	11	...	...	...	
	Multan	828	215	188	20	7	..	...	...	
	Muzaffargarh	..	86	119	11	7	1	...	...	
	Dera Ghazi Khan	...	757	79	1	83	2	...	...	
	Total	970	1,326	2,532	172	587	5	15	4	

STATEMENT No. XX.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 and 25 of the text.)

ACCOUNT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT WITH AGRICULTURIST BORROWERS.

—	—	Land Improvement Loans Act, XIX of 1883.	Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884.	Total both Acts.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Principal	Outstanding at the commencement of the year	12,00,002	3,40,734	15,40,736
	Advanced during the year ...	1,81,795	8,95,693	10,77,488
	Total advanced ...	13,81,797	12,36,427	26,18,224
	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears).	2,25,723	4,14,068	6,39,791
	Remitted during the year	348	2,458	2,806
	Collected during the year	2,15,968	3,76,930	5,92,898
	Total remitted and collected ...	2,16,316	3,79,386	5,95,704
	Balance outstanding at the end of the year...	11,65,481	8,57,039	20,22,520
	Amount suspended by competent authority	928	49,687	50,615
	Amount overdue	9,407	34,680	44,087
Interest ...	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at the commencement of the year.	5,767	2,409	8,176
	Interest falling due within the year ...	79,088	19,842	98,930
	Total interest for collection within the year	84,855	22,251	1,07,106
	Remitted during the year	..	..	...
	Collected during the year	81,046	17,927	98,973
	Total remitted and collected ...	81,046	17,927	98,973
	Suspended by competent authority ..	149	2,256	2,405
	Arrears of interest overdue at end of the year.	3,662	2,068	5,730
Total Principal and Interest.	Remitted during the year	348	2,458	2,806
	Collected during the year	2,97,014	3,94,857	6,91,871
	Under suspension at the end of the year ...	1,077	51,943	53,020
	Overdue at the end of the year	13,069	36,748	49,817

STATEMENT No. XXI.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 and 25 of the text.)

STATEMENT OF LOANS MADE UNDER THE LAND IMPROVEMENT AND AGRICULTURISTS LOANS ACTS FOR THE YEAR 1918-19.

(Account of Local Government with Government of India.)

Heads.	Amount outstanding at the commencement of the year, *i.e.*, on 1st October 1918.	Amount outstanding at the close of the year, *i.e.*, on 30th November 1919.	Mean outstanding.	Interest payable for the year by the Local Government to Government of India at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Improvement Act, XIX of 1883	12,04,620	11,81,000	11,92,810	47,353
Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884	3,40,822	8,63,372	6,02,097	31,290
Total ...	15,45,442	20,44,372	17,94,907	78,643

STATEMENT No. XXII.

(*Vide* paragraphs 24 and 25 of the text.)

PROVINCIAL RESULT OF LOAN OPERATIONS TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR 1918-19.

Particulars.		Land Improvement Act, XIX of 1883.	Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884.	Total both Acts.
1		2	3	4
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Interest payable for the year by the Local Government to the Government of India.		47,353	31,290	78,643
2. Interest collected during the year		75,702	16,775	92,477
3. Balance of interest accruing to Local Government, *i.e.*, difference between 1 and 2.		28,349	−14,515	13,834
4. Remission of principal during the year 1918-19		117	...	117
5. Net result (profit or loss) for the year 1918-19		+28,230	−14,515	+13,717
6. Net result for previous years	1917-18	+28,750	+4,821	+33,571
	1916-17	+39,509	+10,315	+49,824
	1915-16	+44,779	−816	+43,963
	1914-15	+33,869	+7,637	+41,506
	1913-14	+33,856	+10,464	+44,320
7. Expenditure on free grants-in-aid towards the construction of private protective works or on establishment of well-boring or other outlay incurred from current revenue in connection with takavi advances.		...	...	...

STATEMENT No. XXIII.

(*Vide* paragraph 26 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE AREA AND INCOME OF UNCLASSED FORESTS AND OF THE OTHER GOVERNMENT LANDS UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL OF THE COLLECTOR FOR 1918-19.

Division.	District.	Area of unclassed forests and Government waste lands under the control of the Deputy Commissioner.	Area of nazul lands leased for agricultural purposes and consequently subject to the waste land lease rules.	Area included in columns 3 and 4 let out for cultivation.		Area of unclassed forest under the Forest Department let out for cultivation.		Area of Government land held by Government tenants under Act VII of 1893 or under any colonization scheme.	Total of columns 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9.	Income for the year ending 30th September 1919.				Remarks.
				Cultivated in the year.	Uncultivated.	Cultivated in the year.	Uncultivated.			Land revenue on lands included in columns 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.	Malikana on lands included in columns 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.	Other income.	Total income.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Ambala	Hissar	3,997	...	685	...	...	...	...	3,997	7,730	...	2,399	10,129	
	Rohtak	2,480	2,011	1,911	108	...	...	...	4,491	1,286	1,763	3,074	6,123	
	Gurgaon	755	528	286	997	...	...	...	1,283	825	3	1,588	2,416	
	Karnal	11,328	482	650	171	...	...	4,559	16,369	3,638	1,532	7,577	12,747	
	Ambala	410	4	51	363	...	...	...	414	130	33	...	163	
	Simla	12,968	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,968	...	...	313	313	
Jullundur	Kangra	2,807	...	...	...	140	...	...	2,947	...	...	1,095	1,095	
	Hoshiarpur	24,647	156	135	21	...	...	...	24,803	670	...	6,598	7,268	
	Jullundur	509	110	201	297	...	...	...	619	380	760	1,045	2,185	
	Ludhiana	...	398	154	244	...	197	...	595	...	...	12,644	12,644	
	Ferozepore	3,923	578	1,657	2,844	...	...	...	4,501	2,539	1,235	8,712	12,486	
Lahore	Lahore	33,477	5,966	12,305	2,740	1,325	563	46,765	88,096	61,462	75,312	1,03,613	2,40,387	
	Amritsar	111	18	89	22	...	...	...	129	136	96	1,314	1,546	
	Gurdaspur	7,704	123	48	8	...	...	...	7,827	35	...	6,212	6,247	
	Sialkot	4,929	2	2,115	2,816	...	...	...	4,931	666	...	66	732	
	Gujranwala	41,741	200	3,956	4,373	...	...	77,980	119,921	85,628	22,385	38,327	1,46,340	
Rawalpindi	Gujrat	7,314	...	3,689	3,625	6,207	1,012	32,490	47,023	59,544	13,074	715	73,333	
	Shahpur	117,057	...	833	1,936	762	2,907	477,980	598,706	8,53,429	91,423	53,190	9,98,042	
	Jhelum	27,322	...	6	...	...	...	1,608	28,930	1,564	642	5,845	8,051	
	Rawalpindi	2,345	271	27	244	...	...	...	2,616	...	...	1,473	1,473	
	Attock	87,733	19	1,515	2,853	8	1	55	87,816	1,391	349	3,681	5,421	
	Mianwali	594,644	29	4,107	45,515	...	...	...	594,673	5,707	75	8,400	14,182	
Multan	Montgomery	1,092,078	...	92,774	207,163	338	974	363,109	1,456,499	6,01,399	1,80,033	19,82,700	27,64,132	
	Lyallpur	413,898	...	49,571	32,811	...	...	349,401	763,299	11,53,861	2,19,231	6,17,132	19,90,224	
	Jhang	134,389	54	8,742	6,531	...	...	99,998	234,391	2,38,192	72,753	1,90,603	5,01,548	
	Multan	1,344,948	84	6,477	7,167	...	...	185,511	1,530,543	4,00,688	1,45,134	9,01,605	14,47,427	
	Muzaffargarh	467,670	17	782	1,814	...	...	...	467,687	644	514	45,353	46,511	
	Dera Ghazi Khan	364,826	...	27,049	106,147	...	...	...	364,826	12,244	7,357	1,37,361	1,56,962	
	Total	4,805,960	11,050	219,815	430,810	8,780	5,654	1,639,456	6,470,900	34,93,788	8,33,704	41,42,635	84,70,127	

STATEMENT No. XXIV.

(*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.)

TOTALS OF SALES, MORTGAGES AND REDEMPTIONS AND OTHER TRANSFERS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1919.

District.	Nature of rights transferred.	Gifts.		Exchanges.		Mortgages with possession, including transfers for debt by order of Court.					Redemption of mortgages with possession.					Sales and permanent transfers for value.					
		Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of mortgages.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money in rupees.	Number of releases.	Area redeemed. Total.	Area redeemed. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money discharged in rupees.	Number of transfers.	Area transferred. Total.	Area transferred. Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Price in rupees.	Multiple of revenue in rupees.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Acres.		Acres.		Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.			
Hissar	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
	Ownership ..	266	9,194	89	829	2,117	18,014	16,786	6,784	7,32,872	3,595	33,092	30,102	12,889	6,79,042	811	11,181	9,261	4,737	5,37,254	113
	Right of occupancy ..	84	562	10	37	1,161	7,102	6,994	...	3,47,312	1,499	7,705	7,585	...	2,60,296	206	1,331	1,221	...	64,180	...
Rohtak	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	231	1,871	221	414	5,014	14,676	14,333	19,575	19,15,734	8,407	27,802	26,489	34,196	18,82,805	615	2,575	2,148	2,788	4,02,524	144
	Right of occupancy ...	16	58	8	19	287	640	526	...	76,085	377	852	845	...	60,891	23	52	51	...	10,629	...
Gurgaon	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	215	176	210	315	...
	Ownership ...	215	3,753	108	237	5,801	10,422	10, 29	15,063	7,38,346	5,339	11,784	11,290	16,596	5,07,569	537	4,081	3,105	4,770	2,80,185	59
	Right of occupancy ..	20	77	4	5	898	1,439	1,443	..	1,06,259	795	1,333	1,306	...	61,480	36	105	97	...	7,795	...
Karnal	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	7	6	10	20	...
	Ownership ...	238	2,659	220	616	2,036	6,884	5,515	7,407	5,09,016	2,128	8,776	7,049	8,547	3,83,048	738	6,585	3,280	4,552	4,99,710	110
	Right of occupancy....	9	36	7	4	183	352	347	...	43,805	181	333	308	...	23,598	24	36	34	...	5,479	...
Ambala	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	4	...	...	...	1	112	76	9	100	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...
	Ownership ...	339	1,609	387	315	5,443	9,012	7,536	13,593	16,12,134	4,871	8,864	7,550	13,692	9,71,434	1,442	3,348	2,385	4,024	5,95,822	148
	Right of occupancy ...	17	31	3	...	502	518	504	...	93,145	418	499	478	...	46,049	62	54	44	...	11,173	...

Simla ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	26	38	32	22	137	124	63	129	18,833	151	184	76	193	15,247	198	231	161	253	3,23,504	1,279
	Right of occupancy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kangra ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	2	3	...	...	1	15	14	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	783	1,737	642	311	4,123	5,658	4,145	8,355	8,08,997	4,602	7,698	5,415	11,655	5,46,464	2,506	3,671	2,490	4,838	5,71,391	118
	Right of occupancy ...	65	82	21	16	165	105	93	...	13,072	163	113	81	...	7,514	122	121	97	...	15,728	...
Hoshiarpur	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	4	68	67	428	1,637	3	63	68	213	3,200	4	2	2	169	3,045	...
	Ownership ...	317	1,922	1,235	748	6,858	5,710	4,702	12,123	15,57,646	4,627	6,499	4,892	12,215	9,34,243	2,249	2,940	1,805	4,252	8,59,982	202
	Right of occupancy ...	60	81	64	20	1,714	1,032	978	...	2,89,314	1,257	1,081	985	...	1,62,000	249	265	204	...	66,649	...
Jullundur	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	404	374	1,083	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	357	1,422	3,913	3,592	5,130	5,106	4,681	13,950	17,91,942	4,148	5,163	4,700	13,296	10,82,397	2,737	2,469	2,194	5,655	14,11,846	250
	Right of occupancy ...	27	48	171	143	450	341	330	...	1,08,784	384	309	308	...	57,544	90	69	68	...	34,950	...
Ludhiana ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	313	1,766	1,502	1,642	4,969	8,948	8,692	18,192	19,89,421	4,496	8,601	8,175	17,217	14,20,359	1,287	1,861	1,533	3,402	6,67,777	196
	Right of occupancy ...	18	20	17	14	169	243	233	...	38,416	151	196	194	...	21,704	29	30	29	...	11,558	...
Ferozepore	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	1	2	2	1	200	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	259	4,936	714	1,371	6,258	19,378	13,834	14,879	27,87,707	7,677	19,838	18,988	15,997	15,68,575	1,811	5,777	4,892	4,540	13,28,656	292
	Right of occupancy ...	40	308	54	137	1,631	5,096	5,020	...	5,63,052	2,108	5,246	5,203	...	3,57,722	333	1,278	1,227	...	2,31,069	...
Lahore ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	161	2,285	276	968	3,334	12,344	10,739	10,545	19,54,663	2,710	11,817	10,229	10,526	11,12,910	1,168	4,476	3,142	4,884	24,21,552	496
	Right of occupancy ...	5	65	4	41	427	935	904	...	2,26,238	301	905	860	...	79,669	27	110	105	...	21,799	...
Amritsar ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	171	1,020	463	622	5,396	8,556	8,187	16,936	21,26,689	4,867	8,764	8,357	17,504	14,31,899	848	1,601	1,295	2,925	6,63,741	227
	Right of occupancy ...	4	8	7	6	550	618	606	...	1,31,637	520	584	571	...	81,664	28	70	50	...	14,203	...
Gurdaspur	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	4	5	5	10	750	12	20	20	48	2,722	2	7	7	13	2,300	...
	Ownership ...	298	1,503	545	734	9,952	12,327	11,557	27,381	21,08,816	7,285	12,880	11,750	26,690	13,80,251	1,127	3,265	2,675	5,870	6,47,079	110
	Right of occupancy ...	29	39	11	14	778	819	802	...	1,28,498	516	680	647	...	56,701	57	106	99	...	30,599	...
Sialkot ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	279	2,341	392	812	11,090	16,900	15,615	31,221	26,50,332	10,072	17,773	16,135	36,257	19,09,963	1,355	3,240	2,503	5,242	6,87,866	131
	Right of occupancy ...	13	28	12	8	799	797	760	...	1,26,171	671	749	722	...	75,236	36	55	49	...	15,934	...

STATEMENT No. XXIV—CONCLUDED.

District.	Nature of rights transferred.	Gifts.		Exchanges.		Mortgages with possession, including transfers for debt by order of Court.					Redemption of mortgages with possession.					Sales and permanent transfers for value					
							Area transferred.					Area redeemed.					Area transferred.				
		Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of transactions.	Total area transferred.	Number of mortgages.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money in rupees.	Number of releases.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Mortgage-money discharged in rupees.	Number of transfers.	Total.	Of which cultivated.	Revenue in rupees.	Price in rupees.	Multiple of revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Acres.		Acres.		Acres.	Acres				Acres.	Acres.				Acres.	Acres.			
Gujranwala	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	186	6,646	324	3,550	1,617	10,408	8,162	13,611	6,91,406	1,403	9,924	7,358	12,508	4,32,919	1,138	7,920	4,981	11,174	9,78,045	88
	Right of occupancy ...	2	23	6	79	56	238	228	...	12,475	46	194	178	...	7,855	27	49	43	...	3,044	...
Gujrat ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...
	Ownership ...	333	2,158	543	2,319	7,159	8,041	7,489	10,513	14,49,082	7,860	10,124	9,424	12,686	10,47,834	2,548	3,344	2,964	4,249	7,71,366	182
	Right of occupancy ...	12	16	12	27	830	756	763	...	1,67,595	904	906	902	...	1,25,353	41	82	65	...	17,247	...
Shahpur ..	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	166	2,906	285	1,933	1,634	5,964	4,030	5,182	4,00,935	1,928	9,152	6,566	8,510	2,97,115	1,615	5,080	2,835	3,802	12,61,413	332
	Right of occupancy ...	15	682	74	3,528	30	128	99	...	7,788	83	214	159	...	5,500	60	1,839	1,770	...	3,25,270	...
Jhelum ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	257	1,489	255	373	2,066	2,832	2,689	3,009	4,93,922	3,130	8,347	6,393	5,765	3,70,013	2,946	4,402	2,920	2,897	6,69,765	235
	Right of occupancy ...	22	54	7	18	227	297	277	...	43,169	385	455	432	...	45,356	474	331	308	...	67,966	...
Rawalpindi	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	40	...
	Ownership ...	354	1,337	524	807	1,689	2,028	1,865	2,278	2,70,981	2,716	3,154	2,854	3,382	3,44,605	5,144	5,830	4,428	5,286	12,21,281	231
	Right of occupancy ...	50	69	65	63	290	288	265	...	46,054	558	519	490	...	45,700	589	913	576	...	1,19,739	...
Attock ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	4	161	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	400	1	1	1	...	1,300	...
	Ownership ...	192	2,128	308	875	1,867	6,973	5,131	8,584	4,96,559	2,245	8,534	5,912	4,143	6,00,445	2,644	7,751	4,515	2,750	8,18,546	298
	Right of occupancy ...	59	198	68	74	759	750	729	...	1,67,045	1,002	1,091	997	...	1,39,297	536	706	703	...	1,40,515	...

MIANWALI ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	8	3,175	2	103	7	296	85	1	2,000	10	2,362	1,358	20	13,360	40	5,739	597	20	33,820	...
	Ownership ...	136	1,711	205	1,548	2,214	12,002	6,863	4,902	5,34,841	2,346	12,683	8,532	6,425	3,76,965	2,047	6,755	3,304	2,304	5,65,594	245
	Right of occupancy ...	7	11	14	90	226	760	582	...	39,973	166	1,136	456	...	17,620	164	534	392	...	35,438	...
MONTGOMERY	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	48	1,970	38	811	204	2,975	1,851	1,440	1,18,361	267	5,007	3,077	2,599	97,244	564	27,068	19,998	21,910	14,50,404	66
	Right of occupancy ...	6	13	5	39	7	21	18	...	2,386	12	64	54	...	1,404	12	268	204	...	4,241	...
LYALLPUR ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	275	6,183	107	2,115	705	8,444	8,158	31,319	12,26,209	706	9,825	9,464	35,810	8,75,460	544	7,810	7,238	25,800	24,00,733	93
	Right of occupancy ...	22	406	41	999	...	...	...	...	...	10	149	132	...	3,815	1	1	1	...	83	...
JHANG ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	5	13	11	...	1,204	7	31	23	...	414	4	8	7	...	395	...
	Ownership ...	75	1,169	116	865	494	6,752	3,902	5,414	3,44,022	1,003	11,597	6,050	8,576	2,97,057	959	8,306	5,008	10,967	8,26,993	75
	Right of occupancy ...	1	10	...	...	4	28	20	...	740	9	54	28	...	1,236	3	27	1	...	1,300	...
MULTAN ...	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	11	613	5	198	5	313	127	166	975	13	316	146	206	299	33	1,720	1,063	1,726	8,552	...
	Ownership ...	281	5,459	320	2,931	728	11,082	7,454	12,158	6,69,883	1,109	20,328	13,378	17,734	4,44,157	1,976	43,399	31,087	42,390	16,83,381	40
	Right of occupancy ...	4	...	4	263	16	121	91	...	1,941	10	51	37	...	561	19	165	130	...	5,331	...
MUZAFFAR-GARH.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	9	223	9	81	11	219	85	3	1,052	16	653	305	4	1,047	63	1,372	459	8	3,349	...
	Ownership ...	345	4,690	312	1,749	2,325	10,062	6,110	7,952	7,36,705	1,784	10,565	4,401	5,670	3,18,257	3,225	17,154	4,946	6,100	10,62,398	174
	Right of occupancy ...	7	48	8	13	78	258	213	...	16,294	51	224	156	...	3,670	75	289	185	...	11,856	...
DERA GHAZI KHAN.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ownership ...	421	3,640	275	1,312	1,802	9,087	5,323	3,209	3,40,632	2,109	12,070	6,814	4,039	2,75,513	2,791	11,345	5,686	3,254	5,46,561	168
	Right of occupancy ...	9	68	4	8	14	72	49	...	2,954	19	45	38	...	1,596	48	133	117	...	4,206	...
PROVINCIAL TOTALS.	Superior ownership or Talukdari.	34	4,014	20	543	89	1,043	472	618	7,918	64	3,855	2,295	1,574	21,442	154	9,075	2,319	2,158	53,136	...
	Ownership ...	7,322	79,545	14,351	34,431	102,362	259,709	210,543	3,20,704	3,10,75,786	103,581	320,375	261,920	3,74,817	2,16,03,780	47,620	213,965	142,169	2,05,625	2,61,50,374	127
	Right of occupancy ...	623	3,041	701	5,065	12,251	23,754	22,994	...	28,00,202	12,596	25,687	24,152	...	17,51,026	3,371	9,079	7,880	...	12,78,486	...
	GRAND TOTAL ...	7,979	86,600	15,072	40,039	114,652	275,506	234,009	...	3,38,83,906	116,241	349,917	288,367	...	2,33,76,248	51,145	232,119	152,368	...	2,74,81,996	...

STATEMENT No. XXV.

(*Vide* paragraphs 29 and 31 of text.)

ABSTRACT OF MORTGAGES, SALES AND REDEMPTIONS BY DISTRICTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH JUNE 1919.

Division.	District.	Mortgages by		Mortgages to		Sales by		Sales to		Redemptions by		Redemptions from	
		Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.	Agricultural tribes.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Ambala.	Hissar ..	19,183	5,933	20,670	4,446	9,197	3,315	10,897	1,615	31,434	9,363	32,983	7,814
	Rohtak ...	14,215	1,101	14,474	842	3,034	593	2,162	465	23,865	4,389	25,322	2,832
	Gurgaon ...	11,234	627	10,633	1,228	3,380	1,021	4,021	380	10,535	2,582	11,892	1,225
	Karnal ...	5,861	1,375	5,213	2,023	4,633	1,995	5,461	1,167	6,151	2,958	7,012	2,097
	Ambala ...	8,145	1,497	6,999	2,643	2,565	337	2,617	785	7,073	2,290	6,587	2,776
	Simla ...	...	124	...	124	...	231	...	231	...	184	...	184
Jullundur.	Kangra ...	4,730	1,043	4,970	808	3,069	724	3,233	560	5,993	1,818	6,691	1,120
	Hoshiarpur ..	5,563	1,247	5,824	986	2,505	702	2,622	585	5,960	1,688	6,484	1,164
	Jullundur ...	4,891	556	4,943	504	2,045	493	2,188	350	4,760	1,116	5,070	806
	Ludhiana ...	8,350	841	8,462	729	1,648	243	1,744	147	7,666	1,131	8,095	702
	Ferozepore ...	19,366	5,110	20,571	3,905	5,299	1,757	5,578	1,478	19,058	6,056	21,149	3,965
Lahore.	Lahore ...	11,428	1,851	11,677	1,602	3,585	1,001	3,496	1,090	9,989	2,733	11,427	1,295
	Amritsar ..	8,450	724	8,487	687	1,323	348	1,290	381	8,435	913	8,174	1,174
	Gurdaspur ...	11,222	1,929	11,294	1,857	2,748	630	2,406	972	9,685	3,945	11,514	2,066
	Sialkot ...	16,065	1,632	16,305	1,392	2,947	348	2,947	348	15,912	2,610	16,044	2,478
	Gujranwala ...	8,693	1,953	7,529	3,117	6,464	1,505	6,406	1,563	8,362	1,756	6,858	3,260
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat ...	7,817	980	7,317	1,480	3,562	364	3,411	515	8,654	2,176	8,484	2,546
	Shahpur ...	5,759	336	3,547	2,545	6,080	839	5,664	1,255	6,542	2,824	6,997	2,369
	Jhelum ...	2,815	314	2,680	449	4,173	560	4,288	445	5,170	3,632	4,765	4,037
	Rawalpindi ...	2,046	270	1,805	511	5,944	801	5,960	785	2,559	1,114	2,830	843
	Attock ...	7,306	417	6,003	1,720	7,873	665	7,890	628	7,596	2,030	8,011	1,615
	Mianwali ...	12,341	717	12,001	1,057	12,070	958	11,834	1,194	11,739	4,442	14,642	1,539
Multan.	Montgomery ...	2,048	948	1,608	1,388	2,912	24,424	22,273	5,063	2,762	2,309	3,003	2,068
	Lyallpur ...	7,875	56	6,280	2,164	7,368	443	7,513	298	6,275	3,699	9,093	891
	Jhang ...	5,637	1,156	1,860	4,933	4,155	4,186	6,836	1,505	2,964	8,716	9,973	1,709
	Multan ...	8,502	3,014	2,790	8,726	23,916	21,368	39,086	6,198	9,894	10,801	12,794	7,901
	Muzaffargarh ...	7,990	2,519	4,029	6,510	14,078	4,737	14,305	4,510	7,270	4,172	6,489	4,953
	D. G. Khan ...	6,770	2,389	4,502	4,657	8,131	3,347	8,559	2,919	6,703	5,412	8,569	3,546
	Grand Total ...	2,34,302	41,204	2,12,473	63,033	1,53,684	78,485	1,94,687	37,432	2,53,156	96,761	2,80,942	68,975

STATEMENT No. XXVI.

(*Vide* paragraphs 29, 30 and 31 of the text.)

SALES OF LAND IN THE PUNJAB.

Year.	Number of transfers.	Area transferred.		Price in rupees.	Price per acre.		Revenue in rupees.	Price per rupee of land revenue.	Sale by agricultural tribes.	Sales to agricultural tribes.	Sales by others.	Sales to others.
		Total.	Of which cultivated.		Total.	Cultivated.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1896-97	45,691	266,767	148,535	1,15,35,853	43	78	1,74,819	66	...	...	...	...
1897-98	49,348	305,362	168,018	1,35,49,377	44	81	1,82,854	74	...	...	...	...
1898-99	46,462	277,931	155,408	1,29,01,236	46	83	1,70,600	76	...	...	...	...
1899-1900	48,685	275,413	159,943	1,29,49,047	47	81	1,55,133	83	...	...	...	...
1900-01	55,298	323,353	180,963	1,50,08,486	46	83	1,58,662	95	...	...	...	...
Average of 5 years ending 1901 ...	49,096	289,765	162,573	1,31,88,800	46	81	1,68,414	78	...	...	...	...
1901-02	42,185	248,701	142,982	1,01,18,814	41	71	1,35,604	75	...	...	...	...
1902-03	36,322	232,889	138,870	96,63,775	41	71	1,23,052	79	132,310	138,290	59,606	58,705
1903-04	38,804	224,285	132,324	1,12,94,774	50	85	1,16,923	97	153,396	141,722	54,476	66,087
1904-05	38,644	201,603	123,287	1,06,46,967	53	86	1,14,949	93	151,041	152,061	58,387	55,142
1905-06	42,507	232,333	142,386	1,20,84,917	52	85	1,14,036	106	163,209	163,699	70,207	58,561
Average of 5 years ending 1906 ...	39,692	227,752	135,570	1,07,51,849	47	79	1,20,913	89	149,989*	148,948	60,938	59,624
1906-07	37,809	202,232	114,003	1,17,98,959	58	103	1,13,694	104	152,445	156,445	67,819	63,319
1907-08	41,717	209,622	120,635	1,21,53,059	58	101	1,10,248	110	156,492	168,562	75,282	63,215
1908-09	45,996	231,163	123,463	1,40,66,608	61	114	1,13,483	124	181,499	187,290	74,852	69,071
1909-10	47,537	228,633	126,191	1,52,83,910	67	121	1,15,426	132	193,083	198,927	63,703	57,559
1910-11	44,093	211,376	123,237	1,58,56,592	75	129	1,28,905	123	166,785	181,605	64,267	50,047
Average of 5 years ending 1911 ...	43,430	216,605	121,506	1,38,31,832	64	114	1,16,350	119	170,061	178,444	69,185	60,802
1911-12	50,747	245,203	151,664	1,86,99,137	76	123	1,67,944	111	183,901	214,488	83,977	53,440
1912-13	53,074	279,222	184,755	1,96,94,495	71	107	2,12,429	93	182,941	253,556	123,757	53,142
1913-14	53,913	209,605	121,869	3,02,81,206	144	249	1,48,314	202	198,082	207,097	57,159	43,144
1914-15	52,027	220,628	133,933	2,41,30,887	109	180	1,79,668	134	173,300	181,798	89,486	60,988
1915-16	50,627	233,499	106,799	2,30,15,279	99	216	1,52,570	151	206,529	226,226	62,452	42,755
Average of 5 years ending 1916 ...	52,078	237,630	139,792	2,31,64,201	97	166	1,72,185	135	187,951	216,628	79,366	50,694
1916-17	50,447	219,541	107,227	2,43,43,372	111	227	1,54,921	157	182,718	203,451	58,670	37,937
1917-18	51,899	172,453	100,650	2,53,89,337	147	252	1,48,575	171	145,771	154,858	42,933	33,846
1918-19	47,620	213,965	142,169	2,61,50,314	122	184	2,05,625	127	153,684	194,687	78,485	37,432

* This and the following averages are for four years only.

STATEMENT No. XXVII.

(*Vide* paragraphs 29 and 30 of the text.)

MORTGAGES OF LAND IN THE PUNJAB.

Year.	Total cultivated area under usufructuary mortgage.	Percentage of cultivated area under usufructuary mortgage.	Cultivated area released.	Cultivated area mortgaged.	Mortgage-money per rupee of revenue of area mortgaged.	Total area redeemed by agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged by agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged to agricultural tribes.	Total area mortgaged to others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1896-97	...	...	218,181	351,612	49	...	...	...	...
1897-98	...	...	293,655	411,805	53	...	...	...	...
1898-99	...	...	241,842	349,971	56	...	...	...	...
1899-1900	...	...	189,352	312,724	55	...	...	...	...
1900-01	...	...	176,595	270,880	55	...	...	...	...
Average of 5 years ...	...	...	233,925	333,398	...	...	...	...	...
1901-02	3,287,387	12·3	167,422	184,263	55	...	...	...	...
1902-03	3,231,253	12·1	146,982	175,532	57	124,679	169,858	132,569	73,345
1903-04	3,528,477	12·9	164,885	180,170	61	162,829	193,640	153,192	80,759
1904-05	3,328,610	12·1	194,282	173,042	62	199,179	194,149	176,675	60,187
1905-06	3,402,688	12·3	220,596	186,208	67	225,118	201,595	186,113	60,680
Average of 5 years ...	3,357,683	...	178,773	179,842	...	177,951*	189,810	162,142	68,743
1906-07	3,375,573	12·1	279,762	199,983	75	301,073	216,954	206,629	59,047
1907-08	3,235,287	10·4	282,255	213,596	80	293,256	232,065	213,178	68,615
1908-09	3,183,358	11·1	282,192	223,723	86	310,732	254,076	230,662	81,452
1909-10	3,352,635	12·4	278,919	224,841	85	291,878	258,437	233,608	77,103
1910-11	3,351,862	11·9	248,003	194,930	87	284,085	236,510	210,686	68,438
Average of 5 years ...	3,299,743	...	274,226	211,415	...	296,205	239,608	218,953	70,931
1911-12	3,366,456	12·0	252,886	206,387	89	242,794	237,446	214,460	68,571
1912-13	3,266,781	11·7	268,698	219,672	74	307,045	257,822	230,605	74,162
1913-14	3,202,707	11·5	282,290	245,681	89	304,397	283,315	254,507	83,745
1914-15	3,176,497	11·6	239,644	228,688	88	272,264	266,383	238,113	73,952
1915-16	3,183,980	11·5	210,067	227,396	88	225,344	276,405	254,188	77,768
Average of 5 years ...	3,239,284	...	250,717	225,551	...	270,369	264,274	237,775	75,640
1916-17	3,200,040	11·5	187,407	219,712	85	199,455	246,176	220,272	76,150
1917-18	3,143,162	10·9	200,855	199,779	91	217,087	223,531	204,611	57,090
1918-19	3,179,222	10·9	261,920	210,543	97	253,156	234,302	212,478	63,033

* This and the following averages are four years only

STATEMENT NO. XXVIII.

(*Vide* paragraph 32 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE WORK DONE BY REVENUE OFFICERS (ORIGNIAL CASES ONLY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1919.

Division.	District.	Number of Revenue Officers employed.	Revenue cases (including execution of decrees).							
			Revenue Court cases under the Tenancy Act.	Revenue Officer's cases under the Tenancy Act.	Revenue Officer's cases under the Land Revenue Act.	Revenue Officer's cases under the Land Alienation Act.	Cases under the Redemption of Mortgage Act.	Miscellaneous Revenue Officer's cases.	Total Revenue cases.	Number of cases pending.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Ambala.	Hissar	32	1,663	2,220	1,769	13	190	435	6,290	592
	Rohtak	30	814	218	3,785	51	300	527	5,695	490
	Gurgaon	17	429	564	4,676	30	112	1,938	7,749	400
	Karnal	41	334	209	3,872	43	26	683	5,167	282
	Ambala	51	735	100	2,745	71	182	2,002	5,835	399
	Simla	6	5	1	4	...	4	192	206	14
Jullundur.	Kangra	31	913	556	2,453	78	115	1,552	5,667	1,052
	Hoshiarpur ...	21	1,793	869	1,425	201	120	2,078	6,481	874
	Jullundur ...	44	1,544	299	3,413	854	179	559	6,848	650
	Ludhiana	20	581	94	2,033	409	151	1,241	4,509	709
	Ferozepore ...	22	1,336	598	1,339	372	413	334	4,392	668
Lahore.	Lahore	17	1,060	407	5,603	33	150	1,553	8,806	608
	Amritsar	23	1,642	343	2,230	55	152	1,302	5,754	379
	Gurdaspur ...	12	1,498	82	2,530	84	237	1,048	5,479	593
	Sialkot	34	1,786	371	3,869	43	451	1,513	8,033	1,187
	Gujranwala ...	44	862	232	2,276	18	61	528	3,977	479
Rawalpindi.	Gujrat	23	739	218	3,750	...	310	1,245	6,262	373
	Shahpur	25	380	162	2,024	411	641	2,749	6,367	393
	Jhelum	17	508	230	637	256	122	1,031	2,784	605
	Rawalpindi ...	15	300	118	181	655	50	1,369	2,673	155
	Attock	23	880	194	1,579	248	136	549	3,586	386
	Mianwali	22	825	282	467	27	120	2,327	4,048	354
Multan.	Montgomery ...	13	151	7	1,483	7	49	4,503	6,200	203
	Lyallpur	10	231	109	1,118	193	10	167	1,828	194
	Jhang	30	564	148	2,035	46	84	665	3,542	706
	Multan	43	771	349	5,494	73	30	2,208	8,925	1,027
	Muzaffargarh ...	16	532	403	2,554	100	49	3,099	6,737	622
	D. G. Khan ...	41	356	320	2,279	132	24	1,622	4,733	512
	Grand Total ...	718	23,232	9,703	67,623	4,503	4,498	39,014	148,573	14,906

STATEMENT No. XXIX.

(*Vide* paragraph 32 of the text.)

STATEMENT SHOWING APPELLATE AND REVISIONAL WORK OF COMMISSIONERS AND FINANCIAL COMMISSIONERS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1919.

Names of Officers.	Division or office.	Revenue Judicial Appeals.										Revenue executive appeals.								Remarks.
				Decided.										Decided.						
		Old cases.	New institutions.	Rejected at first hearing.	Remanded for retrial.	Decreed for appellant.	Decreed for respondent.	Total decided.	Transferred.	Pending.	Pending more than three months.	Old cases.	New institutions.	Accepted.	Rejected.	Total.	Transferred.	Pending.	Pending more than three months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Mr. H. A. Casson, Esq., C.S.I., I.C.S. ... / Lieut.-Col. A. C. Elliott, C.B.E.	Ambala	18	101	64	1	12	...	77	26	16	5	20	377	97	205	302	24	71	11	
C. A. Barron, Esq. ... ... / H. D. Watson, Esq. ... ... / Lieut.-Col. P. S. M. Burlton	Jullundur	43	240	116	2	62	80	260	1	22	...	33	1,281	268	981	1,249	...	65	2	
C. M. King, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S. ... / C. J. Hallifax, Esq., C.B.E., I.C.S. ... / A. J. W. Kitchin, Esq.	Lahore	12	28	3	2	4	25	31	...	6	...	42	1,316	335	930	1,265	...	93	...	
Lieut.-Col. Sir F. Popham Young, K.B.E., C.I.E., I.A. / Lieut.-Col. A. E. Barton, I.A. ... ... / The Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Hallifax, C.B.E., I.C.S	Rawalpindi	12	105	33	...	3	72	108	1	8	3	46	1,133	48	1,042	1,090	...	89	22	
Lieut.-Col. C. Powney Thompson, C.B.E., I.A.	Multan	5	33	25	...	5	5	35	...	3	...	22	539	100	425	525	...	36	...	
The Hon'ble Mr. H. J. Maynard, C.S.I., I.C.S. / The Hon'ble Mr. P. J. Fagan, C.S.I., I.C.S. / The Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Hallifax, C.B.E., I.C.S.	Financial Commissioners. Revisions ...	28	159	106	6	27	19	158	1	28	...	31	271	29	218	247	6	49	1	
	Financial Commissioners. Appeals ...	9	57	5	...	40	12	57	...	9	...	7	52	5	43	48	...	11	...	
	Total ...	127	723	352	11	153	213	729	29	92	8	201	4,969	882	3,844	4,726	30	414	36	

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